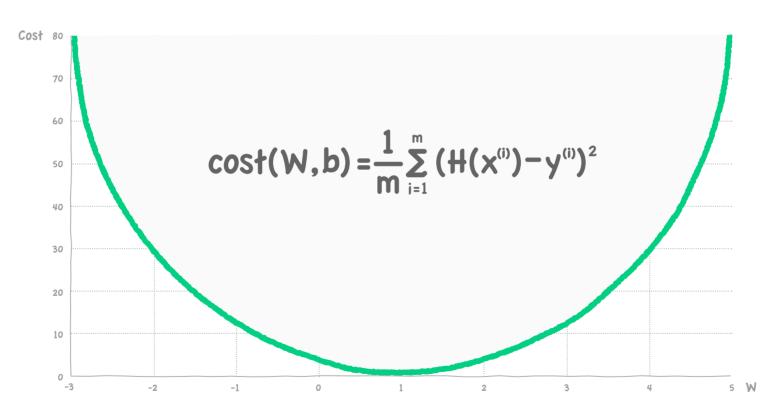
LECTURE 5-2

LOGISTIC (REGRESSION) CLASSIFICATION: COST FUNCTION & GRADIENT DESCENT

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Cost

When, H(x) = Wx + b



Cost Function

cost(W,b) =
$$\frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} (H(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)})^2$$

$$H(x) = W+b$$

$$H(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-W^T X}}$$

New Cost Function for Logistic

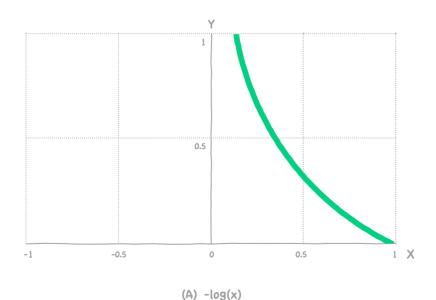
$$cost(W) = \frac{1}{m} \sum c(H(x), y)$$

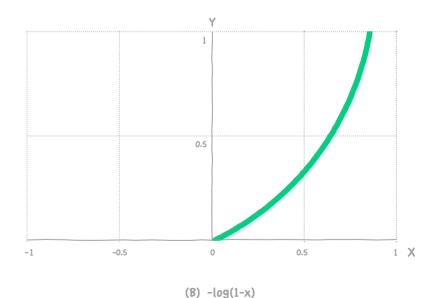
$$c(H(x),y) = \begin{cases} -\log(H(x)) & :y=1 \\ -\log(1-H(x)) & :y=0 \end{cases}$$



Understanding Cost Function

$$c(H(x),y) = \begin{cases} -\log(H(x)) & :y=1 \\ -\log(1-H(x)) & :y=0 \end{cases}$$





Cost Function

$$cost(W) = \frac{1}{m} \sum c(H(x),y)$$
 $c(H(x),y) = \begin{cases} -log(H(x)) & :y=1 \\ -log(1-H(x)) & :y=0 \end{cases}$

$$C(H(x),y) = -ylog(H(x))-(1-y)log(1-H(x))$$

= -(ylog(H(x)+(1-y)log(1-H(x)))

Minimize Cost

Gradient Descent Algorithm

$$cost(W) = -\frac{1}{m} \sum ylog(H(x)) + (1-y)log(1-H(x))$$

$$W := W - \alpha \frac{\partial}{\partial W} \cos t(W)$$

Gradient Descent Algorithm

$$cost(W) = -\frac{1}{m} \sum ylog(H(x)) + (1-y)log(1-H(x))$$

$$W := W - \alpha \frac{\partial}{\partial W} \cos t(W)$$

```
# cost function
cost = tf.reduce_mean(-tf.reduce_sum(Y*tf.log(hypothesis) + (1-Y)*tf.log(1-hypothesis)))
# Minimize
a = tf.Variable(0.1) # Learning rate, alpha
optimizer = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(a)
train = optimizer.minimize(cost)
```

NEXT LECTURE

MULTINOMIAL CLASSIFICATION (SOFTMAX)