Case Study 4

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2022-09-30

1. Import packages and get data

```
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages -----
                                                  ----- tidyverse 1.3.2 --
## v ggplot2 3.3.6 v purrr
                                 0.3.4
## v tibble 3.1.8
                       v dplyr 1.0.10
## v tidyr
           1.2.1
                     v stringr 1.4.1
## v readr
           2.1.2
                       v forcats 0.5.2
## -- Conflicts -----
                                         ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
library(nycflights13)
library(sp)
library(sf)
## Linking to GEOS 3.10.2, GDAL 3.4.2, PROJ 8.2.1; sf_use_s2() is TRUE
data(flights)
str(flights)
## tibble [336,776 x 19] (S3: tbl df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ month
                  : int [1:336776] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ day
                  : int [1:336776] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ dep_time : int [1:336776] 517 533 542 544 554 555 557 557 558 ...
## $ sched dep time: int [1:336776] 515 529 540 545 600 558 600 600 600 600 ...
## $ dep_delay : num [1:336776] 2 4 2 -1 -6 -4 -5 -3 -3 -2 ...
## $ arr time
                  : int [1:336776] 830 850 923 1004 812 740 913 709 838 753 ...
## $ sched_arr_time: int [1:336776] 819 830 850 1022 837 728 854 723 846 745 ...
## $ arr_delay : num [1:336776] 11 20 33 -18 -25 12 19 -14 -8 8 ...
## $ carrier : chr [1:336776] "UA" "UA" "AA" "B6" ...
## $ flight : int [1:336776] 1545 1714 1141 725 461 1696 507 5708 79 301 ...
## $ tailnum : chr [1:336776] "N14228" "N24211" "N619AA" "N804JB" ...
## $ origin : chr [1:336776] "EWR" "LGA" "JFK" "JFK" ...
```

```
: chr [1:336776] "IAH" "IAH" "MIA" "BQN" ...
## $ dest
                 : num [1:336776] 227 227 160 183 116 150 158 53 140 138 ...
## $ air_time
## $ distance
                 : num [1:336776] 1400 1416 1089 1576 762 ...
## $ hour
                  : num [1:336776] 5 5 5 5 6 5 6 6 6 6 ...
## $ minute
                 : num [1:336776] 15 29 40 45 0 58 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ time hour : POSIXct[1:336776], format: "2013-01-01 05:00:00" "2013-01-01 05:00:00" ...
data(airports)
str(airports)
## tibble [1,458 x 8] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ faa : chr [1:1458] "04G" "06A" "06C" "06N" ...
## $ name : chr [1:1458] "Lansdowne Airport" "Moton Field Municipal Airport" "Schaumburg Regional" "Ra
## $ lat : num [1:1458] 41.1 32.5 42 41.4 31.1 ...
## $ lon : num [1:1458] -80.6 -85.7 -88.1 -74.4 -81.4 ...
## $ alt : num [1:1458] 1044 264 801 523 11 ...
## $ tz : num [1:1458] -5 -6 -6 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -8 ...
## $ dst : chr [1:1458] "A" "A" "A" "A" ...
## $ tzone: chr [1:1458] "America/New_York" "America/Chicago" "America/Chicago" "America/New_York" ...
   - attr(*, "spec")=
##
##
    .. cols(
##
    .. id = col_double(),
    .. name = col_character(),
##
##
    .. city = col_character(),
##
    .. country = col_character(),
##
     .. faa = col_character(),
##
    .. icao = col_character(),
##
    .. lat = col_double(),
##
    .. lon = col_double(),
##
    .. alt = col_double(),
##
    .. tz = col_double(),
##
    .. dst = col_character(),
    .. tzone = col_character()
##
     ..)
```

2. Find names of airports within NYC

```
#NYC shapefile
nyc=st_read('nyc.shp')

## Reading layer 'nyc' from data source
## '/Users/hang/Semester files/GEO 511/GEO-511-2022/week_04/case_study/nyc.shp'
## using driver 'ESRI Shapefile'
## Simple feature collection with 5 features and 4 fields
## Geometry type: MULTIPOLYGON
## Dimension: XY
## Bounding box: xmin: -74.25559 ymin: 40.49613 xmax: -73.70001 ymax: 40.91553
## Geodetic CRS: WGS84(DD)
```

```
nyc_crs=st_crs(nyc)
#Airports shapefile
airports=st_as_sf(airports,coords=c('lon','lat'))
airports=st_set_crs(airports,nyc_crs)
#Logic choose
is_in=st_within(airports,nyc)
is_in=as.numeric(is_in)
bool=!is.na(is_in)
airports_nyc=airports[bool,]
#Names for airports within NYC
names=airports_nyc$faa
names
## [1] "IDL" "JFK" "JRA" "JRB" "LGA" "NYC" "TSS" "ZYP"
#3. Process data and find result
farthest_distance_df <- flights %>%
  filter(origin %in% names)%>%
  group_by(origin)%>%
  summarise(distance=max(distance))%>%
  arrange(desc(distance))
farthest_distance_df
## # A tibble: 2 x 2
   origin distance
##
   <chr> <dbl>
## 1 JFK
               4983
## 2 LGA
               1620
Since 4983>1620, we could just find that air line.
result <- left_join(farthest_distance_df[1,],flights,by=c("origin","distance")) %>%
  select(c('origin','distance','dest'))%>%
  unique()%>%
  left_join(airports,by=c('dest'='faa'))%>%
  select(c("dest",'name'))
result
## # A tibble: 1 x 2
    dest name
     <chr> <chr>
## 1 HNL Honolulu Intl
```