SEW IV/V - Assignment: Survey McSurveyface

Objective

Create an Angular application for a simple quiz game.

Things To Learn

- Utilizing Panache.
- Creating interface using Angular Material.
- Establishing direct communication using WebSockets.

Submission Guidelines

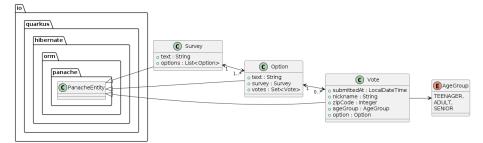
• Your implemented solution as *zipped IntelliJ*-project.

Task

The objective of this assignment is to develop a complete backend-frontend-application for a simple survey tool. The tool will allow users to vote on polls and store the results. A key feature is the real-time automatic refresh of survey data in the frontend, achieved using WebSockets.

Backend

Create a *Quarkus* backend using *Panache*. Your *data model* could look something like this:



Implement endpoints to ensure that at a minimum, the following functionality is provided:

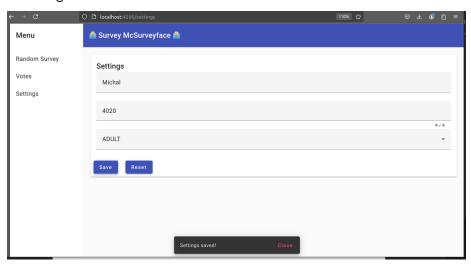
- Sending a POST request to /api/surveys should create a survey along with its options (refer to the provided .http file for specifics).
- GETting from /api/surveys/random should return a randomly selected survey.
- By POSTing to api/votes should add a Vote to the appropriate option (again, see the supplied .http-file for reference).

- GETting from /api/votes/list should return a complete list of all votes, sorted descendingly by their submission date.
 - Hint: Using a *DTO* might come in handy here take a look at the data you need in the frontend!

Frontend

For the frontend, set up an *Angular* project and install *Angular Material*, to be able to use its useful *schematics*. Set up a navigation bar using the navigation schematic and configure *routing* to the following pages:

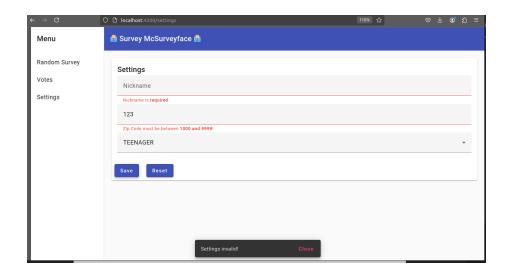
/settings



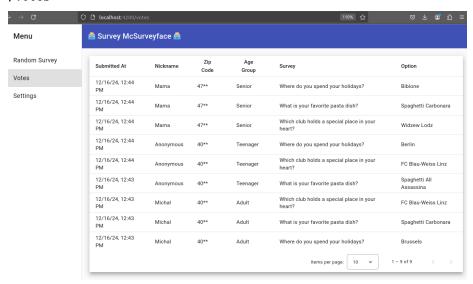
Use the address-form schematic to create simple page for user settings and a Service for (re-)storing them:

- A nickname, Anonymous by default.
- A zip code, 4060 by default.
 - Create a custom validator for Austrian zip codes (1000-9999)!
- An age group, TEENAGER by default.
 - Use an enum to store the possible values.

All values are *required* - use *Material's Snack Bar* to display a notification, when a value is missing or invalid!

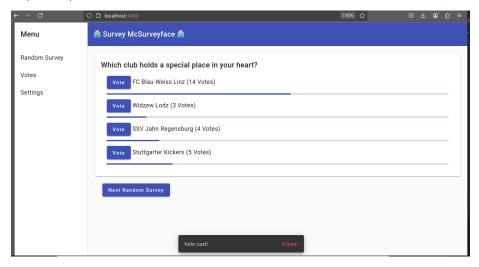


/votes



Use the table schematic to create a view of all submitted votes, sorted by their date. Utilize a *date pipe* for a neat representation of the submission date and censor the last two digits of the zip code for privacy reasons.

/ (Home)

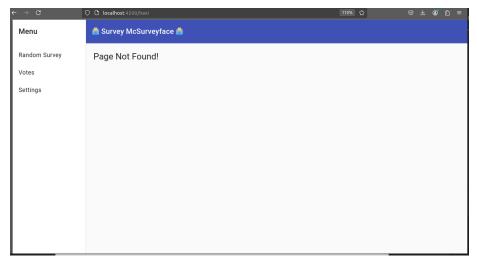


The home page should display a random survey and a button to load another one

Each option should display its text, the absolute number of votes and a visualization - e.g. as an $Angular\ Material\ progress\ bar$ - depicting its percentage share of the total votes. Additionally, a button should allow the user to cast a vote, which also triggers a $snack\ bar$ notification.

$Not ext{-}Found ext{-}Page$

Don't forget to include a simple not-found-page for invalid paths:



WebSocket

To keep the displayed survey up to date at all times, you will use WebSockets to broadcast a message every time a new vote is cast. Here's how you can approach this:

- 1. Set up a WebSocket connection between the backend and frontend (in a separate Service). This will allow the backend to push updates to all connected clients in real time.
- 2. When a new vote is cast, the backend should *broadcast* a message to all connected clients via the WebSocket.
- 3. Decide what to broadcast:
 - You can broadcast the details of the individual vote. This minimizes
 the amount of data sent but requires the frontend to update the
 survey state accordingly.
 - Alternatively, you can broadcast the entire survey object with the updated votes. This simplifies frontend handling but increases the size of the message being transmitted.

N.B.: Finding the right balance is key. Consider factors like how frequently votes are cast, the size of the survey object, and the effort required for frontend updates.

- 4. On receiving the WebSocket message, the frontend should update the survey display dynamically. If you broadcast single votes, ensure the frontend correctly updates only the affected option. If you broadcast the full survey, simply replace the existing survey data with the updated object, if the *IDs* match.
- 5. Verify that all connected clients see the updated survey data immediately after a vote is cast, ensuring a seamless and responsive user experience.

By implementing WebSockets in this way, your survey tool will remain synchronized across all users in real time.