We are recovering from significant hosting issues. Much of the site is functional, but currently email delivery is not. Please bear with us as we validate site functionality.



MITx: 6.00.1x Introduction to Computer Science and Programming U..

<u>Help</u>

	Week 6: Algorithmic Complexity > Problem Set 6 > Problem 2
Bookmarks	Problem 2
<ul> <li>Welcome to the edX Platform</li> </ul>	□ Bookmark this page  Problem 2-1  1 point possible (graded) Indirection, as talked about in lecture, means you have to traverse the list
• Entrance Survey	more than once.
<ul> <li>Download         Python and         Get Motivated!     </li> </ul>	○ True
• Week 1:	O Faise
Python Basics	Submit You have used 0 of 1 attempt
<ul><li>Week 2: Simple Programs</li></ul>	
<ul><li>Week 3: Structured Types</li></ul>	Problem 2-2 1 point possible (graded) The complexity of binary search on a sorted list of $n$ items is $O(\log n)$ .
<ul> <li>Week 4: Good         Programming         Practices     </li> </ul>	○ True
	○ False
► <u>Midterm Exam</u>	
<ul><li>Week 5: Object</li><li>Oriented</li><li>Programming</li></ul>	Submit You have used 0 of 1 attempt

▼ Week 6: Algorithmic Complexity	Problem 2-3 1 point possible (graded) The worst case time complexity for selection sort is $O(n^2)$ .
11. Computational Complexity Finger Exercises  12. Searching and	○ True
	○ False
Sorting Algorithms Finger Exercises	
Problem Set 6 Problem Set due Mar 9, 2017 15:30 PST	Submit You have used 0 of 1 attempt
<ul><li>Week 7: Plotting</li><li>Exit Survey</li></ul>	Problem 2-4 1 point possible (graded) The base case for the recursive version of merge sort from lecture is checking ONLY for the list being empty.
► <u>Sandbox</u>	○ True
	○ False
	Submit You have used 0 of 1 attempt
	Problem 2 Topic: Problem Set 6 / Problem 2 Show Discussion

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