DERM AI Skin Disease Detection

Bhargava Chilukuri, Manoj Kumar Madhavarapu, Srinath Madagoni, Sai Praneeth

Chagiri, Akshara Uppu, Kushal Arya Neela, Manideep Kumar Reddy Kotha,

Jagadeesh Mekhapothula

Seidenberg School of Computer Science and Information Systems

Pace University, New York, NY, USA

Abstract

Derm-AI initiative is revolutionizing dermatological diagnostics. It uses a sophisticated platform that applies deep learning to provide accurate skin condition analyses directly to users. This innovation breaks down the traditional barriers to professional dermatological consultation. It caters to individuals seeking prompt, reliable skin health assessments without the need for in person visits. Derm-AI represents the coming together of technology and healthcare, offering a seamless, efficient solution that aligns with the modern demand for convenience and immediacy in medical services. This development re-flects a broader trend towards digitizing he-althcare, emphasizing user-centric design and the potential for technology to enhance well-being and comfort in personal health management.

Keywords: dermatology, deep learning, healthcare innovation, diagnostic platform, user-centric.

I. INTRODUCTION

In the arena of healthcare, accurate and timely diagnosis is the cornerstone upon which effective treatments are hinged, most especially in dermatology, where visual assessments are pivotal. The DermAI innovation may be seen as an innovation beacon, bringing with it a new way to diagnose skin diseases that uses advanced deep learning algorithms combined with digital platforms. This paper will scrutinize and

explore the journey of Derm-AI to open up dermatological diagnoses to the masses, and thereby take a critical look at the technology, application, and far-reaching impacts on both patients and practitioners. By transmitting geographical and logistical barriers, DermAI proves how technology and healthcare meet by being an example of convenience and efficiency in medical diagnoses.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

For some time now, the dermatological medical community has witnessed increasing concern over the integration of artificial intelligence (AI) into the field of dermatology. For example, Esteva et al. (2017) documented how convolutional neural networks (CNNs) can classify skin lesions accurately, unlike humans or even board-certified dermatologists. Therefore, such an AI system goes beyond mere diagnosis into tools for risk assessment and personalized treatment planning. Besides, with the increase in the incidence of teledermatological platforms by Trettel et al. (2018), access to dermatological care, particularly in underserved geographies, has improved. However, such platforms oftentimes rely on the subjective analysis of dermatologists, which leads to variability in the diagnostic accuracy. The new initiative, DermAI, solves this problem by using deep learning algorithms for improved accuracy in the diagnosis of skin conditions and therefore reduces the inconsistencies related to visual assessment. DermAI is a platform that

analyzes an image of a skin condition with an automated system so that it can be assisted in diagnosis. This research thus highlights how the study recognizes a key opportunity that AI can bring to the field of dermatology and shows how the application of AI can enhance the present problems in both the field of dermatology and the approach to treatment.

III. PROJECT REQUIREMENTS

Mentioned below are the product requirements for making sure the project runs at optimal performance and fulfills its defined functional requirements.

A. Software Requirements

- Front-End:
 - React Native Expo for app development. Visual Studio Code or similar IDE.
- Back-End:

Python with Flask for API services. Node.js for server-side functions. TensorFlow for the skin disease classification model.

- Database:
 - Firebase for user management and data storage.
- Deployment:

Docker for containerization.

Cloud hosting service, such as Digital Ocean.

B. Hardware Requirements

• Development:

Computers with standard specifications (i.e., modern CPU, 8GB RAM, and sufficient storage) for software development and testing.

C. Functional Requirements

• User Authentication: Secure login and registration for users.

- Image Upload: Users can upload skin images from their device.
- Analysis: Automated analysis of skin images to identify potential skin conditions.
- Results Display: Show analysis results and possible conditions to the user.

D. Technical Requirements

- Cross-Platform Compatibility: The app must work on both iOS and Android devices.
- Performance: Fast and responsive, particularly during image upload and analysis.
- Security: Adherence to data protection standards, especially for user data.
- Scalability: Ability to handle growing numbers of users and data efficiently.

IV. SYSTEM DIAGRAM

A. Sequence Diagram

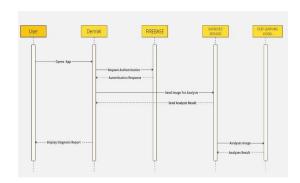


Figure 4.1 User Sequence Diagram

Figure 4.1 presents a User Sequence Diagram, which is a form of interaction diagram emphasizing the temporal order of object interactions. It is an element of message sequence charts, detailing how objects communicate and the sequence in which these interactions occur. This particular diagram delineates the order of actions, showcasing the flow of communication between objects over time.

B. Context Diagram

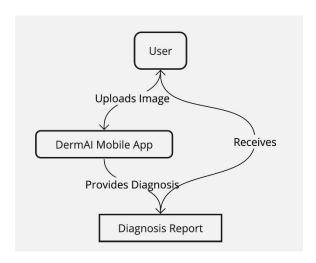


Figure 4.2 Context Diagram

The context diagram illustrates the figure 4.2 workflow within the Derm-AI application. A user uploads an image to the Derm-AI Mobile App, which then processes the image to provide a diagnosis. After the analysis, a diagnosis report is generated and delivered back to the user. This diagram simplifies the system's external interactions and data flow, providing a clear overview of the process from the user's perspective.

V. METHODOLOGIES

Front-End:

The Derm-AI project leverages React Native Expo for its front-end development, focusing on creating a user-friendly, cross-platform mobile application. The front-end is designed to provide an intuitive interface for user interactions, such as account registration, login, and photo uploading, ensuring a seamless user experience across both iOS and Android devices.

Back-End:

For the back-end, Derm-AI employs Flask and Node.js to handle server-side operations and integration with the machine learning model. Flask is utilized mainly for serving the deep learning model's API, while Node.js manages basic CRUD operations, ensuring efficient data processing and secure communication between the front-end and the machine learning components.

Firebase API:

Firebase is integrated into Derm-AI for user authentication and database services. It provides a

secure, scalable infrastructure for managing user accounts, storing images uploaded by users, and handling other data needs. Firebase's comprehensive suite of tools and APIs enables smooth user authentication processes and efficient data management, contributing to the application's robustness and reliability

Machine Learning Model:

At the heart of Derm-AI's diagnostic prowess is its machine learning model, developed using TensorFlow and powered by EfficientNet. EfficientNet is a cutting-edge convolutional neural network (CNN) that excels in accuracy and efficiency for image classification tasks. Its deployment within DermAI allows for nuanced analysis and classification of skin diseases, providing high diagnostic accuracy. The choice of EfficientNet reflects the project's commitment to state-of-the-art AI technology, ensuring DermAI remains at the forefront of dermatological diagnostics. Ongoing training and improvements are crucial to the model's sustained accuracy and real world application efficacy.

VI. CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the Derm-AI project represents a significant advancement in the field of dermatological diagnostics through the use of cutting-edge technologies. By successfully integrating a deep learning algorithm within a user-friendly mobile application, the project not only simplifies the process of skin disease detection but also makes it more accessible to a wider audience. The agile methodology and collaborative effort across various domains frontend, back-end, machine learning, and database management have culminated in an innovative solution that stands at the intersection of healthcare and technology. The success of Derm-AI underlines the vast potential for AI in enhancing medical diagnostics, potentially paving the way for broader applications in telemedicine and personalized healthcare services.

VII. REFERENCES

• Esteva et al., "Dermatologist-level classification of skin cancer with deep neural networks," Nature, vol. 542, no. 7639, pp. 115–118, Feb. 2017.

- Trettel et al., "Teledermatology: From historical perspective to emerging techniques of the modern era," J. Am. Acad. Dermatol., vol. 78, no. 4, pp. 637–644, Apr. 2018.
- L. Thomas et al., "Building cross-platform mobile applications with React Native," IEEE Software, vol. 36, no. 2, pp. 89-93, Mar./Apr. 2019.