

Successive Differentiation

$$\text{Ex. 1) } \frac{d}{dx} \left(\tan(\ln \sin e^{\sqrt{x}}) \right)$$

$$= \sec^2(\ln \sin e^{\sqrt{x}}) \frac{d}{dx} (\ln \sin e^{\sqrt{x}})$$

$$= \sec^2(\ln \sin e^{\sqrt{x}}) \frac{1}{\sin e^{\sqrt{x}}} \frac{d}{dx} (\sin e^{\sqrt{x}})$$

$$= \sec^2(\ln \sin e^{\sqrt{x}}) \frac{1}{\sin e^{\sqrt{x}}} \cos e^{\sqrt{x}} \frac{d}{dx} (e^{\sqrt{x}})$$

$$= \sec^2(\ln \sin e^{\sqrt{x}}) \frac{1}{\sin e^{\sqrt{x}}} \cos e^{\sqrt{x}} e^{\sqrt{x}} \frac{d}{dx} (\sqrt{x})$$

$$= \sec^2(\ln \sin e^{\sqrt{x}}) \frac{1}{\sin e^{\sqrt{x}}} \cos e^{\sqrt{x}} e^{\sqrt{x}} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$= \sec^2(\ln \sin e^{\sqrt{x}}) \cot e^{\sqrt{x}} e^{\sqrt{x}} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\text{Ex. 2) } \frac{d}{dx} \left\{ (x^2 + 1) \sin^{-1} x + e^{\sqrt{1+x^2}} \right\}$$

$$= (x^2 + 1) \frac{d}{dx} (\sin^{-1} x) + \sin^{-1} x \frac{d}{dx} (x^2 + 1) + \frac{d}{dx} (e^{\sqrt{1+x^2}})$$

$$= \frac{(x^2 + 1)}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} + \sin^{-1} x \cdot 2x + e^{\sqrt{1+x^2}} \frac{d}{dx} (\sqrt{1 + x^2})$$

$$= \frac{(x^2 + 1)}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} + \sin^{-1} x \cdot 2x + e^{\sqrt{1+x^2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1 + x^2}} \frac{d}{dx} (1 + x^2)$$

$$= \frac{(x^2 + 1)}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} + \sin^{-1} x \cdot 2x + e^{\sqrt{1+x^2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1 + x^2}} \cdot 2x$$

$$= \frac{(x^2 + 1)}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} + \sin^{-1} x \cdot 2x + \frac{x e^{\sqrt{1+x^2}}}{\sqrt{1 + x^2}}$$

Ex. 3) $\frac{d}{dx}(\sqrt{x} e^x \sec x)$

$$= \sqrt{x} \frac{d}{dx}(e^x \sec x) + e^x \sec x \frac{d}{dx}(\sqrt{x})$$

$$= \sqrt{x} \left\{ e^x \frac{d}{dx}(\sec x) + \sec x \frac{d}{dx}(e^x) \right\} + e^x \sec x \cdot \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$= \sqrt{x}(e^x \cdot \sec x \tan x + \sec x \cdot e^x) + \frac{e^x \sec x}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$= \sqrt{x} e^x \sec x (\tan x + 1) + \frac{e^x \sec x}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

Ex. 4) $\frac{d}{dx}[\ln\{\sqrt{1 + \ln x} - \sin x\}]$

$$= \frac{1}{(\sqrt{1 + \ln x} - \sin x)} \frac{d}{dx} \{\sqrt{1 + \ln x} - \sin x\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(\sqrt{1 + \ln x} - \sin x)} \left[\frac{1}{2\sqrt{1 + \ln x}} \frac{d}{dx}(1 + \ln x) - \cos x \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{(\sqrt{1 + \ln x} - \sin x)} \left[\frac{1}{2\sqrt{1 + \ln x}} \cdot \frac{1}{x} - \cos x \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{(\sqrt{1 + \ln x} - \sin x)} \left[\frac{1}{2x \sqrt{1 + \ln x}} - \cos x \right]$$

H.W:

1) $\frac{d}{dx}(e^{\sin x} \sin(ax))$

2) $\frac{d}{dx}[\tan(\ln x^2)]$

3) $\frac{d}{dx}[\tan(\ln(\sin e^{x^2}))]$

Differentiate with respect to x:

1) $\frac{\cot x - \tan x}{\cot x + \tan x}$

2) $\frac{1}{(3 - x^2)^3}$

3) $\operatorname{cosec} \sqrt{x} + \ln(\sin 2x)$

4) $\sqrt{e^{\sqrt{x}}}$

5) $\sqrt{\sin \sqrt{x}}$

6) $\ln(x - \sqrt{x^2 - 1})$

7) $\frac{\ln(\cos x)}{x}$

8) $e^{xy} - 4xy$

9) $\sqrt{(x - 3)(x - 4)}$

10) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x+2}}$