# **Department of Computer Science & Engineering**

### **University of Asia Pacific (UAP)**

#### Program: B.Sc. in Computer Science and Engineering

Final Examination Spring 2021 4th Year 2nd Semester

Course Code: CSE 425 Course Title: Computer Graphics Credits: 3

Full Marks: 120\* (Written)

Duration: 2 Hours

#### **Instructions:**

- 1. There are **Four (4)** Questions. Answer all of them. All questions are of equal value. Part marks are shown in the margins.
- 2. Non-programmable calculators are allowed.
- 1. a) How a **parabola** can be drawn using affine combination? Calculate the x and y coordinates of two points on the parabola at t = a and t = b.

10

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10

Where,

$$a = last two digits of your ID % 5 + 2,$$
  
 $b = a+2,$ 

If the last two digits of your id is 01, then a = 3, b = 5Therefore, you have to calculate the coordinates of the point at t = 3 and t = 5.

The point P(x, y) is coplanar to the triangle defined by three vertices A(2, r + 2), B(3, r + 4) and C(4, r + 5). Calculate the coordinate of P(x, y) using Barycentric Coordinates if  $\alpha = 0.1$  and  $\beta = 0.2$ .

Where, r = Last two digits of your ID

- Consider a polygon in 4D homogeneous space where,  $P_1(10, 10, 40, w)$ ,  $P_2(20, 50, 60, w)$ ,  $P_3(70, 70, 90, w)$ ,  $P_4(100, 110, 190, w)$ ,  $P_5(120, 60, 200, w)$ , are the five vertices of the polygon where  $\mathbf{w} = (\mathbf{Last} \ \mathbf{two} \ \mathbf{digits} \ \mathbf{of} \ \mathbf{your} \ \mathbf{ID}) + \mathbf{3}$ .
  - i. Determine the coordinates of P<sub>1</sub>, P<sub>2</sub>, P<sub>3</sub>, P<sub>4</sub>, P<sub>5</sub>, of the polygon in 3D space.
  - ii. Draw the polygon (only using x and y coordinates) before and after the transformation.
- 2. a) Estimate the new position of a triangle, with vertices A (2, 3), B (5, 6), C (10, 2) after 5 + 10 performing a  $\theta^{\circ}$  rotation, where  $\theta =$ last two digits of your ID + 35.
  - i. About the origin and
  - ii. About a point P (-3, 5).

<sup>\*</sup> Total Marks of Final Examination: 150 (Written: 120 + Viva: 30)

## Rotation Matrix about y-axis

$$\begin{bmatrix}
0.5 & 0 & -0.707 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0.866 & 0 & 0.5 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 1
\end{bmatrix}$$

**ii)** Suppose the following matrix is a 2D translation matrix which performs translation of a 2D point from one position to another. Identify what is wrong with this matrix?

$$\begin{bmatrix} Tx & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & Ty & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

iii) A triangle with vertices A (5, 5), B (10, 10), C (15, 5) is scaled with scaling factor of (2, 3) as follows. Do you think the following operation will produce expected result? If not, explain why?

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 10 & 15 \\ 5 & 10 & 5 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

3. For the triangle between points R1, R2, R3 and the viewport defined by  $X_{min} = -4$ ,  $X_{max} = 11$ ,  $Y_{min} = -3$ ,  $Y_{max} = 7$ , answer the following questions using Cohen Sutherland algorithm.

10+ 10+

5x3=

15

i. Calculate the region code of R1 (0, a), R2 (3, b), R3(5, c).

10 = 30

ii. Categorize each line (R1R2, R2R3, R3R1) if they are inside or outside or intersecting the viewport.

iii. Find the coordinates (x and y) of intersection points.

Where a = Last two digits of your ID % 5

b = Last two digits of your ID % 7

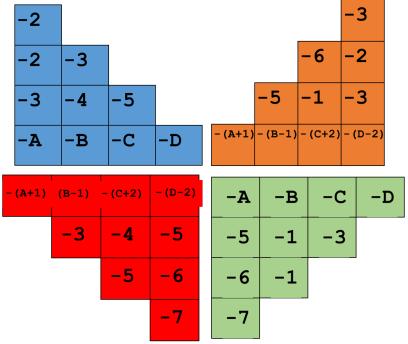
c = Last two digits of your ID % 11

**4.** a) Distinguish the back facing surfaces from the given normal vectors of the surfaces: S1 (-4, 3, -3), S2 (6, -3, -8), S3 (9, 2, -10), and S4 (-4, -11, 11); if the viewpoint is on the +z axis looking at the origin.

15

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**b)** Following triangles (Z-value of each pixel is given) are present in a scene. What will be the output after applying Z-Buffering algorithm?



Where,

A = Last two digits of your ID % 5

B = Last two digits of your ID % 7

C = Last two digits of your ID % 2

D = Last two digits of your ID % 3

c) Convert the HSI coordinate of a color at (ao, b, c) into RGB color space where

10

5

 $a = 160^{\circ} - (Last 2 digits of your ID)^{\circ}$ 

b = (Last 2 digits of your ID) / (Last 2 digits of your ID + 5)

c = (Last 2 digits of your ID) / (Last 2 digits of your ID + 10)

OR

- a) Calculate the amount of directed (specular) reflection if the angle between reflected light ray and viewing vector,  $\varphi = 10^{\circ}$  and surface property parameter, e = 5.
- b) You are given the center of a circle C=(0,0) and radius R=A. Where,

10+5= 15

A = (Last two digits of your ID % 13 + 5)

- i) Now use Bresenham's circle drawing algorithm to identify next four pixels.
- ii) Calculate the other seven points, found by symmetry with respect to the last (4th) pixel locations calculated from i).
- c) Differentiate among Flat Shading, Gouraud Shading, and Phong Shading.

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