seeed studio

多功能环境监测仪

用户手册



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1. 产品介绍



此设计为基于 Wio 终端的多功能环境检测仪。它集成了多个传感器(温湿度、 光照、麦克风、加速度)来实时监控环境参数,并通过 WiFi 将数据上传到 MQTT 服 务器。系统具有本地显示屏,可以切换不同界面查看数据,并且在检测到异常(如 温度超标、设备移动等)时触发声光报警。同时,系统支持 NTP 时间同步,提供日 期时间显示。用户可以通过物理按键与设备交互,例如切换显示界面或关闭报警。

应用十分广泛,如温室大棚环境监测、粮仓温湿度监控、野外种植基地防盗系统、育苗室光照管理。通过多传感器融合与实时告警机制,实现农业生产环境的无人化智能监护。

1.1. 产品清单



- Wio 终端: https://wiki.seeedstudio.com/Wio Terminal Intro/
- Grove-温湿度传感器(DHT11):
 https://wiki.seeedstudio.com/Grove-TemperatureAndHumidity_Sensor/
- 其他:双向端子连接线(可参考产品介绍图)、USB-C电缆;
- 软件工具: MQTTX: https://mqttx.app/zh/features

Arduino IDE: https://www.arduino.cc/en/software/#ide

注: 使用前请先准备好以上硬件设备及软件工具;

2. 产品规格

2.1. Wio 终端

核心	主控芯片	微控制器: ARM® Cortex®-M4
配置		主频: 120 MHz
出。		存储: 192KB SRAM + 4MB 外部闪存

	日二层	尺寸: 2.4 英寸
	显示屏	分辨率: 320×240 像素
		RTL8720DN 模块
无线	Wi-Fi	支持 2.4GHz / 5GHz 双频
连接		协议: 802.11 a/b/g/n
	BLE	BLE 5.0 (兼容 4.2)
	内置传感	光传感器(LTR-553ALS)
化 咸		6轴IMU(LSM6DS3TR-C,加速度计+陀螺仪)
传感 器与	器	红外发射器 (IR 940nm)
新入 輸入		5 向摇杆(方向+按下)
捌八	交互控件	2个可编程按键(侧面)
		复位/电源按钮
	Grove 生态	1× Grove I ² C 接口(背面)
	系统	1× Grove 数字/模拟接口(底部)
扩展	GPIO 引脚	兼容 Raspberry Pi 40-pin(支持 UART/I2C/SPI/ADC)
接口		USB Type-C(供电/编程)
	其他接口	MicroSD 卡槽(最大支持 32GB)
		2.4G 天线接口(外接天线)
中湿	输入	USB Type-C (5V/2A)
电源	电池扩展	支持锂电池 (通过底部接口充电)
开发	编程环境	Arduino IDE / PlatformIO
支持		MicroPython / CircuitPython

	兼容框架	Arduino、TinyML、Edge Impulse 等
物理	尺寸	72mm * 57mm * 12mm
规格	外壳	ABS + PC

2.2. Grove-温湿度传感器 (DHT11)

	测量范围	0°C ~50°C
温度	精度	±2°C
	分辨率	0.1°C
	测量范围	20% ~ 90% RH
湿度	精度	±5% RH
	分辨率	0.1% RH
	采样率	1 Hz (每秒采样 1 次)
	类型	Grove 4-pin 标准接口
接口	协议	数字信号 (单总线协议)
	引脚	VCC, GND, NC (未连接), SIG (信号)
供电	电压电流	5V/2A
却校	尺寸	40mm x 20mm x 12mm
规格	重量	约 4.5 克

2.3. 软件工具

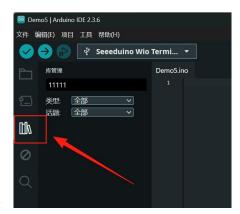
下载 MQTTX 和 Arduino IDE 第三方工具(下载链接见产品清单)

MQTTX: 用于订阅 Wio 终端主题查看上行数据及下行指令;

Arduino IDE: 用于给 Wio 终端烧录编程代码;

3. 操作部署流程

- 1) 准备所需软硬件设备(Wio 终端、Grove-温湿度传感器(DHT11)、双向端子连接 线、USB-C 电缆、MQTTX、Arduino IDE);
- 2) 将 Grove-温湿度传感器(DHT11)连接到 Wio 终端的 D0 端口(五向开关下方端口);
- 3) 通过 USB-C 电缆将 Wio 终端连接到 PC;
- 4) 打开 Arduino IDE,点击如图所示图标,进入"库管理",或者可点击"项目一



导入库一管理库"进入"库管理";

5) 安装运行代码所需的所有库:

TFT_eSPI

功能: 驱动 Wio Terminal 的 TFT 显示屏

安装方式: Arduino 库管理器搜索 TFT_eSPI(作者: Bodmer)

LIS3DHTR

功能: 驱动 LIS3DHTR 加速度传感器

安装方式: 搜索 LIS3DHTR (作者: Seeed Studio)

DHT Sensor Library

功能: 读取 DHT11 温湿度传感器数据

安装方式:搜索 DHT sensor library (作者: Adafruit)

注意: 需同时安装 Adafruit Unified Sensor 库

PubSubClient

功能: MQTT 客户端通信

安装方式: 搜索 PubSubClient (作者: Nick O'Leary)

NTPClient

功能:从 NTP 服务器同步时间

安装方式: 搜索 NTPClient (作者: Fabrice Weinberg)

WiFi (内置)

功能: Wio Terminal 的 WiFi 连接 (通过 rpcWiFi.h)

说明:包含在 Seeed Studio SAMD Boards 板支持包中,无需单独安装

WiFiUDP (内置)

功能: UDP 协议支持(NTP 依赖)

说明: Arduino 核心库, 无需单独安装

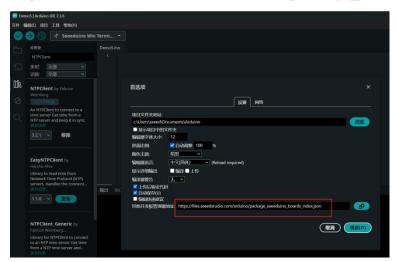
6) 安装步骤:

● 安装板支持包

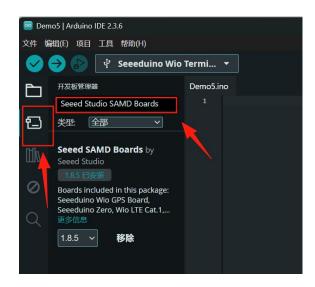
Wio Terminal 需要 Seeed Studio SAMD Boards 支持包:

① Arduino IDE → 文件 → 首选项 → 附加开发板管理器网址 添加:

https://files.seeedstudio.com/arduino/package_seeeduino_boards_index.json



② 工具 → 开发板 → 开发板管理器 → 搜索 Seeed Studio SAMD Boards → 安装最新版。



- 通过库管理器安装依赖库
- ① 打开 Arduino IDE → 项目 → 加载库 → 管理库...



② 搜索并安装以下库:

TFT_eSPI

LIS3DHTR

DHT sensor library (同时安装 Adafruit Unified Sensor)

PubSubClient

NTPClient

- 验证库安装
- ① 选择开发板:

工具 → 开发板 → Seeed Studio SAMD Boards → Wio Terminal

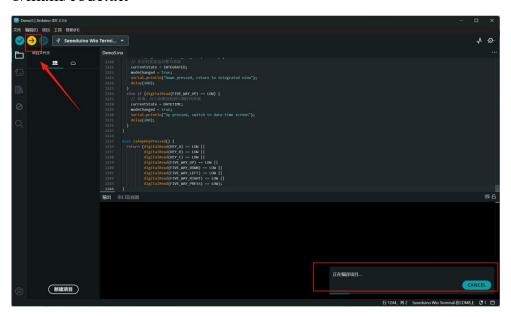
② 连接 Wio Terminal 并上传示例代码:

确保所有 #include 语句无报错

编译时无 undefined reference 错误(如有报错,可根据报错信息提示进行处理)

7) 上传代码,从以下链接直接复制到 Arduino IDE 上传即可;

https://github.com/huakaiyang/Multifunctional-Environmental-Monitoring-Instrument/blob/main/code.txt



4. 代码解析

4.1. 代码功能解析

1) 硬件与传感器初始化

```
// 硬件引脚定义
#define BUZZER_PIN WIO_BUZZER
#define DHTPIN 0
// ...其他引脚定义...

// 传感器对象
TFT_eSPI tft; // TFT显示屏
LIS3DHTR<TwoWire> lis; // 加速度计
DHT dht(DHTPIN, DHTTYPE); // 温湿度传感器
```

- 显示屏: 使用 TFT eSPI 库驱动 320x240 分辨率屏幕
- 加速度计: LIS3DHTR 传感器,配置为 4G 量程和 50Hz 采样率
- 温湿度: DHT11 传感器,通过数字引脚 0 读取
- 2) 网络与时间同步

```
// NTP时间客户端
NTPClient timeClient(ntpUDP, "pool.ntp.org", 8 * 3600);

// WiFi和MQTT配置
const char *ssid = "abcd";
const char *password = "123456789";
PubSubClient mqttClient(wifiClient);
```

- NTP 时间同步:每 60 秒同步一次 UTC+8 时间
- WiFi 连接:实现自动重连机制
- MQTT 通信: 连接 test.mosquitto.org 服务器, 支持数据发布/订阅
- 3) 核心功能架构

```
enum DisplayState {
   INTEGRATED, // 综合数据显示
   TEMPERATURE, // 温度单独显示
   HUMIDITY, // 湿度单独显示
   // ... 其他状态...
   DATETIME // 日期时间界面
};
```

- 8 种显示模式:通过物理按键切换不同数据显示界面
- 状态管理: 使用 currentState 变量跟踪当前显示模式

4) 报警系统

```
enum AlarmType {
    NONE, TEMP_LOW_ALARM, TEMP_HIGH_ALARM,
    // ...7种报警类型...
};

const float TEMP_HIGH = 28.0; // 温度高阈值
const float ACCEL_THRESHOLD = 1.3; // 加速度变化阈值
```

- 多类型报警:温度/湿度/光照/噪声/运动等异常检测
- 阈值配置:可自定义各传感器报警阈值
- 报警处理:
- ◆ 蜂鸣器播放高低音交替警报
- ◆ 屏幕显示红色警报界面
- ◆ 自动上传 MQTT 报警信息
- ◆ 支持按键手动解除报警

5) 传感器数据处理

```
struct SensorData {
    float temperature;
    float humidity;
    int lightLevel;
    // ...其他数据...
};

void readSensors() {
    // 读取所有传感器数据
    sensorData.temperature = dht.readTemperature();
    // ...其他传感器读取...
}
```

- 结构化存储: 使用 SensorData 结构体统一管理数据
- 定时采集:每秒读取一次所有传感器
- 数据滤波:对 DHT11 数据做 NaN 检查

6) 显示系统

```
void drawIntegratedScreen() {
    // 显示所有传感器数据
    // 网络状态
    // 操作提示
}

void drawDateTimeScreen() {
    // 显示Seeed Studio LOGO
    // 当前日期和时间
    // NTP同步状态
}
```

● 综合界面:同时显示温度/湿度/光照/噪声/加速度数据

- 单传感器界面:大字体显示特定传感器数据
- 专业日期界面:
- ◆ 绿色"Seeed Studio"LOGO
- ◆ 居中显示日期(YYYY/MM/DD)和时间(HH:MM)
- ◆ 显示下次 NTP 同步时间

7) 网络通信

```
void publishSensorData() {
    // 发布JSON格式传感器数据
    // 示例: {"temp":25.5, "humi":45.0,...}
}

void publishAlarmData(const char* alarmType) {
    // 发布报警信息含详细传感器数据
}
```

- MQTT 协议: 使用 PubSubClient 库
- 数据格式:标准 JSON 格式
- 主题区分:
- ◆ 普通数据发布到"WioTerminal"主题
- ◆ 报警数据包含额外 alarm 字段

8) 按键控制

```
void checkButtons() {
  if (digitalRead(KEY_A)==LOW) currentState=TEMPERATURE;
  // ...其他按键检测...
}
```

● 物理按键映射:

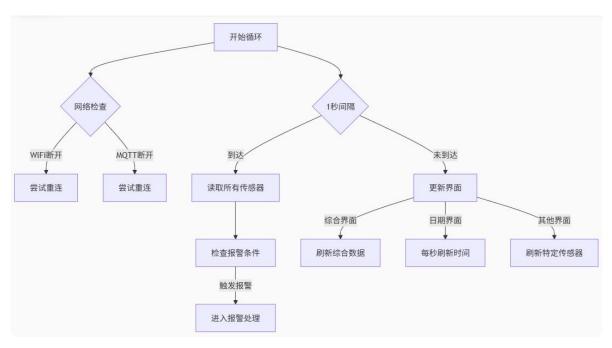
- ◆ KEY_A: 温度界面
- ◆ KEY_B: 湿度界面
- ◆ KEY_C: 光照界面
- ◆ 五向键左:加速度界面
- ◆ 五向键右: 噪声界面
- ◆ 五向键下:返回综合界面
- ◆ 五向键上: 日期时间界面

4.2. 系统工作流程

1) 初始化阶段:

- 启动屏幕显示初始化信息
- 初始化所有传感器和网络连接
- 显示综合数据界面

2) 主循环



graph TD

- A[开始循环] --> B{网络检查}
- B -->|WiFi 断开| C[尝试重连]
- B -->|MQTT 断开| D[尝试重连]
- A --> E{1 秒间隔}
- E -->|到达| F[读取所有传感器]
- F --> G[检查报警条件]
- G-->|触发报警| H[进入报警处理]
- E -->|未到达| I[更新界面]
- I -->|综合界面| J[刷新综合数据]
- I-->|日期界面| K[每秒刷新时间]
- I-->|其他界面|L[刷新特定传感器]

3) 报警处理流程

- 检测到传感器超阈值
- 记录报警类型和开始时间
- 切换到红色警报界面
- 蜂鸣器播放警报音
- 上传 MQTT 报警信息
- 5 秒后或按键按下时解除报警

4.3. 代码总结

该代码实现了一个完整的环境监测系统,具有:

- 多传感器数据采集(温湿度/光照/噪声/加速度)
- 8 种显示界面灵活切换
- 智能阈值报警系统
- 网络时间同步功能
- MQTT 物联网通信
- 直观的用户界面和交互

5. 常见问题

- 上传代码失败?
- ✓ 根据报错提示检查是否未按要求安装库,可复制报错信息使用 AI 工具搜索问题。
- Wio 终端屏幕卡住?
- ✔ 向下拨动侧边按钮重启设备。
- 网络异常,未能连接上 WiFi 和 MQTT 服务器?
- ✓ 可修改代码内 WiFi 和服务器配置, 改为您需要链接的网络和服务器。

6. 示例界面



7. 总代码

```
#include <TFT_eSPI.h>
#include "LIS3DHTR.h"
#include <DHT.h>
#include "rpcWiFi.h"
#include < PubSubClient.h >
#include <WiFiUdp.h> // 用于 NTP 时间同步
#include <NTPClient.h> // NTP 客户端库
// 硬件引脚定义
#define BUZZER_PIN WIO_BUZZER
#define DHTPIN 0
#define DHTTYPE DHT11
#define MIC_PIN WIO_MIC
// 传感器对象
TFT eSPI tft;
LIS3DHTR<TwoWire> lis;
DHT dht(DHTPIN, DHTTYPE);
// NTP 时间客户端
WiFiUDP ntpUDP;
NTPClient timeClient(ntpUDP, "pool.ntp.org", 8 * 3600, 60000); // UTC+8 时区,每 60 秒更新一次
// 按键定义
#define KEY A WIO KEY A
#define KEY_B WIO_KEY_B
#define KEY C WIO KEY C
#define FIVE_WAY_UP WIO_5S_UP
#define FIVE_WAY_DOWN WIO_5S_DOWN
#define FIVE WAY LEFT WIO 5S LEFT
#define FIVE_WAY_RIGHT WIO_5S_RIGHT
#define FIVE WAY PRESS WIO 5S PRESS
// 屏幕尺寸
#define SCREEN WIDTH 320
#define SCREEN HEIGHT 240
// 显示模式和状态
enum DisplayState { INTEGRATED, TEMPERATURE, HUMIDITY, LIGHT, ACCEL, NOISE, ALARM, DATETIME };
DisplayState currentState = INTEGRATED; // 初始为整合界面
DisplayState preAlarmState = INTEGRATED; // 报警前状态
bool modeChanged = true;
```

```
// 报警相关
bool isAlarmActive = false;
unsigned long alarmStartTime = 0;
const unsigned long ALARM DURATION = 5000; // 5 秒报警时长
const int ALARM_SIREN_COUNT = 10; // 报警音效循环次数
// 报警类型
enum AlarmType { NONE, TEMP LOW ALARM, TEMP HIGH ALARM, HUMI LOW ALARM,
                HUMI_HIGH_ALARM, LIGHT_ALARM, NOISE_ALARM, MOTION_ALARM };
AlarmType activeAlarmType = NONE;
// 传感器数据
struct SensorData {
  float temperature = 0;
  float humidity = 0;
  int lightLevel = 0;
  int noiseLevel = 0;
  float accel X = 0;
  float accelY = 0;
  float accel Z = 0;
  float accelMagnitude = 0;
  float lastAccelMagnitude = 0;
  unsigned long lastUpdate = 0;
};
SensorData sensorData;
// 阈值设置
const float TEMP HIGH = 28.0;
const float TEMP_LOW = 10.0;
const float HUMI_HIGH = 80.0;
const float HUMI_LOW = 1.0;
const int LIGHT_HIGH = 60;
const int NOISE HIGH = 1500; // 噪声阈值
const float ACCEL_THRESHOLD = 1.3; // 2g 变化阈值
// 使用您提供的 WiFi 和 MQTT 配置
const char *ssid = "abcd";
                                // 您的 WiFi SSID
const char *password = "123456789"; // 您的 WiFi 密码
const char *clientID = "Wio-Terminal-Client"; // 设备名称,必须唯一
const char *pubTopic = "WioTerminal"; // 发布主题
const char *subTopic = "inTopic";
                                 // 订阅主题
const char *mqttServer = "test.mosquitto.org"; // MQTT 服务器
```

```
const int mqttPort = 1883;
                                    // MQTT 端口
WiFiClient wifiClient;
PubSubClient mqttClient(wifiClient);
// 蜂鸣器音效参数
const int SIREN HIGH = 1000;
const int SIREN_LOW = 600;
const int SIREN DURATION = 300;
int sirenCounter = 0;
bool isHighTone = true;
unsigned long lastToneTime = 0;
// 网络状态
bool wifiConnected = false;
bool mqttConnected = false;
// 时间同步状态
bool timeSynced = false;
unsigned long lastTimeSyncAttempt = 0;
const unsigned long TIME SYNC INTERVAL = 3600000; // 每小时同步一次时间
// 函数声明
void connectWiFi();
void connectMQTT();
void publishData(const char* topic, const char* payload);
void handleAlarmSound();
void drawIntegratedScreen(); // 新增:整合数据显示界面
void drawAlarmScreen();
void drawSensorUI();
void updateSensorDisplay();
void readSensors();
void checkButtons();
bool isAnyKeyPressed();
void handleAlarm();
void checkAlarmConditions();
void publishSensorData();
void publishAlarmData(const char* alarmType); // 新增: 专门发布报警数据
void mqttCallback(char* topic, byte* payload, unsigned int length);
int centerTextX(const char* text, int fontSize);
int centerTextY(int lineNumber, int totalLines, int fontSize);
void drawDateTimeScreen(); // 新增: 日期时间界面
void syncTime(); // 新增: 同步网络时间
```

```
void setup() {
  Serial.begin(115200);
  while (!Serial); // 等待串口连接
  Serial.println("System starting...");
  // 初始化屏幕
  tft.begin();
  tft.setRotation(3);
  tft.fillScreen(TFT BLACK);
  tft.setTextSize(2);
  tft.setTextColor(TFT WHITE);
  tft.setCursor(50, 100);
  tft.print("Initializing...");
  delay(500);
  // 初始化传感器
  dht.begin();
  pinMode(WIO LIGHT, INPUT);
  pinMode(MIC_PIN, INPUT);
  // 初始化加速度计
  Wire1.begin();
  lis.begin(Wire1); // 直接调用 begin()
  lis.setOutputDataRate(LIS3DHTR_DATARATE_50HZ); // 提高采样率
  lis.setFullScaleRange(LIS3DHTR\_RANGE\_4G);
                                                    // 提高量程
  Serial.println("Accelerometer initialized");
  // 初始化按键
  const int keys[] = {KEY_A, KEY_B, KEY_C, FIVE_WAY_UP, FIVE_WAY_DOWN,
                      FIVE WAY LEFT, FIVE WAY RIGHT, FIVE WAY PRESS;
  for (int i = 0; i < sizeof(keys)/sizeof(keys[0]); i++) {
    pinMode(keys[i], INPUT_PULLUP);
  }
  // 初始化蜂鸣器
  pinMode(BUZZER PIN, OUTPUT);
  digitalWrite(BUZZER PIN, LOW);
  // 初始读取加速度值
  sensorData.lastAccelMagnitude = sqrt(
    lis.getAccelerationX() * lis.getAccelerationX() +
    lis.getAccelerationY() * lis.getAccelerationY() +
    lis.getAccelerationZ() * lis.getAccelerationZ()
  );
```

```
// 设置 MQTT 回调
  mqttClient.setServer(mqttServer, mqttPort);
  mqttClient.setCallback(mqttCallback);
  // 开始连接网络
  connectWiFi();
  // 初始显示整合界面
  drawIntegratedScreen();
  Serial.println("System initialization complete");
}
void loop() {
  static unsigned long lastSensorRead = 0;
  static unsigned long lastWiFiCheck = 0;
  static unsigned long lastMQTTCheck = 0;
  // 定期检查 WiFi 连接
  if (!wifiConnected && millis() - lastWiFiCheck > 5000) {
    connectWiFi();
    lastWiFiCheck = millis();
  }
  // 维护 MQTT 连接
  if (wifiConnected && !mqttConnected && millis() - lastMQTTCheck > 5000) {
    connectMQTT();
    lastMQTTCheck = millis();
  }
  // 处理 MQTT 消息
  if (mqttConnected) {
    mqttClient.loop();
  }
  // 每 1000ms 读取一次传感器数据(1 秒间隔)
  if (millis() - lastSensorRead > 1000) {
    readSensors();
    lastSensorRead = millis();
    // 检查报警条件
    checkAlarmConditions();
```

```
// 发布传感器数据
  if (mqttConnected) {
     publishSensorData();
  }
  // 在整合界面下更新显示
  if (currentState == INTEGRATED) {
     drawIntegratedScreen();
}
// 处理时间同步
if (wifiConnected \&\& (!timeSynced \parallel millis() - lastTimeSyncAttempt > TIME\_SYNC\_INTERVAL)) \ \{ (timeSynced \parallel millis() - lastTimeSyncAttempt > TIME\_SYNC\_INTERVAL) \} \\
  syncTime();
}
// 处理报警状态
if (isAlarmActive) {
  handleAlarm();
} else {
  // 检查按键切换模式
  checkButtons();
  // 更新显示
  if (modeChanged) {
    switch(currentState) {
       case INTEGRATED:
         drawIntegratedScreen();
         break;
       case DATETIME: // 新增日期时间界面
         drawDateTimeScreen();
         break;
       default:
         drawSensorUI();
     }
    modeChanged = false;
  // 更新日期时间界面每秒刷新
  if (currentState == DATETIME) {
     static unsigned long lastDateTimeUpdate = 0;
    if (millis() - lastDateTimeUpdate > 1000) {
       drawDateTimeScreen();
       lastDateTimeUpdate = millis();
```

```
}
    // 更新其他传感器界面
    else if (currentState != INTEGRATED) {
       updateSensorDisplay();
    }
  }
  delay(50);
}
// 同步网络时间
void syncTime() {
  if (!wifiConnected) return;
  Serial.println("Syncing network time...");
  // 更新显示
  tft.fillScreen(TFT_BLACK);
  tft.setTextSize(2);
  tft.setTextColor(TFT_YELLOW);
  int x = centerTextX("Syncing network time...", 2);
  tft.setCursor(x, SCREEN_HEIGHT / 2 - 20);
  tft.print("Syncing network time...");
  timeClient.begin();
  if (timeClient.forceUpdate()) {
    timeSynced = true;
    lastTimeSyncAttempt = millis();
    Serial.println("Time sync successful!");
    // 更新显示
    tft.fillScreen(TFT_BLACK);
    tft.setTextColor(TFT_GREEN);
    x = centerTextX("Time sync successful!", 2);
    tft.setCursor(x, SCREEN_HEIGHT / 2 - 20);
    tft.print("Time sync successful!");
    // 获取当前时间
    timeClient.update();
    Serial.print("Current time: ");
    Serial.println(timeClient.getFormattedTime());
```

```
delay(1000);
  } else {
    timeSynced = false;
    Serial.println("Time sync failed!");
    // 更新显示
    tft.fillScreen(TFT_BLACK);
    tft.setTextColor(TFT RED);
    x = centerTextX("Time sync failed!", 2);
    tft.setCursor(x, SCREEN_HEIGHT / 2 - 20);
    tft.print("Time sync failed!");
    delay(1000);
  }
  // 返回整合界面
  drawIntegratedScreen();
}
// 计算文本水平居中位置
int centerTextX(const char* text, int fontSize) {
  tft.setTextSize(fontSize);
  int textWidth = tft.textWidth(text);
  return (SCREEN_WIDTH - textWidth) / 2;
}
// 计算文本垂直位置(多行居中)
int centerTextY(int lineNumber, int totalLines, int fontSize) {
  // 估算行高(根据字体大小)
  int lineHeight = fontSize * 8;
  int totalHeight = totalLines * lineHeight;
  int startY = (SCREEN_HEIGHT - totalHeight) / 2;
  return startY + (lineNumber - 1) * lineHeight;
}
// MQTT 回调函数
void mqttCallback(char* topic, byte* payload, unsigned int length) {
  Serial.print("Message arrived [");
  Serial.print(topic);
  Serial.print("] ");
  // 将 payload 转换为字符串
```

```
char message[length + 1];
  for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
    message[i] = (char)payload[i];
  }
  message[length] = '\0';
  Serial.println(message);
void connectWiFi() {
  if (WiFi.status() == WL CONNECTED) {
    wifiConnected = true;
    return;
  }
  Serial.print("Connecting to WiFi: ");
  Serial.println(ssid);
  // 更新显示
  tft.fillScreen(TFT_BLACK);
  tft.setTextSize(2);
  tft.setTextColor(TFT\_YELLOW);
  int x = centerTextX("Connecting to WiFi...", 2);
  tft.setCursor(x, SCREEN HEIGHT / 2 - 20);
  tft.print("Connecting to WiFi...");
  WiFi.begin(ssid, password);
  unsigned long startTime = millis();
  while (WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED && millis() - startTime < 10000) {
    delay(500);
    Serial.print(".");
  }
  if (WiFi.status() == WL_CONNECTED) {
    wifiConnected = true;
    Serial.println("\nConnected! IP address: ");
    Serial.println(WiFi.localIP());
    // 更新显示
    tft.fillScreen(TFT BLACK);
    tft.setTextColor(TFT_GREEN);
```

```
x = centerTextX("WiFi connected!", 2);
    tft.setCursor(x, SCREEN HEIGHT / 2 - 20);
    tft.print("WiFi connected!");
    delay(1000);
  } else {
    wifiConnected = false;
    Serial.println("\nConnection failed!");
    // 更新显示
    tft.fillScreen(TFT BLACK);
    tft.setTextColor(TFT_RED);
    x = centerTextX("WiFi connection failed!", 2);
    tft.setCursor(x, SCREEN_HEIGHT / 2 - 20);
    tft.print("WiFi connection failed!");
    delay(1000);
  }
  // 返回整合界面
  drawIntegratedScreen();
}
void connectMQTT() {
  if (mqttClient.connected()) {
    mqttConnected = true;
    return;
  }
  Serial.print("Connecting to MQTT server...");
  // 更新显示
  tft.fillScreen(TFT_BLACK);
  tft.setTextSize(2);
  tft.setTextColor(TFT\_YELLOW);
  int x = centerTextX("Connecting to MQTT server...", 2);
  tft.setCursor(x, SCREEN_HEIGHT / 2 - 20);
  tft.print("Connecting to MQTT server...");
  if (mqttClient.connect(clientID)) {
    mqttConnected = true;
    Serial.println("Success");
```

```
// 订阅主题
    mqttClient.subscribe(subTopic);
    Serial.print("Subscribed to topic: ");
    Serial.println(subTopic);
    // 发布连接消息
    publish Data (pub Topic, "\{\"message\": \"Wio Terminal is connected !\"\}");
    // 更新显示
    tft.fillScreen(TFT BLACK);
    tft.setTextColor(TFT_GREEN);
    x = centerTextX("MQTT connected!", 2);
    tft.setCursor(x, SCREEN_HEIGHT / 2 - 20);
    tft.print("MQTT connected!");
    delay(1000);
  } else {
    mqttConnected = false;
    Serial.print("Failed, state=");
    Serial.println(mqttClient.state());
    // 更新显示
    tft.fillScreen(TFT BLACK);
    tft.setTextColor(TFT_RED);
    x = centerTextX("MQTT connection failed!", 2);
    tft.setCursor(x, SCREEN_HEIGHT / 2 - 20);
    tft.print("MQTT connection failed!");
    delay(1000);
  }
  // 返回整合界面
  drawIntegratedScreen();
void readSensors() {
  // 读取温湿度
  float temp = dht.readTemperature();
  float humi = dht.readHumidity();
  if (!isnan(temp)) {
```

```
sensorData.temperature = temp;
  }
  if (!isnan(humi)) {
    sensorData.humidity = humi;
  }
  // 读取光照
  sensorData.lightLevel = analogRead(WIO_LIGHT);
  // 读取噪声 (麦克风)
  sensorData.noiseLevel = analogRead(MIC_PIN);
  // 读取加速度
  sensorData.accelX = lis.getAccelerationX();
  sensorData.accelY = lis.getAccelerationY();
  sensorData.accelZ = lis.getAccelerationZ();
  // 计算加速度向量长度
  sensorData.accelMagnitude = sqrt(
    sensorData.accelX * sensorData.accelX +\\
    sensorData.accelY * sensorData.accelY +
    sensorData.accelZ * sensorData.accelZ
  );
  Serial.print("Sensor Data: ");
  Serial.print("Temp="); Serial.print(sensorData.temperature);
  Serial.print(" Humi="); Serial.print(sensorData.humidity);
  Serial.print(" Light="); Serial.print(sensorData.lightLevel);
  Serial.print(" Noise="); Serial.print(sensorData.noiseLevel);
  Serial.print(" AccelMag="); Serial.println(sensorData.accelMagnitude);
void checkAlarmConditions() {
  static unsigned long lastAccelAlarmTime = 0;
  //1. 检查设备移动超过 2g
  // 计算加速度变化量
  float deltaAccel = fabs(sensorData.accelMagnitude - sensorData.lastAccelMagnitude);
  sensorData.lastAccelMagnitude = sensorData.accelMagnitude;
  // 添加调试信息
  Serial.print("Acceleration change: ");
  Serial.print(deltaAccel);
```

```
Serial.print(" / Threshold: ");
Serial.println(ACCEL_THRESHOLD);
if (deltaAccel > ACCEL THRESHOLD && !isAlarmActive) {
  // 添加防抖动机制
  if (millis() - lastAccelAlarmTime > 1000) {
    isAlarmActive = true;
    alarmStartTime = millis();
    preAlarmState = currentState;
    activeAlarmType = MOTION ALARM;
    Serial.println("Motion alarm triggered");
    publishAlarmData("Motion"); // 使用专用报警上传函数
    lastAccelAlarmTime = millis();
}
// 2. 检查光照超过 200
if (sensorData.lightLevel > LIGHT HIGH && !isAlarmActive) {
  isAlarmActive = true;
  alarmStartTime = millis();
  preAlarmState = currentState;
  activeAlarmType = LIGHT_ALARM;
  Serial.println("Light alarm triggered");
  publishAlarmData("Light");
}
// 3. 检查噪声超过阈值
if (sensorData.noiseLevel > NOISE_HIGH && !isAlarmActive) {
  isAlarmActive = true;
  alarmStartTime = millis();
  preAlarmState = currentState;
  activeAlarmType = NOISE_ALARM;
  Serial.println("Noise alarm triggered");
  publishAlarmData("Noise");
}
// 4. 检查温湿度超出阈值
if (sensorData.temperature < TEMP_LOW && !isAlarmActive) {
  isAlarmActive = true;
  alarmStartTime = millis();
  preAlarmState = currentState;
  activeAlarmType = TEMP LOW ALARM;
  Serial.println("Low temperature alarm triggered");
  publishAlarmData("LowTemperature");
```

```
}
if (sensorData.temperature > TEMP_HIGH && !isAlarmActive) {
  isAlarmActive = true;
  alarmStartTime = millis();
  preAlarmState = currentState;
  activeAlarmType = TEMP HIGH ALARM;
  Serial.println("High temperature alarm triggered");
  publishAlarmData("HighTemperature");
}
if (sensorData.humidity < HUMI_LOW && !isAlarmActive) {
  isAlarmActive = true;
  alarmStartTime = millis();
  preAlarmState = currentState;
  activeAlarmType = HUMI LOW ALARM;
  Serial.println("Low humidity alarm triggered");
  publishAlarmData("LowHumidity");
}
if (sensorData.humidity > HUMI HIGH && !isAlarmActive) {
  isAlarmActive = true;
  alarmStartTime = millis();
  preAlarmState = currentState;
  activeAlarmType = HUMI HIGH ALARM;
  Serial.println("High humidity alarm triggered");
  publishAlarmData("HighHumidity");
}
// 恢复正常时停止报警(基于报警类型)
if (isAlarmActive) {
  bool shouldStopAlarm = false;
  switch(activeAlarmType) {
    case TEMP LOW ALARM:
      if (sensorData.temperature >= TEMP_LOW) shouldStopAlarm = true;
      break;
    case TEMP_HIGH_ALARM:
      if (sensorData.temperature <= TEMP HIGH) shouldStopAlarm = true;
      break;
    case HUMI_LOW_ALARM:
      if (sensorData.humidity >= HUMI_LOW) shouldStopAlarm = true;
```

```
break;
      case HUMI_HIGH_ALARM:
        if (sensorData.humidity <= HUMI HIGH) shouldStopAlarm = true;
        break;
      case LIGHT_ALARM:
      case NOISE_ALARM:
      case MOTION ALARM:
        // 瞬时报警 5 秒后自动停止
        if (millis() - alarmStartTime > ALARM DURATION) shouldStopAlarm = true;
        break;
      default:
        // 未知报警类型5秒后停止
        if (millis() - alarmStartTime > ALARM DURATION) shouldStopAlarm = true;
    if (shouldStopAlarm) {
      isAlarmActive = false;
      activeAlarmType = NONE;
      Serial.println("Alarm resolved");
      publishData(pubTopic, "{\"alarm\":\"resolved\"}");
  }
void handleAlarm() {
  // 处理报警声音
 handleAlarmSound();
 // 显示报警界面
  drawAlarmScreen();
 // 检查按键终止报警
  if (isAnyKeyPressed()) {
    isAlarmActive = false;
    activeAlarmType = NONE;
    sirenCounter = 0;
    noTone(BUZZER PIN);
    currentState = preAlarmState; \\
    modeChanged = true;
    Serial.println("Alarm manually canceled");
    publishData(pubTopic, "{\"alarm\":\"canceled\"}");
```

```
return;
  }
void handleAlarmSound() {
  if \ (millis() - lastToneTime \leq SIREN\_DURATION) \ return; \\
  if (isHighTone) {
    tone(BUZZER PIN, SIREN HIGH, SIREN DURATION);
    tone(BUZZER PIN, SIREN LOW, SIREN DURATION);
  }
  isHighTone = !isHighTone;
  lastToneTime = millis();
  sirenCounter++;
  if (sirenCounter >= ALARM SIREN COUNT * 2) {
    sirenCounter = 0;
  }
}
void publishData(const char* topic, const char* payload) {
  if (mqttClient.connected()) {
    mqttClient.publish(topic, payload);
    Serial.print("Publish message: ");
    Serial.print(topic);
    Serial.print(" - ");
    Serial.println(payload);
  }
}
// 新增: 专门发布报警数据
void publishAlarmData(const char* alarmType) {
  char payload[100];
  snprintf(payload, sizeof(payload),
             "{\"alarm\":\"%s\",\"temp\":%.1f,\"humi\":%.1f,\"light\":%d,\"noise\":%d,\"accelMag\":%.2f}",
             alarmType, sensorData.temperature, sensorData.humidity,
             sensorData.lightLevel, sensorData.noiseLevel, sensorData.accelMagnitude);
  publishData(pubTopic, payload);
}
void publishSensorData() {
```

```
char payload[150];
  snprintf(payload, sizeof(payload),
            "{\"temp\":%.1f,\"humi\":%.1f,\"light\":%d,\"noise\":%d,\"accelMag\":%.2f}",
            sensorData.temperature, sensorData.humidity, sensorData.lightLevel,
            sensorData.noiseLevel, sensorData.accelMagnitude);
  publishData(pubTopic, payload);
}
// 修改后的整合数据显示界面(网络状态与加速度数据对齐)
void drawIntegratedScreen() {
  tft.fillScreen(TFT_BLACK);
  // 显示标题
  tft.setTextColor(TFT_CYAN);
  tft.setTextSize(3);
  const char* title = "Sensor Data";
  int xTitle = centerTextX(title, 3);
  tft.setCursor(xTitle, 10);
  tft.print(title);
  // 分隔线
  tft.drawFastHLine(0, 45, SCREEN_WIDTH, TFT_DARKGREEN);
  // 显示所有传感器数据(左侧区域)
  tft.setTextSize(3);
  int startY = 60;
  int lineHeight = 35;
  // 温度
  tft.setTextColor(TFT_RED);
  char tempStr[30];
  sprintf(tempStr, "Temp: %.1fC", sensorData.temperature);
  tft.setCursor(20, startY);
  tft.print(tempStr);
  // 湿度
  tft.setTextColor(TFT_BLUE);
  char humiStr[30];
  sprintf(humiStr, "Humi: %.1f%%", sensorData.humidity);
  tft.setCursor(20, startY + lineHeight);
  tft.print(humiStr);
```

```
// 光照
tft.setTextColor(TFT_YELLOW);
char lightStr[30];
sprintf(lightStr, "Light: %d", sensorData.lightLevel);
tft.setCursor(20, startY + lineHeight * 2);
tft.print(lightStr);
// 加速度 - 网络状态将显示在这一行的右侧
tft.setTextColor(TFT_GREEN);
char accelStr[30];
sprintf(accelStr, "Acc: %.2fg", sensorData.accelMagnitude);
tft.setCursor(20, startY + lineHeight * 3);
tft.print(accelStr);
// 噪声
tft.setTextColor(TFT MAGENTA);
char noiseStr[30];
sprintf(noiseStr, "Noise: %d", sensorData.noiseLevel);
tft.setCursor(20, startY + lineHeight * 4);
tft.print(noiseStr);
// 在加速度行右侧显示网络状态(与加速度行对齐)
int statusBoxX = 180; // 右侧区域起始 X 坐标
int statusBoxY = startY + lineHeight * 3; // 与加速度行对齐
// 显示状态标题 (使用小字体)
tft.setTextSize(1);
tft.setTextColor(TFT CYAN);
const char* statusTitle = "Network Status";
int xStatusTitle = statusBoxX + (SCREEN WIDTH - statusBoxX - tft.textWidth(statusTitle)) / 2;
tft.setCursor(xStatusTitle, statusBoxY);
tft.print(statusTitle);
// 显示 WiFi 状态 (使用小字体)
tft.setTextSize(1);
if (wifiConnected) {
  tft.setTextColor(TFT GREEN);
  const char* wifiStatus = "WiFi: Connected";
  int xWifi = statusBoxX + (SCREEN_WIDTH - statusBoxX - tft.textWidth(wifiStatus)) / 2;
  tft.setCursor(xWifi, statusBoxY + 20);
  tft.print(wifiStatus);
} else {
  tft.setTextColor(TFT_RED);
  const char* wifiStatus = "WiFi: Disconnected";
```

```
int xWifi = statusBoxX + (SCREEN_WIDTH - statusBoxX - tft.textWidth(wifiStatus)) / 2;
    tft.setCursor(xWifi, statusBoxY + 20);
    tft.print(wifiStatus);
  }
  // 显示 MQTT 状态 (使用小字体)
  if (mqttConnected) {
    tft.setTextColor(TFT_GREEN);
    const char* mqttStatus = "MQTT: Connected";
    int xMqtt = statusBoxX + (SCREEN WIDTH - statusBoxX - tft.textWidth(mqttStatus)) / 2;
    tft.setCursor(xMqtt, statusBoxY + 35);
    tft.print(mqttStatus);
  } else {
    tft.setTextColor(TFT RED);
    const char* mqttStatus = "MQTT: Disconnected";
    int xMqtt = statusBoxX + (SCREEN WIDTH - statusBoxX - tft.textWidth(mqttStatus)) / 2;
    tft.setCursor(xMqtt, statusBoxY + 35);
    tft.print(mqttStatus);
  }
  // 操作提示(底部)
  tft.setTextColor(TFT_WHITE);
  tft.setTextSize(1);
  const char* prompt = "A-Temp B-Humi C-Light L-Accel R-Noise Down-Integrated Up-DateTime";
  int xPrompt = centerTextX(prompt, 1);
  tft.setCursor(xPrompt, SCREEN HEIGHT - 15);
  tft.print(prompt);
// 修改后的日期时间界面(使用 NTP 时间)
void drawDateTimeScreen() {
  tft.fillScreen(TFT_BLACK);
  // 更新时间(每小时更新一次)
  static unsigned long lastUpdateTime = 0;
  const unsigned long UPDATE INTERVAL = 3600000; // 1 小时 = 3,600,000 毫秒
  if (timeSynced && (millis() - lastUpdateTime > UPDATE_INTERVAL)) {
    timeClient.update(); // 每小时更新一次时间
    lastUpdateTime = millis();
  }
  // 计算行高(增加行间距)
  int titleSize = 4; // Seeed Studio 的字体大小
```

```
int datetimeSize = 4; // 日期时间的字体大小
int lineHeight = 45; // 增加行间距为 45 像素
// 显示 Seeed Studio (绿色字体)
tft.setTextColor(TFT GREEN);
tft.setTextSize(titleSize);
const char* seeedText = "Seeed Studio";
int xSeeed = centerTextX(seeedText, titleSize);
int ySeeed = 50; // 固定位置, 顶部留出空间
tft.setCursor(xSeeed, ySeeed);
tft.print(seeedText);
// 获取并格式化日期时间
String dateStr = "N/A";
String timeStr = "N/A";
if (timeSynced) {
  // 获取当前日期
  time_t rawtime = timeClient.getEpochTime();
  struct tm *ti;
  ti = localtime(&rawtime);
  // 格式化日期为 YYYY/MM/DD
  char dateBuffer[20];
  sprintf(dateBuffer, "\%04d/\%02d/\%02d", ti->tm\_year + 1900, ti->tm\_mon + 1, ti->tm\_mday);\\
  dateStr = String(dateBuffer);
  // 格式化时间为 HH:MM
  char timeBuffer[10];
  sprintf(timeBuffer, "%02d:%02d", ti->tm hour, ti->tm min);
  timeStr = String(timeBuffer);
}
// 显示日期(白色字体)
tft.setTextColor(TFT_WHITE);
tft.setTextSize(datetimeSize);
int xDate = centerTextX(dateStr.c_str(), datetimeSize);
int yDate = ySeeed + lineHeight; // 在 Seeed Studio 下方 45 像素处
tft.setCursor(xDate, yDate);
tft.print(dateStr);
// 显示时间(白色字体)
```

```
int xTime = centerTextX(timeStr.c_str(), datetimeSize);
  int yTime = yDate + lineHeight; // 在日期下方 45 像素处
  tft.setCursor(xTime, yTime);
  tft.print(timeStr);
  // 显示时间同步状态
  tft.setTextSize(1);
  if (timeSynced) {
    tft.setTextColor(TFT GREEN);
    tft.setCursor(10, SCREEN HEIGHT - 20);
    tft.print("Time synced");
  } else {
    tft.setTextColor(TFT_RED);
    tft.setCursor(10, SCREEN HEIGHT - 20);
    tft.print("Time not synced");
  }
  // 显示下次更新时间
  unsigned long secondsUntilUpdate = (lastUpdateTime + UPDATE INTERVAL - millis()) / 1000;
  unsigned long minutesUntilUpdate = secondsUntilUpdate / 60;
  unsigned long hoursUntilUpdate = minutesUntilUpdate / 60;
  char updateInfo[50];
  if (hoursUntilUpdate > 0) {
    sprintf(updateInfo, "Next update: %lu hours", hoursUntilUpdate);
  } else if (minutesUntilUpdate > 0) {
    sprintf(updateInfo, "Next update: %lu minutes", minutesUntilUpdate);
  } else {
    sprintf(updateInfo, "Next update: %lu seconds", secondsUntilUpdate);
  }
  tft.setCursor(10, SCREEN_HEIGHT - 40);
  tft.print(updateInfo);
  // 操作提示(底部)
  tft.setTextColor(TFT WHITE);
  tft.setTextSize(1);
  const char* prompt = "Down: Return to Integrated";
  int xPrompt = centerTextX(prompt, 1);
  tft.setCursor(xPrompt, SCREEN HEIGHT - 60);
  tft.print(prompt);
void drawAlarmScreen() {
```

```
tft.fillScreen(TFT_RED);
// 显示大 X
tft.setTextColor(TFT WHITE);
tft.setTextSize(20);
const char* xChar = "X";
int xPos = centerTextX(xChar, 20);
int yPos = SCREEN HEIGHT / 2 - 40;
tft.setCursor(xPos, yPos);
tft.print(xChar);
// 显示报警文本
tft.setTextSize(3);
const char* alarmText = "ALARM!";
int xAlarm = centerTextX(alarmText, 3);
tft.setCursor(xAlarm, yPos + 60);
tft.print(alarmText);
// 显示报警原因
tft.setTextSize(2);
const char* reason = "";
switch(activeAlarmType) {
  case TEMP LOW ALARM:
    reason = "LOW TEMPERATURE ALARM!";
    break;
  case TEMP_HIGH_ALARM:
    reason = "HIGH TEMPERATURE ALARM!";
    break;
  case HUMI_LOW_ALARM:
    reason = "LOW HUMIDITY ALARM!";
    break;
  case HUMI_HIGH_ALARM:
    reason = "HIGH HUMIDITY ALARM!";
    break;
  case LIGHT ALARM:
    reason = "HIGH LIGHT LEVEL ALARM!";
    break;
  case NOISE ALARM:
    reason = "HIGH NOISE LEVEL ALARM!";
    break;
  case MOTION_ALARM:
    reason = "MOTION DETECTED ALARM!";
```

```
break;
    default:
      reason = "UNKNOWN ALARM!";
  }
  int xReason = centerTextX(reason, 2);
  tft.setCursor(xReason, SCREEN_HEIGHT - 40);
  tft.print(reason);
}
void drawSensorUI() {
  tft.fillScreen(TFT_BLACK);
  // 显示传感器名称
  tft.setTextSize(3);
  const char* title = "";
  switch(currentState) {
    case TEMPERATURE:
      tft.setTextColor(TFT_RED);
      title = "TEMPERATURE";
      break;
    case HUMIDITY:
      tft.setTextColor(TFT BLUE);
      title = "HUMIDITY";
      break;
    case LIGHT:
      tft.setTextColor(TFT YELLOW);
      title = "LIGHT LEVEL";
      break;
    case ACCEL:
      tft.setTextColor(TFT_GREEN);
      title = "ACCELERATION";
      break;
    case NOISE:
      tft.setTextColor(TFT_MAGENTA);
      title = "NOISE LEVEL";
      break;
```

```
int xTitle = centerTextX(title, 3);
  tft.setCursor(xTitle, 20);
  tft.print(title);
  // 分隔线
  tft.drawFastHLine(0, 60, SCREEN_WIDTH, TFT_DARKGREEN);
  // 操作提示
  tft.setTextColor(TFT WHITE);
  tft.setTextSize(1);
  const char* prompt = "Down: Return to Integrated";
  int xPrompt = centerTextX(prompt, 1);
  tft.setCursor(xPrompt, SCREEN_HEIGHT - 20);
  tft.print(prompt);
}
// 修复后的函数: 为每个 case 添加独立作用域
void updateSensorDisplay() {
  // 清除主显示区域
  tft.fillRect(0, 70, SCREEN_WIDTH, SCREEN_HEIGHT - 90, TFT_BLACK);
  switch(currentState) {
    case TEMPERATURE: {
      // 显示温度
      tft.setTextSize(8);
      // 根据阈值设置颜色
      if (sensorData.temperature < TEMP_LOW) {
        tft.setTextColor(TFT_BLUE);
      } else if (sensorData.temperature > TEMP HIGH) {
        tft.setTextColor(TFT_RED);
      } else {
        tft.setTextColor(TFT_GREEN);
      // 创建温度字符串
      char tempStr[20];
      sprintf(tempStr, "%.1fC", sensorData.temperature);
      int xTemp = centerTextX(tempStr, 8);
      tft.setCursor(xTemp, SCREEN_HEIGHT / 2 - 20); // 下移 20 像素
      tft.print(tempStr);
      break;
```

```
case HUMIDITY: {
  // 显示湿度
  tft.setTextSize(8);
  // 根据阈值设置颜色
  if (sensorData.humidity < HUMI_LOW) {
    tft.setTextColor(TFT BLUE);
  } else if (sensorData.humidity > HUMI_HIGH) {
    tft.setTextColor(TFT RED);
  } else {
    tft.setTextColor(TFT CYAN);
  // 创建湿度字符串
  char humiStr[20];
  sprintf(humiStr, "%.1f%%", sensorData.humidity);
  int xHumi = centerTextX(humiStr, 8);
  tft.setCursor(xHumi, SCREEN HEIGHT / 2 - 20); // 下移 20 像素
  tft.print(humiStr);
  break;
case LIGHT: {
  // 显示光照值
  tft.setTextSize(8);
  tft.setTextColor(sensorData.lightLevel > LIGHT_HIGH ? TFT_RED : TFT_YELLOW);
  char lightStr[10];
  sprintf(lightStr, "%d", sensorData.lightLevel);
  int xLight = centerTextX(lightStr, 8);
  tft.setCursor(xLight, SCREEN_HEIGHT / 2 - 40); // 下移 20 像素
  tft.print(lightStr);
  // 显示光照条
  int barWidth = map(sensorData.lightLevel, 0, 1023, 0, 240);
  int barX = (SCREEN WIDTH - 240) / 2;
  int barY = SCREEN HEIGHT / 2 + 40; // 下移 20 像素
  tft.fillRect(barX, barY, barWidth, 20, TFT_YELLOW);
  tft.fillRect(barX + barWidth, barY, 240 - barWidth, 20, TFT DARKGREY);
  tft.drawRect(barX, barY, 240, 20, TFT_WHITE);
  // 显示阈值线
  int thresholdX = barX + map(LIGHT_HIGH, 0, 1023, 0, 240);
```

```
tft.drawFastVLine(thresholdX, barY - 10, 40, TFT_RED);
  // 显示范围标签
  tft.setTextSize(1);
  tft.setTextColor(TFT WHITE);
  tft.setCursor(barX - 15, barY + 25);
  tft.print("0");
  tft.setCursor(barX + 225, barY + 25);
  tft.print("1023");
  break;
case ACCEL: {
  // 显示加速度向量长度
  tft.setTextSize(4);
  tft.setTextColor(TFT GREEN);
  char magStr[30];
  sprintf(magStr, "Mag: %.2fg", sensorData.accelMagnitude);
  int xMag = centerTextX(magStr, 4);
  tft.setCursor(xMag, SCREEN HEIGHT / 2 - 40); // 下移 20 像素
  tft.print(magStr);
  // 显示加速度分量
  tft.setTextSize(3);
  // X 轴
  char xStr[20];
  sprintf(xStr, "X: %.2f", sensorData.accelX);
  int xX = centerTextX(xStr, 3);
  tft.setTextColor(TFT_RED);
  tft.setCursor(xX, SCREEN_HEIGHT / 2); // 下移 20 像素
  tft.print(xStr);
  //Y轴
  char yStr[20];
  sprintf(yStr, "Y: %.2f", sensorData.accelY);
  int xY = centerTextX(yStr, 3);
  tft.setTextColor(TFT_GREEN);
  tft.setCursor(xY, SCREEN_HEIGHT / 2 + 30); // 下移 20 像素
  tft.print(yStr);
  // Z 轴
  char zStr[20];
```

```
sprintf(zStr, "Z: %.2f", sensorData.accelZ);
  int xZ = centerTextX(zStr, 3);
  tft.setTextColor(TFT_BLUE);
  tft.setCursor(xZ, SCREEN HEIGHT / 2 + 60); // 下移 20 像素
  tft.print(zStr);
  break;
case NOISE: {
  // 显示噪声值
  tft.setTextSize(8);
  tft.setTextColor(sensorData.noiseLevel > NOISE_HIGH ? TFT_RED : TFT_MAGENTA);
  char noiseStr[10];
  sprintf(noiseStr, "%d", sensorData.noiseLevel);
  int xNoise = centerTextX(noiseStr, 8);
  tft.setCursor(xNoise, SCREEN_HEIGHT / 2 - 40); // 下移 20 像素
  tft.print(noiseStr);
  // 显示噪声条
  int barWidth = map(sensorData.noiseLevel, 0, 1023, 0, 240);
  int barX = (SCREEN_WIDTH - 240) / 2;
  int barY = SCREEN HEIGHT / 2 + 40; // 下移 20 像素
  tft.fillRect(barX, barY, barWidth, 20, TFT MAGENTA);
  tft.fillRect(barX + barWidth, barY, 240 - barWidth, 20, TFT DARKGREY);
  tft.drawRect(barX, barY, 240, 20, TFT_WHITE);
  // 显示阈值线
  int thresholdX = barX + map(NOISE HIGH, 0, 1023, 0, 240);
  tft.drawFastVLine(thresholdX, barY - 10, 40, TFT_RED);
  // 显示范围标签
  tft.setTextSize(1);
  tft.setTextColor(TFT WHITE);
  tft.setCursor(barX - 15, barY + 25);
  tft.print("0");
  tft.setCursor(barX + 225, barY + 25);
  tft.print("1023");
  break;
```

```
void checkButtons() {
  // 正常模式下的按键检测
  if (digitalRead(KEY_A) == LOW) {
    currentState = TEMPERATURE;
    modeChanged = true;
    Serial.println("A pressed, switch to temperature view");
    delay(200);
  }
  else if (digitalRead(KEY B) == LOW) {
    currentState = HUMIDITY;
    modeChanged = true;
    Serial.println("B pressed, switch to humidity view");
    delay(200);
  }
  else if (digitalRead(KEY_C) == LOW) {
    currentState = LIGHT;
    modeChanged = true;
    Serial.println("C pressed, switch to light view");
    delay(200);
  }
  else if (digitalRead(FIVE WAY LEFT) == LOW) {
    currentState = ACCEL;
    modeChanged = true;
    Serial.println("Left pressed, switch to acceleration view");
    delay(200);
  }
  else if (digitalRead(FIVE_WAY_RIGHT) == LOW) {
    currentState = NOISE;
    modeChanged = true;
    Serial.println("Right pressed, switch to noise view");
    delay(200);
  }
  else if (digitalRead(FIVE_WAY_DOWN) == LOW) {
    // 从任何状态返回整合界面
    currentState = INTEGRATED;
    modeChanged = true;
    Serial.println("Down pressed, return to integrated view");
    delay(200);
  else if (digitalRead(FIVE_WAY_UP) == LOW) {
    // 新增: 向上按键切换到日期时间界面
    currentState = DATETIME;
    modeChanged = true;
    Serial.println("Up pressed, switch to date-time screen");
```