I2C Jetson NANO

From Nyidia developer forum, the reference is provided here

https://www.instructables.com/Raspberry-Pi-I2C-Python/

Enable i2c:

Step 1. configure i2c

sudo usermod -a -G i2c \$USER

Step 2. check is i2c tool is installed, also use this to install it if not:

\$sudo apt-get install i2c-tools

Step 3. Install python smbus: \$\$sudo apt-get install python-smbus

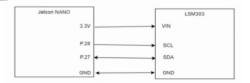
narry@harry-desktop:~
harry@harry-desktop:~\$ sudo apt-get install python-smbus
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done

Step 4. Reboot to make installed tools working, then Check if any i2c is detected \$i2cdetect -y 0

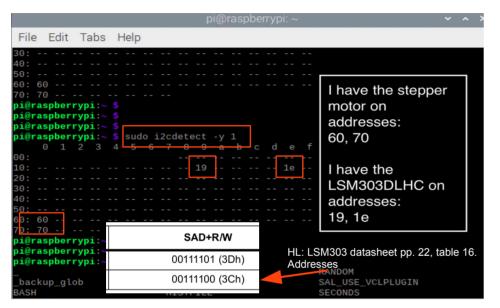
Step 5. Once you are done with step 4, then you are ready to write your i2c code to interface to LSM303

import io io.open ("/dev/i2c-0")

Pin 27 (SDA), 28 (SCL) from Billy Lai



Python I2C Interfaces to LSM303



https://learn.adafruit.com/lsm303-accelerometer-slash-compass-breakout/python-circuitpython

Python & CircuitPython for LSM303 sensor with CircuitPython and the Adafruit CircuitPython LSM303 Accelerometer https://github.com/adafruit/Adafruit_CircuitPython_LSM303_Accel Adafruit CircuitPython LIS2MDL or Adafruit CircuitPython LSM303DLH Magnetometer libraries https://github.com/adafruit/Adafruit_CircuitPython_LSM303DLH_Mag These libraries allow you to easily write Python code that reads the accelerometer and magnetometer values from the sensor.

```
import time
import board
import adafruit_lsm303dlh_mag
i2c = board.I2C() # uses board.SCL and board.SDA
sensor = adafruit_lsm303dlh_mag.LSM303DLH_Mag(i2c)
while True:
    mag_x, mag_y, mag_z = sensor.magnetic
    print('Magnetometer (gauss): ({0:10.3f}, {1:10.3f}, {2:10.3f})'.format(mag_x, mag_y, mag_z))
    print('')
    time.sleep(1.0)
```

Python I2C Interfaces to LSM303

https://learn.adafruit.com/lsm303-accelerometer-slash-compass-breakout/python-circuitpython

Python & CircuitPython for LSM303 sensor with CircuitPython and the Adafruit CircuitPython LSM303 Accelerometer https://github.com/adafruit/Adafruit_CircuitPython_LSM303_Accel Adafruit CircuitPython LIS2MDL or Adafruit CircuitPython LSM303DLH Magnetometer libraries https://github.com/adafruit/Adafruit_CircuitPython_LSM303DLH_Mag These libraries allow you to easily write Python code that reads the accelerometer and magnetometer values from the sensor.



https:// www.adafruit.com/ product/1120 Triple-axis
Accelerometer+Mag
netometer
(Compass) Board LSM303

Product ID: 1120 \$14.95

Example: from adafruit

```
1 import time
 2 import board
 3 import digitalio
 4 import pwmio
 5 import adafruit lsm303 accel
 6 import adafruit lis2mdl
 7 import lsm303
22 ### LSM303 SETUP BEGIN ###
23 i2c = board.I2C()
24 accel out = adafruit lsm303 accel.LSM303 Accel(i2c)
25 \text{ mag out} = \text{adafruit } \overline{\text{lis2mdl.LIS2MDL}}(\text{i2c})
26 ### LSM303 SETUP END ###
28 ### TEXT DOCS SETUP BEGIN ###
29 file = open("Magnetometer Output.txt", "w")
30 file.write("")
31 ### TEXT DOCS SETUP END ###
        print("Angle %0.1f: " %angle, end='')
        print("X=%0.2f Y=%0.2f Z=%0.2f" %mag out.magnetic)
        file = open("Magnetometer Output.txt", "a")
        file.write("Angle %0.1f: " %angle)
43
        file.write("%0.2f %0.2f %0.2f\n"%mag out.magnetic)
```

```
import time
import board
import adafruit_lsm303dlh_mag
i2c = board.I2C() # uses board.SCL and board.SDA
sensor = adafruit_lsm303dlh_mag.LSM303DLH_Mag(i2c)
while True:
    mag_x, mag_y, mag_z = sensor.magnetic
    print('Magnetometer (gauss): ({0:10.3f}, {1:10.3f}, {2:10.3f})'.format(mag_x, mag_y, mag_z))
    print('')
    time.sleep(1.0)
```

Example Python I2C Interfaces to LSM303 (2)

https://learn.adafruit.com/lsm303-accelerometer-slash-compass-breakout/python-circuitpython

```
# GPIO Libraries
       #import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
       import Jetson.GPIO as GPIO
       # Handles time
       import time
       #import i2c bus and LSM303 libraries
       import board
       import busio
       import digitalio
 11
 12
       import adafruit lsm303 accel
       import adafruit lsm303dlh mag
 13
14
       #import tangent and degrees function
 15
 16
      from math import tan, degrees
 17
 18
 19
      # Pin Definition in TEGRA SOC
      DIR PIN = 'DAP4 FS' #Pin 35
      STEP PIN = 'GPIO PE6' #Pin 33
      #Set I2c Chanels for acceleration and magnetics
      i2c = busio.I2C(board.SCL. board.SDA)
47
      accel = adafruit lsm303 accel.LSM303 Accel(i2c)
      mag = adafruit lsm303dlh mag.LSM303DLH Mag(i2c)
113
           114
115
           angle yz 0 = angle XY(acc y 0, acc z 0)
116
           angle yz 1 = angle XY(acc y 1, acc z 1)
117
           angle yz = 2 angle XY(acc y 2, acc z 2)
118
           angle yz 3 = angle XY(acc y 3, acc z 3)
           angle yz = 4 angle XY(acc y 4, acc z 4)
119
120
           angle yz = [angle yz 0, angle yz 1, angle yz 2, angle yz 3, angle yz 3]
121
```

NANO Command Line I2C Interface to LSM303

Use I2C command line can be utilized for read/write testing purpose

1. \$i2cdetect #for detection of existing i2c devices

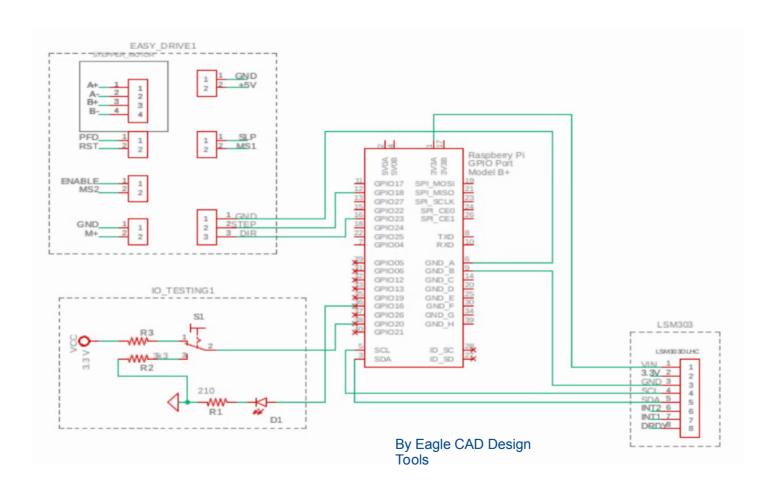
```
harry@harry-desktop:~$ 12cdetect -r -y 0
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 a b c d e f
00:
10:
20:
30:
40:
50:
70:
```

2. \$i2cget #for reading/writing testing

```
harry@harry-desktop:~
harry@harry-desktop:~$ i2cget
Usage: i2cget [-f] [-y] I2CBUS CHIP-ADDRESS [DATA-ADDRESS [MODE]]
I2CBUS is an integer or an I2C bus name
ADDRESS is an integer (0x03 - 0x77)
MODE is one of:
b (read byte data, default)
w (read word data)
c (write byte/read byte)
Append p for SMBus PEC
harry@harry-desktop:~$
```

```
nvidia@nvidia-desktop:/sys/class/i2c-dev$ i2cset 0 0x19 0x20 0x7f
WARNING! This program can confuse your I2C bus, cause data loss and worse!
I will write to device file /dev/i2c-0, chip address 0x19, data address
0x20, data 0x7f, mode byte.
Continue? [Y/n] y
nvidia@nvidia-desktop:/sys/class/i2c-dev$ i2cget -y 0 0x19 0x29
0xd7
nvidia@nvidia-desktop:/sys/class/i2c-dev$ i2cget -y 0 0x19 0x28
```

NANO/Pie I2C Interface to LSM303



NANO I2C Interface to LSM303

