RS232 Electric Characteristics

CMOS Electric Characteristic:

logic 0: 0 VDC

logic 1: 3.3 VDC

TTL Electric Characteristic:

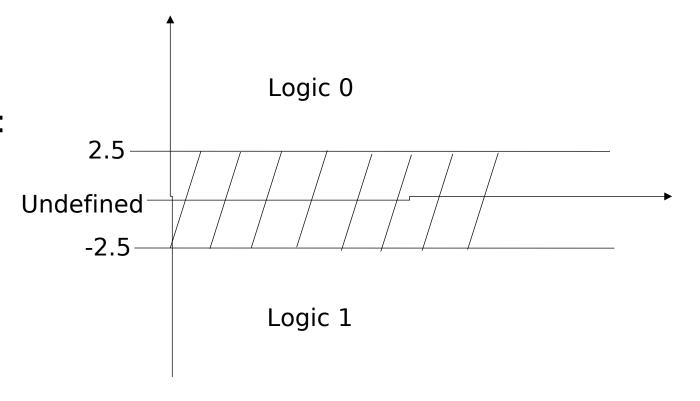
logic 0: 0 VDC

logic 1: 5.0 VDC

RS232

logic 0: [+2.5, +18 VDC]

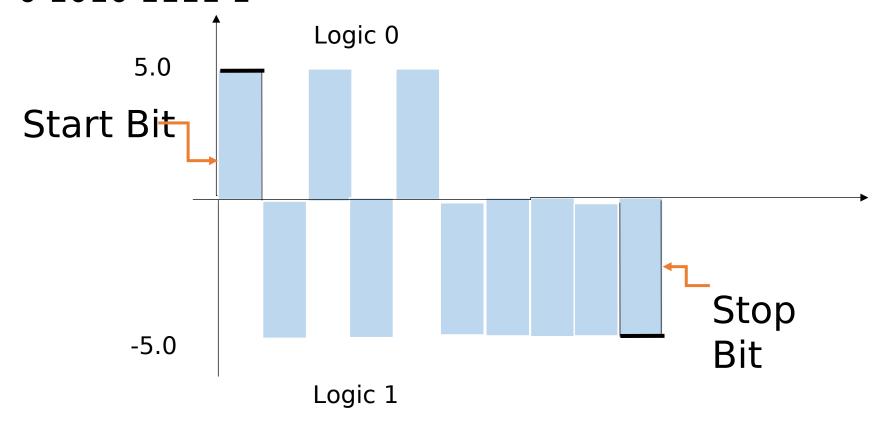
logic 1: [-18, -2.5 VDC]



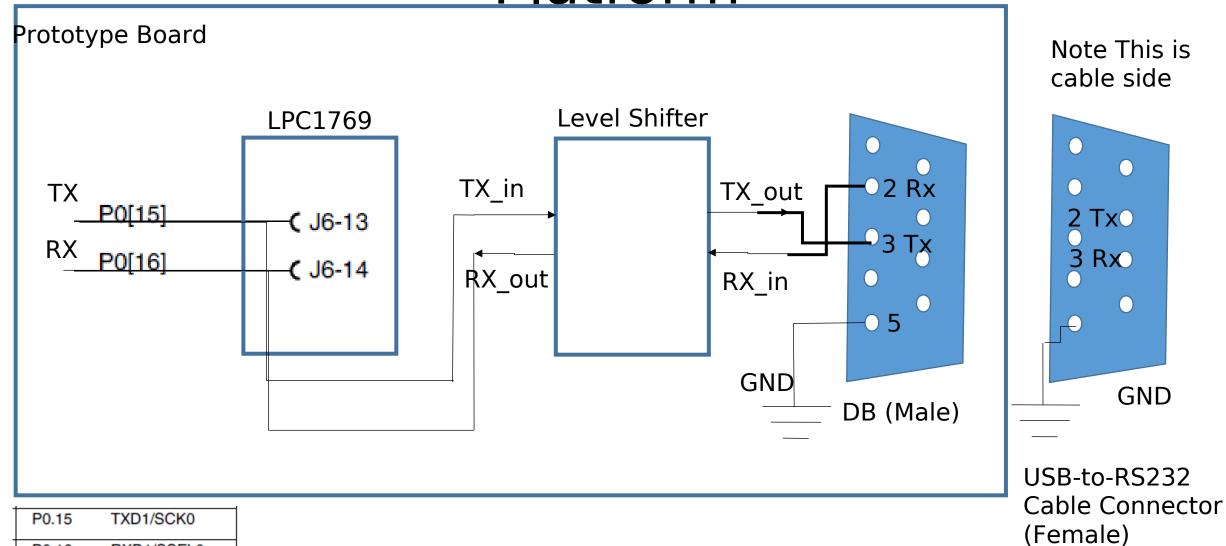
Note: if using devices like MAX232, the range will be [+2.5, +5.0] and [-5.0, -2.5].

RS232 Waveforms

Example: Suppose hex number 0xaf is to be transmitted via RS232 link, as 8N1 at 9600 bps bit rate. Draw its waveform. (MSB out first) Note: 0xaf in binary 1010 1111 with stop and start bit fields 0 1010 1111 1



Build RS232 Interface for LPC1769 Platform

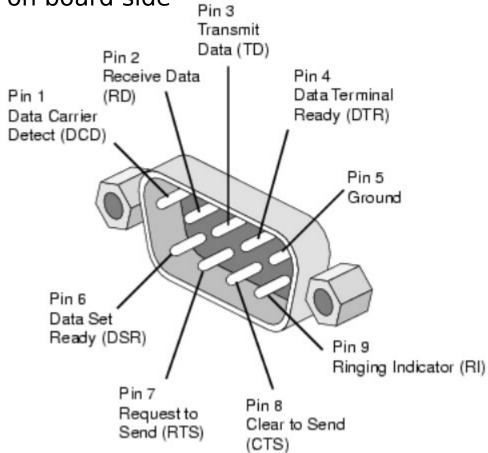


P0.16

RXD1/SSEL0

DB9 Connectors Both Genders

Note This DB-9 connector (male) is on board side



Note This DB-9 connector is on cable side



MAX 232 Level Shifter

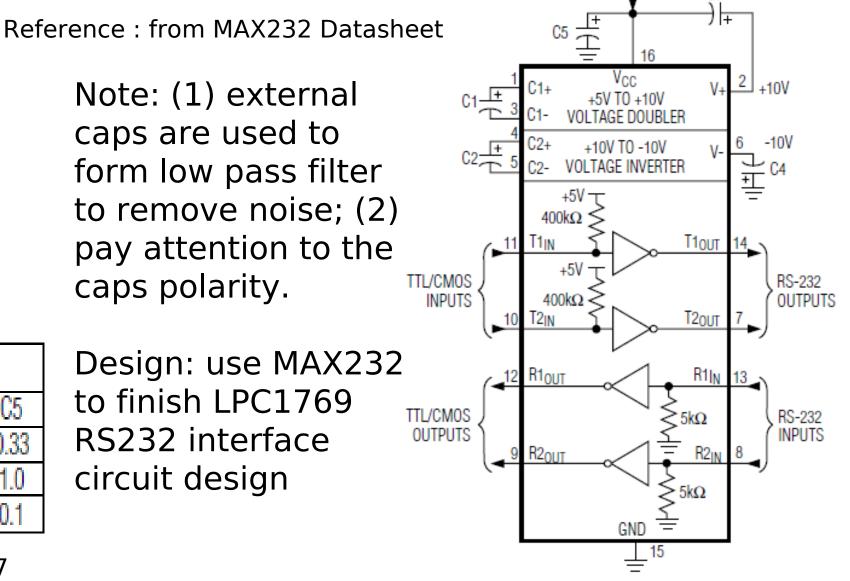
GND 14 T1_{0U1} MIXIM 13 R1_{IN} MAX232 12 R1_{0U} MAX232A T1_{IN} T2_{0UT} T2_{IN} R_{20U} R_{2IN} 8

DIP/SO

Note: (1) external caps are used to form low pass filter to remove noise; (2) pay attention to the caps polarity.

CAPACITANCE (µF) C5DEVICE C40.33

Design: use MAX232 to finish LPC1769 RS232 interface circuit design



+5V INPUT

USB-RS232 Loop Back Test Using Putty

Use linux OS, at the console input, type putty to start the putty program (if you do not have putty, then google it and install one.



Then, you will see the GUI as shown on the left, (1) choose Serial connection button, (2) define driver as /dev/ttyUSB0 (3) try baud rate 9600



(4) Use USB-to-Serial cable, plug into your laptop usb, and connect TX and RX pins as shown here (connect pin 2 and 3, where 2 is Tx for this cable), then click on open, you will be prompted with the console, now you can start type in the strings for loop back test

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