

## Lab 16

Use two ways to implement  $\text{pow}(x, n)$ , which calculates  $x$  raised to the power  $n$  ( $x_n$ ).

**1<sup>st</sup> way:** Use a for loop

**2<sup>nd</sup> way:** use recursive method, read how I implement the function factorial in lecture 6

**PS:** Be careful about boundary condition:

1, the  $n$  can be less than or equal to 0

2, the  $x$  is a float and can equal to 0