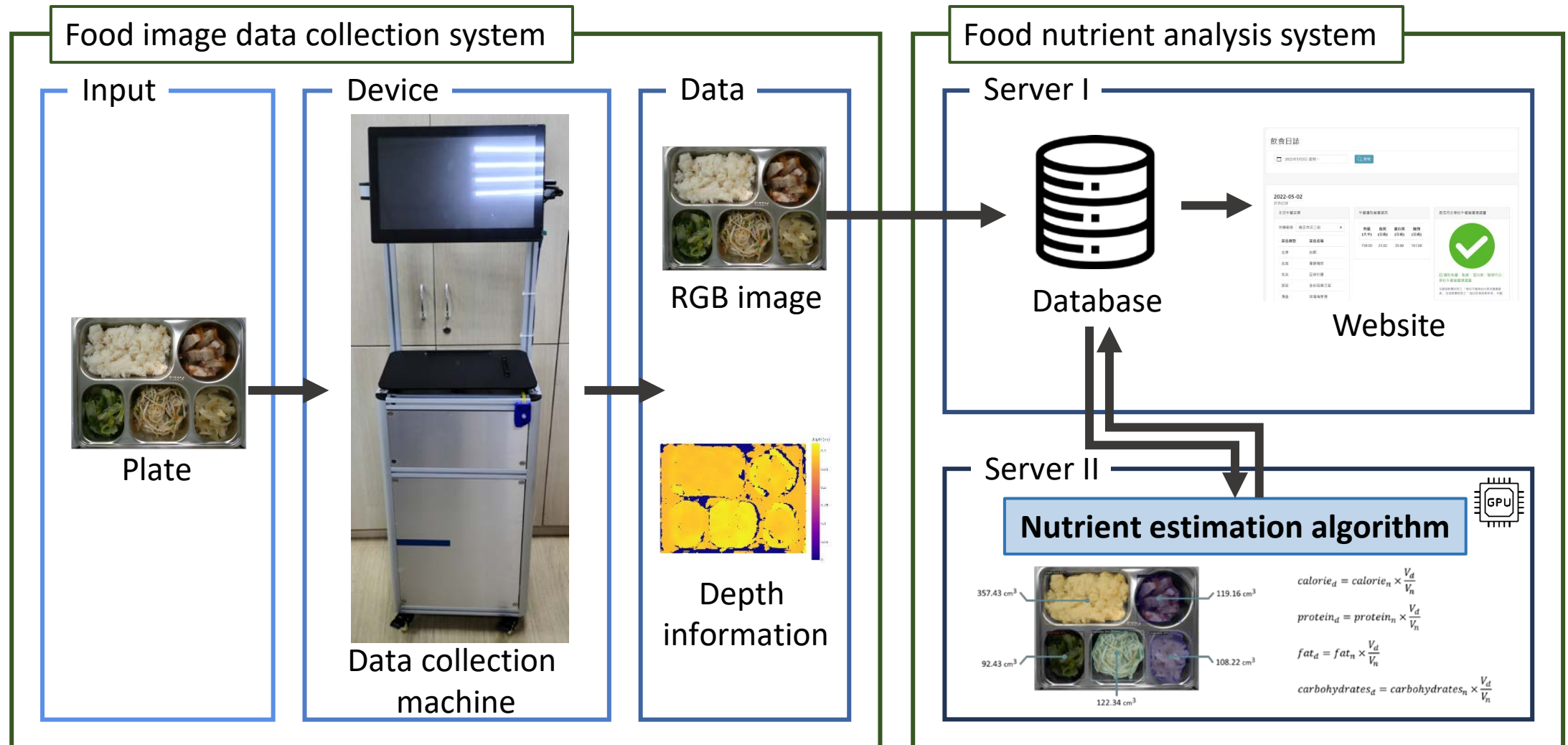


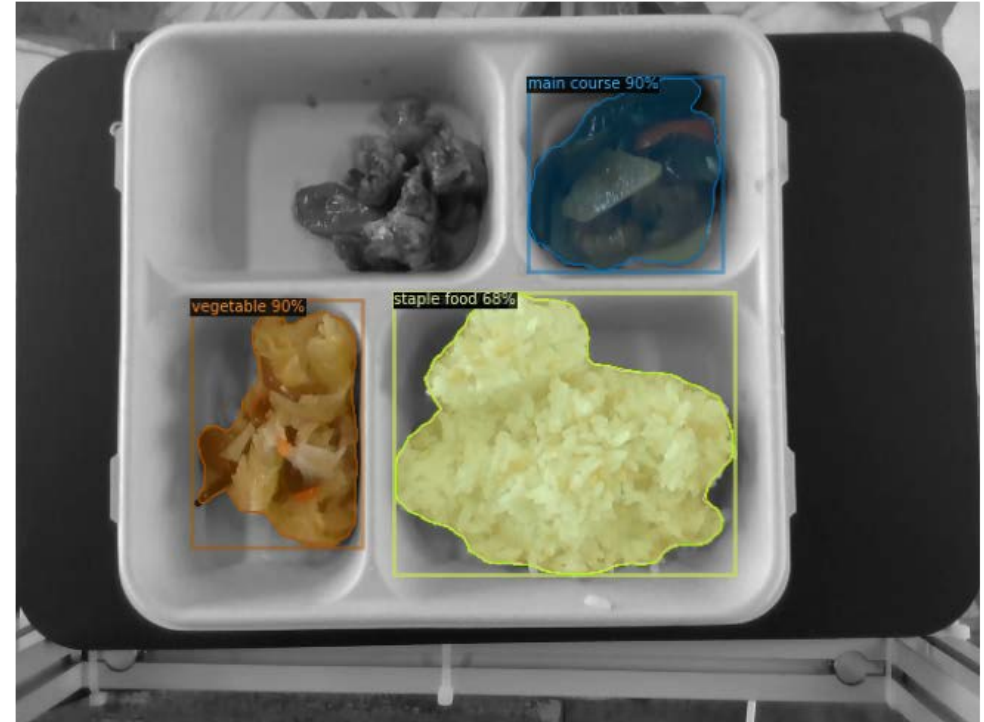
# Food Instance Segmentation

# Food Nutrient Analysis



# Instance Segmentation

- Detecting instances of objects and demarcating their boundaries



# Grading

		Points
Annotation		15
Code submission	code	15
	model	10
Report	model introduction	15
	how you train model	15
	training results	15
Test results		15

# Data

- Training data
  - 455 images

Category	# instance
staple food	442
main course	434
side dish	394
vegetable	708
total	1978

- Validation data
  - 93 images

Category	# instance
staple food	89
main course	87
side dish	82
vegetable	146
total	404

Download link: [https://drive.google.com/file/d/1p5EL-gYd6KKggaHMS4GOXR\\_DligvcjTI/view?usp=share\\_link](https://drive.google.com/file/d/1p5EL-gYd6KKggaHMS4GOXR_DligvcjTI/view?usp=share_link)

# Process



ANNOTATION



MODEL  
CONSTRUCTION



ANNOTATION  
FORMAT  
TRANSFORM



MODEL TRAINING



EVALUATION

# Annotation

## 1. Install labelme

### Installation

---

There are options:

- Platform agnostic installation: Anaconda
- Platform specific installation: Ubuntu, macOS, Windows
- Pre-build binaries from the release section

# Annotation

## 2. Open image directory



# Annotation

## 3. Change output directory

A red rectangular box, likely representing a placeholder for a screenshot or a specific UI element.

Remember to click “**Save Automatically**”

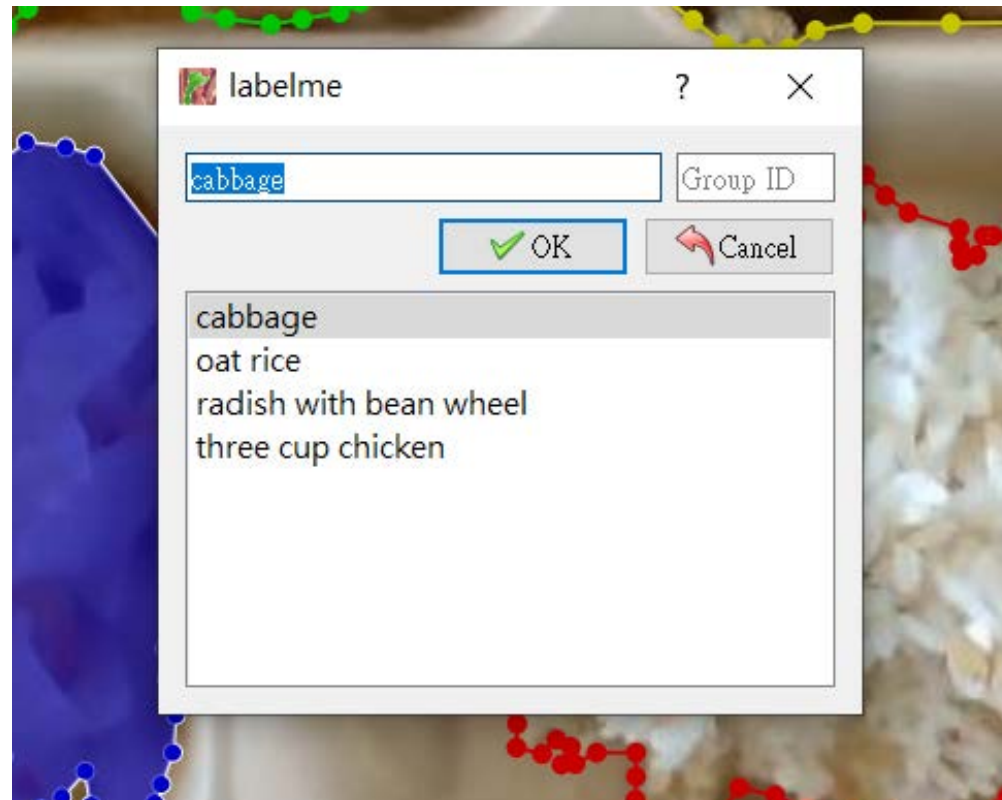
# Annotation

4. Click “Create Polygons” and mark along the food contour



# Annotation

5. After marking, set the label of the food



# Annotation

6. If tray is empty, skip it



# Annotation

- For more label information, please refer to:  
<https://github.com/huang0819/food-segmentation#label>

# Model Construction

- Select instance segmentation model
  - [EVA](#), [GitHub](#)
  - [Mask DINO](#), [GitHub](#)
  - [Swin Transformer V2](#), [GitHub](#)
  - ...

# Annotation Format Transform

- Check the format specified by your model
- In this tutorial, we used COCO dataset format

ROOT

```
... version: "4.5.13"  
... flags: [Object]  
+ shapes: [Array]  
... imagePath: "..\\img\\2022:  
... imageData: "/9j/4AAQSkZJ  
... imageHeight: 480  
... imageWidth: 640
```

```
20221123174818_357_0.json  
20221123174858_265_0.json  
⋮
```



ROOT

```
+ images: [Array]  
+ annotations: [Array]  
+ categories: [Array]
```

dataset.json

# Model Training

- Sample code: [Mask R-CNN](#)



# Detectron2

- [More model structures:](https://github.com/facebookresearch/detectron2/blob/main/MODEL_ZOO.md)  
[https://github.com/facebookresearch/detectron2/blob/main/MODEL\\_ZOO.md](https://github.com/facebookresearch/detectron2/blob/main/MODEL_ZOO.md)
- Do not use test data during model training



# Evaluation

- Use the trained model to predict test data and generate reports
- Evaluation sample code:  
<https://gist.github.com/huang0819/3f6bf5b8d0f0ad5c8954c9d0ce559f02>

```
Average Precision (AP) @[ IoU=0.50:0.95 | area= all | maxDets=100 ] = 0.719
Average Precision (AP) @[ IoU=0.50      | area= all | maxDets=100 ] = 0.859
Average Precision (AP) @[ IoU=0.75      | area= all | maxDets=100 ] = 0.820
Average Precision (AP) @[ IoU=0.50:0.95 | area= small | maxDets=100 ] = 0.252
Average Precision (AP) @[ IoU=0.50:0.95 | area=medium | maxDets=100 ] = 0.484
Average Precision (AP) @[ IoU=0.50:0.95 | area= large | maxDets=100 ] = 0.784
Average Recall    (AR) @[ IoU=0.50:0.95 | area= all | maxDets= 1 ] = 0.706
Average Recall    (AR) @[ IoU=0.50:0.95 | area= all | maxDets= 10 ] = 0.763
Average Recall    (AR) @[ IoU=0.50:0.95 | area= all | maxDets=100 ] = 0.763
Average Recall    (AR) @[ IoU=0.50:0.95 | area= small | maxDets=100 ] = 0.250
Average Recall    (AR) @[ IoU=0.50:0.95 | area=medium | maxDets=100 ] = 0.524
Average Recall    (AR) @[ IoU=0.50:0.95 | area= large | maxDets=100 ] = 0.825
```

Any questions ?