

This document shows the data in database after running our designed test cases:

Customer data:

```
mysql> select *
-> from customer;
```

id	name	address
1	Tom	Seattle
2	Jerry	Kenmore
3	Adam Redmond	Shoreline
4	Susan	Bellevue
5	Lisa Hiller	Kirkland
6	Sam Hiller	Kirkland
7	Alice	Seattle

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Bank account data:

```
mysql> select * from bankaccount;
```

account_id	account_no	account_type	balance	intrst_rate	cr_date
1	20701	checking	500	NULL	2022-02-11
2	30702	savings	2000	0.01	2022-02-11
3	20703	checking	200	NULL	2022-02-11
12	30712	savings	1500	0.02	2022-02-11
13	30713	savings	600	0.01	2022-02-11
14	30714	savings	2200	0.01	2022-02-11
15	20715	checking	1200	NULL	2022-02-11
16	30716	savings	1999	0.01	2022-02-11
17	30717	savings	600	0.01	2022-02-11
18	30718	savings	1100	0.01	2022-02-11
19	20719	checking	600	NULL	2022-02-11
20	30720	savings	400	0.01	2022-02-11
21	20721	checking	0	NULL	2022-02-11

Account Transaction (account deposit/ withdrawal) data:

```
mysql> select *  
-> from acc_transaction;
```

id	account_no	type	amount	cr_date
100	20721	d	300	2022-02-12 07:49:33
101	20721	w	600	2022-02-12 07:50:01
102	20721	w	700	2022-02-12 07:50:21
103	30714	d	500	2022-02-12 07:51:16
104	30714	d	700	2022-02-12 07:51:37
105	20715	d	800	2022-02-12 07:52:17
106	20715	w	100	2022-02-12 07:52:32
107	30718	d	1000	2022-02-12 07:53:34
108	20719	d	500	2022-02-12 07:54:49
109	20719	w	200	2022-02-12 07:55:03
110	30718	w	400	2022-02-13 06:58:47

Test starts here

Customer Saving Account total balance:

```
mysql> select c.id, acc.account_type, sum(acc.balance)  
-> from bankaccount acc,  
-> customer c,  
-> ass_customer_account ca  
-> where ca.customer_id = c.id  
-> and ca.account_id = acc.account_id  
-> and acc.account_type like 'savi%'  
-> group by c.id, acc.account_type  
-> ;
```

id	account_type	sum(acc.balance)
1	savings	2000
2	savings	2100
3	savings	2200
5	savings	1999
6	savings	1700
7	savings	400

6 rows in set (0.07 sec)