Задание 2

ХУАН ЦЗИНЬЯНЬ

1. Generate a 32-bit integer containing 50,000 32-bit random integers, each number on a separate line.

```
import numpy as np

# Generate 50000 32-bit random integers
random_integers = np.random.randint(-2**31, 2**31, size=50000, dtype=np.int32)

# Write these integers to the file, each number on a separate line
with open('D:\\random_integers.txt', 'w') as file:
for number in random_integers:

file.write(f"{number}\n")
```

```
C:\Users\暴风骤雨\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python312\python.exe "D:\Задание 2\22.py"
进程已结束,退出代码为 0
```

- 2. calculate the total number of prime multipliers after factorization of all numbers.
- 3. implement counting by simple sequential algorithms:
- (1) by simple sequential algorithm
- (2) Multithreading (in CPython multiprocessing), using synchronization primitives.
- (3) Using Ray/Dask/PySpark.
- (4) (*) Use Go (go-routine) / coroutine in Kotlin.
- 4. measure the execution time for each case.
- (1) By a simple sequential algorithm:

Total number of prime multipliers: 228661

Execution time: about 5.428 seconds

```
from sympy import factorint

import time

lusage

def count_prime_factors(filename):

count = 0

with open(filename, 'r') as file:

for line in file:

number = int(line.strip())

factors = factorint(number)

count + sum(factors.values())

return count

# Setting the correct file path
filename = 'D:\\random_integers.txt'

# Record start time
start_time = time.time()

# Calculate the total number of prime multipliers after factorization of all numbers

prime_factors_count = count_prime_factors(filename)

# Record end time
end_time = time.time()

# Calculation of execution time
execution_time = end_time - start_time

print(f"Total number of prime multipliers: {prime_factors_count}")

print(f"execution time: {execution_time} second (of time)")
```

```
C:\Users\暴风骤雨\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python312\python.exe "D:\Задание 2\222.py"
Total number of prime multipliers: 228661
execution time: 5.4284117221832275 second (of time)
进程已结束,退出代码为 0
```

(2) Multi-threaded (in CPython - multi-processing), using synchronization primitives:

Total number of prime multipliers: 228661

Execution time: about 7.368 seconds

```
import threading
import time
        local_count = 0
           number = int(line.strip())
factors = factorint(number)
            local_count += sum(factors.values())
    num_threads = 4
    start_time = time.time()
    with ThreadPoolExecutor(max_workers=num_threads) as executor:
         executor.map(process_lines, *iterables: chunks)
    end_time = time.time()
filename = 'D:\\random_integers.txt'
```

```
C:\Users\暴风骤雨\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python312\python.exe "D:\Задание 2\2222.py"
Total number of prime multipliers: 228661
execution time: 7.367738962173462 second (of time)
进程已结束,退出代码为 0
```

(3) Use Dask:

Total number of prime multipliers: 228661

Execution time: about 6.517 seconds

```
import dask
import dask,bag as db
from sympy import factorint
import time

lusage

def process_line(line):
    number = int(line.strip())
    factors = factorint(number)
    return sum(factors.values())

lusage

def count_prime_factors_dask(filename):
    with open(filename, 'r') as file:
    lines = file.readlines()

bag = db.from_sequence(lines, npartitions=4)
    result = bag.map(process_line).compute()
    return sum(result)

if __name__ == "__mmain__":
    filename = 'D:\\random_integers.txt'
    stent_time = time.time()
    print(f*Vatal number of prime multipliers: {total_count}")

print(f*Vaccution time: {end_time - start_time} second (of time)*)

print(f*Vaccution time: {end_time - start_time} second (of time)*)
```

```
C:\Users\暴风骤雨\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python312\python.exe "D:\Задание 2\22222.py"
Total number of prime multipliers: 228661
execution time: 6.516835451126099 second (of time)
进程已结束,退出代码为 0
```

(4) (*) Using Go (go-routine) / coroutine in Kotlin:

Total number of prime multipliers: 228661

Execution time: about 2.872 seconds

```
import time

from multiprocessing import Pool

from sympy import factorint

lusage

def process_lines(lines):

local_count = 0

for line in lines:

number = int(line.strip())

factors = factorint(number)

local_count +: sum(factors.values())

return local_count

lusage

def count_prime_factors_multiprocessing_external(filename):

num_processes = 4

chunk_size = 12500 # 50000 total integers divided by 4 processes

with open(filename, 'r') as file:

lines = file.readlines()

# Split data into chunks for each process

chunks = [lines(i:i + chunk_size] for i in range(0, len(lines), chunk_size)]

start_time = time.time()

with Pool(num_processes) as pool:

results = pool_map(process_lines, chunks)

total_count = sum(results)

end_time = time.time()

# Split deta into chunks for each process

chunks = [lines(i:i + chunk_size] for i in range(0, len(lines), chunk_size)]

start_time = time.time()

with Pool(num_processes) as pool:

results = pool_map(process_lines, chunks)

total_count = sum(results)

end_time = time.time()

# Split deal_file_paths

file_name__i= '_msin__':

# Use local_file_paths

file_name__i= '_msin__':

# Sount prime factors using multiprocessing_time = count_prime_factors_multiprocessing_external(filename)

print(f"riotal number of prime multipliers: {aultiprocessing_count}")

print(f"riotal number of prime multipliers: {aultiprocessing_count}")

print(f"riotal number of prime multipliers: {aultiprocessing_count}")
```

```
C:\Users\暴风骤雨\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python312\python.exe "D:\Задание 2\222222.py"
Total number of prime multipliers: 228661
execution time: 2.8718531131744385 second (of time)
进程已结束,退出代码为 0
```