词汇内容的变化：换单词；换句型

The reading passage’s author is convinced that the benefits of offering four-day workweeks to employees are for individuals, companies as well as the society. Yet the professor disagrees with the reading passage.

The reading passage’s author is convinced that if companies offer four-day workweeks to employees, individuals, companies as well as the society can be benefited. Yet the professor disagrees with the reading passage.

Firstly, the professor **disputes** the reading’s point that the profit of the company will increase, if employees are allowed to work four days in one week. He points out that companies accepted the four-day workweek policy have to pay not only training and medical benefits, but also fees for office space and computers, which increases their spending. As a result, it cut into their profits.

Secondly, the professor **opposes** the point made in the reading that the unemployment rate will decline. The lecturer refutes the idea completely. He even quotes that compared with employing new staff, companies are more willing to accept other options. Firstly, companies may require their workers to work overtime to make up the differences. Or, they may raise the expectation, so workers are required to work the same number of tasks within four days. Consequently, new jobs will not be provided, and employees will not be satisfied with their current jobs.

Thirdly, the reading notes that working individuals will have more free days, so they can have a higher life quality. The lecturer holds a different perspective. The professor explains that people who work four days a week are more likely to lose their jobs during an economic downturn and they are less likely to be promoted, because employers prefer people who can work five days in one week.

TPO 7：

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Secondly, the professor disputes the reading pointthat ecocertified wood is more expensive, a wood firm should pay to make their business examined. He points out that the American not only care about the price, but also care about the price alone determines the decision of constumers .If the products is higher orlower, less than 5%, they will choose their favorites

Firstly, the professor disputes the reading's point that American consumers won't trust the ecocertification label because of too much exposure to ads. He points out that American consumers are capable of distinguishing advertisements made by companies themselves with those made b independent certification agencies, which they are so confident in. Therefore, the consumers are willing to buy woods products ecologically certified by independent organizations.

The reading finally declares that selling certification wood would become meaningless because American companies mainly serve domestic market. There is no need to sell such products when foreign companies remain formal selling pattern.On the other hand,the proffesor considers that when facing international competition，domestic companies should sell the certification wood in advance to attract more customers and build its own advantage,otherwise if foreign companies come to sell the certification wood earlier in American market,domestic companies will lose the advantage.

Thirdly,the reading notes that American wood businesses let most of their produce domestic sales.The lecturer holds a different perspectice.The professor explains that wood companies should pay more attention to the international wood business because of foreign comletitors will soon start crowding into the domestic market .