

参数传递 – 引用类型

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    MyObject obj = new MyObject(3);  
    increase(obj);  
    System.out.println(obj.value);  
}  
  
public static void increase(MyObject obj) {  
    MyObject obj2 = obj;  
    obj2.value += 1;  
    System.out.println(obj.value);  
    System.out.println(obj2.value);  
}
```

练习

```
1
2  public void change(String str) {
3      str = new String("John");
4      System.out.print(str);
5  }
6
7  public static void main() {
8      String s = new String("Tom");
9      change(s);
10     System.out.print(s);
11 }
```