

Serverless Machine Learning on Modern Hardware

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#Res6SAIS

Serverless Computing

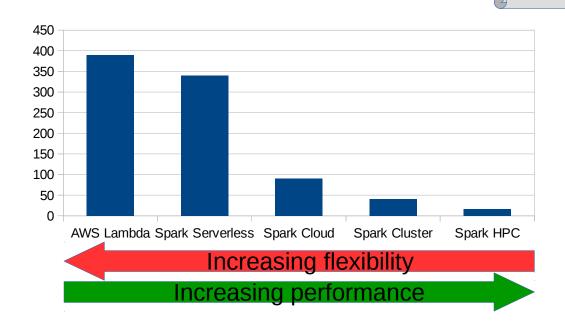


- No need to setup/manage a cluster
- Automatic, dynamic and finegrained scaling
- Sub-second billing
- AWS Lambda, Google Cloud Functions, Azure Functions, Databricks Serverless



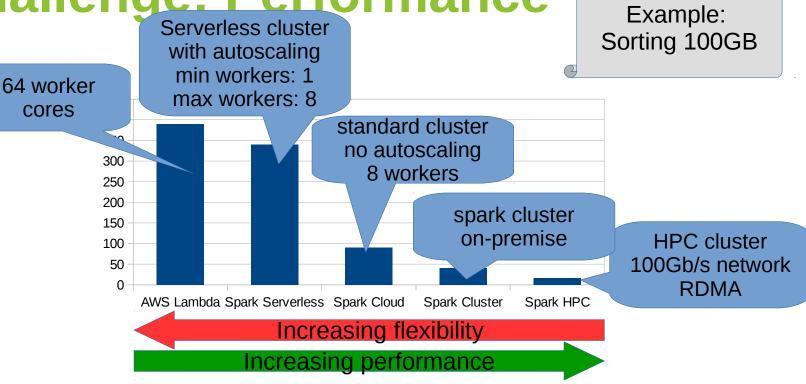
Challenge: Performance

Example: Sorting 100GB





Challenge: Performance





Challenge: Performance (2)

- Scheduler: when to best add/remove resources?
- Container startup: may have to dynamically spin up containers per function
- **Storage:** input data needs to be fetched from remote storage (e.g., S3)
 - As opposed to compute-local storage, e.g., HDFS
- Data sharing: intermediate needs to be temporarily stored on remote storage (S3, Redis)
 - Affects operations like shuffle, broadcast, etc.,

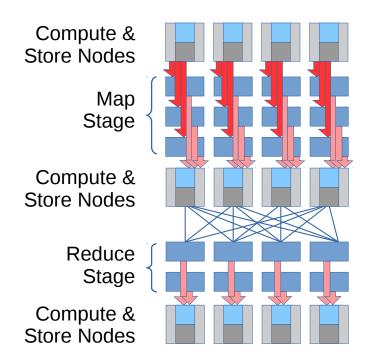


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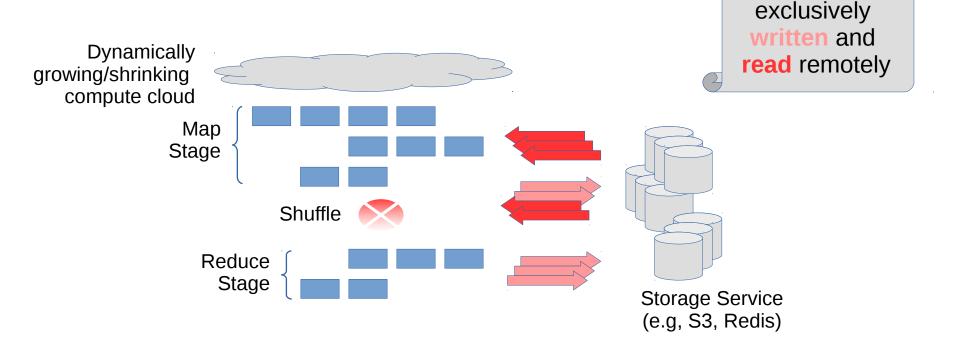
Example: MapReduce (Cluster)







Serverless MapReduce

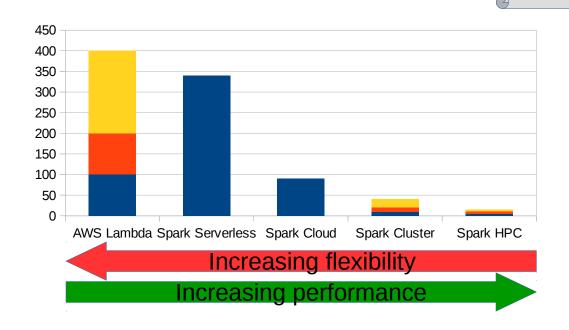


data is



I/O Overhead

Example: Sorting 100GB



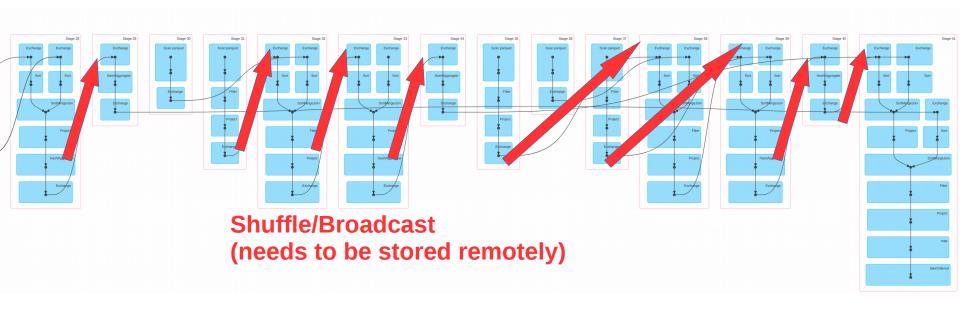


Example: SQL, Query 77 / TPC-DS benchmark





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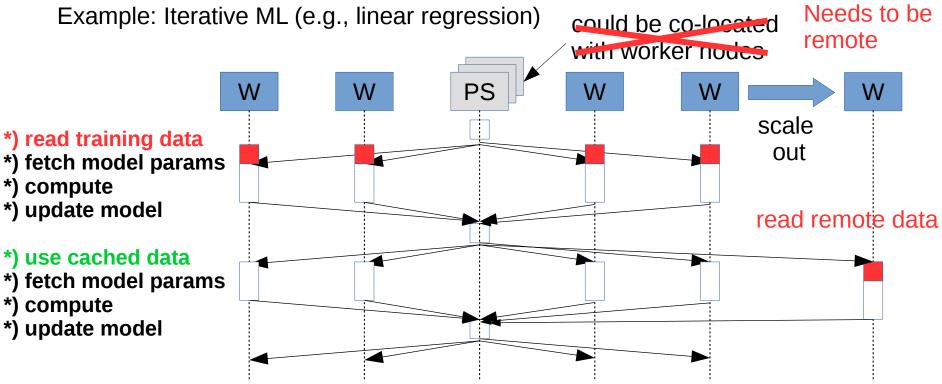


Example: Iterative ML (e.g., linear regression) could be co-located with worker nodes PS W W *) fetch model params *) compute *) update model *) fetch model params *) compute *) update model

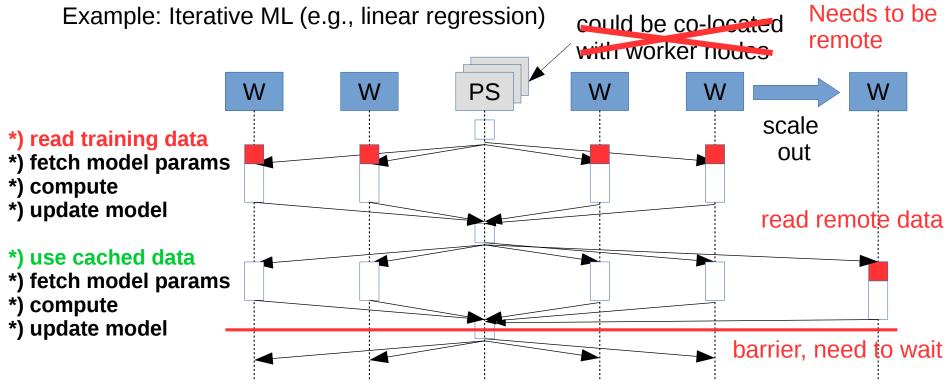


Example: Iterative ML (e.g., linear regression) could be co-located with worker nodes PS W W *) read training data *) fetch model params *) compute *) update model *) use cached data *) fetch model params *) compute *) update model











Can we...

- ..use Spark to run such workloads in a serverless fashion?
 - Dynamic scaling of compute nodes as jobs are running
 - No cluster configuration
 - No startup time
- ..reduce the performance overheads to a minimum?



Scheduling:

- 1) Use serverless framework to schedule executors
- 2 Use serverless framework to schedule tasks
- 3 Enable Spark to dynamically scale up and down executors

• Intermediate data:

- 1 Executors cooperate with scheduler to flush data remotely
- 2 Consequently store all intermediate state remotely



Scheduling:

- High startup Latency!
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Slow!



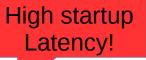
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High startup Latency!

Slow!

Complex!



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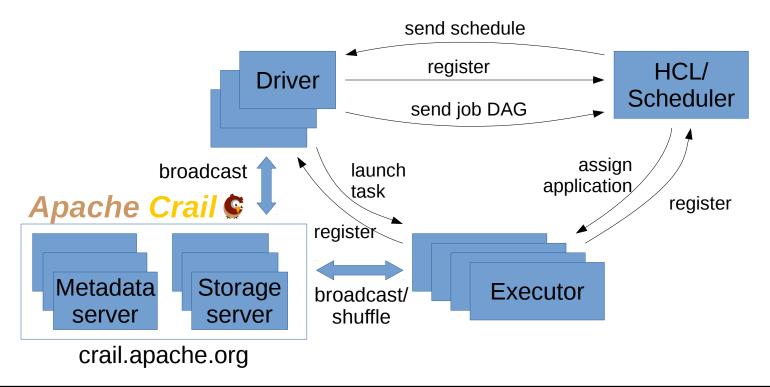
Complex!

- 1 Executors cooperate with scheduler to flush data remotely
- (2) Consequently store all intermediate state remotely

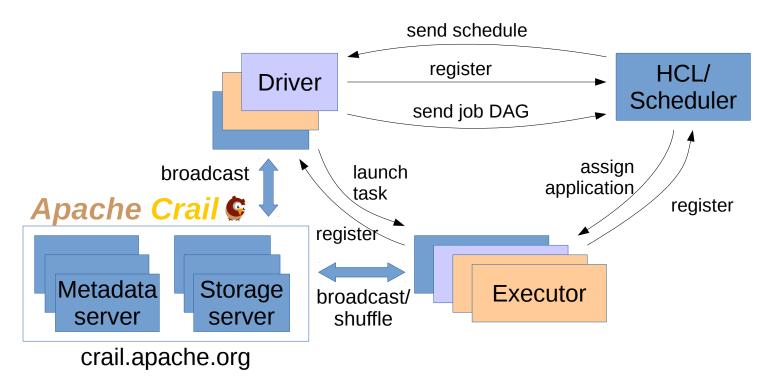
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Slow!

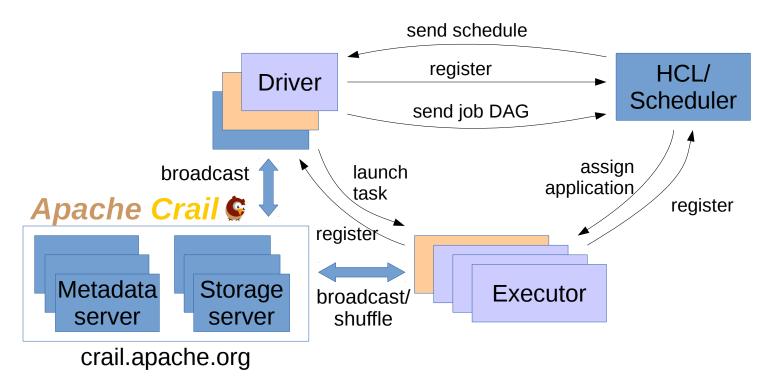




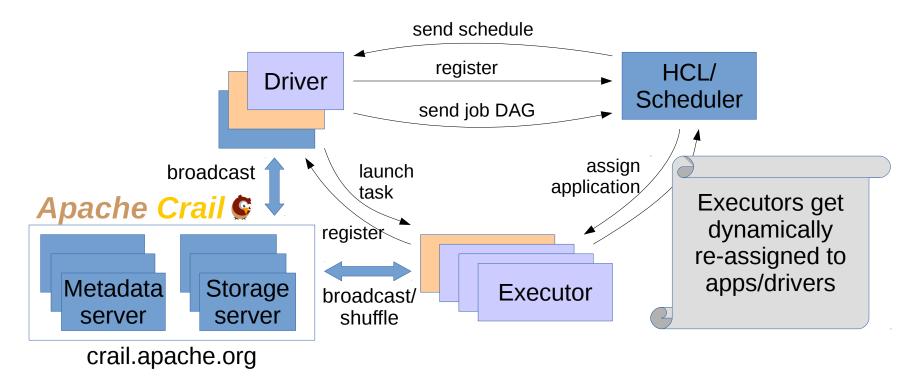




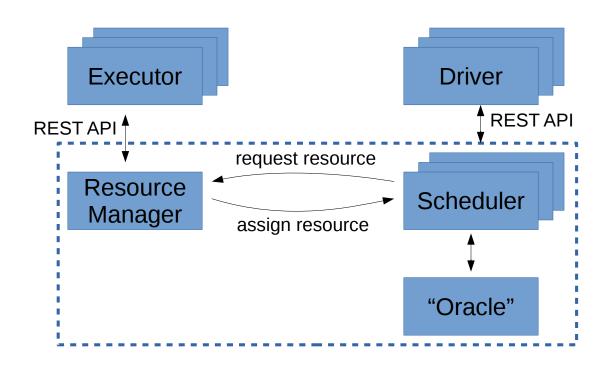




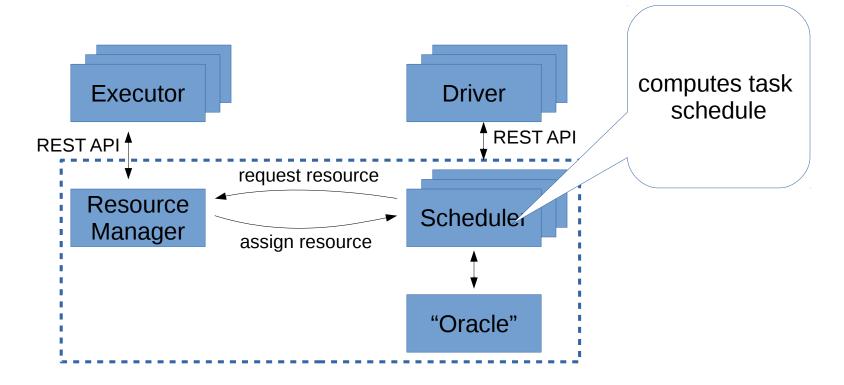




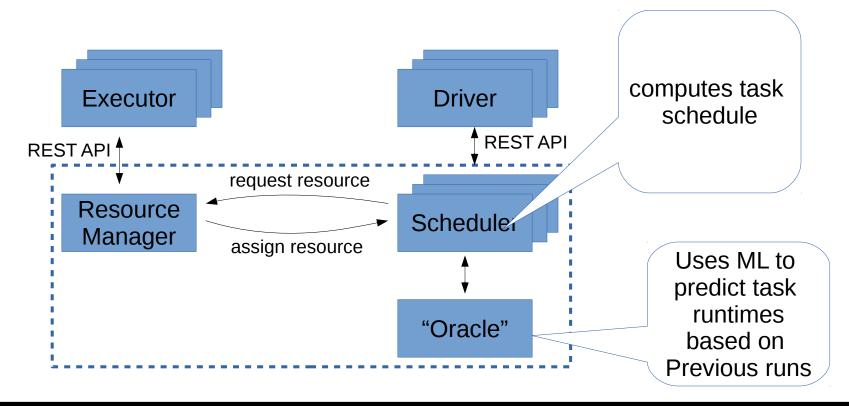




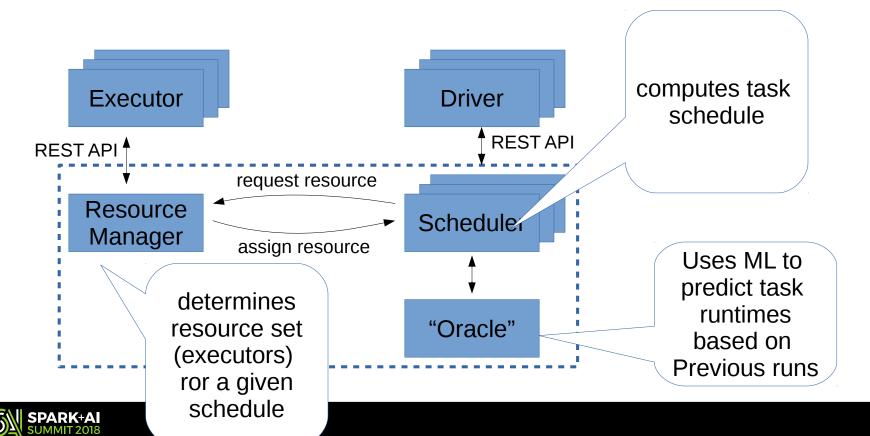




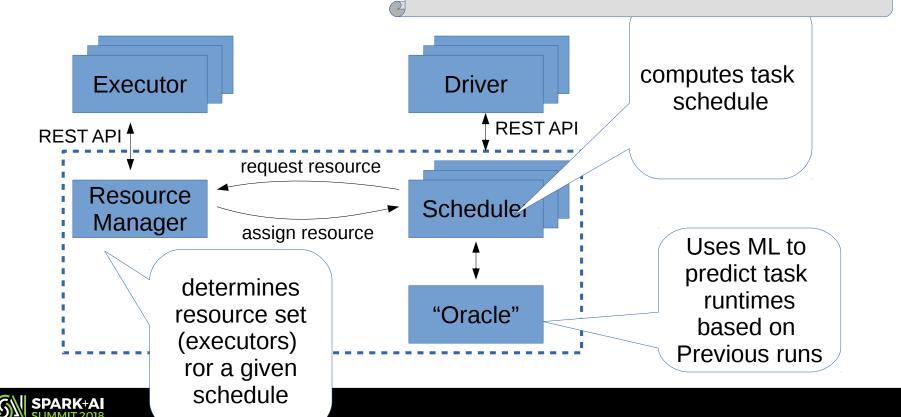








"The HCl Scheduler: Going all-in on Heterogeneity", Michael Kaufmann et al., HotCloud'17



Putting things together

Workloads:

- Deep learning (digit recognition) using Spark/Tensorflow, MNIST data set
- SQL: TPC-DS

Clusters:

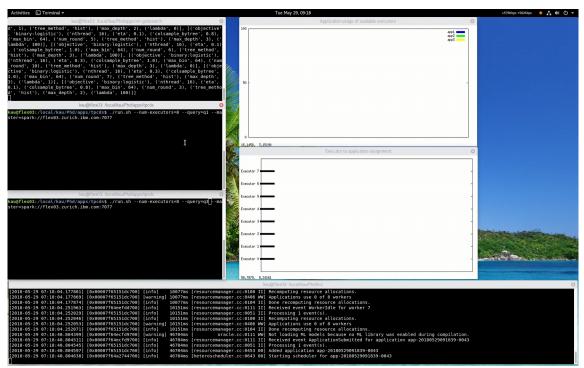
- 8 node cluster, 10Gb/s Ethernet
- 8 node cluster, 100Gb/s RoCE

Software

Spark2.2, Tensorflow 1.2

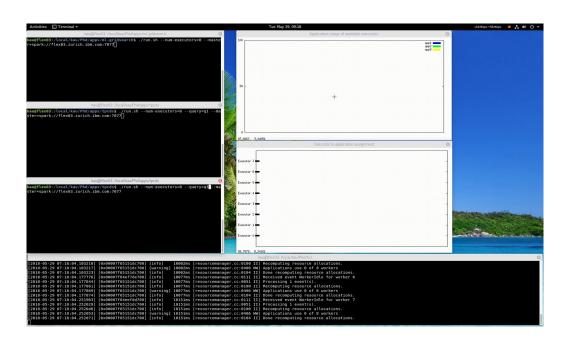


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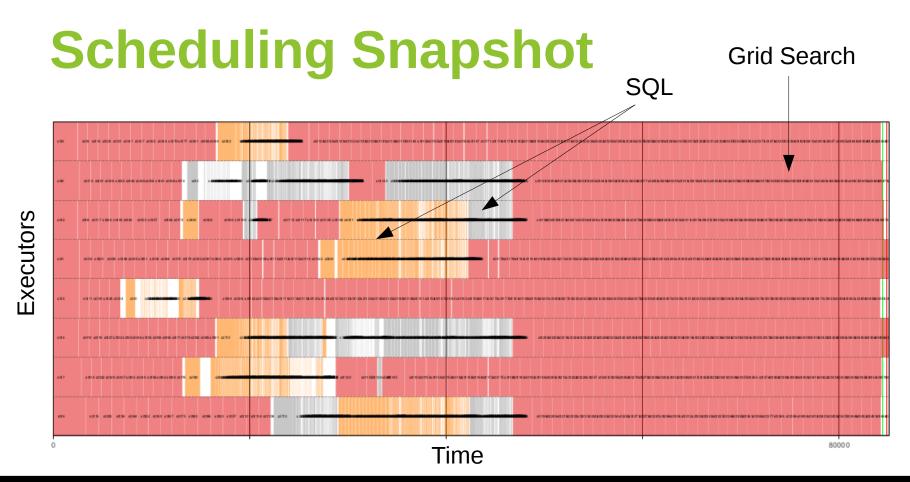




Putting things together









What about Performance?

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Clusters:

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Conclusion

- Efficient serverless computing is challenging
 - Local state (e.g. shuffle, cached input, network state) is lost as compute cloud scales up/down
- This talk: turning Spark into a serverless framework by
 - Implementing a new serverless scheduler
 - Consequently storing compute state remotely using Apache Crail
- Supports arbitrary Spark workloads with almost no performance ovherhad
 - MapReduce, SQL, Iterative Machine Learning
- Implicit support for fast network and storage hardware
 - e.g, RDMA, NVMe



Future Work

- Add support for dynamic re-partitioning on scale events
- Add support for automatic caching
- Add more sophisticated scheduling policies



Thanks to

Michael Kaufmann, Adrian Schuepbach, Jonas Pfefferle, Animesh Trivedi, Bernard Metzler, Ana Klimovic, Yawen Wang



Backup



Workloads and Frameworks

	Microservices	Workflows	MapReduce	SQL	ML
AWS λ, Google CF, Azure F					
AWS λ + AWS StepFunction					
PyWren					
Databricks Serverless					

Serverless frameworks not designed to run arbitrary workloads

