K230 Flash GUI User Manual

1. Software Overview

K230 Flash GUI is a tool for flashing firmware to K230 development boards, providing both **single flash** and **batch flash** modes, and supporting multiple storage media (eMMC, SD Card, Nand Flash, NOR Flash, OTP).

This tool is based on the **k230-flash** library with a friendly GUI interface. If you need to use **command-line tools** for automated flashing workflows, you can directly call the **k230-flash** library without GUI interaction.

2. System Requirements

- Operating System: Windows / Linux
- Python Version: Python 3.8 and above
- Dependencies: PySide6, loguru, gitpython, k230-flash, etc. (see requirements.txt for details)

3. Installation

3.1 Install Python and Dependencies

- 1. Install Python 3.8 or higher and ensure pip is installed.
- 2. Run the following command to install dependencies:

```
pip install -r requirements.txt
```

3.2 Run the Software

Launch the GUI by running the following command in terminal:

```
python main.py
```

4. Development Board Hardware Setup

Before flashing, you need to put the K230 development board into USB Boot mode:

- 1. Method 1 (Recommended):
 - Hold down the BOOT button on the development board, then plug in the USB cable to power on the board.

2. Method 2:

 When the board is already powered on, hold down the BOOT button, then press and hold the RESET button, then release RESET, and finally release BOOT. After entering **USB Boot mode**, you can check in **Device Manager** (Windows) or **lsusb** (Linux) to see if the **"K230 USB Boot Device"** is recognized.

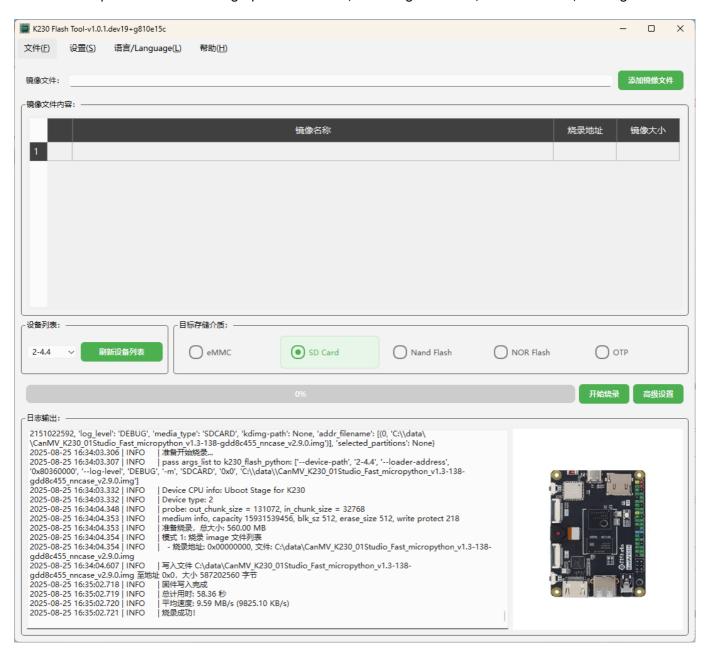
5. Driver Installation (Windows)

K230 Flash GUI uses **libusb** for USB device communication. On Windows, you need to install **drivers**. We recommend using the **Zadig** tool:

- 1. Download Zadig (https://zadig.akeo.ie/).
- 2. Open Zadig, select Options > List All Devices, then find K230 USB Boot Device.
- 3. In the **Driver** option, select **WinUSB** (if already installed, you can choose to reinstall).
- 4. Click Install Driver and wait for installation to complete.
- 5. After installation, you can see K230 USB Boot Device (WinUSB) in Device Manager.

6. User Interface

The software provides an intuitive graphical interface, including menu bar, main interface, and log area.



6.1 Menu Bar

- File (F): Provides exit function (shortcut Ctrl+Q).
- Settings (S): Select flash mode (single / batch) and advanced settings.
- Language (L): Supports Chinese / English switching.
- Help (H): Contains "About" information and user manual.

6.2 Main Interface

- Image File Selection: Select .bin, .img, .kdimg files.
- Target Storage Media: Supports eMMC, SD Card, Nand Flash, NOR Flash, OTP.
- Progress Bar and Log: Shows flashing progress and log information.

7. Flashing Process

7.1 Select Flash Mode

In **Settings > Flash Mode**, choose:

- Single Flash Mode: Flash a single device individually.
- Batch Flash Mode: Flash multiple devices simultaneously (this feature is still under development).

7.2 Select Firmware File

- 1. Click the "Add Image File" button to select .bin, .img, or .kdimg files.
- 2. img files will be parsed into multiple partitions, and users can check the parts they want to flash.

7.3 Select Target Storage Media

Select eMMC / SD Card / Nand Flash / NOR Flash / OTP in the media options.

7.4 Start Flashing

- 1. Confirm the image file, target storage media, and flash address.
- 2. Click the "Start Flash" button, and the progress bar will show real-time flashing progress.
- 3. After flashing is complete, the log area will show "Flash Complete!".

8. Command-line Flashing with k230-flash

If you need to flash from **command line** or **automation scripts**, you can directly use the k230-flash library. For example:

```
from k230_flash.main import main

# Example: Flash a .kdimg file to SDCARD with auto-reboot
args = [
    "/path/to/your/firmware.kdimg",
    "--media-type", "SDCARD",
    "--auto-reboot"
]
```

Call the main function with argument list
main(args)

9. Advanced Settings

You can configure advanced options in **Settings > Advanced Settings**, such as adjusting flash parameters, modifying flash addresses, etc.

10. Language Switching

Select Chinese or English in the Language menu, and the interface language will switch automatically.

11. Troubleshooting

11.1 Interface Not Responding / Flash Failure

- Ensure Python and PySide6 dependencies are correctly installed.
- Connect the K230 development board and check the USB cable.
- Check the log area for error messages and try flashing again.

11.2 Language Switch Failure

- Ensure the english.qm language pack is correctly loaded.
- Modify language=zh-CN or language=en in config.ini, then restart the software.