# **SOC LAB**

LAB6 Report

Group 13

2023/12/06

# **Run Simulation**

# 1. Matrix multiplication

● 執行 simulation 結果:

```
kai@kai-VirtualBox:~/caravel-soc_fpga-lab/lab-wlos_baseline/testbench/counter_la_mm$ source run_sim
Reading counter_la_mm.hex
counter_la_mm.hex loaded into memory
Memory 5 bytes = 0x6f 0x00 0x00 0x0b 0x13
VCD info: dumpfile counter_la_mm.vcd opened for output.
LA Test 1 started
Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x003e
Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0044
Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x004a
Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0050
Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0016
Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x001c
Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0022
Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0022
Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0022
Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0028
LA Test 2 passed

kai@kai-VirtualBox:~/caravel-soc_fpga-lab/lab-wlos_baseline/testbench/counter_la_mm$
```

### ● 驗證方法:

我們在 headfile 預設的矩陣參數如下

### 相乘後的結果應為

Г	C <sub>1</sub>	C <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>4</sub>
1	62	68	74	80
2	58	64	70	76
3	34	40	46	52
4	22	28	34	40

透過 testbench 的 checkbits 檢查運算結果是否正確,在此我們檢查了第一列與 最後一列的結果

```
int *tmp = matmul();
  reg_mprj_datal = *tmp << 16;
  reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp+1) << 16;
  reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp+2) << 16;
  reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp+3) << 16;
  reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp+12) << 16;
  reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp+13) << 16;
  reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp+13) << 16;
  reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp+14) << 16;
  reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp+15) << 16;
  reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp+15) << 16;</pre>
```

輸出結果依序應為{62, 68, 74, 80, 22, 28, 34, 40} 轉為 16 進制: {3E, 44, 4A, 50, 16, 1C, 22, 28}

```
wait(checkbits == 16'h003E);
$display("Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x%x", checkbits);
wait(checkbits == 16'h0044);
$display("Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x%x", checkbits);
wait(checkbits == 16'h004A);
$display("Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x%x", checkbits);
wait(checkbits == 16'h0050);
$display("Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x%x", checkbits);
wait(checkbits == 16'h0016);
$display("Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x%x", checkbits);
wait(checkbits == 16'h001C);
$display("Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x%x", checkbits);
wait(checkbits == 16'h0022);
$display("Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x%x", checkbits);
wait[checkbits == 16'h0028];
$display("Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x%x", checkbits);
$display("Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x%x", checkbits);
wait[checkbits == 16'h0028];
$display("Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x%x", checkbits);
```

### 最終輸出結果正確

```
Reading counter_la_mm.hex

counter_la_mm.hex loaded into memory

Memory 5 bytes = 0x6f 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x13

VCD info: dumpfile counter_la_mm.vcd opened for output.

LA Test 1 started

Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x003e

call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0044

Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0046

Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0050

Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0016

Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0016

Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x001c

Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0022

Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0022

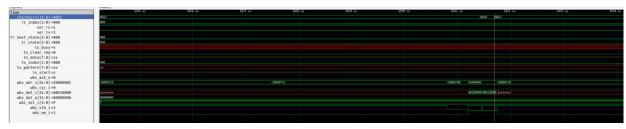
Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0022

Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0022

Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0022

Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0022

Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0022
```



# 2. Fir

● 執行 simulation 結果:

```
kai@kai-VirtualBox:~/caravel-soc_fpga-lab/lab-wlos_baseline/testbench/counter_la_fir$ source run_sim
Reading counter_la_fir.hex
counter_la_fir.hex loaded into memory
Memory 5 bytes = 0x6f 0x00 0x00 0x0b 0x13
VCD info: dumpfile counter_la_fir.vcd opened for output.

LA Test 1 started
Call function fir() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 539
Call function fir() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 732
Call function fir() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 915
Call function fir() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 1098
LA Test 2 passed
kai@kai-VirtualBox:~/caravel-soc_fpga-lab/lab-wlos_baseline/testbench/counter_la_fir$
```

## ● 驗證方法:

我們在 headfile 定義的 fir 參數如下

```
4 #define N 11
5
6 int taps[N] = {0,-10,-9,23,56,63,56,23,-9,-10,0};
7 int inputbuffer[N];
8 int inputsignal[N] = {1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11};
9 int outputsignal[N];
10 #endif
```

運算後的結果應為{0,-10,-29,-25,35,158,337,539,732,915,1098}

透過 testbench 的 checkbits 檢查運算結果是否正確,在此我們檢查了最後四筆的結果

```
int* tmp = fir();

reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp+7) << 16;
reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp+8) << 16;
reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp+9) << 16;
reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp+10) << 16;</pre>
```

## 最終輸出結果正確

```
kai@kai-VirtualBox:~/caravel-soc_fpga-lab/lab-wlos_baseline/testbench/counter_la_fir$ source run_sim
Reading counter_la_fir.hex
counter_la_fir.hex loaded into memory
Memory 5 bytes = 0x6f 0x00 0x00 0x0b 0x13
VCD info: dumpfile counter_la_fir.vcd opened for output.
LA Test 1 started
Call function fir() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 539
Call function fir() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 732
Call function fir() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 915
Call function fir() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 1098
LA Test 2 passed
kai@kai-VirtualBox:~/caravel-soc_fpga-lab/lab-wlos_baseline/testbench/counter_la_fir$
```



# 3. Quick sort

● 執行 simulation 結果:

```
kal@kai-VirtualBox:~/caravel-soc_fpga-lab/lab-wlos_baseline/testbench/counter_la_qs$ source run_sim
Reading counter_la_qs.hex
counter_la_qs.hex loaded into memory
Memory 5 bytes = 0x6f 0x00 0x00 0x0b 0x13
VCD info: dumpfile counter_la_qs.vcd opened for output.
LA Test 1 started
Call function qsort() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 40
Call function qsort() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 893
Call function qsort() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 6023
Call function qsort() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 9073
kal@kai-VirtualBox:~/caravel-soc_fpga-lab/lab-wlos_baseline/testbench/counter_la_qs$
```

### ● 驗證方法:

我們在 headfile 定義的參數如下

經排列後結果應為{40,893,2541,2669,3233,4267,4622,5681,6023,9073} 透過 testbench 的 checkbits 檢查運算結果是否正確,在此我們檢查了前兩筆與 最後兩筆的結果

```
int* tmp = qsort();
reg_mprj_datal = *tmp << 16;
reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp+1) << 16;
reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp+8) << 16;
reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp+9) << 16;</pre>
```

```
initial begin
    wait(checkbits == 16'hAB40);
    sdisplay("LA Test 1 started");
    //wait(checkbits == 16'hAB41);

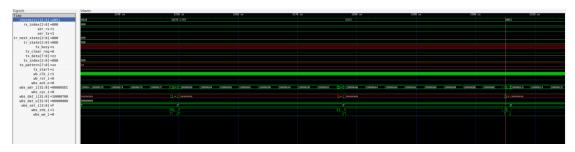
wait(checkbits == 16'hAB41);

wait(checkbits == 16'd40);
    sdisplay("Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, %d", checkbits);
    wait(checkbits == 16'd803);
    sdisplay("Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, %d", checkbits);
    wait(checkbits == 16'd6023);
    sdisplay("Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, %d", checkbits);
    wait(checkbits == 16'd9073);
    sdisplay("Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, %d", checkbits);

wait(checkbits == 16'hAB51);
    sdisplay("LA Test 2 passed");
    #10000;
    sfinish;
end
```

## 最終輸出結果正確

```
kat@kat-VirtualBox:~/caravel-soc_fpga-lab/lab-wlos_baseline/testbench/counter_la_qs$ source run_sim
Reading counter_la_qs.hex
counter_la_qs.hex loaded into memory
Memory 5 bytes = 0x6f 0x00 0x00 0x0b 0x13
VCD info: dumpfile counter_la_qs.vcd opened for output.
LA Test 1 started
Call function qsort() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 40
Call function qsort() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 893
Call function qsort() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 6023
Call function qsort() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 9073
kat@kat-VirtualBox:~/caravel-soc_fpga-lab/lab-wlos_baseline/testbench/counter_la_qs$
```



### 4. Uart

● 執行 simulation 結果:

```
Reading uart.hex
uart.hex loaded into memory
Memory 5 bytes = 0xof 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x13
VCD info: dumpfile uart.vcd opened for output.
LA Test 1 started
tx data bits index 0: 1
tx data bits index 1: 0
tx data bits index 2: 1
tx data bits index 3: 1
tx data bits index 4: 1
tx data bits index 5: 1
tx data bits index 5: 1
tx data bits index 7: 0
tx data bits index 0: 1
rx data bits index 1: 0
tx data bits index 3: 1
tx data bits index 5: 1
tx data bits index 6: 0
tx data bits index 7: 0
tx complete 2
rx data bit index 0: 1
rx data bit index 3: 1
rx data bit index 6: 0
rx data bit index 7: 0
rx data bit index 5: 1
rx data bit index 5: 1
rx data bit index 7: 0
recevied word 61
```

## ● 驗證方法:

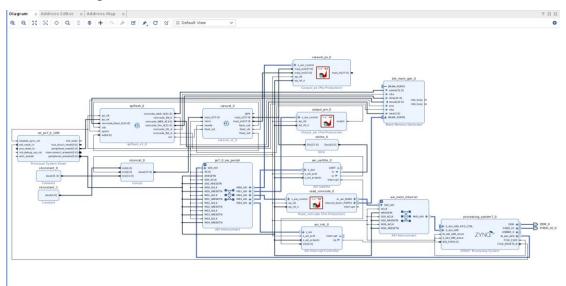
Tbuart.v 會 check 送入及送出的 rx、tx

```
always@(posedge clk)begin
    case(tr_state)
    T_WAIT: ser_tx <= 1;
    T_START_BIT: ser_tx <= 0;
    T_SEND_DATA:begin
        ser_tx <= tx_pattern[tx_index];
        $display("tx data bits index %d: %b", tx_index, tx_pattern[tx_index]);
    end
    T_STOP_BIT: ser_tx <= 1;
    T_CLEAR: ser_tx <= 1;
    default: ser_tx <= 1;
    endcase
end</pre>
```

```
| September | Sept
```

# **Run UART on FPGA**

# Block diagram



# Time report

Setup		Hold		Pulse Width		
•	0.557.00		0.006		11.050.0	
Worst Negative Slack (WNS):	8.55/ ns	Worst Hold Slack (WHS):	0.026 ns	Worst Pulse Width Slack (WPWS):	11.250 n	
Total Negative Slack (TNS):	0.000 ns	Total Hold Slack (THS):	0.000 ns	Total Pulse Width Negative Slack (TPWS):	0.000 ns	
Number of Failing Endpoints:	0	Number of Failing Endpoints:	0	Number of Failing Endpoints:	0	
Total Number of Endpoints:	12669	Total Number of Endpoints:	12669	Total Number of Endpoints:	5261	

# Resource report



Name ^1	Slice LUTs (53200)	Slice Registers (106400)	F7 Muxes (26600)	F8 Muxes (13300)	Slice (13300)	LUT as Logic (53200)	LUT as Memory (17400)	Block RAM Tile (140)	Bonded IOPADs (130)	BUFGCTRL (32)
√ N design_1_wrapper	5332	6159	170	47	2346	5144	188	6	130	5
I design_1_i (design_1)	5332	6159	170	47	2346	5144	188	6	0	5
> I axi_intc_0 (design_1_	64	65	0	0	23	64	0	0	0	0
> 📘 axi_mem_intercon (de	259	350	0	0	120	240	19	0	0	0
> 🔳 axi_uartlite_0 (design	94	113	1	0	37	84	10	0	0	0
> 📘 blk_mem_gen_0 (des	7	10	0	0	5	5	2	2	0	0
> I caravel_0 (design_1_	3521	3674	169	47	1552	3467	54	3	0	4
> 🔳 caravel_ps_0 (design	80	158	0	0	51	80	0	0	0	0
> 🔳 output_pin_0 (design	10	12	0	0	8	10	0	0	0	0
> 🔳 processing_system7_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
> I ps7_0_axi_periph (de	600	658	0	0	265	539	61	0	0	0
> I read_romcode_0 (de:	649	1033	0	0	343	608	41	1	0	0
> 🔳 rst_ps7_0_10M (desig	17	34	0	0	12	16	1	0	0	0
> I spiflash_0 (design_1_	38	52	0	0	21	38	0	0	0	0
xlconcat_0 (design_1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
xlslice_0 (design_1_xl	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### result

### Latency

00.0033145869965665042

```
start=0
    while(True):
       await intUart.wait()
       # Read FIFO until valid bit is clear
       while ((ipUart.read(STAT_REG) & (1<<RX VALID))):</pre>
           buf += chr(ipUart.read(RX_FIF0))
           #end latency time
           end = time.perf_counter()
          print(end-start)
           if i<len(tx str):</pre>
               ipUart.write(TX FIFO, ord(tx str[i]))
              #start latency time
start = time.perf_counter()
               i=i+1
       print(buf, end='')
h0.0053226189920678735
e0.0034695920039666817
10.0036291650030761957
10.0044942690001334995
00.0034896220022346824
h0.00431584200123325
e0.0030636379960924387
10.003755939003895037
10.004011798999272287
00.003339279006468132
h0.0037712890043621883
e0.0031473509880015627
lo.0032104990095831454
10.0035511699970811605
```

實測三輪後得每個 character loop back 的 latency time 約為 0.003~0.004s

# 合併 Firmware

### ● 驗證方法:

將先前的驗證方式合併,依序檢查 matmul()、fir()、qsort()、uart 的值

```
int* tmp_mm = matmul();
int* tmp_qs = qsort();
int* tmp fir = fir();
//counter la mm
reg mprj datal = *tmp mm << 16;
reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp_mm+1) << 16;
reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp_mm+2) << 16;
reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp_mm+3) << 16;
reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp_mm+12) << 16;
reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp_mm+13) << 16;
reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp_mm+14) << 16;
reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp_mm+15) << 16;
reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp_fir+7) << 16;</pre>
reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp_fir+8) << 16;</pre>
reg mprj datal = *(tmp fir+9) << 16;
reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp_fir+10) << 16;
//counter la qs
reg_mprj_datal = *tmp_qs << 16;
reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp_qs+1) << 16;
reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp_qs+8) << 16;
reg_mprj_datal = *(tmp_qs+9) << 16;</pre>
```

```
wait(checkbits == 16'hAB40);
$display("LA Test 1 started");
//wait(checkbits == 16'hAB41);
//counter la mm
  it(checkbits == 16'h003E);
$display("Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x\%x", checkbits); wait(checkbits == 16^{\circ}h0044);
$display("Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x%x", checkbits);
wait(checkbits == 16'h004A);
$display("Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x%x", checkbits);
wait(checkbits == 16'h0050):
$display("Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x%x", checkbits);
 mait(checkbits == 16'h0016);
wait(checkbits == 16'h001C);
$display("Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x%x", checkbits);
 ait(checkbits == 16'h0022);
walt(checkbits == 10 hebe22);
$display("Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x%x", checkbits);
wait(checkbits == 16 hebe28);
$display("Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x%x", checkbits);
wait(checkbits == 16'd539);
$display("Call function fir() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, %d", checkbits);
wait(checkbits == 16'd732);
$display("Call function fir() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, %d", checkbits);
wait(checkbits == 16'd40):
$display("Call function qsort() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, %d", checkbits);
wait(checkbits == 16'd893);
$display("Call function qsort() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, %d", checkbits);
wait(checkbits == 16'd6023);
$display("Call function qsort() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, %d", checkbits);
```

### 模擬結果:

```
Reading counter_la_merge.hex

Counter_la_merge.hex loaded into memory

Memory 5 bytes = 0x67 6x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 bx13

VCD info: dumpfile counter_la_merge.vcd opened for output.

LA Test 1 started

Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x003e

Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x004e

Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x004e

Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x005e

Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x005e

Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0016

Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0016

Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0012

Call function matmul() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0012

Call function fir() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0012

Call function fir() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0012

Call function fir() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0012

Call function fir() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0012

Call function fir() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0012

Call function fir() the User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0012

Call function qsort() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0012

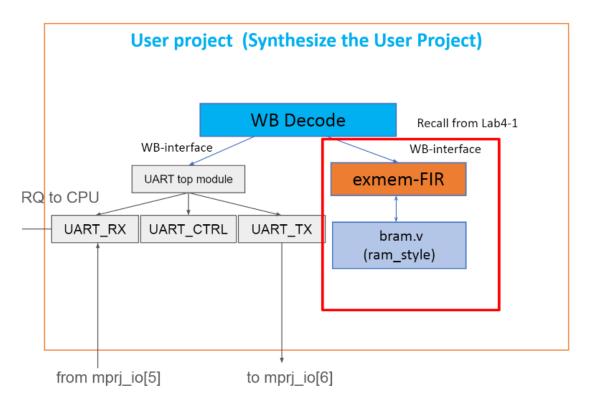
Call function qsort() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0012

Call function qsort() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0012

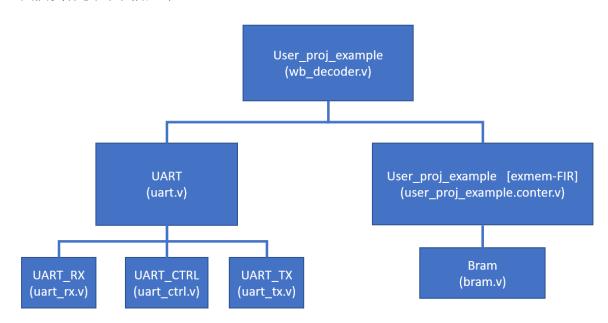
Call function qsort() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000) return value passed, 0x0012

Call function qsort() in User Project BRAM (mprjram, 0x38000000)
```

# Wishbone decoder



# 我們實作後的架構如下:



# 實作方法:

我們修改了 user\_proj\_example.conter.v 作為 exmem-fir(如 lab4-2)

在 wb\_decoder 中我們將 user\_proj\_wrapper 所有 input wire 接上 uart、user\_proj\_example 直接對接,只處理 user\_proj\_wrapper 的 output wire。此外,user\_proj\_example 的 io 及 irq 為 unuse 因此我們直接將 uart 的 io 及 irq 輸出至 wrapper。

最後根據 address 開頭為 380 或 300 來決定 wbs\_ack 與 wbs\_dat 是由 uart 或者 user\_proj\_example 來輸出。

```
//exmem
wire exmem_wbs_ack_o;
wire [31:0] exmem_wbs_dat_o;
wire ['MPRJ_IO_PADS-1:0] exmem_io_oeb; //unuse
wire ['MPRJ_IO_PADS-1:0] exmem_io_out; //unuse
wire [2:0] exmem_irq; //unuse

//uart
wire uart_wbs_ack_o;
wire [31:0] uart_wbs_dat_o;
wire [31:0] uart_wbs_dat_o;
wire ['MPRJ_IO_PADS-1:0] uart_io_oeb;
wire ['MPRJ_IO_PADS-1:0] uart_io_out;
wire [2:0] uart_irq;

assign wbs_ack_o = wbs_adr_i[31:20] == 12'h380 ? exmem_wbs_ack_o : wbs_adr_i[31:20] == 12'h300 ? uart_wbs_ack_o : 1'b0;
assign wbs_dat_o = wbs_adr_i[31:20] == 12'h380 ? exmem_wbs_dat_o : wbs_adr_i[31:20] == 12'h300 ? uart_wbs_dat_o : 32'b0;
assign io_out = uart_io_out;
assign user_irq = uart_irq;
```

# **Run Merged Firmware on FPGA**

# Time report

Setup		Hold		Pulse Width		
Worst Negative Slack (WNS):	8.982 ns	Worst Hold Slack (WHS):	0.021 ns	Worst Pulse Width Slack (WPWS):	11.250 ns	
Total Negative Slack (TNS):	0.000 ns	Total Hold Slack (THS):	0.000 ns	Total Pulse Width Negative Slack (TPWS):	0.000 ns	
Number of Failing Endpoints:	0	Number of Failing Endpoints:	0	Number of Failing Endpoints:	0	
Total Number of Endpoints:	12775	Total Number of Endpoints:	12775	Total Number of Endpoints:	5279	

### Resource report

lization				Post-Synthe	ost-Synthesis   Post-Implementation			
					Graph	Table		
Resource	Utilization		Available		Utilization %			
LUT		5336		53200		10.03		
LUTRAM		188		17400		1.08		
FF		6175		106400		5.80		
BRAM		7		140		5.00		
BUFG		5		32		15.63		

#### Test result

```
In [6]: # Create np with 8K/4 (4 bytes per index) size and be initiled to 0
    rom_size_final = 0
    npROM = np.zeros(ROM_SIZE >> 2, dtype=np.uint32)
    npROM_index = 0
    npROM_offset = 0
    fiROM = open("counter_la_merge.hex", "r+")
#fiROM = open("counter_wb.hex", "r+")

for line in fiROM:
    # offset header
    if line.startswith('@'):
        # Ignore first char @
        npROM_offset = int(line[1:].strip(b'\x00'.decode()), base = 16)
        npROM_offset = npROM_offset >> 2 # 4byte per offset
        #print (npROM_offset)
        npROM_offset = 0
        continue
    #print (line)

# We suppose the data must be 32bit alignment
buffer = 0
    bytecount = 0
    for line_byte in line.strip(b'\x00'.decode()).split():
```

```
print('main(): uart_rx is cancelled now')

In [10]: asyncio.run(async_main())

Start Caravel Soc
Waitting for interrupt
main(): uart_rx is cancelled now

In [11]: print ("0x10 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x10)))
print ("0x14 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x10)))
print ("0x20 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x20)))
print ("0x20 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x20)))
print ("0x34 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x20)))
print ("0x38 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x38)))

0x10 = 0x0
0x14 = 0x0
0x14 = 0x0
0x20 = 0x0
0x34 = 0x20
0x38 = 0x3f
```

#### Observe

### Time report 問題:

我們在模擬測試過結合後的各功能正常,但跑合成時出現 fail to meet the timing requirement 的問題。

```
general.maxThreads
INFO: [Project 1-853] Binary constraint restore complete.
Reading placer database...
Reading place design place design place doi:00:01. Memory (MB): peak = 3235.719; gain = 6.938; free physical = 9260; free virtual = 11817
Reading place place place place place doi:00:01. Memory (MB): peak = 3235.719; gain = 6.938; free physical = 9260; free virtual = 11817
Reading place place place place place place plac
```

後來參考 github 討論群同學的回答,將進 vivado gui 改變 implementation 的 strategy,將 default 改成使用 performance\_NetDelay\_high 後有成功修復我們的 hold time violation。

