



(2) Input:

A sequence of instructions in binary is given as the input. The instruction set contains ADD, SUB, AND, OR, SLT, SLTI, ADDI, LD, SD and BEQ.

Assembly code	Machine code					
ADD	0000000	rs2	rs1	000	rd	0110011
SUB	0100000	rs2	rs1	000	rd	0110011
AND	0000000	rs2	rs1	111	rd	0110011
OR	0000000	rs2	rs1	110	rd	0110011
SLT	0000000	rs2	rs1	010	rd	0110011
SLTI	immediate[11:0]	rs1	010	rd	0010011	
ADDI	immediate[11:0]	rs1	000	rd	0010011	
LD	immediate[11:0]	rs1	011	rd	0000011	
SD	imm[11:5]	rs2	rs1	011	imm[4:0]	0100011
BEQ	imm[12 10:5]	rs2	rs1	000	imm[4:1 11]	1100011

(2) Predefined files (do NOT modify them):

The files below are given to you, but you don't need to hand them in. TAs will use the default version to verify your implementation's correctness. In other words, any modification will NOT take effect.

1. Makefile
2. Instr_Mem.v
3. Reg_File.v

(3) Predefined files (TODO):

The files below are templates. Their input and output ports are predefined, and what you have to finish are the computations in each module and the connections among the modules.

1.	Adder.v	2.	ALU.v
3.	ALU_Ctrl.v	4.	Control.v
5.	Data_Mem.v	6.	MUX_2to1.v
7.	Program_Counter.v	8.	Shift_Left_One_64.v
9.	Imm_Gen.v	10.	Simple_Single_CPU.v (top module)

(4) Output and testbench:

By using `makefile` to run all your Verilog files with `testbench.v`, the console will show all the registers' values in the end.

The usage of `makefile` and the manual of the workstation environment setup are provided in other pdf files.

3. Language/Platform

- (1) Language: Verilog
- (2) Platform: Unix/Linux

4. Required Items

Do **NOT** compress your files! Please upload the 10 .v files (TODO) to iLMS.

1.	Adder.v	2.	ALU.v
3.	ALU_Ctrl.v	4.	Control.v
5.	Data_Mem.v	6.	MUX_2to1.v
7.	Program_Counter.v	8.	Shift_Left_One_64.v
9.	Imm_Gen.v	10.	Simple_Single_CPU.v (top module)

Do **NOT** add/modify any clock or rst settings in your Verilog code, for example, `#delay`.

Do **NOT** modify any filename.

Do **NOT** use `$stop` in your Verilog code.

Any violations will cause strong penalties!

5. Grading

- ✓ 60%: Public testcases. Note that you will get 60 points if you pass all the public testcases; however, if you fail in any of them, you will **NOT** get any points. In short, please make sure your Verilog code's correctness in the public testcases.
- ✓ 40%: Hidden testcases.
- ✖ (Final score) * 0.9: Any interruption during the simulation.
- ✖ (Final score) = 0: Plagiarism. We encourage the discussions on the architecture or the data flow rather than code. Don't read others' code before you finish yours!