Московский государственный технический университет им. Н.Э. Баумана Кафедра «Системы обработки информации и управления»



Лабораторная работа №6 по дисциплине «Методы машинного обучения» на тему

«Разработка системы предсказания поведения на основании графовых моделей»

Выполнил: студент группы ИУ5-21М Хуан Яовэнь

Москва — 2022 г.

Лабораторная работа №6:

"Разработка системы предсказания поведения на основании графовых моделей"

Цель: обучение работе с графовым типом данных и графовыми нейронными сетями.

Задача: подготовить графовый датасет из базы данных о покупках и построить модель предсказания совершения покупки.

Графовые нейронные сети

Графовые нейронные сети - тип нейронной сети, которая напрямую работает со структурой графа. Типичным применениями GNN являются:

- Классификация узлов;
- Предсказание связей;
- Графовая классификация;
- Распознавание движений;
- Рекомендательные системы.

В данной лабораторной работе будет происходить работа над **графовыми сверточными сетями**. Отличаются они от сверточных нейронных сетей нефиксированной структурой, функция свертки не является .

Подробнее можно прочитать тут: https://towardsdatascience.com/understanding-graph-convolutional-networks-for-node-classification-a2bfdb7aba7b

Тут можно почитать современные подходы к использованию графовых сверточных сетей https://paperswithcode.com/method/gcn

Датасет

В качестве базы данных предлагаем использовать датасет о покупках пользователей в одном магазине товаров RecSys Challenge 2015

(https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/chadgostopp/recsys-challenge-2015).

Скачать датасет можно отсюда: <a href="https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1gtAeXPTj-convolution-c

Также рекомендуем загружать данные в виде архива и распаковывать через пакет zipfile или/и скачивать датасет в собственный Google Drive и примонтировать его в колаб.

Установка библиотек, выгрузка исходных датасетов

```
Slow method of installing pytorch geometric
#
        install torch geometric
  !pip
#
  !pip
       install torch sparse
  !pip install torch_scatter
# Install pytorch geometric
    install torch-sparse -f https://pytorch-geometric.com/whl/torch-1.11.0%2Bcu113.html
!pip install
              torch-cluster -f https://pytorch-geometric.com/whl/torch-1.11.0%2Bcu113.html
              torch-spline-conv -f https://pytorch-geometric.com/whl/torch-1.11.0%2Bcu113.html
     install
              torch-geometric -f https://pytorch-geometric.com/whl/torch-1.11.0%2Bcu113.html
     install
!pip
!pip install torch-scatter==2.0.8 -f https://data.pyg.org/whl/torch-1.11.0%2Bcu113.html
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive', force remount=True)
```

Looking in indexes: https://us-python.pkg.dev/colab-wheels/public/s Looking in links: https://pytorch-geometric.com/whl/torch-1.11.0%2Bcu113. html Requirement already satisfied: torch-sparse in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (0.6.1) Requirement already satisfied: scipy in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from torch-s Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.13.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from Looking in indexes: https://us-python.pkg.dev/colab-wheels/public/s Looking in links: https://pytorch-geometric.com/whl/torch-1.11.0%2Bcu113. html Requirement already satisfied: torch-cluster in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (1.6. Looking in indexes: https://us-python.pkg.dev/colab-wheels/public/s Looking in links: https://pytorch-geometric.com/whl/torch-1.11.0%2Bcu113.html Requirement already satisfied: torch-spline-conv in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (Looking in indexes: https://us-python.pkg.dev/colab-wheels/public/s Looking in links: https://pytorch-geometric.com/whl/torch-1.11.0%2Bcul13.html Requirement already satisfied: torch-geometric in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (2.1 Requirement already satisfied: requests in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from torc Requirement already satisfied: pandas in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from torch-Requirement already satisfied: numpy in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from torch-g-Requirement already satisfied: scipy in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from torch-g-Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from tor-Requirement already satisfied: tqdm in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from torch-ge-Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from Requirement already satisfied: jinja2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from torch-Requirement already satisfied: MarkupSafe>=0.23 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (f. Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packa Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2017.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from pyth-Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages Requirement already satisfied: idna<3,>=2.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from Requirement already satisfied: urllib3!=1.25.0,!=1.25.1,<1.26,>=1.21.1 in /usr/local/lib/pyt. Requirement already satisfied: chardet < 4, >= 3.0.2 in /usr/local/lib/python 3.7/dist-packages (Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=0.11 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=2.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-package Looking in indexes: https://us-python.pkg.dev/colab-wheels/public/s Looking in links: https://data.pyg.org/whl/torch-1.11.0%2Bcu113.html Requirement already satisfied: torch-scatter == 2.0.8 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-package Mounted at /content/drive

4

```
import numpy as np
                                                RANDOM SEED: 42
import pandas as pd
import pickle
                                                BASE_DIR: "/content/drive/MyDriv"
import csv
import os
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
import torch
# PyG - PyTorch Geometric
from torch geometric.data import Data, DataLoader, InMemoryDataset
from tqdm import tqdm
RANDOM_SEED = 42#@param { type: "integer" }
BASE_DIR = '/content/drive/MyDrive/' #@param { type: "string" }
np. random. seed(RANDOM_SEED)
# Check if CUDA is available for colab
torch.cuda.is_available
     <function torch.cuda.is available>
# Unpack files from zip-file
import zipfile
with zipfile.ZipFile(BASE_DIR + 'yoochoose-data-lite.zip', 'r') as zip_ref:
       zip ref. extractall (BASE DIR)
```

▼ Анализ исходных данных

```
# Read dataset of items in store
df = pd.read_csv(BASE_DIR + 'yoochoose-clicks-lite.dat')
# df.columns = ['session id', 'timestamp', 'item id', 'category']
df. head()
     /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/IPython/core/interactiveshell.py:2882: DtypeWarning:
       exec (code obj, self. user global ns, self. user ns)
         session_id
                                                item_id category
                                   timestamp
      0
                   9 2014-04-06T11:26:24.127Z 214576500
                                                                  0
      1
                   9 2014-04-06T11:28:54.654Z 214576500
                                                                  0
      2
                   9 2014-04-06T11:29:13.479Z 214576500
                                                                  0
      3
                  19 2014-04-01T20:52:12.357Z 214561790
                                                                  0
                  19 2014-04-01T20:52:13.758Z 214561790
                                                                  0
```

```
# Read dataset of purchases
buy_df = pd.read_csv(BASE_DIR + 'yoochoose-buys-lite.dat')
# buy_df.columns = ['session_id', 'timestamp', 'item_id', 'price', 'quantity']
buy_df.head()
```

	session_id	timestamp	item_id	price	quantity
0	420374	2014-04-06T18:44:58.314Z	214537888	12462	1
1	420374	2014-04-06T18:44:58.325Z	214537850	10471	1
2	489758	2014-04-06T09:59:52.422Z	214826955	1360	2
3	489758	2014-04-06T09:59:52.476Z	214826715	732	2
4	489758	2014-04-06T09:59:52.578Z	214827026	1046	1

```
# Filter out item session with length < 2
df['valid_session'] = df.session_id.map(df.groupby('session_id')['item_id'].size() > 2)
df = df.loc[df.valid_session].drop('valid_session',axis=1)
df.nunique()
```

```
      session_id
      1000000

      timestamp
      5557758

      item_id
      37644

      category
      275

      dtype: int64
```

Randomly sample a couple of them
NUM_SESSIONS = 65000#@param { type: "integer" }
sampled_session_id = np.random.choice(df.session_id.unique(), NUM_SESSIONS, replace=False)
df = df.loc[df.session_id.isin(sampled_session_id)]
df.nunique()

```
session_id 65000
timestamp 362213
item_id 20034
category 122
dtype: int64
```

Average length of session
df.groupby('session_id')['item_id'].size().mean()

5. 572723076923077

```
# Encode item and category id in item dataset so that ids will be in range (0, len(c
item_encoder = LabelEncoder()
category_encoder = LabelEncoder()
df['item_id'] = item_encoder.fit_transform(df.item_id)
df['category'] = category_encoder.fit_transform(df.category.apply(str))
df.head()
```

	session_id	timestamp	item_id	category
0	9	2014-04-06T11:26:24.127Z	3787	0
1	9	2014-04-06T11:28:54.654Z	3787	0
2	9	2014-04-06T11:29:13.479Z	3787	0
94	154	2014-04-03T08:59:07.398Z	14015	0

```
# Encode item and category id in purchase dataset
buy_df = buy_df.loc[buy_df.session_id.isin(df.session_id)]
buy_df['item_id'] = item_encoder.transform(buy_df.item_id)
buy_df.head()
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:3: SettingWithCopyWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.

Try using .loc[row_indexer, col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guid
This is separate from the ipykernel package so we can avoid doing imports until

	session_id	timestamp	item_id	price	quantity
33	189	2014-04-04T07:23:10.719Z	5707	4711	1
46	489491	2014-04-06T12:41:34.047Z	13816	1046	4
47	489491	2014-04-06T12:41:34.091Z	13817	627	2
57	396	2014-04-06T17:53:45.147Z	14011	523	1
61	70353	2014-04-06T10:55:06.086Z	15642	41783	1
4					

Get item dictionary with grouping by session
buy_item_dict = dict(buy_df.groupby('session_id')['item_id'].apply(list))
buy_item_dict

```
{189: [5707],
396: [14011],
714: [16042, 16239, 16241, 3353],
6016: [16487],
6628: [13971, 14083],
9797: [13640, 12904],
9862: [14891],
10457: [10950, 3196],
10587: [12835],
10678: [6823, 4238],
13476: [14902, 14082, 14079, 14081, 14053],
16953: [3125, 8400],
17116: [13784],
17934: [16295, 17049, 16933, 16925, 17052],
19029: [8981, 2329, 11283, 12457],
19958: [10929, 10929],
23548: [12267],
24439: [13688, 13679],
27526: [16809],
28709: [4370],
```

```
29647: [14029, 14026],
33907: [2663, 6512],
34541: [678, 14026],
36548: [16042, 16240],
38019: [12253, 12258],
38261: [3735],
41333: [12912, 14025, 12912],
41598: [11626, 11625, 2176, 11627],
43834: [12234, 12234],
44153: [16408, 16421],
44813: [14018, 13817],
48974: [8067, 13972],
49886: [2547, 12238, 12252, 11536],
54961: [2106, 12394, 14011, 8467],
55877: [5198],
56538: [15309],
62553: [13992],
64759: [16391],
64802: [12349],
65581: [14692, 13572, 13802, 4236],
69277: [8605],
70353: [15642],
71832: [12912, 13537],
73271: [12267, 12267, 12268],
74083: [14065],
74449: [1052],
79937: [12959, 12898, 12898, 12959],
87673: [13791],
88198: [12232, 12232],
88723: [12267, 12267],
89393: [12267],
91903: [12231],
92224: [284],
93282: [16164,
6215,
 6211,
 460,
 4623,
```

▼ Сборка выборки для обучения

```
node features = torch. LongTensor(node features). unsqueeze(1)
               target nodes = group. sess item id. values[1:]
               source nodes = group. sess item id. values[:-1]
               edge_index = torch.tensor([source_nodes,
                                                              target nodes], dtype=torch.long)
               x = node_features
               #get result
               if session_id in buy_item_dict:
                       positive_indices = le. transform(buy_item_dict[session_id])
                       label = np. zeros(len(node features))
                       label[positive indices] = 1
               else:
                       label = [0] * len(node features)
               y = torch. FloatTensor(label)
               data = Data(x=x, edge index=edge index, y=y)
               data_list.append(data)
       return data list
# Pytorch class for creating datasets
class YooChooseDataset(InMemoryDataset):
       def __init__(self, root, transform=None, pre_transform=None):
               super(YooChooseDataset, self).__init__(root, transform, pre_transform)
               self.data, self.slices = torch.load(self.processed_paths[0])
       @property
       def raw_file_names(self):
               return []
       @property
       def processed file names (self):
               return [BASE DIR+'yoochoose click binary 100000 sess.dataset']
           download(self):
       def
               pass
       def process(self):
               data_list = transform_dataset(df, buy_item_dict)
               data, slices = self.collate(data list)
               torch. save((data, slices), self. processed paths[0])
# Prepare dataset
dataset = YooChooseDataset('./')
```

▼ Разделение выборки

```
# train test split
dataset = dataset.shuffle()
one tenth length = int(len(dataset) * 0.1)
train_dataset = dataset[:one_tenth_length * 8]
val_dataset = dataset[one_tenth_length*8:one_tenth_length * 9]
test dataset = dataset[one tenth length*9:]
len(train_dataset), len(val_dataset), len(test_dataset)
     (40000, 5000, 5000)
# Load dataset into PyG loaders
batch size= 512
train loader = DataLoader(train dataset, batch size=batch size)
val loader = DataLoader(val dataset, batch size=batch size)
test loader = DataLoader(test dataset, batch size=batch size)
     /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/torch geometric/deprecation.py:12: UserWarning: 'data
       warnings.warn(out)
# Load dataset into PyG loaders
num items = df.item id.max() +1
num categories = df. category. max()+1
num_items , num_categories
     (20034, 121)
```

▼ Настройка модели для обучения

```
embed\_dim = 128
from torch_geometric.nn import GraphConv, TopKPooling, GatedGraphConv, SAGEConv,
from torch_geometric.nn import global_mean_pool as gap, global_max_pool as gmp
import torch.nn.functional as F
class Net(torch.nn.Module):
           init (self):
               super(Net, self). init ()
               # Model Structure
               self.conv1 = GraphConv(embed dim * 2, 128)
               self.pool1 = TopKPooling(128, ratio=0.9)
               self. conv2 = GraphConv(128, 128)
               self.pool2 = TopKPooling(128, ratio=0.9)
               self.conv3 = GraphConv(128, 128)
               self.pool3 = TopKPooling(128, ratio=0.9)
               self.item_embedding = torch.nn.Embedding(num_embeddings=num_items, embedding_dir
               self.category_embedding = torch.nn.Embedding(num_embeddings=num_categories,
               self. lin1 = torch. nn. Linear (256,
                                                  256)
               self. lin2 = torch. nn. Linear (256,
               self.bn1 = torch.nn.BatchNorm1d(128)
               self. bn2 = torch. nn. BatchNorm1d(64)
               self.act1 = torch.nn.ReLU()
               self.act2 = torch.nn.ReLU()
```

```
# Forward step of a model
def forward(self, data):
       x, edge_index, batch = data.x, data.edge_index, data.batch
       item_id = x[:,:,0]
       category = x[:,:,1]
       emb_item = self.item_embedding(item_id).squeeze(1)
       emb_category = self.category_embedding(category).squeeze(1)
       x = torch.cat([emb item, emb category], dim=1)
       # print(x. shape)
       x = F. relu(self. conv1(x, edge index))
       # print(x.shape)
       r = self.pool1(x, edge_index, None, batch)
       # print(r)
       x, edge_index, _, batch, _, _ = self.pool1(x, edge_index, None, batch)
       x1 = \text{torch.cat}([gmp(x, batch), gap(x, batch)], dim=1)
       x = F. relu(self. conv2(x, edge index))
       x, edge_index, _, batch, _, _ = self.pool2(x, edge_index, None, batch)
       x2 = torch. cat([gmp(x, batch), gap(x, batch)], dim=1)
       x = F. relu(self. conv3(x, edge index))
       x, edge_index, _, batch, _, _ = self.pool3(x, edge_index, None, batch)
       x3 = torch.cat([gmp(x, batch), gap(x, batch)], dim=1)
       x = x1 + x2 + x3
       x = self. lin1(x)
       x = self.act1(x)
       x = self.lin2(x)
       x = F.dropout(x, p=0.5, training=self.training)
       x = self.act2(x)
       outputs = []
       for i in range (x. size(0)):
               output = torch. matmul (emb item[data. batch == i], x[i,:])
              outputs. append (output)
       x = torch. cat(outputs, dim=0)
       x = torch. sigmoid(x)
       return x
```

▼ Обучение нейронной сверточной сети

```
# Enable CUDA computing
CUDA LAUNCH BLOCKING = 1
device = torch. device('cuda')
model = Net().to(device)
# Choose optimizer and criterion for learning
optimizer = torch.optim.Adam(model.parameters(), 1r=0.001)
crit = torch.nn.BCELoss()
# Train function
def train():
       model.train()
       loss all = 0
       for data in train loader:
               data = data. to(device)
               optimizer.zero grad()
               output = model(data)
               label = data.y.to(device)
               loss = crit(output, label)
               loss.backward()
               loss_all += data.num_graphs * loss.item()
               optimizer.step()
       return loss_all / len(train_dataset)
# Evaluate result of a model
from sklearn.metrics import roc auc score
def evaluate(loader):
       model.eval()
       predictions = []
       labels = []
       with torch.no grad():
               for data in loader:
                      data = data. to(device)
                      pred = model(data).detach().cpu().numpy()
                      label = data.y.detach().cpu().numpy()
                      predictions. append (pred)
                      labels.append(label)
       predictions = np. hstack(predictions)
       labels = np. hstack(labels)
       return roc auc score (labels, predictions)
# Train a model
                                                 NUM_EPOCHS: 10
               10 #@param { type: "integer"
NUM EPOCHS =
for epoch in tqdm(range(NUM EPOCHS)):
       loss = train()
```

```
train acc = evaluate(train loader)
 val_acc = evaluate(val loader)
 test acc = evaluate(test loader)
 print('Epoch: {:03d}, Loss: {:.5f}, Train Auc: {:.5f}, Val Auc: {:.5f}, Test Auc
            format(epoch, loss, train acc, val acc, test acc))
10%
              1/10 [00:43<06:29, 43.32s/it]Epoch: 000, Loss: 0.68831, Train Auc: 0.51698
20%
               2/10 [01:21<05:23, 40.42s/it]Epoch: 001, Loss: 0.49922, Train Auc: 0.5695
                | 3/10 [02:00<04:37, 39.59s/it]Epoch: 002, Loss: 0.41965, Train Auc: 0.603
30%
                4/10 [02:38<03:55, 39.23s/it]Epoch: 003, Loss: 0.37634, Train Auc: 0.63
40%
                 5/10 [03:18<03:16, 39.38s/it]Epoch: 004, Loss: 0.34821, Train Auc: 0.6
50%
                  6/10 [03:57<02:36, 39.11s/it]Epoch: 005, Loss: 0.33082, Train Auc: 0.1
                  7/10 [04:35<01:57, 39.00s/it]Epoch: 006, Loss: 0.31016, Train Auc: 0.
                   8/10 [05:14<01:17, 38.79s/it]Epoch: 007, Loss: 0.29783, Train Auc:
                9/10 [05:52<00:38, 38.63s/it]Epoch: 008, Loss: 0.28782, Train Auc:
              10/10 [06:30<00:00, 39.06s/it]Epoch: 009, Loss: 0.27093, Train Au
```

▼ Проверка результата с помощью примеров

```
# Подход №1 - из датасета
evaluate(DataLoader(test dataset[40:60], batch size=10))
     /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/torch geometric/deprecation.py:12: UserWarning: 'data
       warnings. warn (out)
     0.717948717948718
# Подход №2 -
                          через
                                     создание
                                                        сессии
                                                                      покупок
test df = pd. DataFrame([
            \lceil -1, \rceil
                  15219.
                          0].
            \lceil -1, \rceil
                  15431.
                          07.
            \lceil -1, \rceil
                  14371,
                         0],
            \lceil -1, \rceil
                  15745.
                          07.
            [-2,
                  14594,
                          0].
            [-2,
                  16972,
                          11],
            [-2,
                  16943,
                          0],
            [-3,
                  17284,
                          0]
    columns=['session id', 'item id', 'category'])
test data = transform dataset(test df, buy item dict)
test data = DataLoader(test data, batch size=1)
with torch. no grad():
        model.eval()
        for data in test_data:
                data = data. to(device)
                pred = model(data).detach().cpu().numpy()
                print(data, pred)
```

₽

100%| 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 225.67it/s]DataBatch(x=[1, 1, 2], edge_index=[2] DataBatch(x=[3, 1, 2], edge_index=[2, 2], y=[3], batch=[3], ptr=[2]) [0.00176454 0.00230948 DataBatch(x=[4, 1, 2], edge_index=[2, 3], y=[4], batch=[4], ptr=[2]) [0.05630163 0.01625507 DataBatch(x=[4, 1, 2], edge_index=[2, 3], y=[4], batch=[4], ptr=[2])

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/torch_geometric/deprecation.py:12: UserWarning: 'data warnings.warn(out)

→

Изменена эпоха, NUM-SESSION, правильный рейт 0.72

X