

Methodology

- Our approach is a supervised learning, binary classification task:
Will the price go up or down?
- Data Sourcing and Resampling
 - Using 1-minute BTC/USDT data, resampled to 1min, 4H, and 1D intervals for multi-frequency analysis.
- Feature Engineering
 - Features include lagged returns, volatility, moving average ratios, MACD, and ATR.
- Model & Backtesting
 - A LightGBM classifier is trained and evaluated on a hold-out test set to simulate real-world trading.
 - Ratio of train and test data 9:1

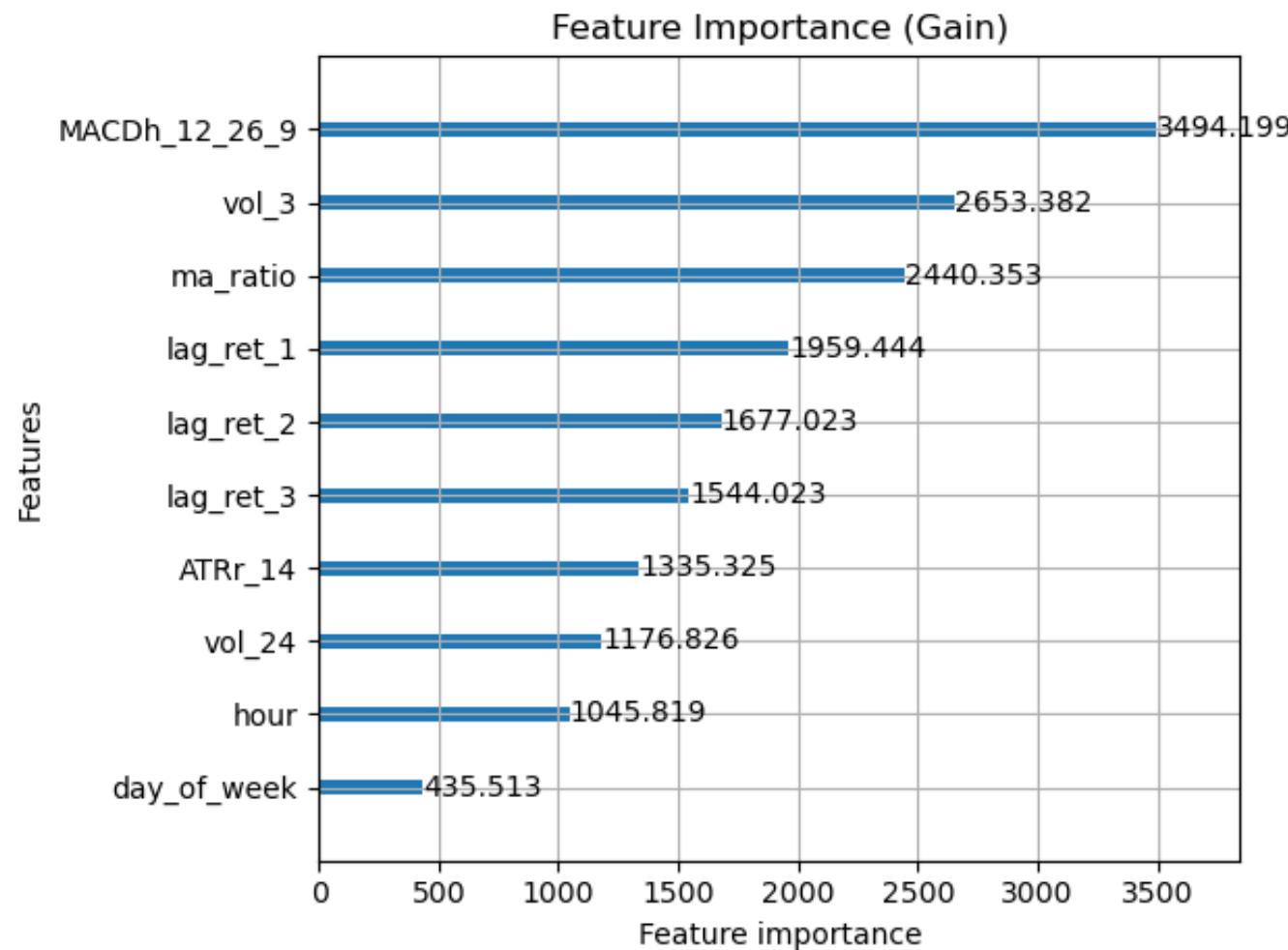
```
| base_clf = lgb.LGBMClassifier(objective='binary', random_state=42, scale_pos_weight=scale_pos_weight_value)
```

Model Deep Dive: LightGBM

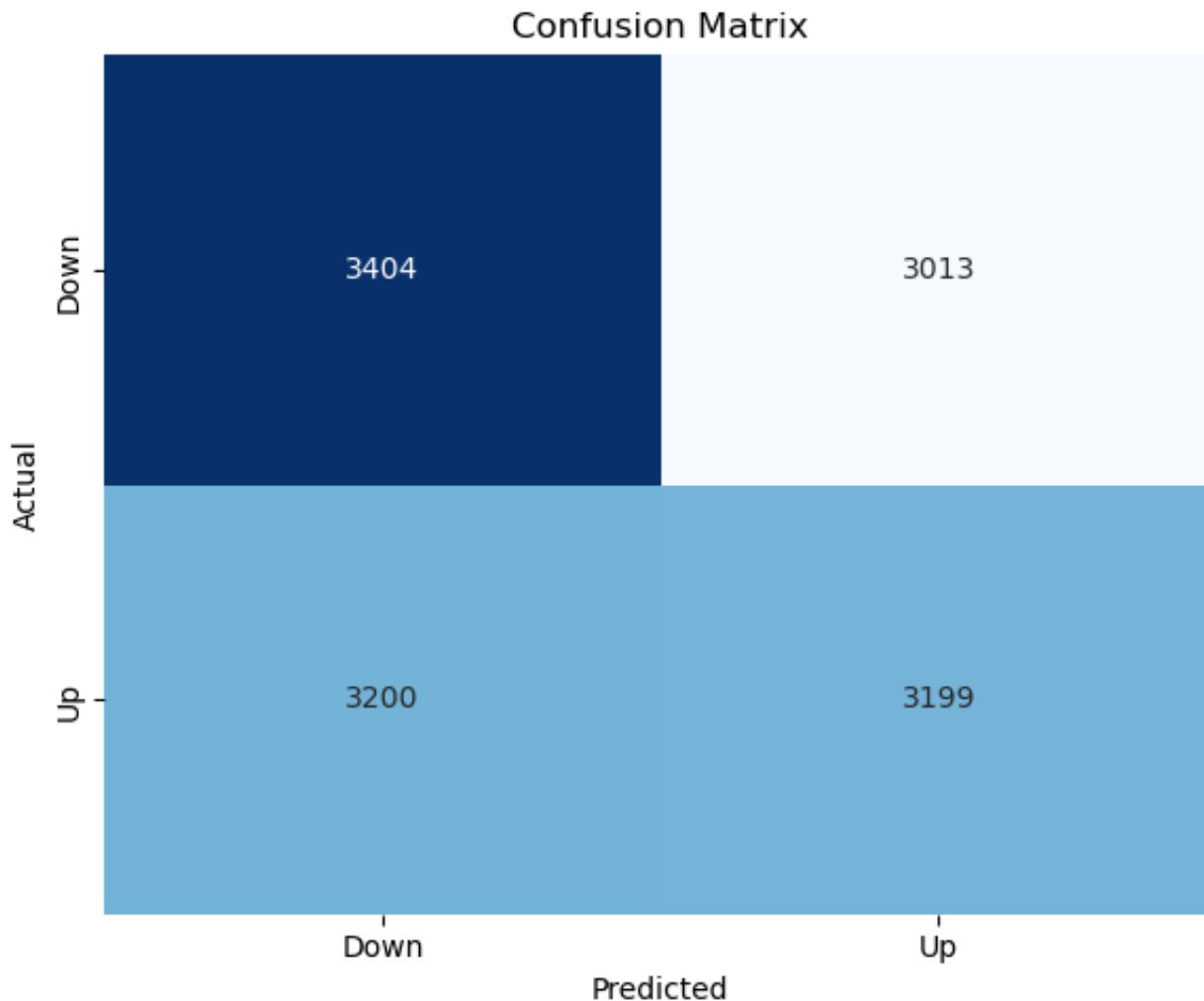
- **LightGBM (Light Gradient Boosting Machine)**
 - A fast, efficient gradient boosting framework that builds an ensemble of decision trees, with each tree correcting prior errors.
- **Handling Class Imbalance with `scale_pos_weight`**
 - Problem: Financial data is often imbalanced (fewer 'up' moves than 'down'/'flat').
 - Solution: `scale_pos_weight` gives more importance to the minority class (the 'up' moves).
 - Benefit: Prevents the model from just predicting the majority class, improving its ability to find valuable trade signals.
- We use GridSearchCV() and scoring='roc_auc' to find the best parameters.

- We take 10mins-interval of BTC results as an example to illustrate the training process and results.

During the training process, for each case, we identify the most important features

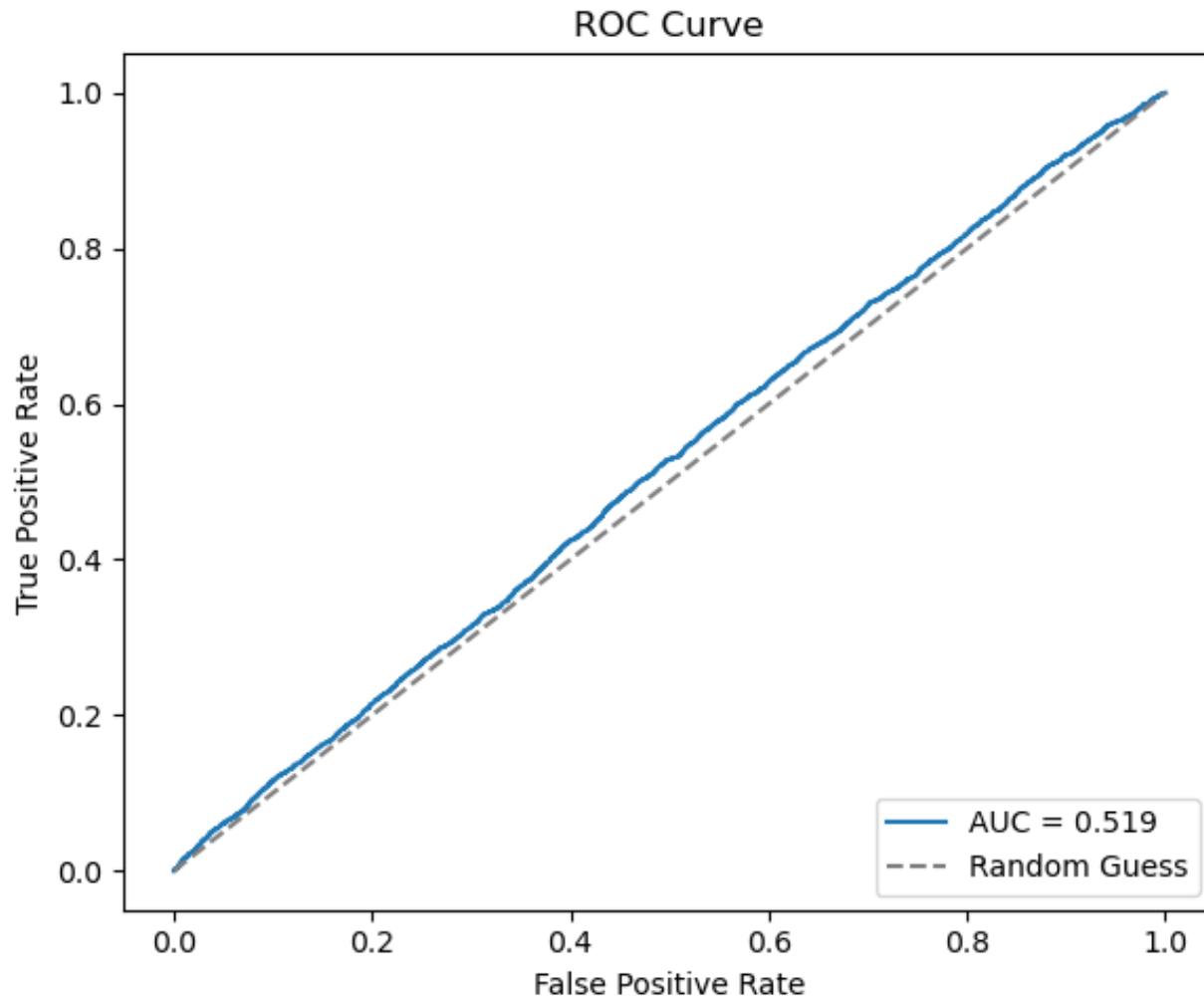


The other important signature in the classifier is the confusion matrix



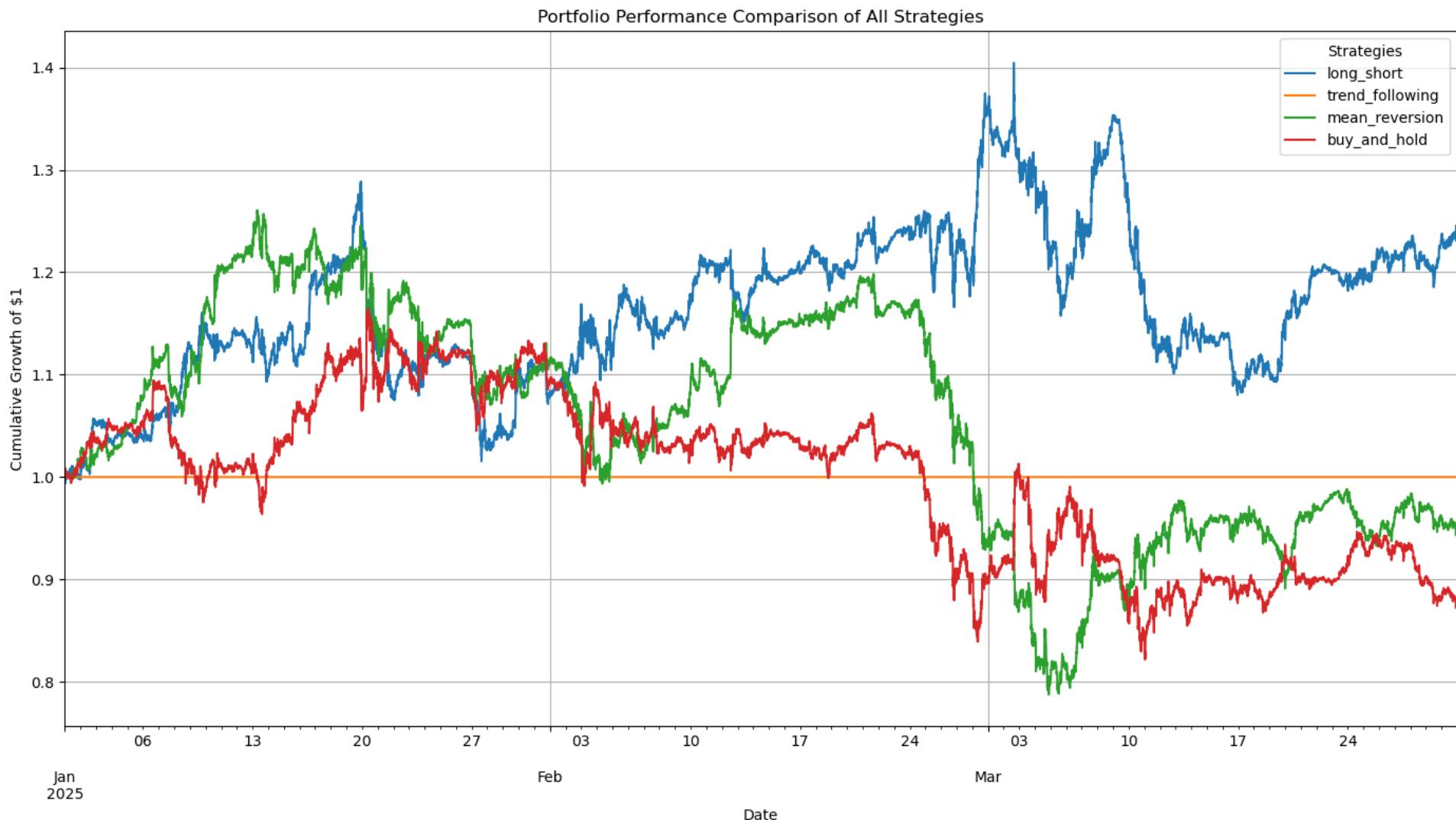
Accuracy of
prediction is above
50%.

The other important signature in the classifier is the confusion matrix



ROC is slightly
above 50%.

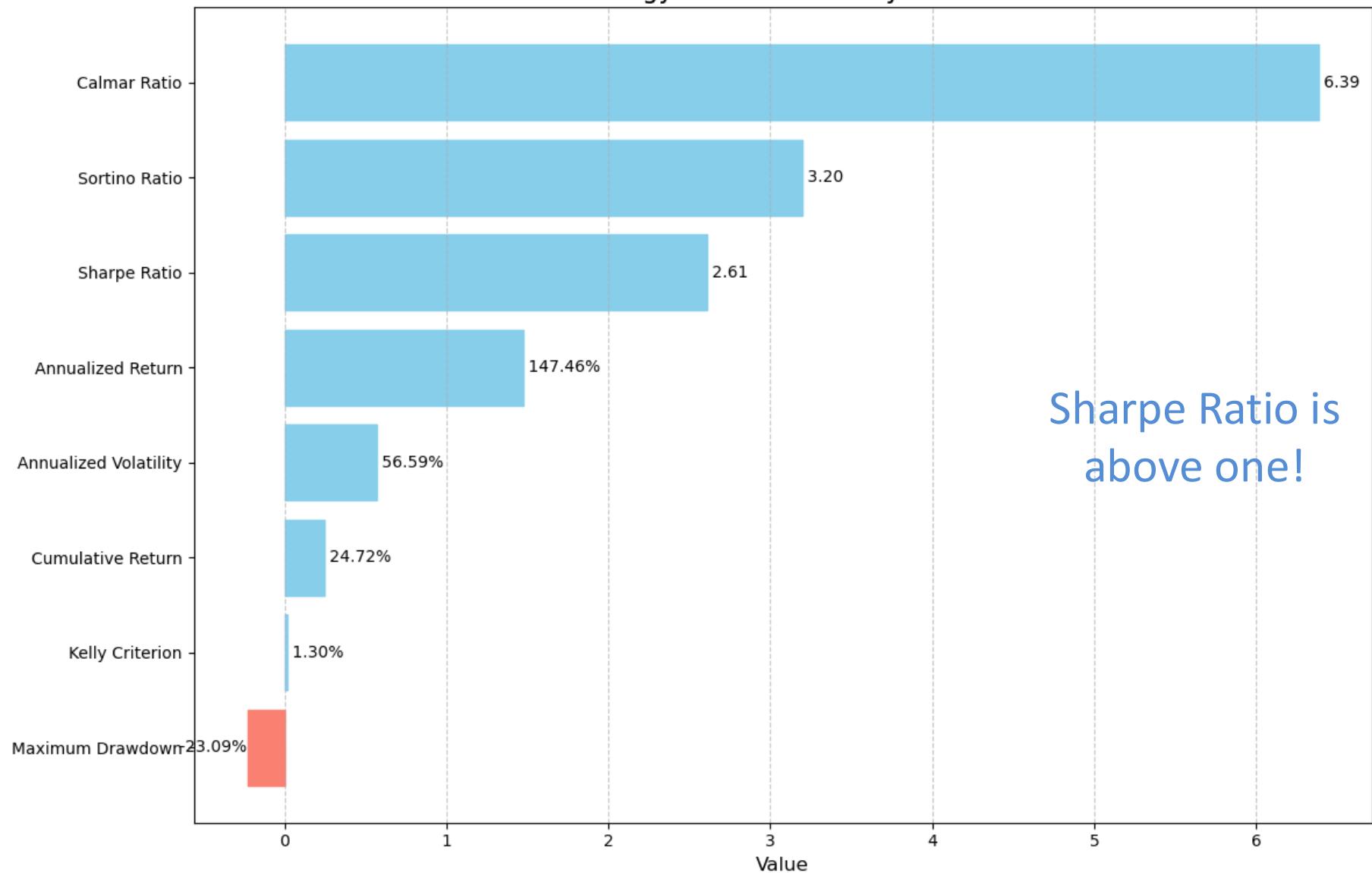
ML-based Strategy versus non-MLs



ML strategies win over standard ones for BTCS!

ML-based Strategy KPI scores

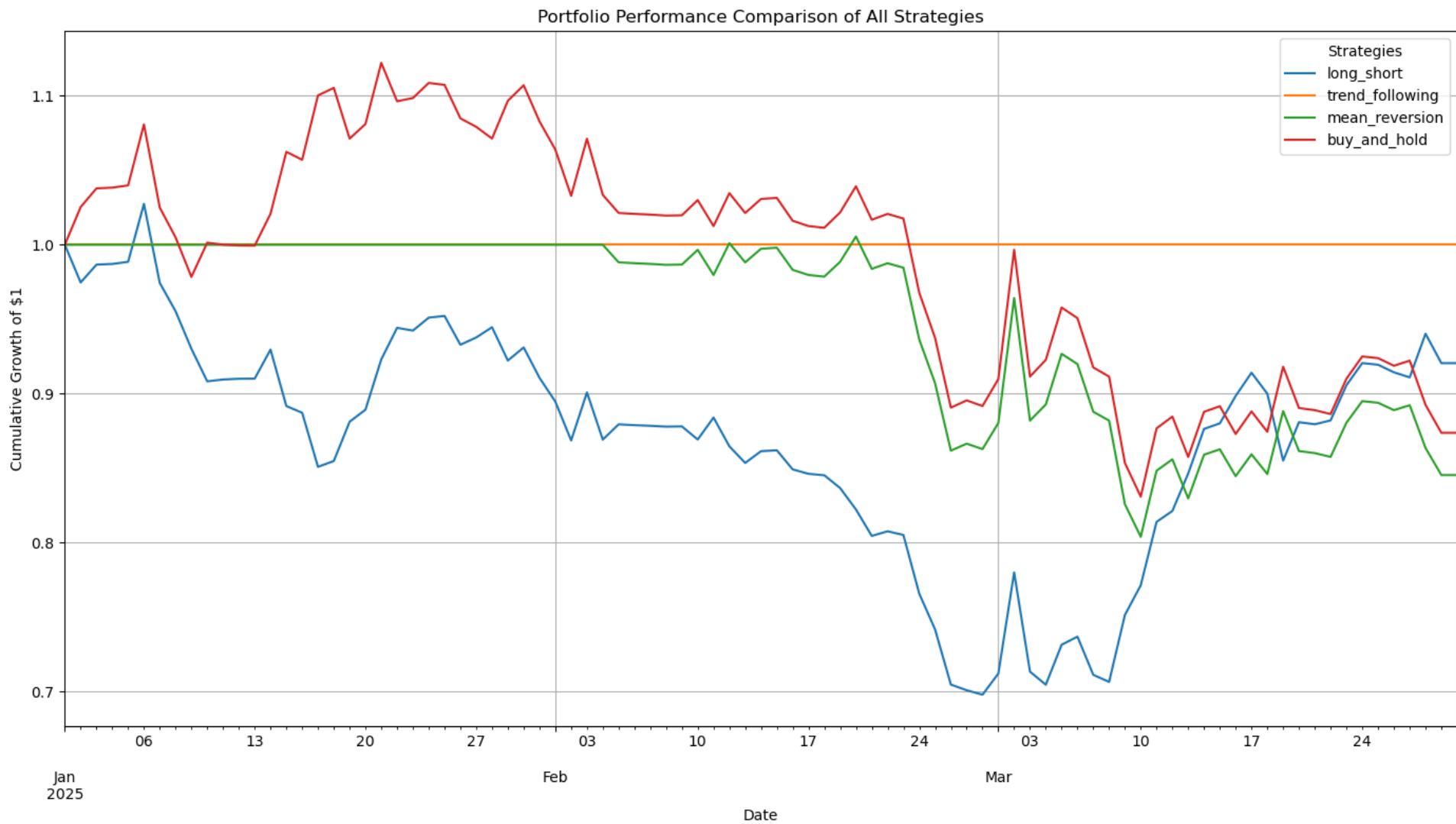
Strategy Performance Key Metrics



*Now we also present the results of 1mins, 1h, 4h, 1d-interval to show that
the best interval for ML is below 1h.*

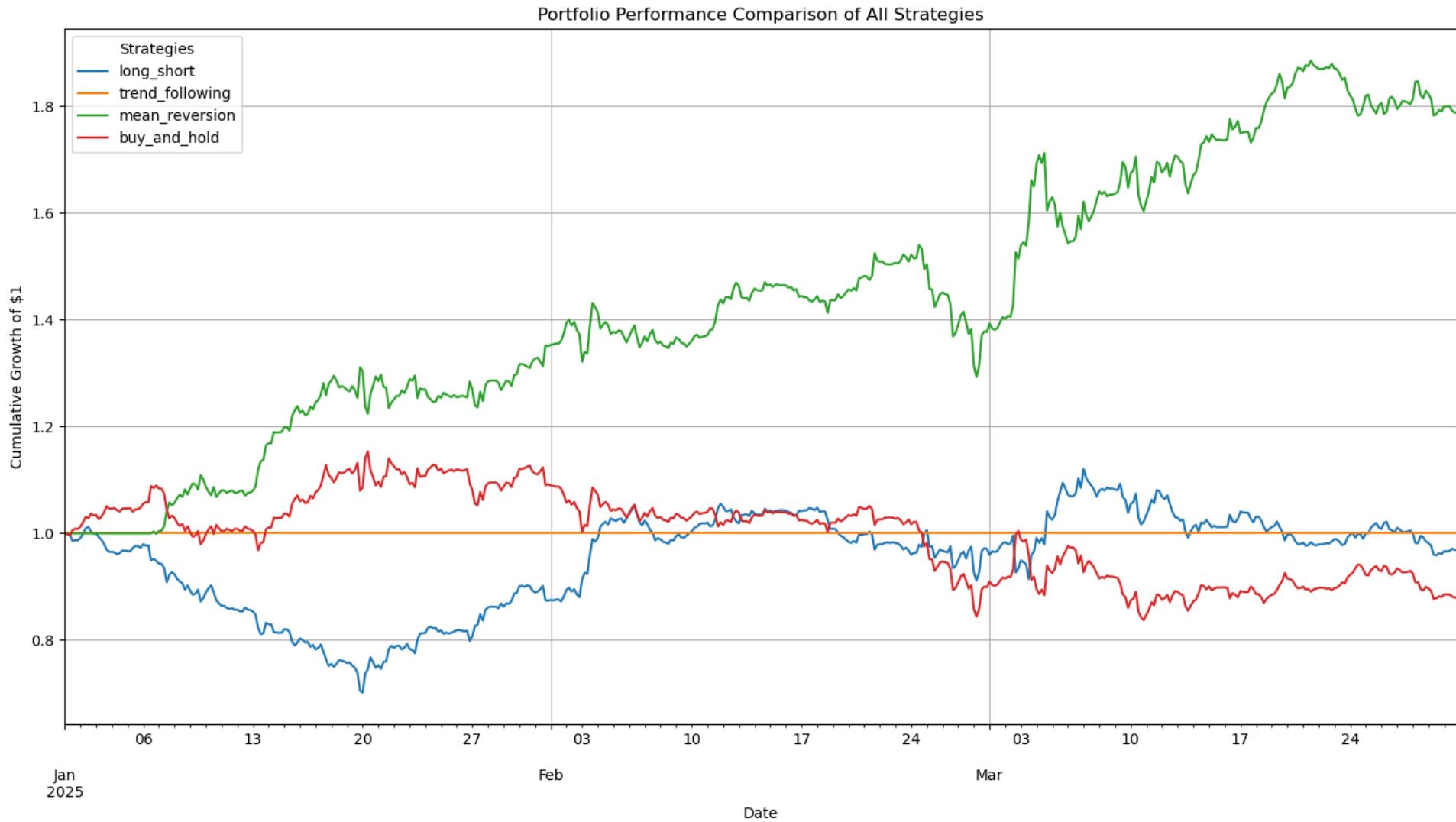
We start from **1d-interval** results.

ML-result-based strategy is bad performance



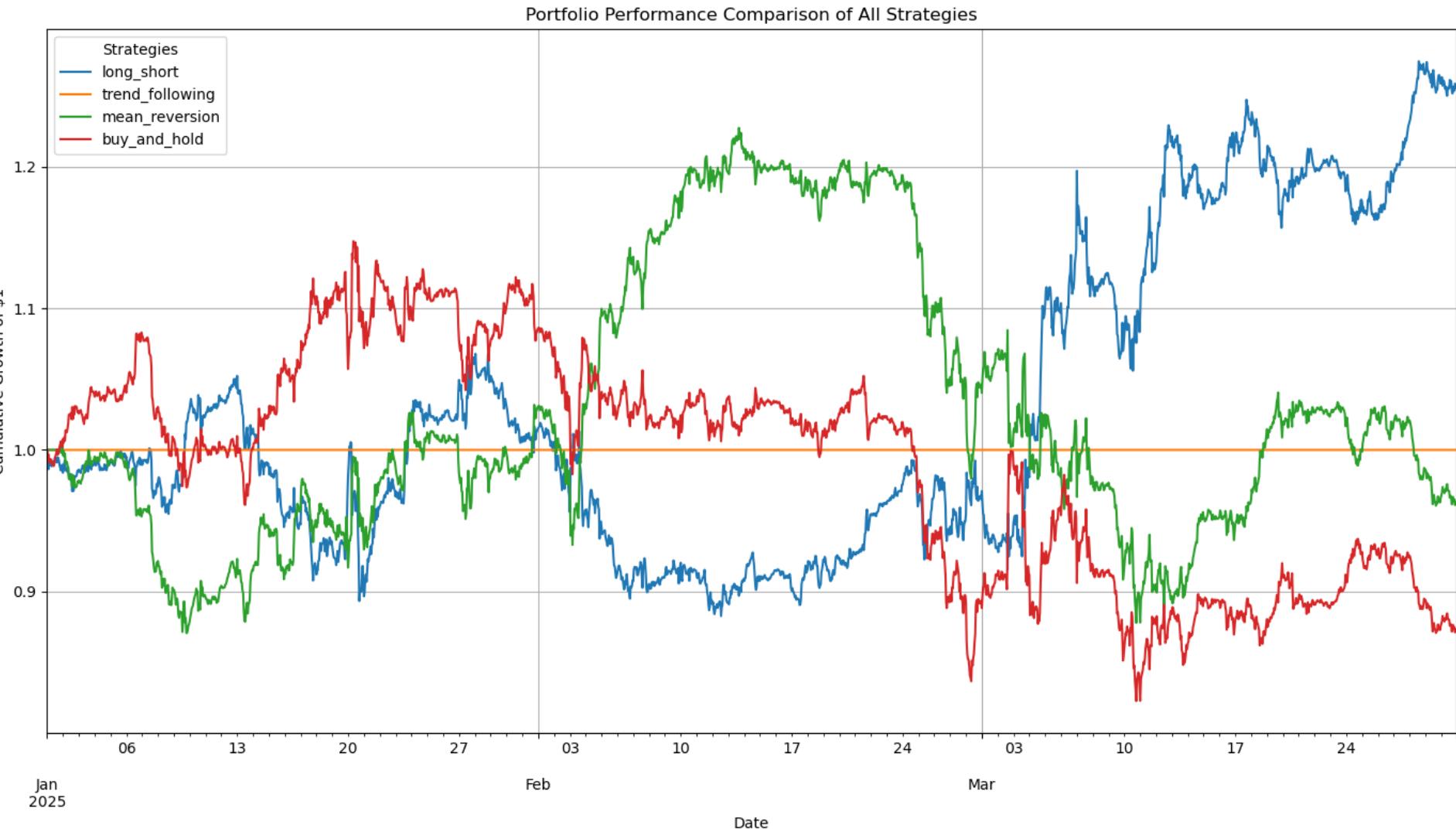
Now consider 4h-interval results.

ML-result-based strategy is bad again



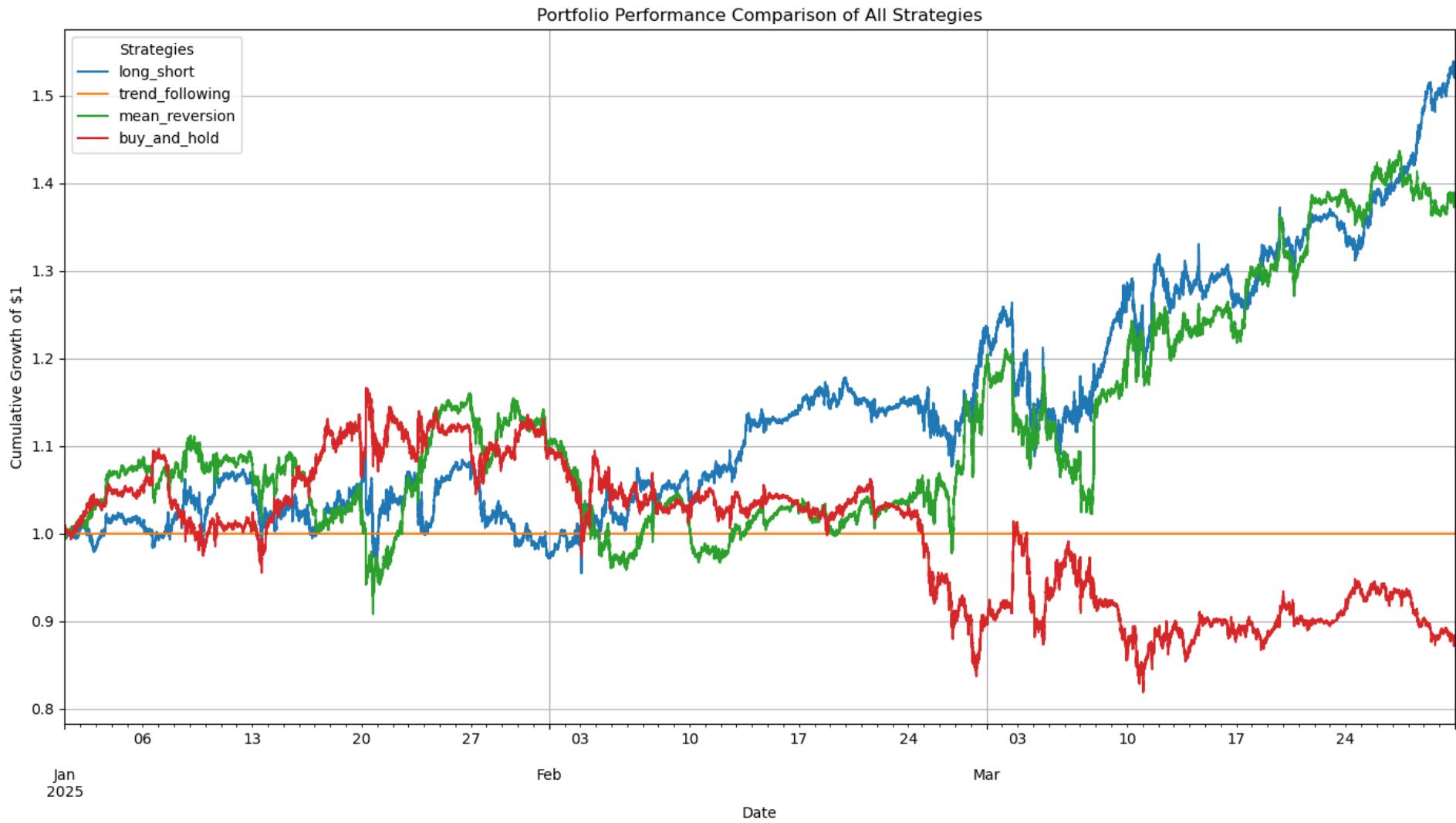
Now consider 1h-interval results.

ML-result-based strategy is better for 1h!



Now consider 1mins

ML-result-based strategy is also good for 1mins!



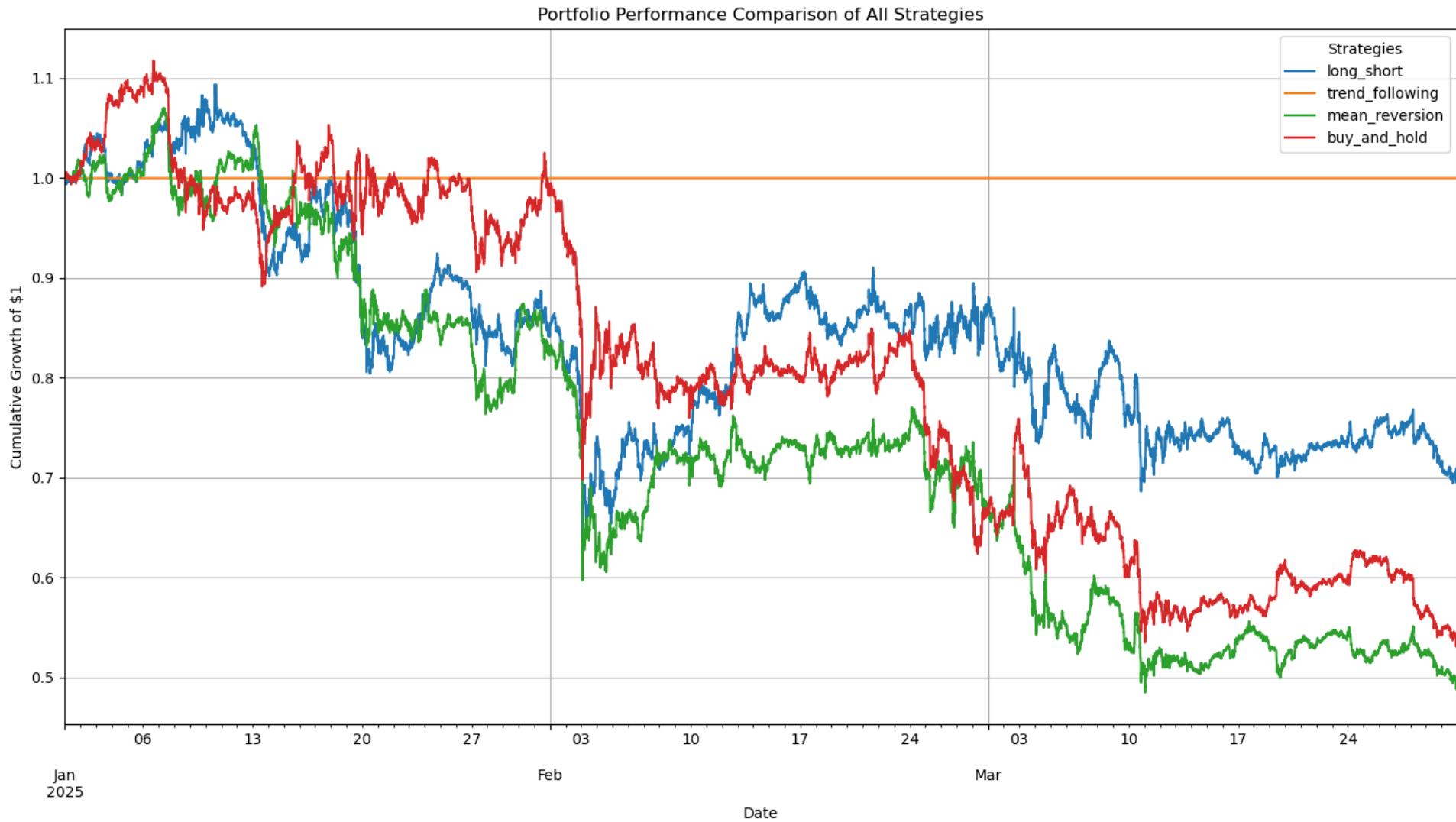
So we reach the first conclusion:
LightGBM classifier ML model is good when the time
interval of training data is smaller than 1h.

Now we also present the results of 10mins results of the other four crypto-coins.

It turns out that the model is good for some coins.

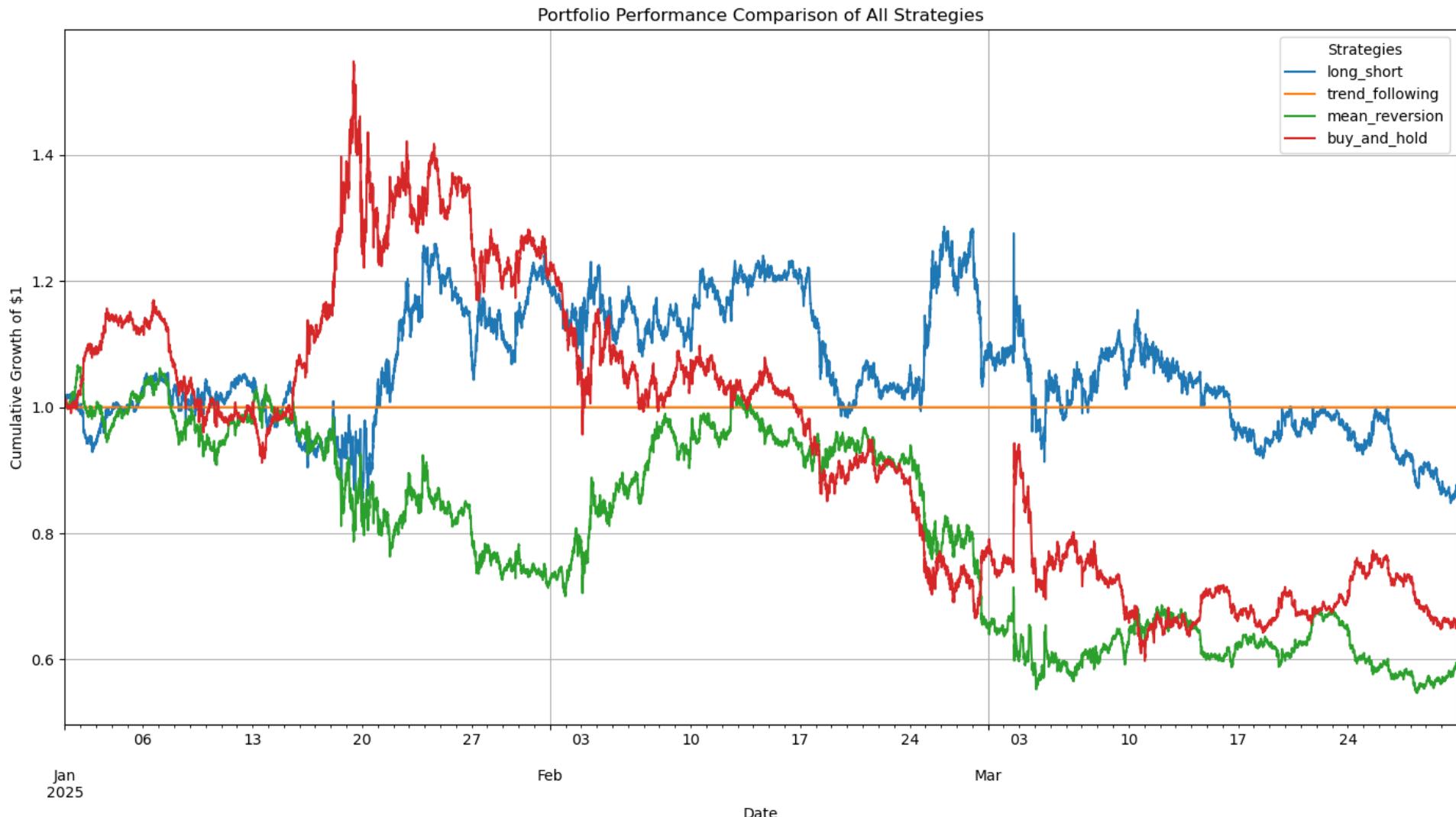
ETH

All strategies are not good but ML-based is best among them.



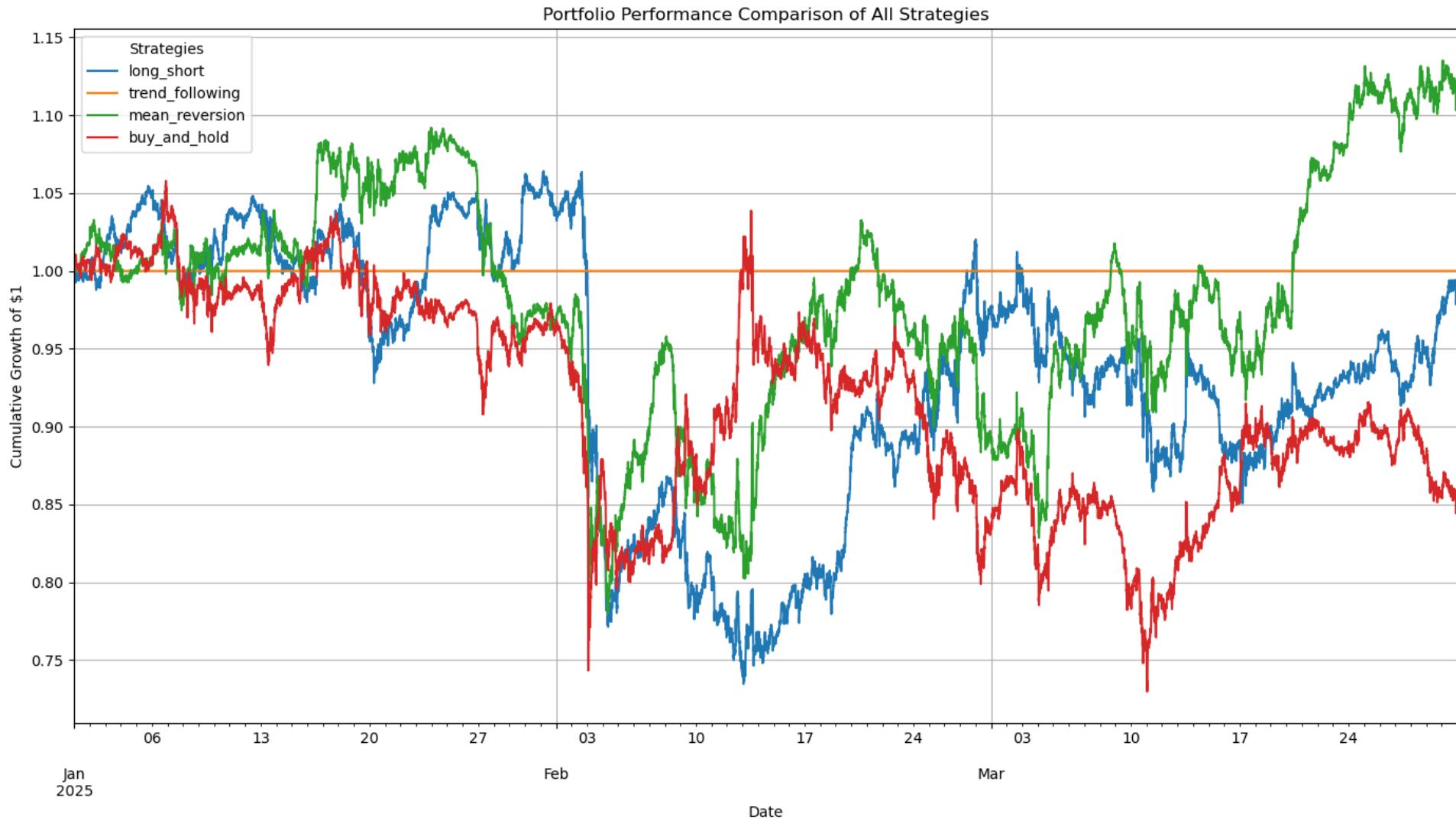
SOLU

ML-based is best among them and potentially profitable.

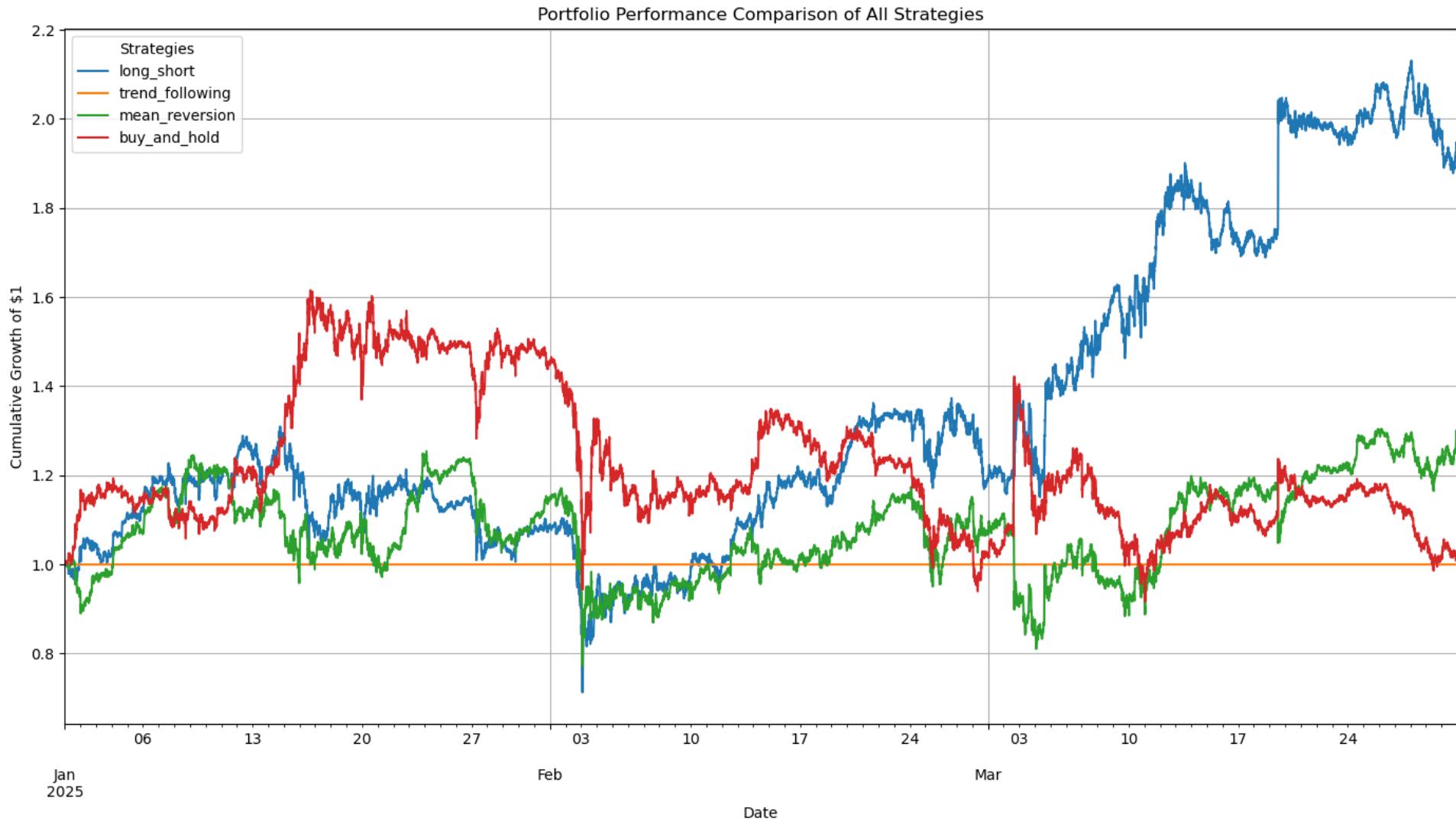


BNB

ML-result-based strategy is not good for BNB,



ML-based is best among them and can be profitable.



So we reach the second conclusion:
LightGBM classifier ML model is better than
conventional ones for almost all coins except BNB;
Profitable for BTC, XRPU, SOLU.