

Word Relationships

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5/2/2022

Import Data

```
files <- list.files(path = here("data"), pattern = "^EPA")

#ej_reports <- lapply(files, pdf_text)

ej_pdf <- readtext(file = here("data", "EPAEJ*"),
                   docvarsfrom = "filenames",
                   docvarnames = c("type", "year"),
                   sep = "_")

#creating an initial corpus containing our data
epa_corp <- corpus(x = ej_pdf, text_field = "text" )
summary(epa_corp)
```

```
## Corpus consisting of 6 documents, showing 6 documents:
##
##           Text Types Tokens Sentences  type year
## EPAEJ_2015.pdf  2136   8944         263 EPAEJ 2015
## EPAEJ_2016.pdf  1599   7965         176 EPAEJ 2016
## EPAEJ_2017.pdf  3973  30564         653 EPAEJ 2017
## EPAEJ_2018.pdf  2774  16658         447 EPAEJ 2018
## EPAEJ_2019.pdf  3773  22648         672 EPAEJ 2019
## EPAEJ_2020.pdf  4493  30523         987 EPAEJ 2020
```

Cleaning Data

```
# Adding some additional, context-specific stop words to stop word lexicon
more_stops <- c("2015", "2016", "2017", "2018", "2019", "2020", "www.epa.gov", "https")
add_stops <- tibble(word = c(stop_words$word, more_stops))
stop_vec <- as_vector(add_stops)

# tokenization and cleaning
tokens <- tokens(epa_corp, remove_punct = TRUE)

toks1 <- tokens_select(tokens, min_nchar = 3) %>%
  tokens_tolower() %>%
  tokens_remove(pattern = (stop_vec))

dfm <- dfm(toks1)
```

Relationship Analysis

```
# bigrams
toks2 <- tokens_ngrams(toks1, n=2)
dfm2 <- dfm(toks2)
dfm2 <- dfm_remove(dfm2, pattern = c(stop_vec))
freq_words2 <- textstat_frequency(dfm2, n=20)
freq_words2$token <- rep("bigram", 20)
```

```
# trigrams
toks3 <- tokens_ngrams(toks1, n=3)
dfm3 <- dfm(toks3)
dfm3 <- dfm_remove(dfm3, pattern = c(stop_vec))
freq_words3 <- textstat_frequency(dfm3, n=20)
freq_words3$token <- rep("trigram", 20)
```

freq_words2

##	feature	frequency	rank	docfreq	group	token
## 1	environmental_justice	556	1	6	all	bigram
## 2	technical_assistance	139	2	6	all	bigram
## 3	drinking_water	133	3	6	all	bigram
## 4	public_health	123	4	6	all	bigram
## 5	progress_report	108	5	6	all	bigram
## 6	air_quality	73	6	6	all	bigram
## 7	water_systems	66	7	6	all	bigram
## 8	vulnerable_communities	65	8	6	all	bigram
## 9	epa_region	62	9	5	all	bigram
## 10	environmental_public	57	10	6	all	bigram
## 11	federal_agencies	56	11	6	all	bigram
## 12	national_environmental	51	12	6	all	bigram
## 13	justice_fy2017	51	12	1	all	bigram
## 14	fy2017_progress	51	12	1	all	bigram
## 15	superfund_sites	48	15	4	all	bigram
## 16	indigenous_peoples	46	16	6	all	bigram
## 17	civil_rights	46	16	5	all	bigram
## 18	local_governments	45	18	6	all	bigram
## 19	urban_waters	44	19	6	all	bigram
## 20	overburdened_communities	43	20	6	all	bigram

freq_words3

##	feature	frequency	rank	docfreq	group	token
## 1	justice_fy2017_progress	51	1	1	all	trigram
## 2	fy2017_progress_report	51	1	1	all	trigram
## 3	environmental_public_health	50	3	6	all	trigram
## 4	environmental_justice_fy2017	50	3	1	all	trigram
## 5	national_environmental_justice	37	5	6	all	trigram
## 6	office_environmental_justice	32	6	6	all	trigram
## 7	epa's_environmental_justice	32	6	6	all	trigram
## 8	environmental_justice_progress	30	8	4	all	trigram
## 9	justice_progress_report	30	8	4	all	trigram
## 10	environmental_justice_concerns	30	8	5	all	trigram
## 11	drinking_water_systems	29	11	5	all	trigram
## 12	annual_environmental_justice	27	12	5	all	trigram
## 13	environmental_justice_advisory	27	12	6	all	trigram

## 14	fiscal_annual_environmental	25	14	3	all trigram
## 15	justice_advisory_council	24	15	6	all trigram
## 16	environmental_justice_grants	22	16	5	all trigram
## 17	technical_assistance_communities	20	17	6	all trigram
## 18	communities_environmental_justice	20	17	5	all trigram
## 19	safe_drinking_water	19	19	5	all trigram
## 20	technical_assistance_services	19	19	5	all trigram

The two tables above show the most common bigrams and trigrams in the EPA EJ Reports. A comparison of most common bigrams and trigrams shows that bigrams are probably the more useful set to look at: trigrams tend to include more “noise” (things like fy2017/office/report) but don’t add any additional meaningful relationships beyond what is provided by the bigrams.

Correlation Network

```
#convert to tidy format and apply my stop words
raw_text <- tidy(epa_corp)

#Distribution of most frequent words across documents
raw_words <- raw_text %>%
  mutate(year = as.factor(year)) %>%
  unnest_tokens(word, text) %>%
  anti_join(add_stops, by = 'word') %>%
  count(year, word, sort = TRUE)

#number of total words by document
total_words <- raw_words %>%
  group_by(year) %>%
  summarize(total = sum(n))

report_words <- left_join(raw_words, total_words)

## Joining, by = "year"
par_tokens <- unnest_tokens(raw_text, output = paragraphs, input = text, token = "paragraphs")

par_tokens <- par_tokens %>%
  mutate(par_id = 1:n())

par_words <- unnest_tokens(par_tokens, output = word, input = paragraphs, token = "words") %>%
  anti_join(add_stops, by = 'word')

word_cors <- par_words %>%
  add_count(par_id) %>%
  filter(n >= 50) %>%
  select(-n) %>%
  pairwise_cor(word, par_id, sort = TRUE)

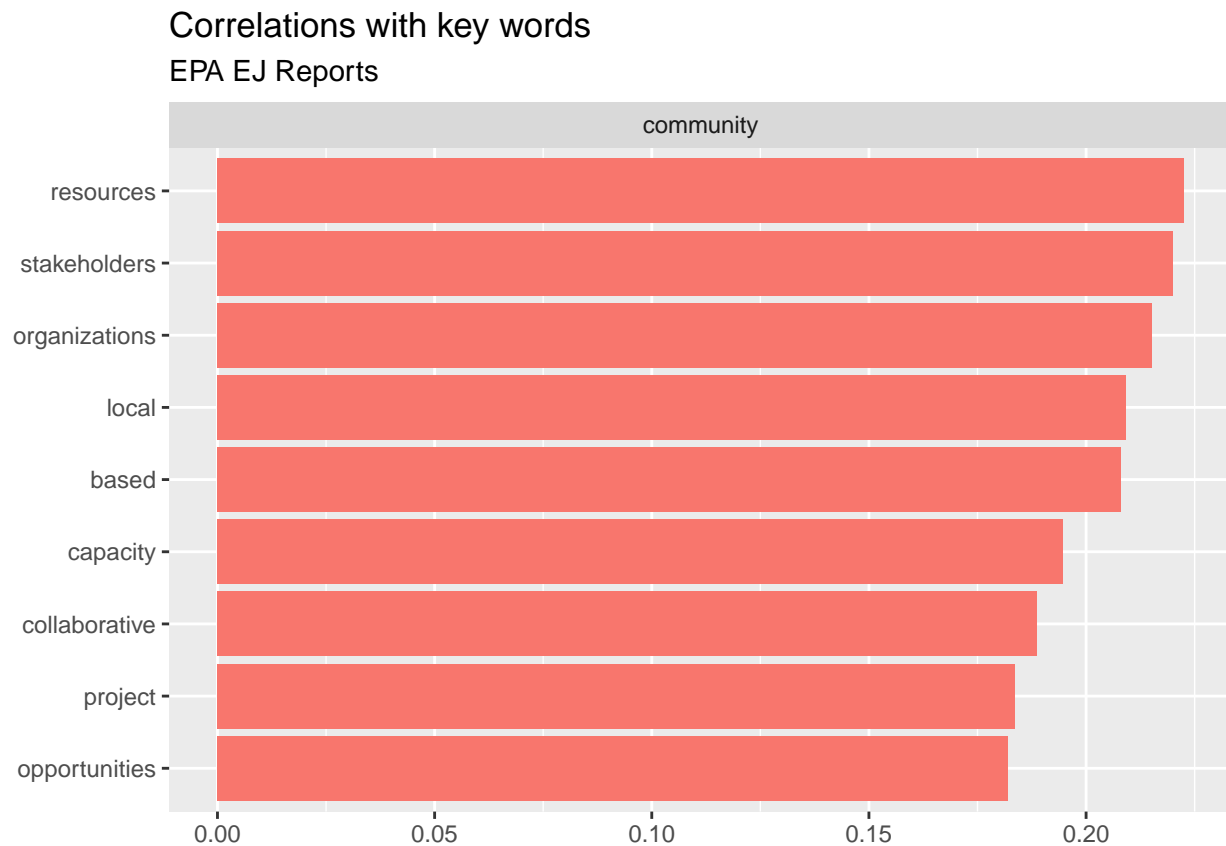
comm_cors <- word_cors %>%
  filter(item1 == "community")
```

Chart:

```
comm_cors %>%
  top_n(9) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
```

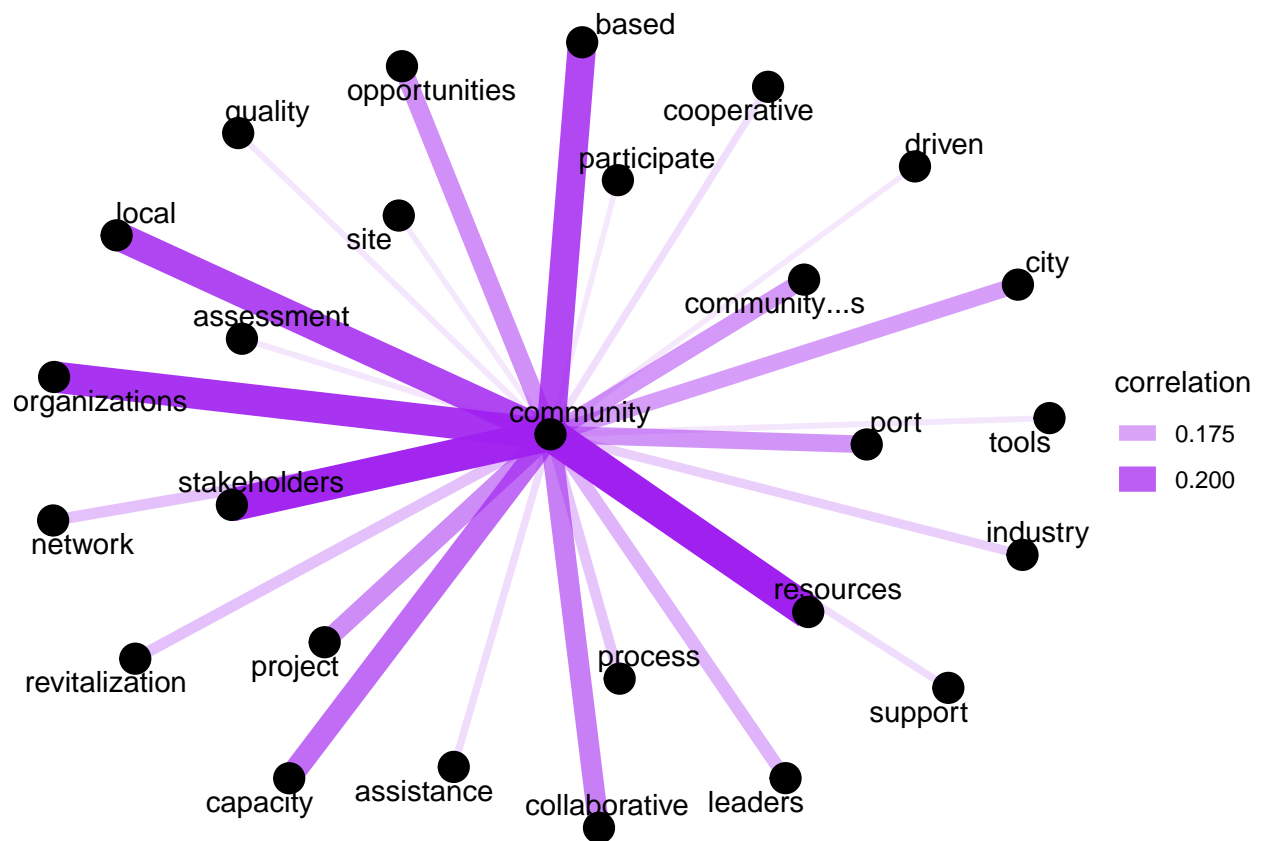
```
mutate(item1 = as.factor(item1),
name = reorder_within(item2, correlation, item1)) %>%
ggplot(aes(y = name, x = correlation, fill = item1)) +
geom_col(show.legend = FALSE) +
facet_wrap(~item1, ncol = 2, scales = "free")+
scale_y_reordered() +
labs(y = NULL,
x = NULL,
title = "Correlations with key words",
subtitle = "EPA EJ Reports")
```

Selecting by correlation



Network Visualization:

```
comm_cors %>%
filter(correlation > .15) %>%
graph_from_data_frame() %>%
ggraph(layout = "fr") +
geom_edge_link(aes(edge_alpha = correlation, edge_width = correlation), edge_colour = "purple") +
geom_node_point(size = 5) +
geom_node_text(aes(label = name), repel = TRUE,
point.padding = unit(0.2, "lines")) +
theme_void()
```

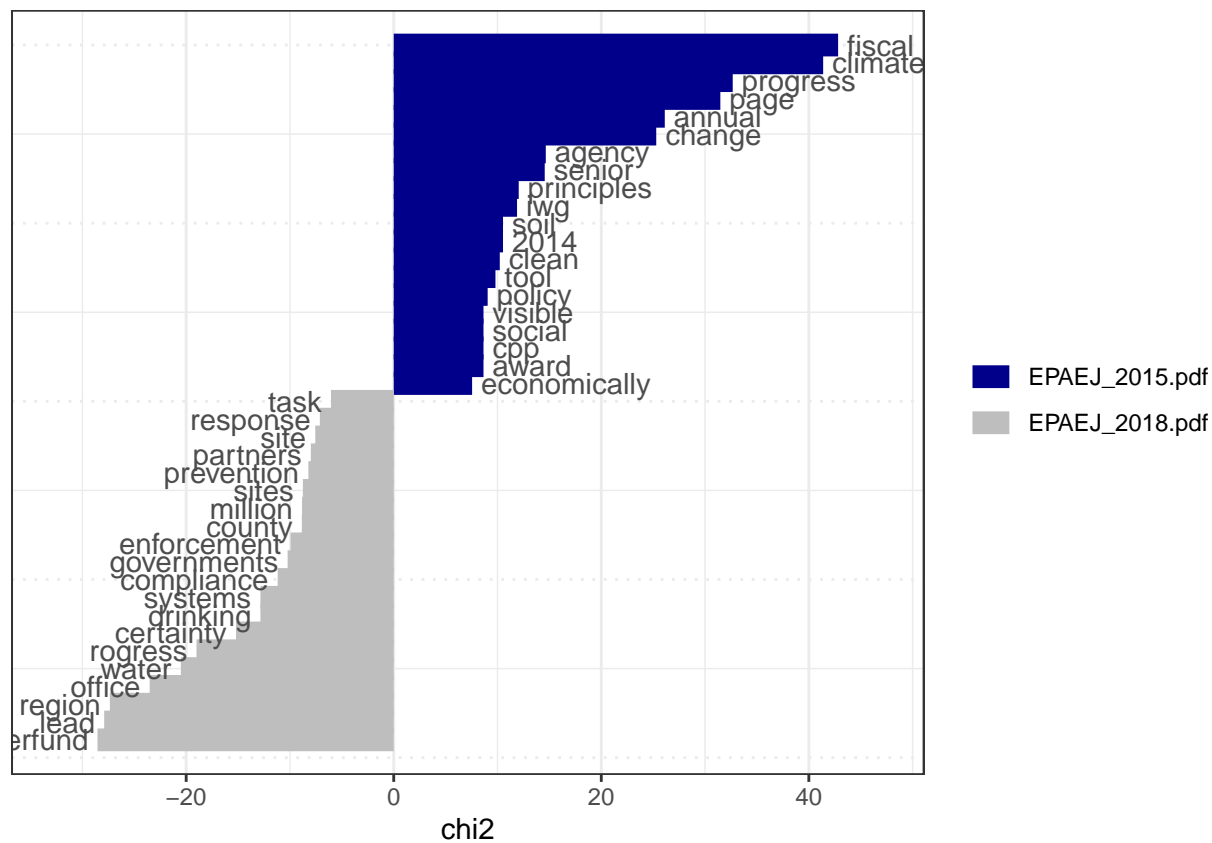


Keyness Analysis Function

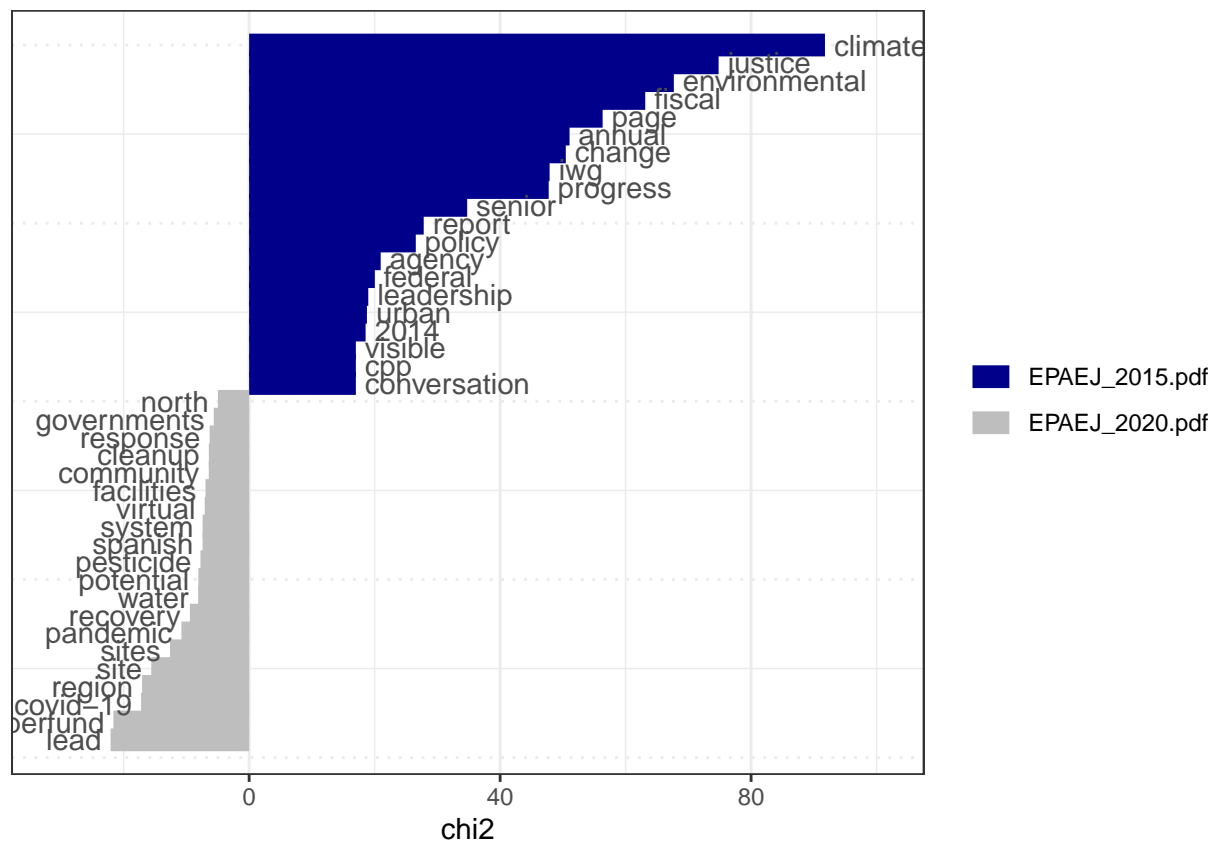
```
key_gram <- function(r1, r2) {
  docs <- dfm_subset(dfm, subset = (dfm@docvars[["docname_"]] %in% c(r1, r2)))

  keyness <- textstat_keyness(docs, target = r1)
  textplot_keyness(keyness)
}

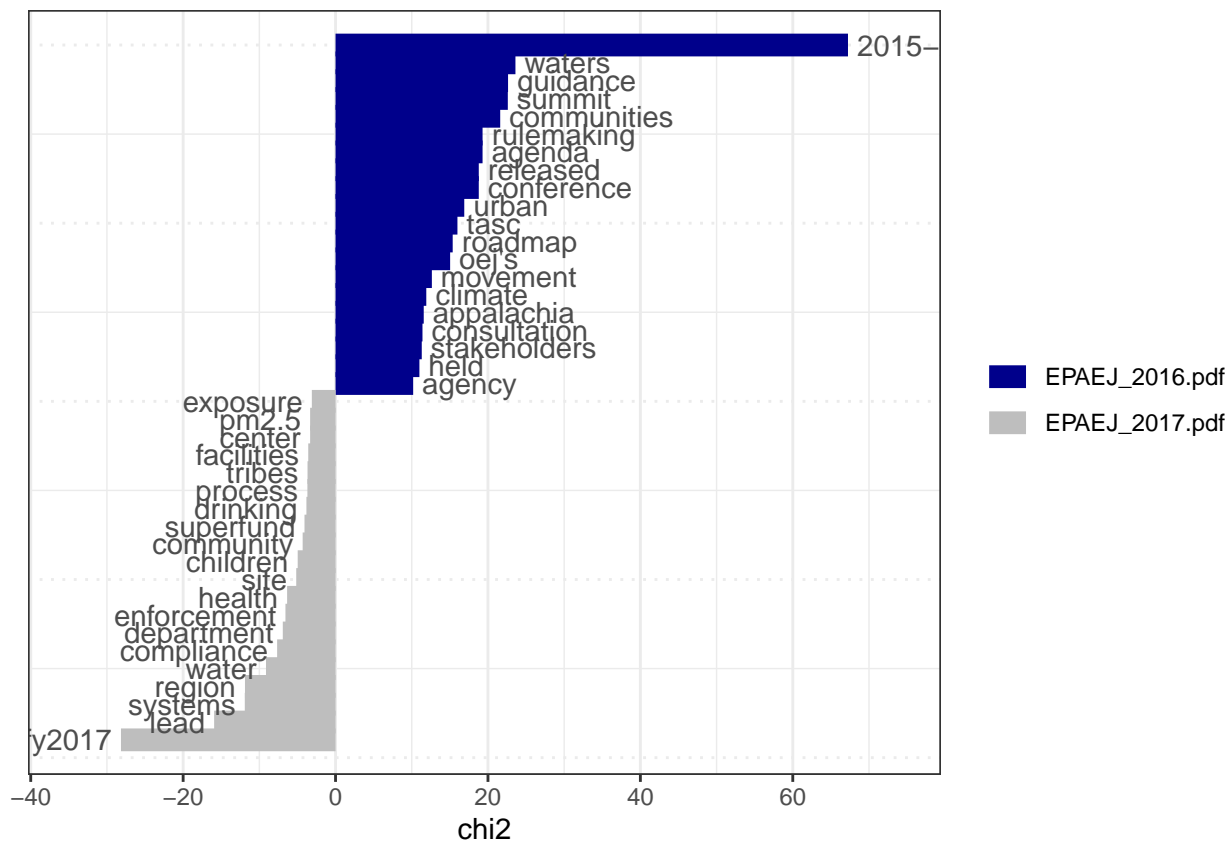
key_gram("EPAEJ_2015.pdf", "EPAEJ_2018.pdf")
```



```
key_gram("EPAEJ_2015.pdf", "EPAEJ_2020.pdf")
```



```
key_gram("EPAEJ_2016.pdf", "EPAEJ_2017.pdf")
```



10-Word Window

```
toks10 <- tokens_keep(toks1, window = 10, pattern = "community")
toks10 <- tokens_remove(toks10, pattern = "community")
tok_un <- tokens_remove(toks1, window = 10, pattern = "community")

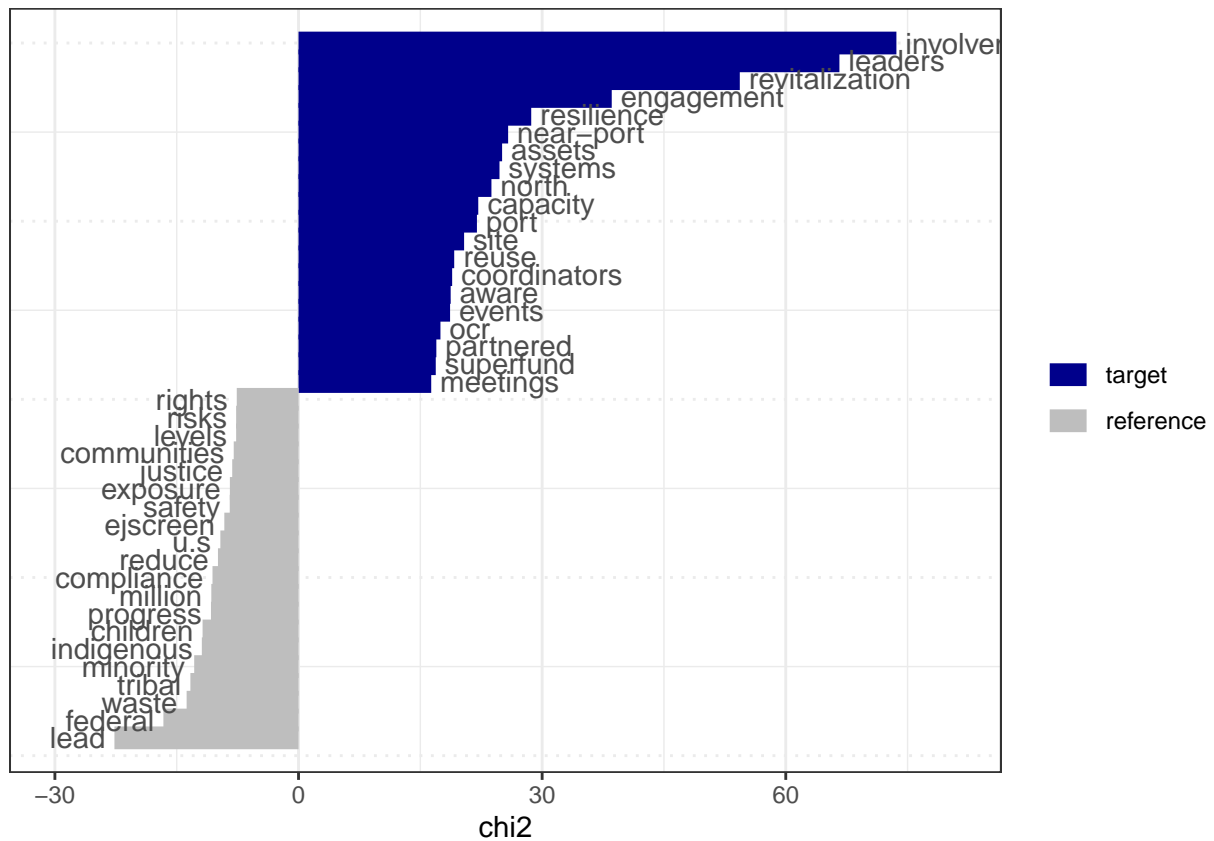
dfm10 <- dfm(toks10)
dfm_out <- dfm(tok_un)

dfm10 <- dfm_remove(dfm10, pattern = c(stop_vec))

dfm_compare <- rbind(dfm10, dfm_out)

comm_key <- textstat_keyness(dfm_compare, target = seq_len(ndoc(dfm10)))

textplot_keyness(comm_key)
```

As indicated in the legend, the target is words within the 10-word window of “community”, while the reference is all other words.