Utilizing Views to Normalize c_metadataml Values in Multi-Axial Metadata Hierarchies

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Introduction

With the increasing use of mutli-axial hierarchy metadata in i2b2 systems, the management of c_metadataxml values can become unwieldy. Since a given c_conceptcd can occur many times in the metadata, steps to normalize these values can be made without changing i2b2 source code.

Mutli-Axial Hierarchies

Many of the metadata sets used in the i2b2 ontology cell follow a simple parent/child pattern. That is, for a given node in a i2b2 metadata tree, a child node may have only one parent. Hence, the leaf node will only occur one time and no c_metadataxml needs to be defined more than one time.

However, in a multi-axial hierarchy there can be many paths to reach a particular leaf node. Hence, each time the leaf node is repeated, the corresponding <code>c_metadataxml</code> must be replicated in each row of metadata.

Conclusion

The creation of a separate table and a database view for each multi-axial metadata table allows the normalization of the c_metadataxml field. This simple solution eliminates the need for maintaining many copies of the c_metadataxml contents in complex i2b2 ontologies.

An additional normalization could be performed if there exists different data sources at a site with incompatible c_metadataxml contents for a given c_conceptcd. If an additional field for c_sourcesystemcd is added to the metadataxml_map table and the view is trivially extended, then the solution will work for many different datasources.

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The LOINC example pathways are taken from LOINC metadata developed for the GPC CDRN.

Sample metadata paths for WBC in LOINC

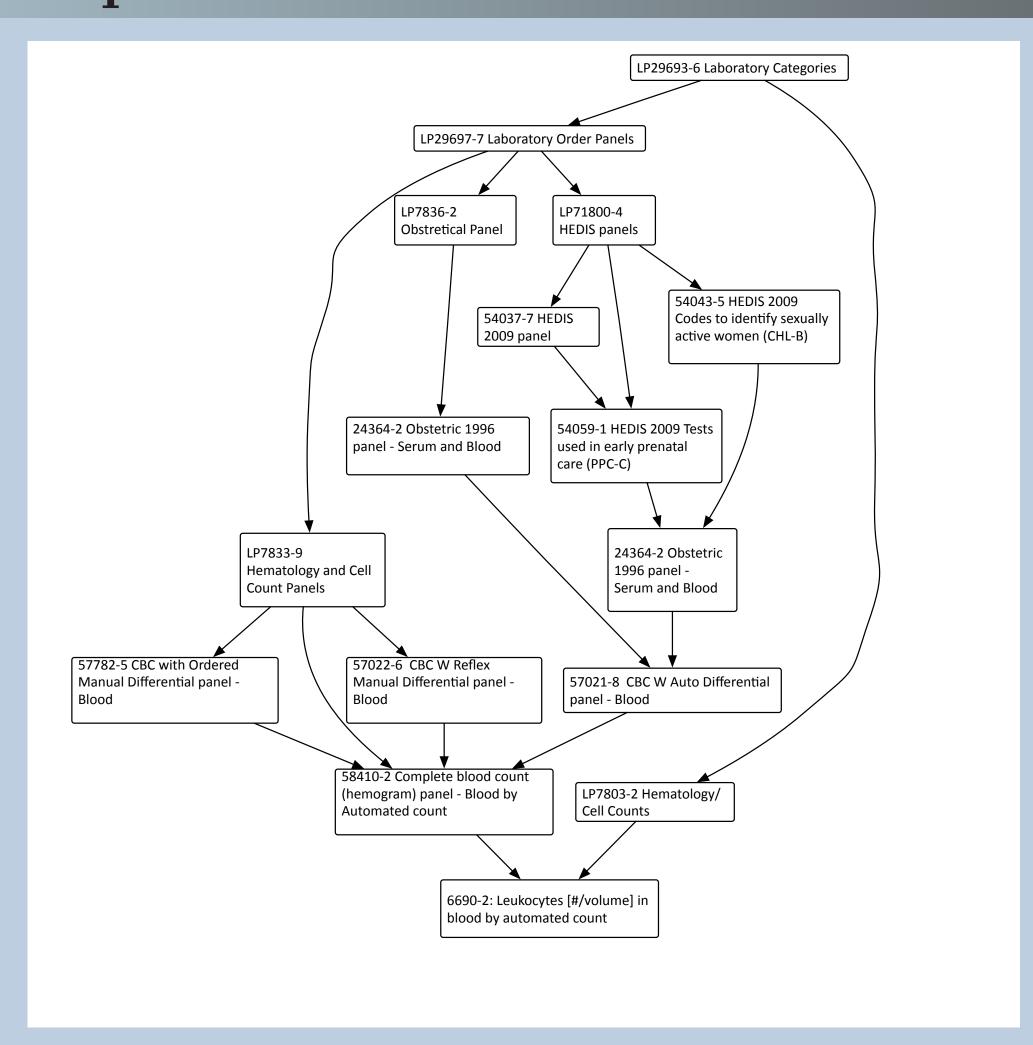


Figure 1: Example paths in LOINC

The graph shown above shows the different paths by which LOINC 6690-2 can be reached. There exist eight distinct paths from the top level node (Laboratory Categories) the the leaf node. The paths are enumerated in the table below.

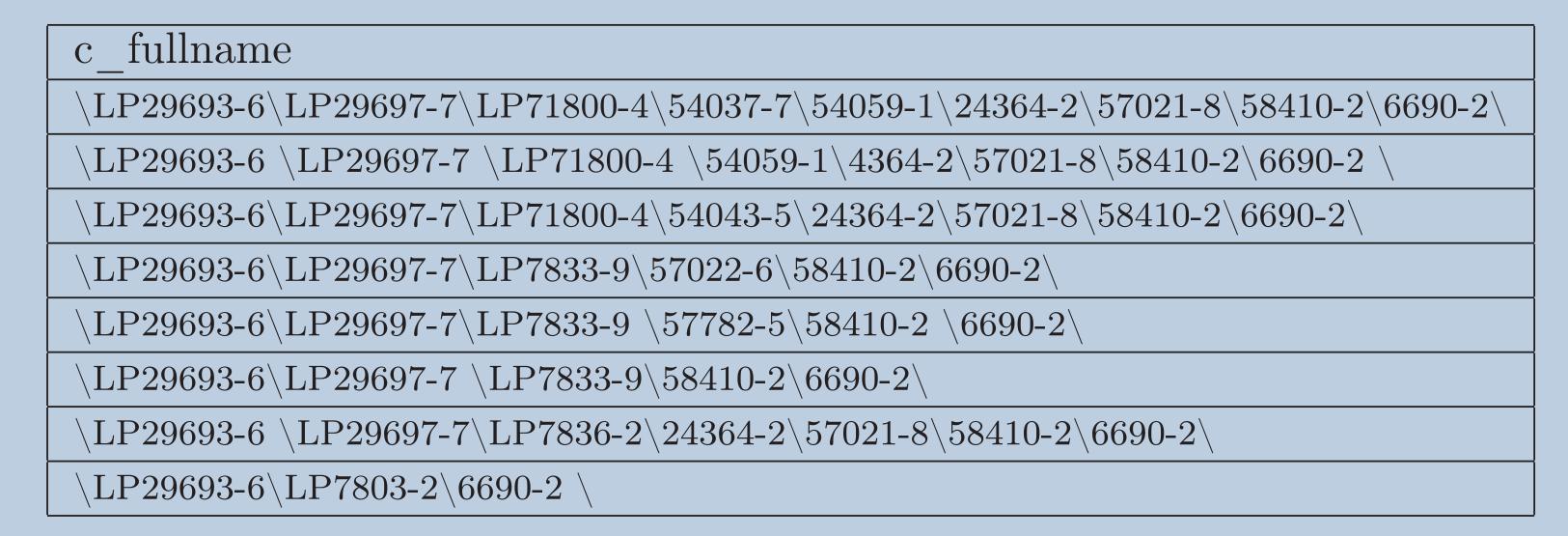


Table 1: Sample Metadata Paths for LOINC 6690-2

Adding Views to the Ontology Schema

The goal is to create a metadata view that encompasses the normalization of the c_metadata field. To accomplish this goal, we add a new table that contains the c_metadataxml field and the c_basecode field.

The view definition as shown above is very simple. One needs to use care when performing fact counting procedures that update the metadata tables and use the physical metadata table, and the not the view.

```
create table metadataxml map (
  c basecode varchar2(50),
  c metadataxml clob);
create view example metadata v as
  select em.c hlevel, em.c fullname, em.c name, em.c synonym cd,
         em.c visualattributes, em.c totalnum, em.c basecode,
        mm.c_metadataxml,em.c_facttablecolumn,em.c tablename,
         em.c columname, em.c columndatatype,
         em.c operator, em.c dimcode,
         em.c comment, em.c tooltip , em.m applied path,
         em.update_date,em.download date,em.import date,
         em. sourcesystem cd ,em. valuetype cd ,
         em.m exclusion cd, em.c path, em.c symbol
         from example metadata em
         left outer join metadataxml map mm
         on em.c basecode = mm.c basecode
```

With the new table, each c_basecode value only occurs one time. In the table_access table, the view name is substituted for the the original table.