



Chapter 4

TRANSACTIONS AND TRANSACTION PROCESSING



OVERVIEW

- Transaction Input and Output Explanation
- Unspent Transaction Output
- Blockchain Design

Group discussion

- ❖ What fields included in the transaction format of a blockchain?
- ❖ Explain coinbase transaction?
- ❖ Unspent Transaction Output (UTXO) model vs Account-based model?
 - ❖ Discussion time: 30 minutes
 - ❖ Presentation: 5 minutes



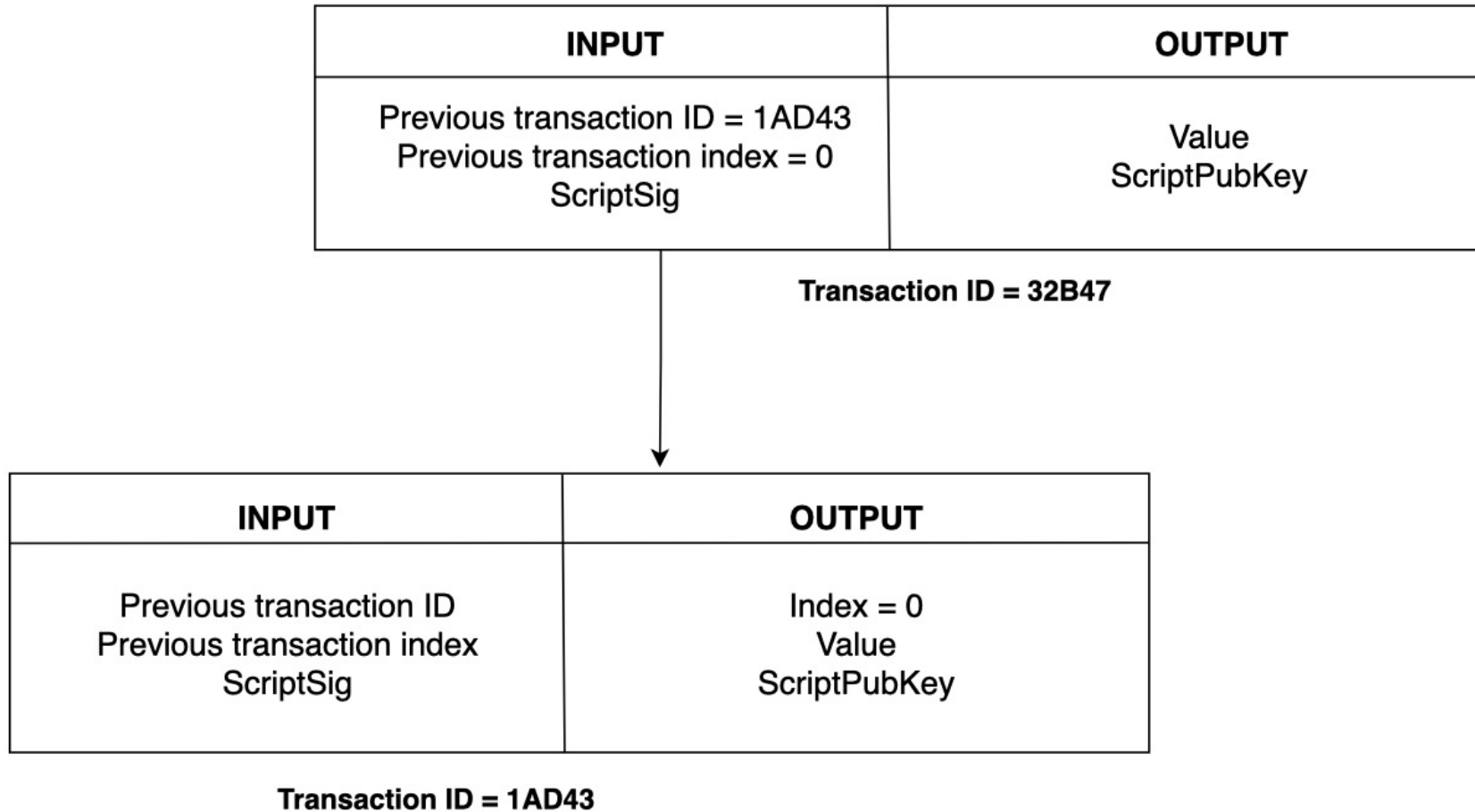
TRANSACTION FORMAT

INPUT	OUTPUT
Previous transaction ID Previous transaction index ScriptSig	Value ScriptPubKey

- **Previous transaction ID:** the ID of the transaction in which that Bitcoin was created as output and assigned to the current owner.
- **Previous transaction index:** Every Bitcoin transaction can have multiple outputs (an array of outputs), and every output is identified by a unique index (index of the array). This index, along with the previous transaction ID, can be used to locate the transaction where that Bitcoin was created and to identify its real owner.
- **ScriptSig (script signature):**
 - Encodes the public key and the signature of the current owner of the Bitcoin (payer).
 - Format: <Digital signature of the payer>
 <Public key of the payer>



TRANSACTION FORMAT: input



Every input of a transaction is linked to an output of a previous transaction.

image source: <https://www.educative.io>



TRANSACTION FORMAT: output

INPUT	OUTPUT
Previous transaction ID Previous transaction index ScriptSig	Index = 0 Value ScriptPubKey
	Index = 1 Value ScriptPubKey
Previous transaction ID Previous transaction index ScriptSig	Index = 2 Value ScriptPubKey

image source: <https://www.educative.io>

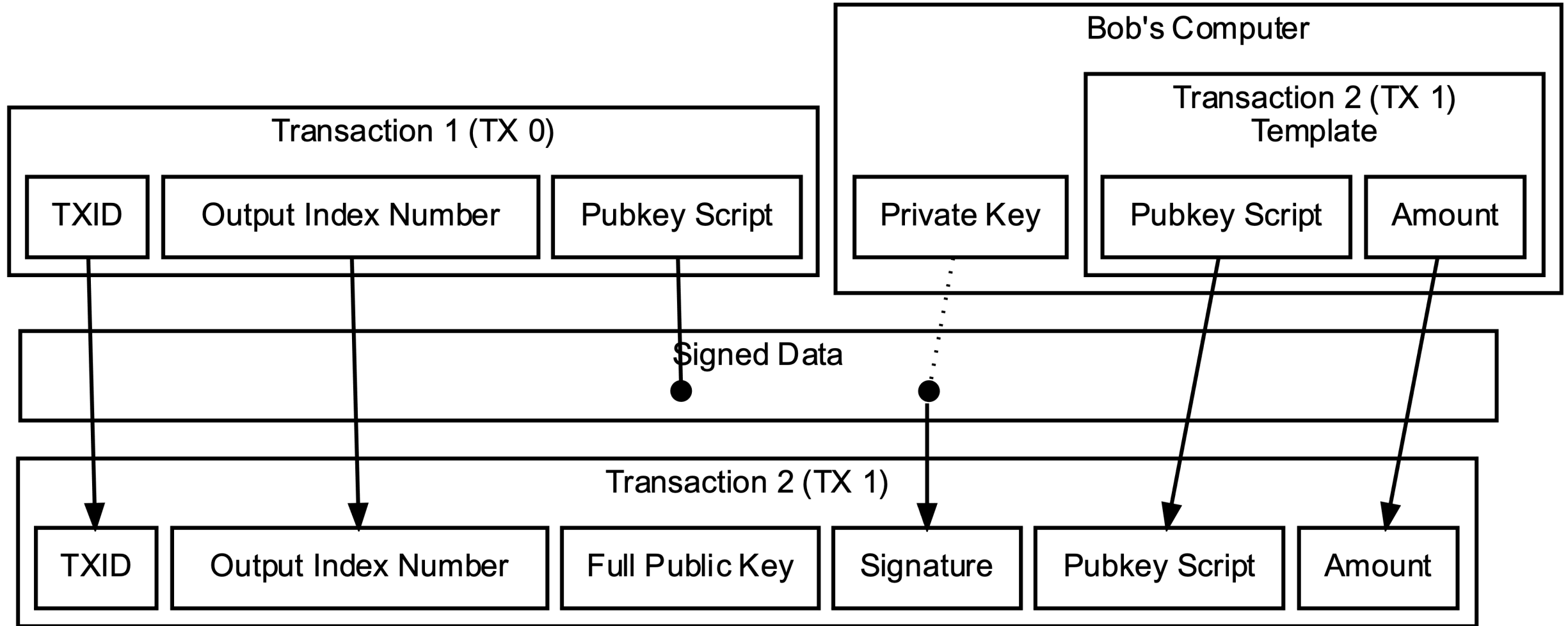


TRANSACTION FORMAT: output

- **Value:**
 - The number of Bitcoins being transferred to the payee.
 - The minimum value that a user can transfer is one satoshi
 - 10^8 satoshis = 1 Bitcoin
- **ScriptPubKey:** a sequence of instructions (like a function)
 - takes ScriptSig as input
 - returns true if a legitimate owner tries to unlock that Bitcoin.
 - otherwise, it returns false.
 - format of a ScriptPubKey:

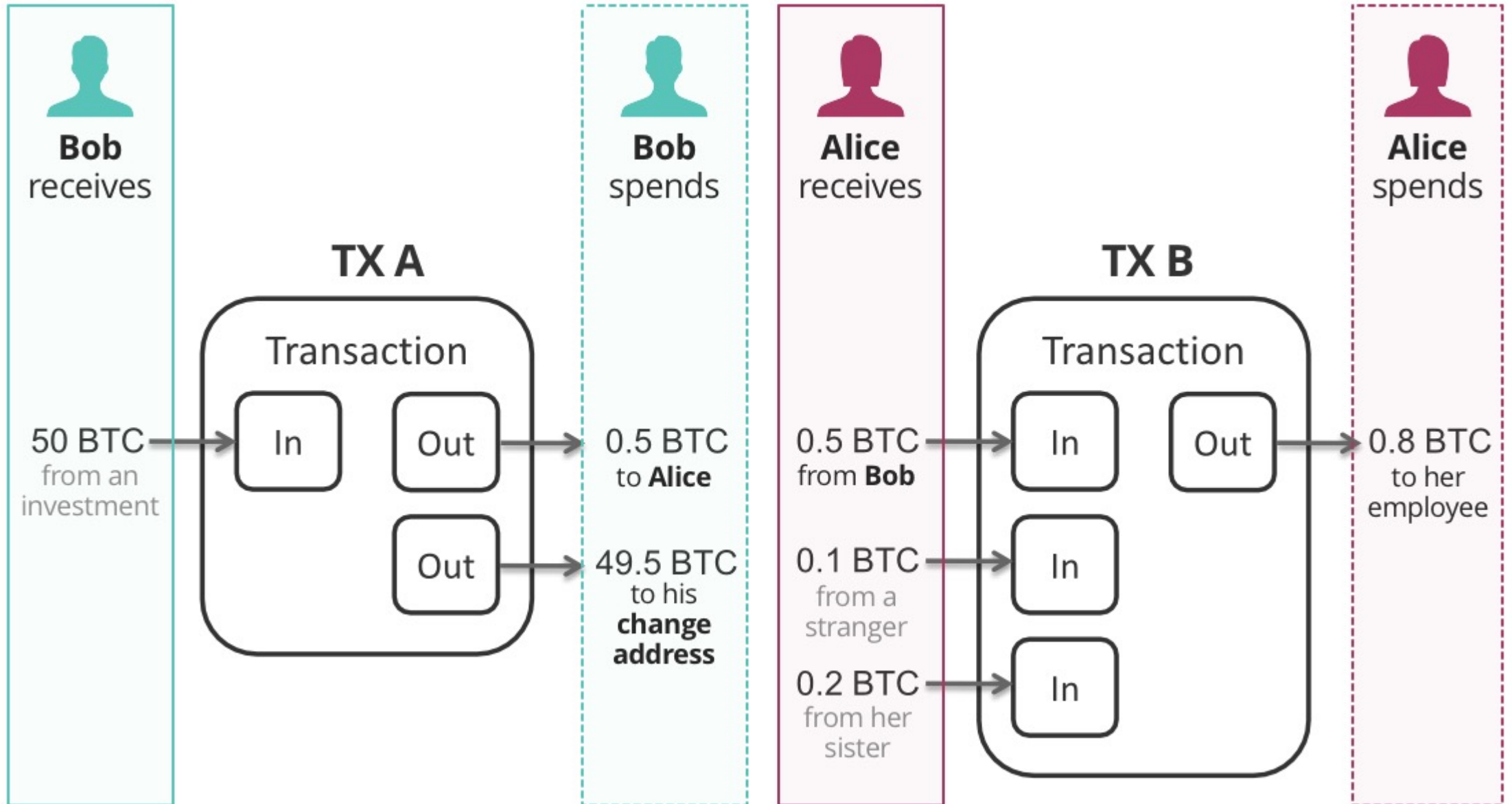
```
OP_DUP
OP_HASH160
<Hash(PubKey)>
OP_EQUALVERIFY
OP_CHECKSIG
```

TRANSACTION FORMAT

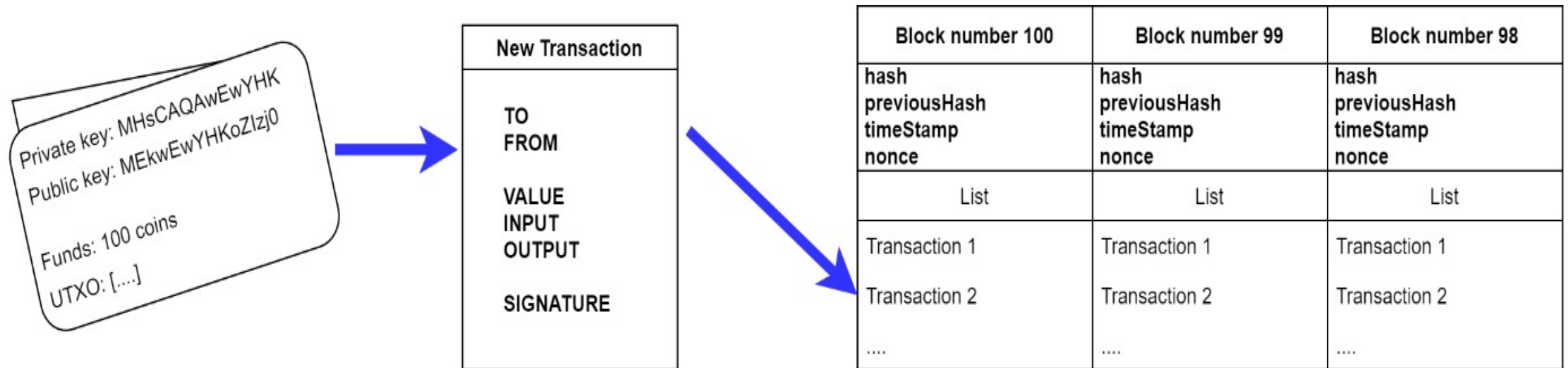


Some Of The Data Signed By Default

TRANSACTION FORMAT



TRANSACTIONS

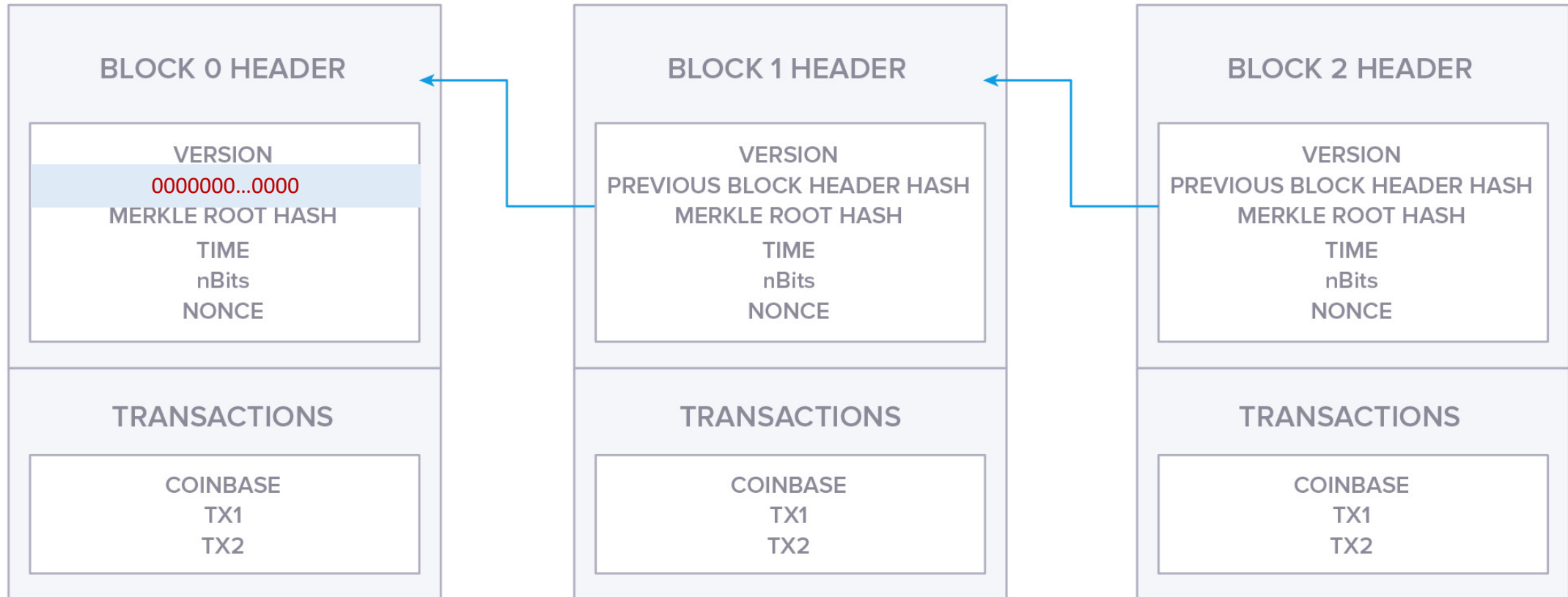




COINBASE TRANSACTION

RECAP

GENESIS BLOCK





COINBASE TRANSACTION

TRANSACTIONS

COINBASE

TX1

TX2

Fee	0.00000000 BTC (0.000 sat/B - 0.000 sat/WU - 405 bytes) (0.000 sat/vByte - 378 virtual bytes)	+6.25107888 BTC
Hash	5254e1e78c5831d99adaac3e67c03180c061...	2022-08-26 13:37
COINBASE (Newly Generated Coins) →		
	1GNgwA8JfG7Kc8akJ8o...	6.25107888 BTC
	OP_RETURN	0.00000000 BTC
	OP_RETURN	0.00000000 BTC
	OP_RETURN	0.00000000 BTC
	OP_RETURN	0.00000000 BTC

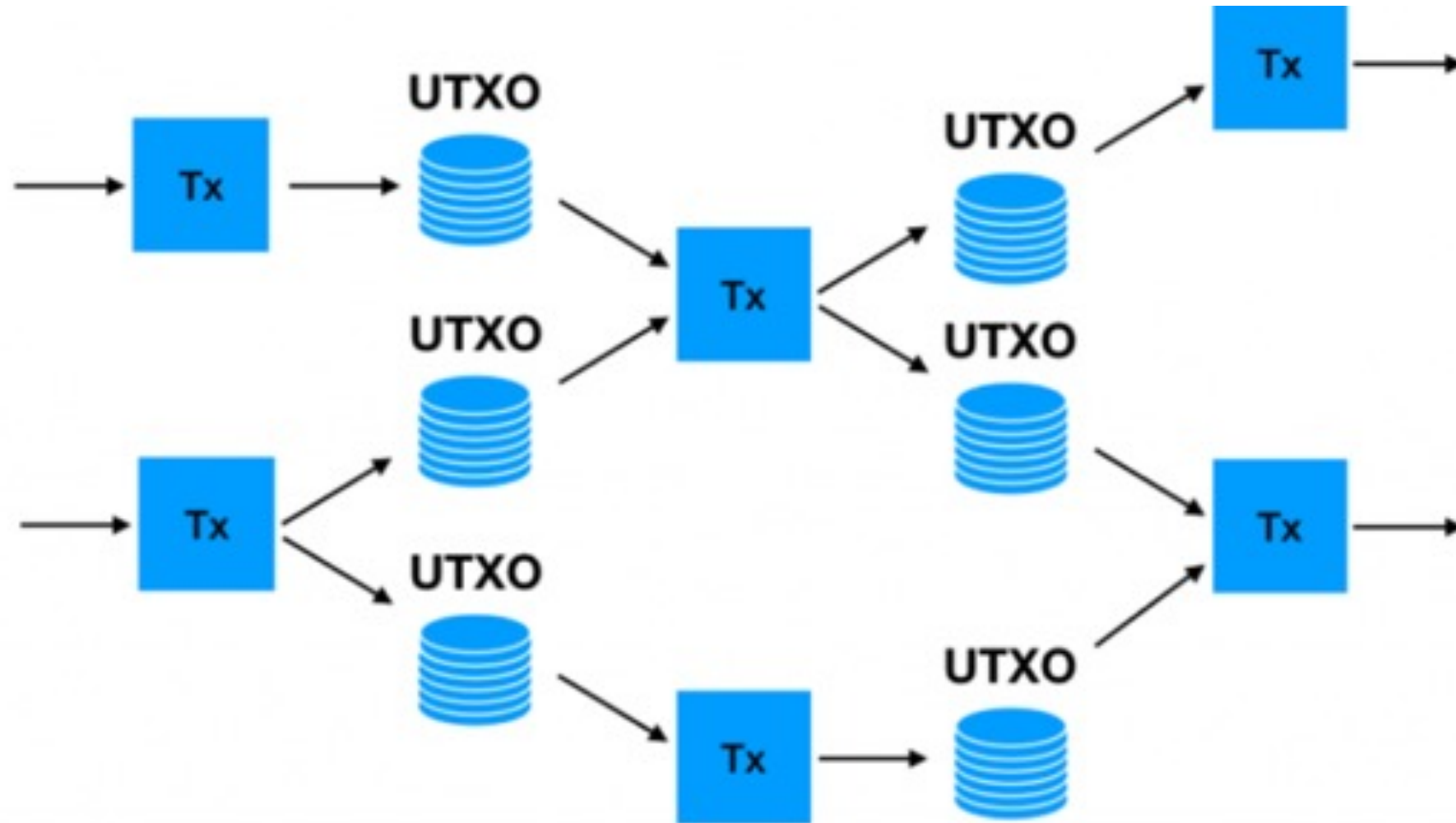


UNSPENT TRANSACTION OUTPUT (UTXO)

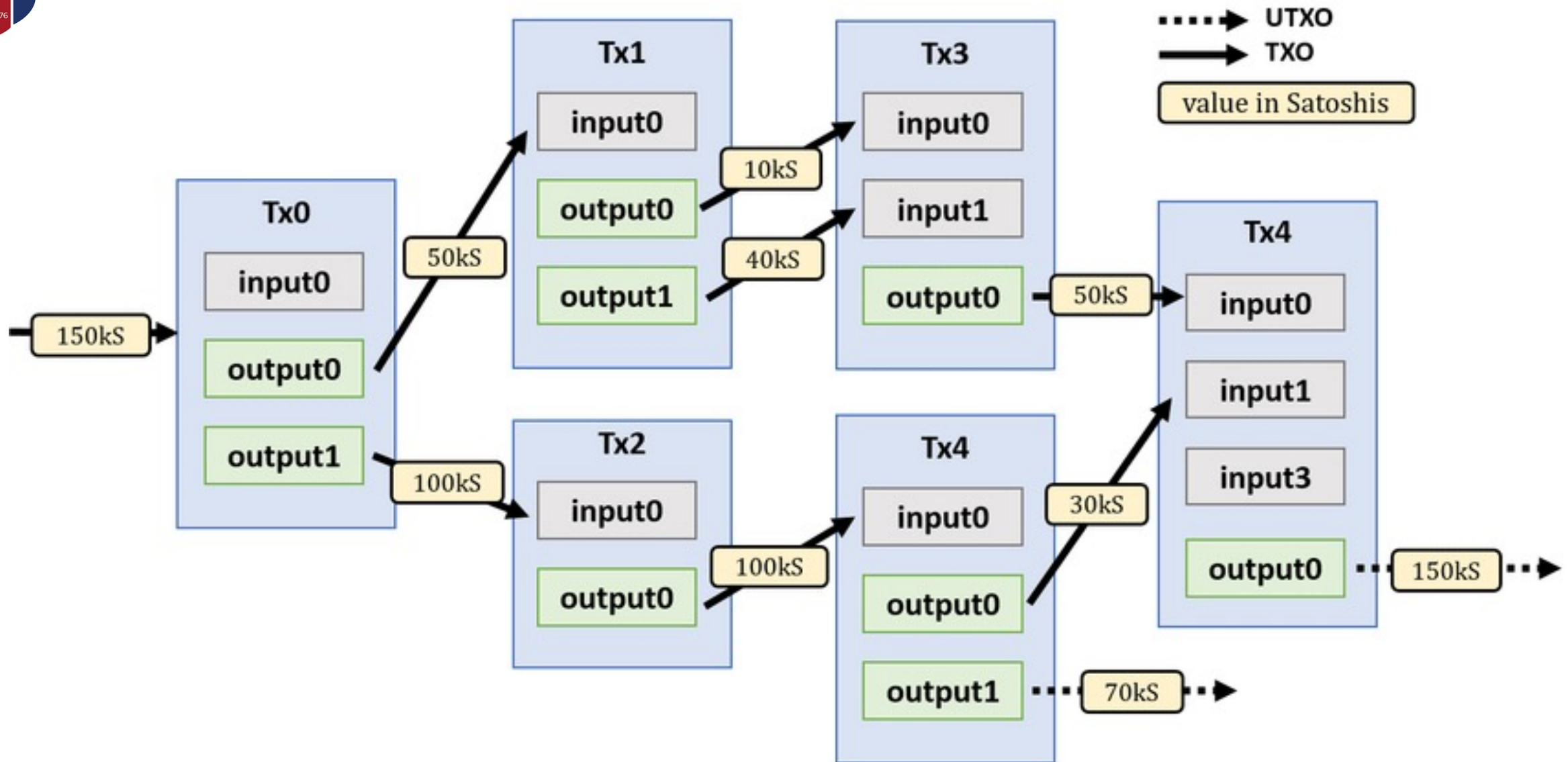
Bitcoin transaction outputs that have not been spent at a given time

- Contains All Currently Unspent Transaction Outputs
- Speeds up Transaction Validation Process
- Stored using a LevelDB database in Bitcoin Core called “chainstate”

UNSPENT TRANSACTION OUTPUT (UTXO)



UNSPENT TRANSACTION OUTPUT (UTXO)

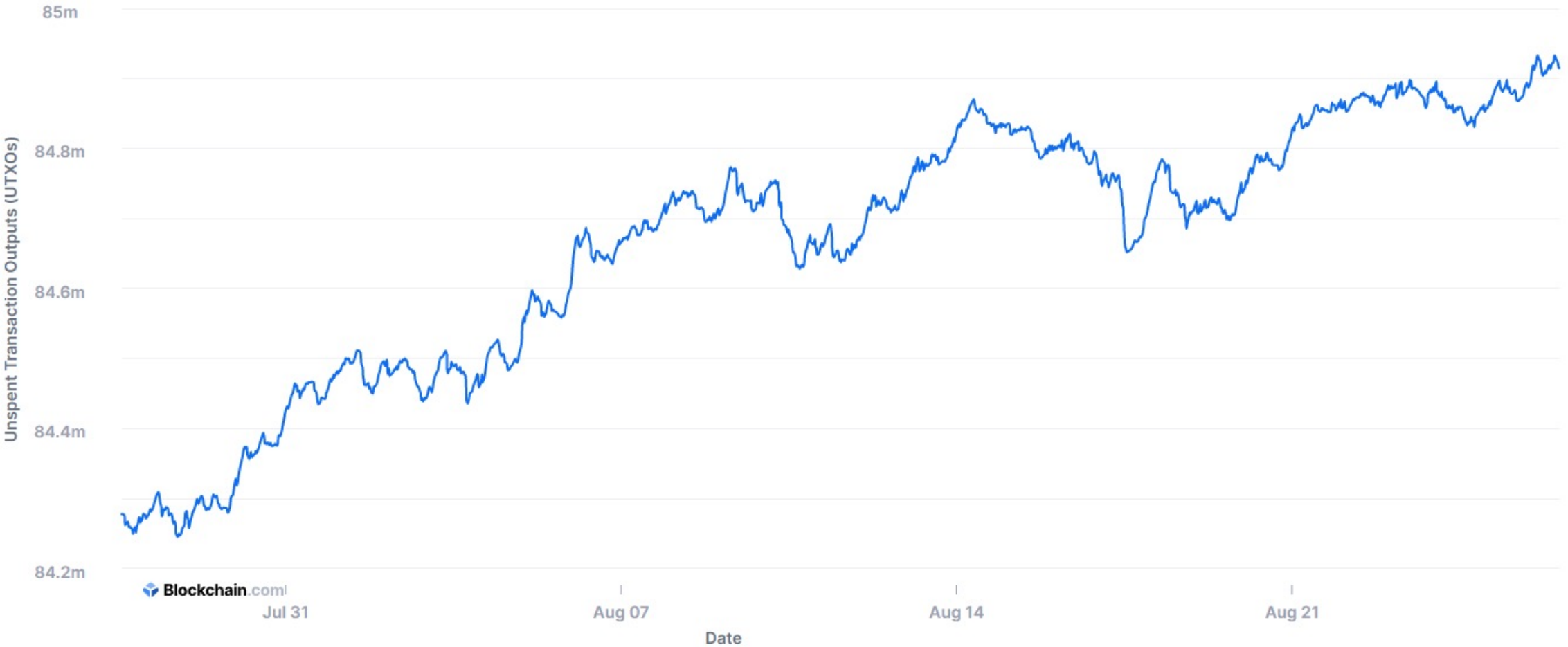




UNSPENT TRANSACTION OUTPUT (UTXO)

Unspent Transaction Outputs

The total number of valid unspent transaction outputs. This excludes invalid UTXOs with opcode OP_RETURN



Blockchain.com

Jul 31

Aug 07

Aug 14

Aug 21

Date

30 Days 60 Days 180 Days 1 Year 3 Years All Time

Raw Values 7 Day Average 30 Day Average

BLOCKCHAIN DESIGN

