

1 Fluid Description

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho \mathbf{v}) = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$\partial \rho_e / \partial t + \nabla \cdot \mathbf{j} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial(\rho \mathbf{v})}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho \mathbf{v} \otimes \mathbf{v}) = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$\nabla \cdot (\rho \mathbf{v}) = \partial_i(\rho v_i) = v_i \partial_i \rho + \rho \partial v_i$$

$$\frac{d\rho}{dt} = -\rho \nabla \cdot \mathbf{v} \quad (3)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \equiv \frac{\partial}{\partial t} + \mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla \quad (4)$$

$$\rho \frac{d\mathbf{v}}{dt} = -\nabla P \quad (5)$$

$$\frac{\partial(\rho \mathbf{v})}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho \mathbf{v} \otimes \mathbf{v} + P \mathbb{I}) = 0 \quad (6)$$

$$e = \frac{1}{2} v^2 + u \quad (7)$$

$$P = \frac{\rho}{\mu m_p} k_B T \quad (8)$$

$$u = \frac{N}{2} \frac{k_B T}{\mu m_p} = \frac{1}{\gamma - 1} \frac{k_B T}{\mu m_p} \quad (9)$$

$$P = (\gamma - 1) \rho u$$

$$\frac{\partial(\rho e)}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot [(\rho e + P) \mathbf{v}] = 0 \quad (10)$$