Intel Data Center



INTRODUCTION: Intel, the semiconductor manufacturing powerhouse, is planning on building a new data center. Energy availability and usage are some of the key considerations in deciding on a location of the data center. For example, which regions produce a surplus of energy, and are therefore more likely to provide energy at cheaper prices? Which regions rely more on renewable energy sources?

In this project, co-designed with Intel's Sustainability Team, you'll write SQL queries that will power your analysis and create visualizations that will help the Intel team select the best location for the new data center.

HOW IT WORKS: Follow the prompts in the questions below to investigate your data. Post your answers in the provided boxes: the **yellow boxes** for the queries you write, **purple boxes** for visualizations and **blue boxes** for text-based answers. When you're done, export your document as a pdf file and submit it on the Milestone page – see instructions for creating a PDF at the end of the Milestone.

RESOURCES: If you need hints on the Milestone or are feeling stuck, there are multiple ways of getting help. Attend Drop-In Hours to work on these problems with your peers, or reach out to the HelpHub if you have questions. Good luck!

SQL App: Here's that link to our specialized SQL app, where you'll write your SQL queries and interact with the data.

Data Set Descriptions

In this project you'll query 3 datasets as well as write a query to generate a new dataset that you will use in your tableau visualizations. The intel.energy_data
dataset will be the main dataset you'll be working with. The intel.energy_by_plant
and intel.power_plants
datasets will be joined for an in-depth analysis of energy production at the power plant level.

Read below to learn more about the datasets and their features.

intel.energy_data: Contains information about daily energy production and consumption for different regions in the United States.

- balancing_authority A Balancing Authority is responsible for maintaining the electricity balance within its region. This is a company that makes sure electricity is being exchanged between electric providers and regions so that no region runs out of electricity due to high demand.
- date The date the energy was produced.
- region The electric service area within a geographic area of the USA. e.g. California, Midwest, etc.
- time_at_end_of_hour The time and date after energy was generated, .e.g., energy generated between 1pm-2pm will show up as 2pm in this field.
- demand The energy demand in megawatts (MW) on the grid (what the houses/business are using).
- net_generation The energy produced in MW in the region by all sources e.g., wind, coal, nuclear, etc.
- all_petroleum_products The energy produced in MW by petroleum products.
- coal The energy produced in MW by all coal products
- hydropower_and_pumped_storage The energy produced in MW by water power and pumped heat sources.
- natural_gas The energy produced in MW by natural gas sources
- nuclear The energy produced in MW from nuclear fuel sources
- solar The energy produced in MW by solar panels and other solar energy capturing methods.
- wind The energy produced in MW from wind turbines and other wind sources.

intel.power_plants: Contains general information about power plants in the United States.

- plant_name The name of the power plant.
- plant_code The unique identifier of the plant.
- region The region in the US where the power plant is located. Matches the regions in the intel.energy_data
- state The state where the power plant is located.
- primary_technology The primary technology used to generate electricity at the power plant.

intel.energy_by_plant: Contains total energy production information at the plant for the year 2022.

- plant_name The name of the power plant.
- plant_code The unique identifier of the plant.
- energy_type The kind of energy generated by the power plant. Either renewable energy or fossil fuel.
- energy_generated_mw The total energy generated, in MegaWatts, at the plant for the year 2022.

- Task 1: Energy Generation

Let's first identify regions that are net energy producers. Not all regions generate enough energy to meet the local demand. Some regions purchase power from other regions, while others sell their surplus to regions in need.

A. Write a query using the intel.energy_data table that calculates the sum total of energy produced, grouped by each region. Sort the output by highest total energy. Which region has the highest positive total energy?

HINT: Total energy is equal to the difference between net_generation and demand.

SELECT region,

```
SUM(net_generation) AS total_energy_produced
FROM
  intel.energy_data
GROUP BY
  region
ORDER BY
SUM(net_generation) DESC
```

Mid-Atlantic with 841953684 MW.

B. Intel is interested in regions that generate a large amount of energy from renewable sources. Renewable energy is defined as any energy generated from hydropower_and_pumped_storage, wind, and solar sources.

Write a query that calculates the sum total of renewable energy by region. Sort the output by the region with the highest renewable energy. What are the top two regions for total renewable energy production?

HINT: You need to add the 3 energy sources together in one line before doing your group by: SUM(col1 + col2 + col3) AS new_column

```
SELECT
  region,
  SUM(hydropower_and_pumped_storage + wind + solar) AS
Renewable_energy_produced
FROM
  intel.energy_data
GROUP BY
  region
ORDER BY
SUM(hydropower_and_pumped_storage + wind + solar) DESC
```

Northwest with 199266574 and Texas with 131367234.

C. Modify your query slightly so that it calculates the **percentage** of renewable energy by region.

HINT: Divide the amount of renewable energy by the sum total of net_generation, and then multiply the result by 100.

```
SELECT
region,
(SUM(hydropower_and_pumped_storage + wind +
solar)/SUM(net_generation)) * 100 AS
Percentage_renewable_energy
FROM
intel.energy_data
GROUP BY
region
ORDER BY
(SUM(hydropower_and_pumped_storage + wind +
solar)/SUM(net_generation)) DESC
```

D. Which regions change from the top 3 when looking at total renewable energy vs percentage of renewable energy?

California moves into the 3rd spot over Texas when looking at percentage instead of total.

- Task 2: Generating New Data by Energy Type

Intel would like to know how renewable energy and fossil fuels trend over time. In order to do this, you will first need to generate a new table using your SQL

knowledge and the intel.energy_data table before visualizing trends in Tableau Cloud.

A. Write a query that calculates the renewable energy generated for each row. Return only the date, region, and energy_generated_mw columns.

Note: energy_generated_mw is the alias for hydropower_and_pumped_storage + wind + solar.

```
SELECT
  region,
  date,
   (hydropower_and_pumped_storage + wind + solar) AS
  energy_generated_mw
FROM
  intel.energy_data
```

After showing the result of the query to your manager, she tells you that she wants it to be clear that the energy_generated_mw column is referring to renewable energy types. She asks you to create a new column called energy_type that has the value 'renewable energy' for each row.

A colleague teaches you a simple method to do this. When writing your query, add an additional column after your select statement. Here is an example:

```
SELECT

*, -- any relevant fields to the query

'renewable energy' AS energy_type

FROM intel.energy_data
```

B. Modify your query from Part **A.** to include the energy_type column.

```
SELECT
region,
date,
(hydropower_and_pumped_storage + wind + solar) AS
energy_generated_mw,
'renewable energy' AS energy_type
FROM
intel.energy_data
```

C. Next, write a **new** query that calculates the fossil fuel energy generated for each row. As in Part **A.**, return only the date, region, and energy_generated_mw columns, where energy_generated_mw is now the alias for all_petroleum_products + coal + natural_gas + nuclear + other_fuel_sources.

```
SELECT
  region,
  date,
  (all_petroleum_products + coal + natural_gas + nuclear +
  other_fuel_sources) AS energy_generated_mw
FROM
  intel.energy_data
```

D. Modify your query in Part **C.** to include the energy_type column. This column should have the value 'fossil fuel' for each row.

HINT: This is very similar to Part **B**.!

```
SELECT
  region,
  date,
  (all_petroleum_products + coal + natural_gas + nuclear +
  other_fuel_sources) AS energy_generated_mw,
  'fossil fuel' AS energy_type
FROM
```

```
intel.energy_data
```

E. Your queries from Parts **B.** and **D.** should both have the columns date, region, energy_generated, and energy_type. Write one final query that UNIONs these two together.

```
SELECT
  region,
 date,
  (hydropower_and_pumped_storage + wind + solar) AS
energy_generated_mw,
  'renewable energy' AS energy_type
FROM
  intel.energy_data
UNION
SELECT
  region,
 date,
  (all_petroleum_products + coal + natural_gas + nuclear +
other_fuel_sources) AS energy_generated_mw,
  'fossil fuel' AS energy_type
FROM
  intel.energy_data
```

Task 3: Aggregating Power Plant Data

Intel has provided you with additional data in order to reach the best conclusion about the location of its next data center. In this task you will be working with two tables intel.power_plants and intel.energy_by_power_plant. You will need to join these tables before you can aggregate them to help the Intel team with their analysis.

A. Join the intel.power_plants and intel.energy_by_power_plant data on the plant_code. This joined table will form the basis for the rest of the task.

If done correctly, your output will have 2,504 rows.

```
SELECT

*
FROM

intel.power_plants AS a

INNER JOIN intel.energy_by_plant AS b

ON a.plant_code = b.plant_code
```

Note: It is recommended to use the **WITH** keyword for the remainder of this Task to simplify your queries. For a refresher, rewatch " în The **WITH** Keyword" in SkillBuilder 6.

B. Write a query that returns the total number of **renewable energy** power plants for each region. Which region has the most renewable power plants?

```
WITH power_plant_table AS
(SELECT
  *
FROM
  intel.power_plants AS a
  INNER JOIN intel.energy_by_plant AS b
  ON a.plant_code = b.plant_code)

SELECT
  COUNT(energy_type)
FROM
  power_plant_table
WHERE
  energy_type LIKE 'renewable_energy'
```

C. Next, write a query that returns both the total number of power plants and the total energy generated, specifically from plants that use "Solar Photovoltaic" technology, grouped by each region.

```
WITH power_plant_table AS
(SELECT
FROM
  intel.power_plants AS a
  INNER JOIN intel.energy_by_plant AS b
  ON a.plant_code = b.plant_code)
SELECT
  region,
  COUNT(primary_technology),
  SUM(energy_generated_mw)
FROM
  power_plant_table
WHERE
  primary_technology ILIKE 'Solar_Photovoltaic'
GROUP BY
  region
```

D. Modify your query in part **C** to only show regions having at least 50 power plants that use "Solar Photovoltaic" technology. What can you infer about the efficiency (or size) of the power plants in the Midwest region relative to the other regions in your output?

```
WITH power_plant_table AS
```

```
(SELECT
  *
FROM
  intel.power_plants AS a
  INNER JOIN intel.energy_by_plant AS b
  ON a.plant_code = b.plant_code)
SELECT
  region,
  COUNT(primary_technology),
  SUM(energy_generated_mw)
FROM
  power_plant_table
WHERE
  primary_technology ILIKE 'Solar_Photovoltaic'
GROUP BY
  region
HAVING
  COUNT(primary_technology) >= 50
```

They have one of the highest amounts of plants but have a noticeably smaller amount of energy produced compared to others.

Note: There is more Tableau work up ahead! If you want to skip the LevelUp jump straight to **Task 4** below!

- LevelUp: Hourly Trends in Renewable Energy

Before moving on to your Tableau Visualizations, let's investigate how renewable energy generation fluctuates with the time of day.

A. Write a query that calculates the total **renewable** energy generated in each region for each hour of the day.

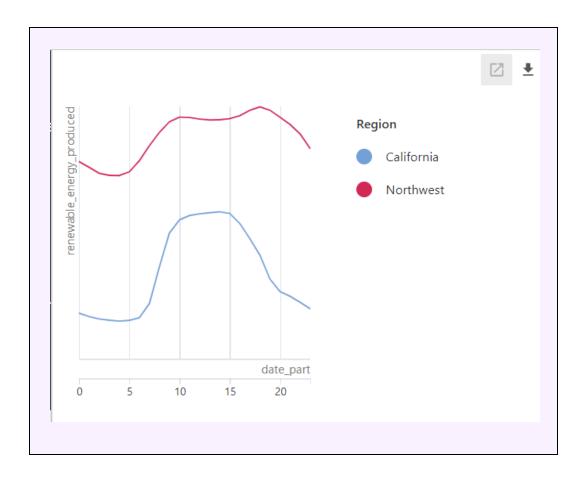
HINT: You'll need to use the date_part function to get the hour from the time_at_end_of_hour column. Your result should only have the values 0-23 for that new column.

```
SELECT
region,
date_part('hour', time_at_end_of_hour),
SUM(hydropower_and_pumped_storage + wind + solar) AS
Renewable_energy_produced
FROM
intel.energy_data
GROUP BY
region, date_part('hour', time_at_end_of_hour)
```

B. Modify your query to filter to the 'California' and 'Northwest' regions only.

```
SELECT
region,
date_part('hour', time_at_end_of_hour),
SUM(hydropower_and_pumped_storage + wind + solar) AS
Renewable_energy_produced
FROM
intel.energy_data
WHERE
region LIKE 'California'
OR
region LIKE 'Northwest'
GROUP BY
region, date_part('hour', time_at_end_of_hour)
```

C. Use the built-in visualizer in the SQL app to plot a line graph of the energy generated for each hour of the day and colored by the region. If done correctly you should have two lines in your visualization.



D. What can you say about the renewable energy generation between California (CAL) and the Pacific Northwest (NW)?

California generates energy mostly during the working hours of the day, where as the Northwest definitely peaks during the working hours, but does not fall off nearly as drastically as California does.

- Task 4: Visualizing and Analyzing Using Tableau

Phew! Now that you've gotten the queries out of the way, you're ready to dive into investigating the best regions for Intel to put its next data center. The remaining Tasks will be completed in Tableau, and will focus on visualizing and analyzing your results. Click this link to navigate to the workbook you'll use to complete the remainder of this Project.

Once you've published your Tableau Workbook, paste the Share Link in the box below.

Note: Your share link <u>must</u> begin with:

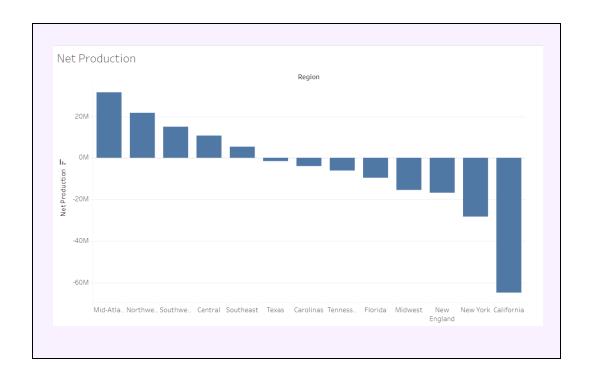
https://prod-useast-b.online.tableau.com/#/site/globaltech/workbooks/...

https://prod-useast-b.online.tableau.com/#/site/globaltech/workbooks/1747018?:origin=card_share_link

Continue to post your answers in the provided boxes: purple boxes for your visualizations, and blue boxes for text-based answers.

A. On the "Net Production" sheet, create a bar chart of net production, by region. Sort the chart in descending order, from tallest to smallest.

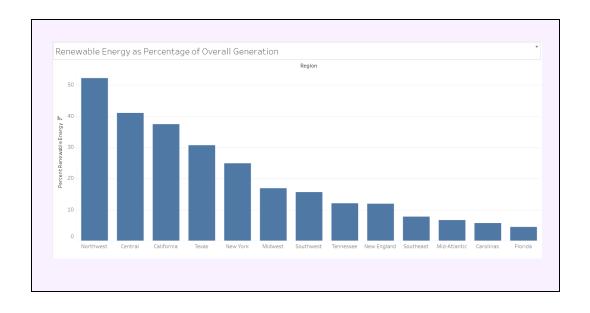
The net energy produced is calculated by subtracting the total energy demand from the total energy generation. This is already created in the field called Net Production.



B. Next, on the "Renewable Energy" sheet, create a bar chart illustrating which regions generate the greatest percentage of renewable energy.

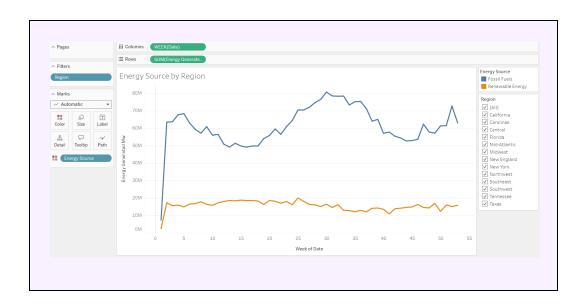
HINT: In Tableau, you have a field called Percent Renewable Energy

Create a bar chart in descending order of regions with the most renewable energy percentage.



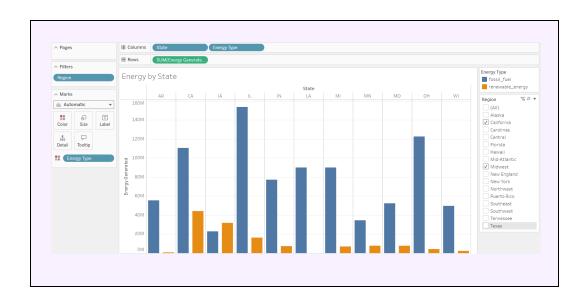
C. On the "Energy Source by Region" sheet, create a line chart of the energy generated for each energy source (fossil fuels & renewable energy) at the weekly date level. Add a filter for the region to your chart.

For this chart, you will use the energy_by_source dataset loaded into your Tableau workbook.



D. On the "Energy by State" sheet create a bar chart of the total energy generated by each state and energy type. Color the bars by energy type. Include a region filter in your chart to reduce the amount of bars shown.

For this chart you will use the power_plant_energy dataset that you created. You can select the data source in the upper left hand column in Tableau.



- Task 5: Communicating Results

Your manager wants you to share the visualizations you created in Task 3 with the Sustainability team for visibility. She has created a dashboard with your visualizations (see the "Dashboard" sheet in Tableau) and has asked you to write a short paragraph explaining which region you recommend that the next data center be built.

A. In 1–2 paragraphs, summarize what can be gleaned from your visualizations. What **region** and **state** do you think is best and why?

Considering all of the data presented, The region that most strongly fits our requirements for a new data center would be the northwest. It has the 2nd highest Net production, meaning the difference in energy generated and energy used is the 2nd best out of any region. Also, it is 1st in percentage of energy created being renewable, as opposed to fossil fuels, which aligns with the company's values. During the first half of the year, the Northwest region was producing more energy from renewable sources than from fossil fuels up until week 30, for every week. This is why the Northwest is where we should have the next data center.

That's it! Submit your final project for evaluation, and go celebrate your achievement! You just completed a rich, complex data analysis project representing real-world level work. You've gained some impressive skills! Well done, and never stop learning ²⁹

- Submission

Great work completing your Portfolio Project!! To submit your completed project file, you will need to download / export this document as a PDF and then upload it to the Milestone submission page. You can find the option to download as a PDF from the File menu in the upper-left corner of the Google Doc interface. Triple check the link to your Tableau workbook.

- Evaluation Rubric

Unlike your Milestones that were evaluated largely based on your effort, the evaluation of your Portfolio Project will follow traditional evaluation methods, with tasks assessed for correctness and assigned point values accordingly.

Partial credit will be given where parts of this task are correct, even if other parts are incorrect or incomplete.

Task	Task title	Max points	
1	Energy Generation	50	
2	Generating a New Table by Energy Type	55	
3	Aggregating Power Plant Data	35	
4	Visualizing Using Tableau	40	
5	Communicating Results	20	
	200		
LevelUp			

		20
1	Hourly Trends in Renewable Energy	