

Estruturas de Dados / Programação 2 Trie

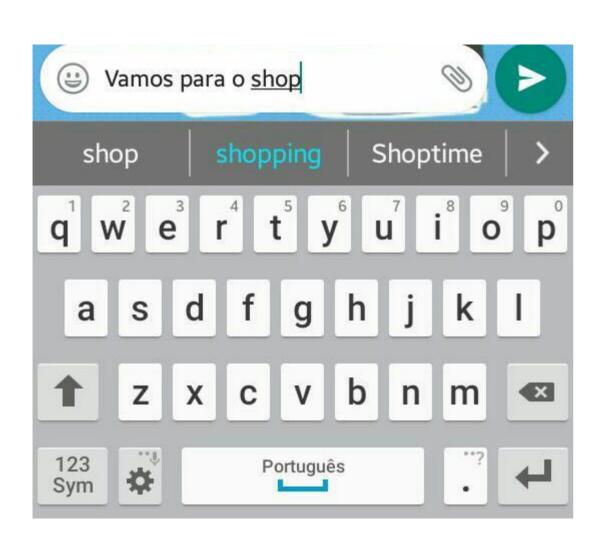
Equipe: Igor Hutson, Jhonnye Gabriel, Mateus Felismino, Hugo Melo

https://github.com/huffz/Huffman_Coding



Word Suggestion / Predictive Text









How can we do this?



Arrays?! Hash Tables?!



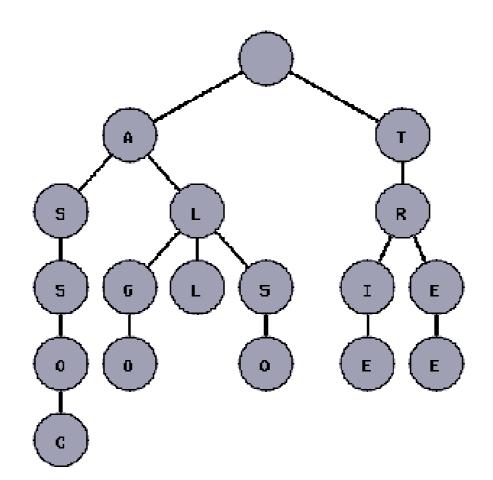
Trie!



Trie

• Trie is an efficient information retrieval data structure.

 Used to store a dynamic set or associative key where the keys are usually strings.





Why should we use trie?

 Easier to Insert/search - O(n) - length of the string that you search or insert.

• No collisions.

 We can add each node according with new letters that are being added.



Definitions

- Leaf → A node which doesn't have sons
- Internal Node → A node that completes a word in the middle of the TRIE.
- Edge → Connects two nodes.
- Path → Is a collection of nodes and edges.
- Depth → Is the length of the path from that node to the root.



Abstract Data Type: Trie



Trie ADT

```
int isWord;
                                      struct trie *suffix[MAX];
                                  };
trie *create_node();
Int haveChildren(trie *current);
void insert(trie *head, char *str);
int search(trie *head, char *str);
trie *delete(trie *root, char *str, int depth);
```

struct trie{



Search()

```
int search(trie *root, char *str){
        if(root == NULL)
                return 0;
        trie *current = root;
        while(*str){
                current = current->suffix[*str];
                if(current == NULL){
                        return 0;
                str++;
        return current->isWord;
```



Animação

ANIMAÇÃO_INTERATIVA_TRIE



Coming back to word suggestion

- We can predict which word the user is going to text by the prefix already texted.

