

Assignment #5

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Q1. The quantum phase estimation circuit happens in 4 phases. SALou

- phase 1: initialization
- phase 2: apply Hadamard gates $H^{\otimes m} \otimes 1$

$$|0^m\rangle \otimes |\psi\rangle$$

- phase 3: apply the controlled $U^k (1 \otimes I_m)$

$$\text{as } U^k |\psi\rangle = (e^{2i\pi\theta})^k |\psi\rangle$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2^m}} \sum_{k=0}^{2^m-1} |k\rangle \right) \otimes |\psi\rangle$$

- phase 4: apply the inverse Quantum Fourier Transform $QFT^{-1} \otimes 1$ (to the m first qubits)

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2^m}} \sum_{j=0}^{2^m-1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2^m}} \sum_{k=0}^{2^m-1} e^{2i\pi k\theta} \omega^{-kj} |j\rangle \otimes |\psi\rangle$$

$$\text{where } \omega = e^{2i\pi/2^m}$$

After simplifications, we get, on the first m qubits,

$$|\psi\rangle := \frac{1}{2^m} \sum_{j=0}^{2^m-1} \sum_{k=0}^{2^m-1} e^{2i\pi k(\theta - j/2^m)} |j\rangle.$$

$$Q2. p_j = |\langle \psi | j \rangle|^2 = \frac{1}{2^{2m}} \left| \sum_{k=0}^{2^m-1} \left(e^{2i\pi(\theta - j/2^m)} \right)^k \right|^2$$

$$\text{by geometric sum} \quad = \frac{1}{2^{2m}} \left| \frac{1 - e^{2i\pi(2^m\theta - j)}}{1 - e^{2i\pi(\theta - j/2^m)}} \right|^2$$

$$\neq 1 \text{ as } \theta \neq j/2^m \quad \forall j \in [0, 2^m-1]$$

Q3. We have that, if $|\theta - j/2^m| \geq 2^{-t-1}$, then

$$p_j \leq \frac{1}{2^{2m}} \frac{2^2}{(4 \times (\theta - j/2^m))^2} = 1/4 \cdot 2^{2m} (\theta - j/2^m)^2 \leq 2^{2(t-m)}$$

$$\forall \theta \in [-\pi, \pi], \frac{2}{\pi} |\theta| \leq |1 - e^{i\theta}| \leq 2$$

So the probability of measuring an "invalid value" $|\theta - j/2^m| \geq 2^{t+1}$ for any value is $\leq 2^m \times 2^{2t-2m} = 2^{2t-m}$.

Thus, the success probability is $\geq 1 - 2^{2t-m} \xrightarrow[m \rightarrow \infty]{t \text{ fixed}} 1$.

END of Assignment #5.