

1. gold_tranformation:

The screenshot shows the Databricks Catalog Explorer interface. On the left, the 'Catalog' sidebar is open, showing a tree view of the workspace. The 'gold' workspace is expanded, and the 'gold_tranformation' table is selected. The main pane on the right shows the 'gold_tranformation' table details, with the 'Sample Data' tab active. A search bar at the top of the main pane contains the text 'Which country has the highest avg_happiness_adults?'. Below the search bar, a table displays sample data for the 'gold_tranformation' table.

	Country	rows_per_group	adults_count	avg_happiness_adults	avg_sleep_adults
1	Germany	404	216	5.187037037037038	5.187037037037038
2	Japan	439	242	5.318595041322316	5.318595041322316
3	Canada	428	222	5.580180180180178	5.580180180180178
4	Australia	434	240	5.198333333333332	5.198333333333332
5	USA	446	240	5.364583333333333	5.364583333333333
6	India	434	215	5.382790697674415	5.382790697674415

2. gold_tranformation_2:

The screenshot shows the Databricks Catalog Explorer interface. On the left, the 'Catalog' sidebar is open, showing a tree view of the catalog structure. The 'gold_tranformation_2' table is highlighted under the 'gold' schema. The main panel displays the 'Sample Data' tab for this table, showing a table with 7 rows and 4 columns: 'id', 'Stress_Level', 'age_group', and 'total_people'. The table data is as follows:

	Stress_Level	age_group	total_people
1	Low	18-24	144
2	Low	25-34	212
3	Low	35-44	230
4	Low	45-59	324
5	Low	60+	98
6	Moderate	18-24	126
7	Moderate	25-34	209