

# Grundlagen Lineare Algebra für Informatiker

Nikita Emanuel John Fehér, 3793479

23. Mai 2024

Montag 09:15-10:45 Valerie Christiana Sabrina Freund

**Aufgabe 1** Bestimmen Sie sämtliche Lösungen der folgenden homogenen linearen Gleichungssysteme mit Hilfe des Gaußschen Algorithmus.

a)

$$x + 3y - 2z = 0$$

$$5x + 6y - z = 0$$

$$2x + y + z = 0$$

b)

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 0$$

$$x_1 - x_3 + 2x_4 = 0$$

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_4 = 0$$

$$x_2 + x_3 - x_4 = 0$$

a)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & -2 \\ 5 & 6 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{\cdot(-5)} \\ \xleftarrow{+} \\ \xleftarrow{\quad} \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \cdot(-2) \\ \\ + \end{array} \\
 & \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & -2 \\ 0 & -9 & 9 \\ 0 & -5 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \xleftarrow{+} \\ \xrightarrow{\cdot\frac{1}{3}} \\ \xleftarrow{\quad} \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \\ \cdot(-\frac{5}{9}) \\ + \end{array} \\
 & \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -9 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \mid \cdot(-\frac{1}{9}) \\
 & \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\
 & \Leftrightarrow \begin{array}{l} x + 0 + z = 0 \\ 0 + y - z = 0 \end{array} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{Sei } z = \lambda \\ x = -\lambda \\ y = \lambda \end{array} \\
 & \Rightarrow L = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} -\lambda \\ \lambda \\ \lambda \end{pmatrix}, \lambda \in \mathbb{R} \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

b)

$$\begin{aligned}
& \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow \cdot (-\frac{1}{2}) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \leftarrow + \end{array} \\
& \sim \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -\frac{3}{2} & -\frac{7}{2} & \frac{3}{2} \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \leftarrow \cdot 2 \\ \leftarrow + \\ \leftarrow + \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \cdot (-\frac{1}{3}) \\ \cdot \frac{2}{3} \end{array} \\
& \sim \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & -6 & 4 \\ 0 & -\frac{3}{2} & -\frac{7}{2} & \frac{3}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{2}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{4}{3} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \leftarrow + \\ \leftarrow \cdot 9 \\ \leftarrow + \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \leftarrow \cdot \frac{21}{4} \\ \cdot 2 \end{array} \\
& \sim \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & -\frac{3}{2} & 0 & \frac{3}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{2}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{array}{l} | \cdot \frac{1}{2} \\ | \cdot (-\frac{2}{3}) \\ | \cdot \frac{3}{2} \end{array} \\
& \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\
& \Leftrightarrow \begin{array}{rcl} x_1 + 0 + 0 + 2x_4 & = & 0 \\ 0 + x_2 + 0 - x_4 & = & 0 \\ 0 + 0 + x_3 + 0 & = & 0 \end{array} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{rcl} \text{Sei } x_4 & = & \lambda \\ x_1 & = & -2\lambda \\ x_2 & = & \lambda \\ x_3 & = & 0 \end{array} \\
& \Rightarrow L = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} -2\lambda \\ \lambda \\ 0 \\ \lambda \end{pmatrix}, \lambda \in \mathbb{R} \right\}
\end{aligned}$$

**Aufgabe 2** Bestimmen Sie sämtliche Lösungen des folgenden inhomogenen linearen Gleichungssystems mit Hilfe des Gaußschen Algorithmus.

$$2x + 5y - 3z = 1$$

$$3x + 4y + z = 0$$

$$3x + y + 2z = 8$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 5 & -3 & 1 \\ 3 & 4 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 & 8 \end{array} \left| \begin{array}{l} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \\ \cdot \frac{1}{3} \\ \cdot \frac{1}{3} \end{array} \right. \right) \\ & \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{5}{2} & -\frac{3}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 1 & \frac{4}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 1 & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} & \frac{8}{3} \end{array} \left| \begin{array}{l} \cdot -1 \\ \cdot -1 \\ \cdot -1 \end{array} \right. \right) \\ & \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{5}{2} & -\frac{3}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & -\frac{7}{6} & \frac{11}{6} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & -\frac{13}{6} & \frac{13}{6} & \frac{13}{6} \end{array} \left| \begin{array}{l} \cdot (-\frac{6}{7}) \\ \cdot (-\frac{6}{13}) \end{array} \right. \right) \\ & \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{5}{2} & -\frac{3}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{11}{7} & \frac{3}{7} \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -1 \end{array} \left| \begin{array}{l} \cdot (-\frac{5}{2}) \\ \cdot (-1) \end{array} \right. \right) \\ & \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & \frac{17}{7} & -\frac{4}{7} \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{11}{7} & \frac{3}{7} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{4}{7} & -\frac{10}{7} \end{array} \left| \begin{array}{l} \cdot \frac{7}{4} \end{array} \right. \right) \\ & \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & \frac{17}{7} & -\frac{4}{7} \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{11}{7} & \frac{3}{7} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{5}{2} \end{array} \left| \begin{array}{l} \cdot (-\frac{17}{7}) \\ \cdot \frac{11}{7} \end{array} \right. \right) \\ & \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{11}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -\frac{7}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{5}{2} \end{array} \right) \\ & \Leftrightarrow \begin{array}{rcl} x + 0 + 0 & = & \frac{11}{2} \\ 0 + y + 0 & = & -\frac{7}{2} \\ 0 + 0 + z & = & -\frac{5}{2} \end{array} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{rcl} x & = & \frac{11}{2} \\ y & = & -\frac{7}{2} \\ z & = & -\frac{5}{2} \end{array} \\ & \Rightarrow L = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} \frac{11}{2} \\ -\frac{7}{2} \\ -\frac{5}{2} \end{pmatrix} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

**Aufgabe 3** Bestimmen Sie die Inversen der folgenden Matrizen mit Hilfe des Gaußschen Algorithmus.

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & -2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

a)  $A^{-1}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left( \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 3 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{\cdot(-2)} \\ \xleftarrow{+} \\ \xleftarrow{+} \end{array} \right) \\ & \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 3 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -6 & 4 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \\ \cdot(-\frac{1}{6}) \\ \cdot(-1) \end{array} \right) \\ & \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 3 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{2}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{6} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 & -1 \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \xleftarrow{+} \\ \xleftarrow{\cdot(-1)} \\ \xleftarrow{+} \end{array} \right) \\ & \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{2}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{6} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{4}{3} & \frac{2}{3} & \frac{1}{6} & -1 \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \cdot(-\frac{3}{4}) \end{array} \right) \\ & \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{2}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{6} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{8} & \frac{3}{4} \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \xleftarrow{+} \\ \xleftarrow{+} \\ \xleftarrow{\cdot\frac{3}{4}} \end{array} \right) \\ & \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{5}{8} & -\frac{3}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{8} & \frac{3}{4} \end{array} \right) \\ & \left( \begin{array}{ccc} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{5}{8} & -\frac{3}{4} \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{8} & \frac{3}{4} \end{array} \right) \end{aligned}$$

b)  $B^{-1}$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left( \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & -2 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{\cdot(-4)} \\ \\ \xleftarrow{+} \end{array} \right) \\
& \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & -4 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \\ \cdot \frac{1}{2} \\ \cdot \frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right) \\
& \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{3}{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -2 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \xleftarrow{+} \\ \xrightarrow{\cdot(-1)} \\ \xleftarrow{+} \end{array} \right) \\
& \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & \frac{3}{2} & 1 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{3}{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & -2 & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \cdot(-2) \end{array} \right) \\
& \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & \frac{3}{2} & 1 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{3}{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 & 1 & -1 \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \xleftarrow{+} \\ \xleftarrow{+} \\ \xrightarrow{\cdot(-\frac{3}{2})} \end{array} \right) \\
& \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & -5 & -1 & \frac{3}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -6 & -1 & \frac{3}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 & 1 & -1 \end{array} \right) \\
& \left( \begin{array}{ccc} -5 & -1 & \frac{3}{2} \\ -6 & -1 & \frac{3}{2} \\ 4 & 1 & -1 \end{array} \right)
\end{aligned}$$