中原大學 雲端計算平台實務 12/30-作業報告

Microsoft Azure AI Fundamentals: Explore natural language processing

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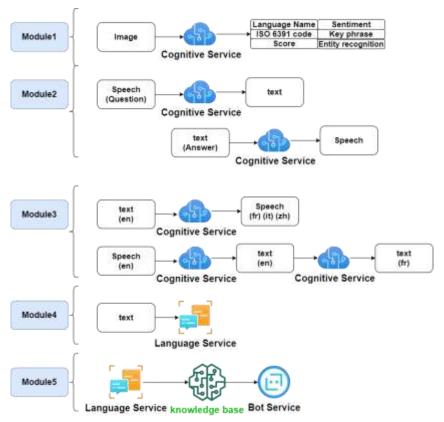
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中華民國一一一年十二月

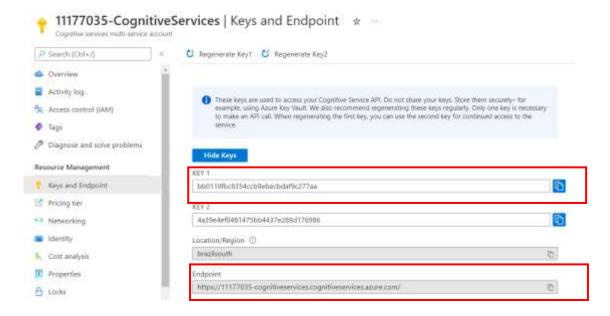
1. Learning Path Intro

Microsoft Azure AI Fundamentals: Explore natural language processing https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/learn/paths/explore-natural-language-processing/

2. Summary Homework Assignment



1. Prepare: Crate a Cognitive Service in Azure & Get Keys and Endpoints



2. Lab Environment: Azure Powershell + ai-900 (github)

https://github.com/MicrosoftLearning/AI-900-AIFundamentals
使用 AI-900 的教材進行實驗。

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```

Module 1: Analyze text with the Language service

修改範例程式 analyze-text.psl 的程式碼,分析文本內容。修改 key 與 endpoint 的變數,使 API 能套用變數使用 Azure Cognitive Service 服務。

範例文本如下:

Tired hotel with poor service The Royal Hotel, London, United Kingdom 5/6/2018 This is a old hotel (has been around since 1950's) and the room furnishings are average - becoming a bit old now and require changing. The internet didn't work and had to come to one of their office rooms to check in for my flight home. The website says it's close to the British Museum, but it's too far to walk.

調用 API 偵測文本語言:返回 English 的結果。

Detecting Language

- Language: English

Code: enScore: 1

調用 API 偵測關鍵詞。

```
***Finding Key Phrases***

- Key Phrases:

The Royal Hotel

Tired hotel

old hotel

poor service

United Kingdom

room furnishings

office rooms

flight home

British Museum

London

changing

internet

website
```

1950

調用 API 偵測文本情感,結果回傳正面/中性/反面的信心程度。

Analyzing Sentiment

- A negative sentiment based on these scores:
 - Positive: 0.01Neutral: 0.07Negative: 0.92
- 調用 API 偵測詞句文意(借助 Wikipedia 網站)。

```
write-host "`n`n***Identifying known entities***"

fresult = Invoke-RestMethod -Method Post

-Uri "$endpoint/text/analytics/v3.1/entities/linking"

-Headers $headers

-Body $data | ConvertTo-Json -Depth 6
```

Identifying known entities

- The Royal Hotel : https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/The_Royal_Hotel
- London : https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/London
- British Museum : https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/British_Museum

Module2: Recognize and synthesize speech

修改範例程式 speaking-clock.ps1 的程式碼,分析語音內容,並回覆已經準備好的回答。修改 key 與 Region 的變數,使 API 能套用變數使用 Azure Cognitive Service 服務。

使用範例程式的音檔 time.wav,內容為"What time is it?",並使用 RestfulAPI 進行語音分析,並回傳文字內容。

接續程式判斷內容是否為"What time is it?",並使用 SSML(Speech Synthesis Markup Language,語音合成標記語言)透過 API 合成出"It's Coding time!"的語音。

```
22
     if ($analysis.DisplayText -eq "What time is it?"){
         $sml = "<speak version='1.0' xml:lang='en-US'>
         <voice xml:lang='en-US' xml:gender='Female' name='en-US-AriaNeural'>
             It's coding time!
         </voice>
         </speak>"
         $headers = @{}
         $headers.Add( "Ocp-Apim-Subscription-Key", $key )
         $headers.Add( "Content-Type", application/ssml+xml" )
         $headers.Add( "X-Microsoft-OutputFormat", "audio-16khz-128kbitrate-mono-mp3" )
         $outputFile = "output.wav"
         write-host "Synthesizing speech..."
         $result = Invoke-RestMethod -Method Post `
             -Uri "https://$region.tts.speech.microsoft.com/cognitiveservices/v1"
             -Headers $headers
             -Body $sml
             -OutFile $outputFile
         write-host $result
         write-host "Response saved in $outputFile `n"
```

程式表示輸入的 time.wav 內容為'What time is it?', 而輸出語音為一個'output.wav',內容是"It's coding time!"。

```
P5 /home/phil898310/mi-900> ./speaking-clock.psl
Analyzing audio...

You said 'What time is it3'
Synthesizing speech...

Response saved in output.wav

P5 /home/phil898310/mi-900> ls
analyze-image.psl classify-image.psl detect-anomalies.psl form-recognizer.psl LICENSE output.wav translator.psl
analyze-text.psl config.yml detect-objects.psl index.md mapping.md readme.md understand.psl
_build.yml data find-faces.psl instructions ocr.psl speaking-clock.psl upload-content-for-search.sh
```

Module3: Translate text and speech

修改範例程式 translator.ps1 的程式碼,分析文本語言,並使其文本轉換成其他語言的語音。修改 key 與 Region 的變數,使 API 能套用變數使用 Azure Cognitive Service 服務。

首先,透過 API 分析一個內容為"Hello"的文本,並在 23 行指定文本翻譯的語言(French、Italian、Chinese),並印出結果。

```
### Start | St
```

```
PS /home/phil890310/ai-900> ./translator.ps1
Translating text...
Original Text: Hello
French Translation: Bonjour
Italian Translation: Ciao
Chinese Translation: 你好
```

接著透過 API 分析一個內容為"Hello"的語音,並回傳語音文字內容,並將 其內容透過 39 行轉換為法語的文本。

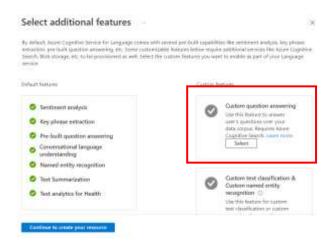
```
Translating audio...
The audio said 'Hello.'
Translating text from audio to French...
Translated text: 'Bonjour.'
```

Module4: Create a language model with Conversational

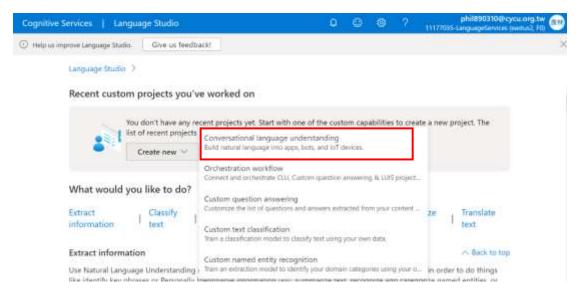
Language Understanding

此章節重點示範 Language Service 的 Conversational Language Understanding 如何理解人類的話語並進行分析。

創立一個 Language Service (並選擇 Feature,為了下一個 Module 的 Bot Service)。



新增一個 Project。



新增 intents, utterances, and entities。

Utterances (話語):即正常人類可能會說出的一段話。

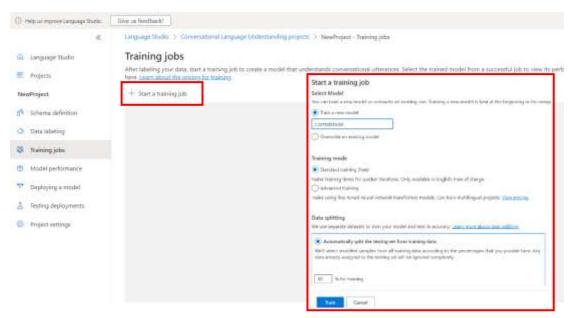
Intents(意圖):一段話中表達的目的或是目標。

Entities(實體):一段話中指定的一個物品。

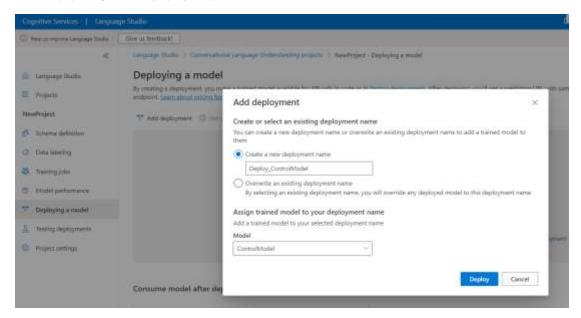
Intents	Utterances	Entities
switch_on	turn the light on	light
switch_on	turn the fan on	fan
switch_on	switch on the fan	fan
switch_on	put the light on	light
switch_on	put the fan on	fan
switch_off	switch the fan off	fan
switch_off	turn off the light	light
switch_off	put the light off	light
switch_off	put the fan off	fan
switch_off	switch off the fan	fan



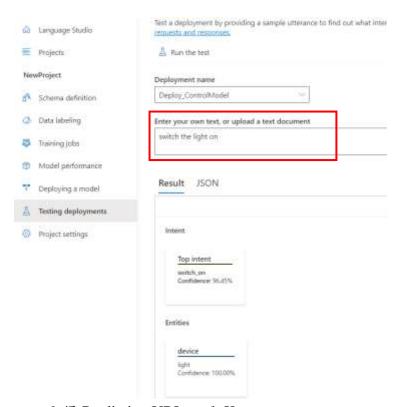
接著訓練模型,設定 Training/Test Data 比例為 8:2。



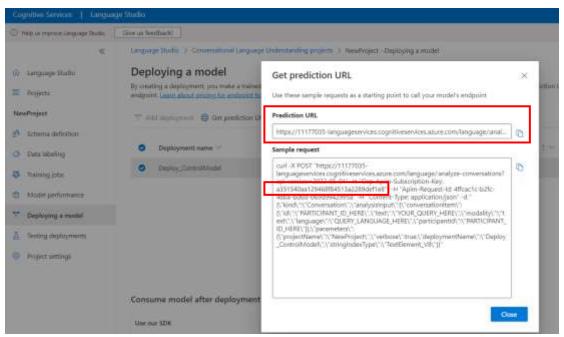
訓練完畢,接著部署模型。



測試模型,使用"switch the light on"的句子進行測試。結果顯示該句子的Entities、Intent



取得 Prediction URL 以及 Key。



回到 AI-900 的 Github Sample Code, 在 understand.ps1 的程式碼中替換前四行 Endpoint 資訊。

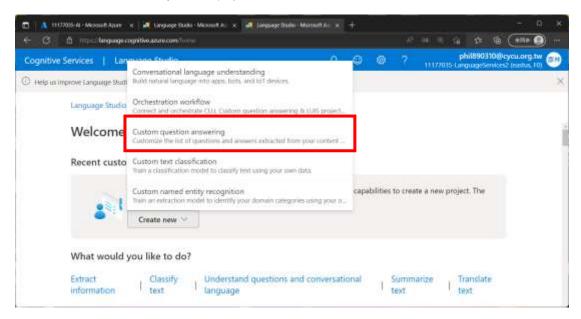
結果如下所示,輸入一段 Utterances,即可透過 Restful API 對 Model 進行 Inference,分析出 Intents、Entities,以及最後的動作。

```
PS /home/phil890310/ai-900> ./understand.ps1 "Turn on the light"
Calling Language model...
Predicted intent: switch on
Predicted device: light
The light is on.
PS /home/phil890310/ai-900> ./understand.ps1 "Switch the fan off"
Calling Language model...
Predicted intent: switch_off
Predicted device: fan
PS /home/phil890310/ai-900> ./understand.ps1 "Hello"
Calling Language model...
Predicted intent: switch_on
Predicted device:
The is on.
PS /home/phil890310/ai-900> ./understand.ps1 "switch on the oven"
Calling Language model...
Predicted intent: switch on
Predicted device: oven
The oven is on.
```

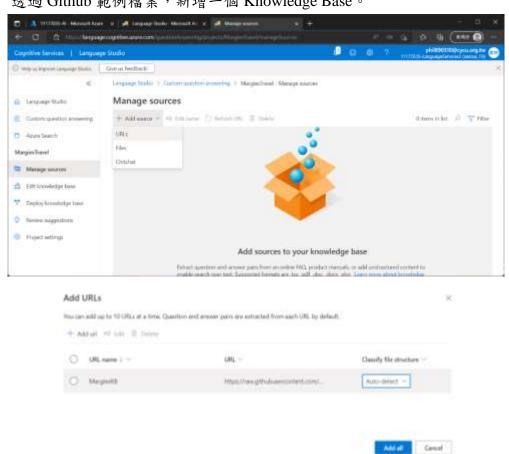
Module5: Build a bot with the Language Service and Azure

Bot Service

此章節重點示範 Language Service 的 Custom question answering 如何創建一 個 Bot Service, 並擁有回答問題的功能。



透過 Github 範例檔案,新增一個 Knowledge Base。



Knowledge Base 內容如下:

*Why Margie's Travel? *Margie's Travel is a full-service travel agent, with years of experience in the worldwide tourism industry. *What services do you provide? *Margie's Travel can help arrange flights, accommodation, airport transfers, excursions, visas, travel insurance, and currency exchange. *What destinations do you offer? *We can arrange travel anywhere in the world, but we specialize in trips to Bubai, Las Vegas, Loodon, New York, and San Francisco. *How can I book a flight? *Our agents can help you book flights between any major airports, on any of the major airlines. We offer competitive fares for all flight classes. To book a flight, call us on 555 123 456; or visit our website: www.margiestravel.com. *How can I reserve a hotel? *We partner with the best independent hotels all across the world and can arrange accommodation that saits your needs and budget: From small boutique five-star luxury resorts, we've gut the right hotal for you. To reserve a hotel, call us on 555 123 456; or visit our

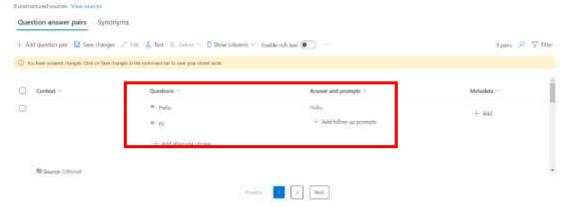
How do I cancel a flight or hotel?

website: www.marglestravel.com,

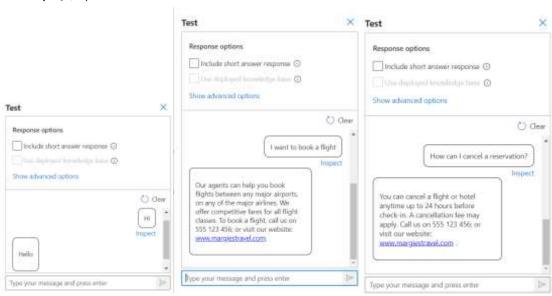
You can cancel a flight or hotel anytime up to 24 hours before check in. A cancellation fee may apply. Call us on 555 123 456; or visit our website: https://www.margiestravel.com/.

嘗試新增其中一個 Knowledge Base,設定 Q/A 內容。

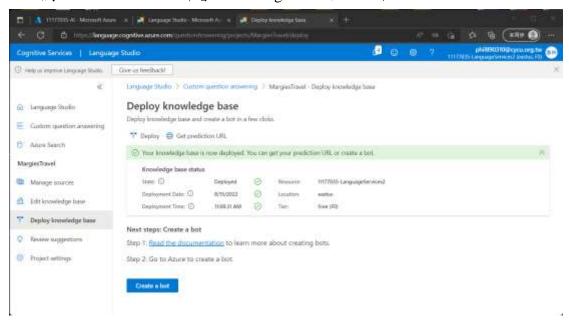




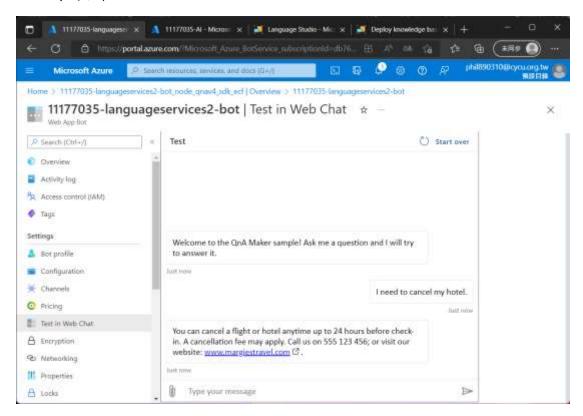
測試結果。



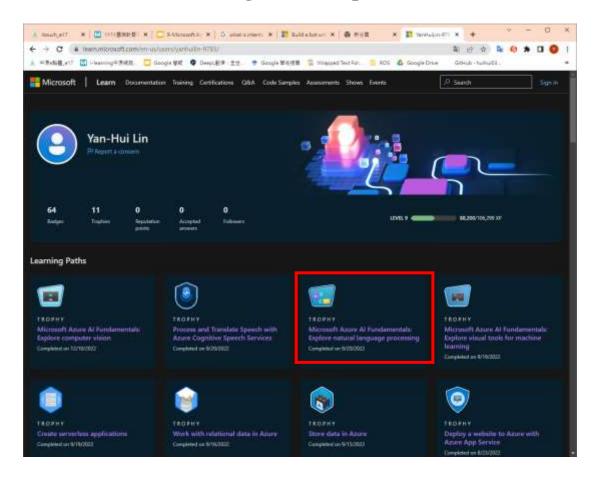
創立 Bot Resource, 部署 Knowledge Base 至 Bot 中。



測試結果。



Take screenshots of Badges and Trophies



Learned from the Learning Path

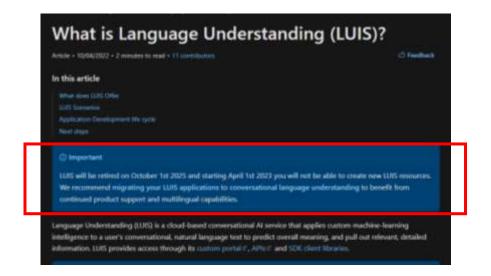
在前三個章節中重點了解到 Cognitive Service 的 Language 部分,Language Service 除了能 call library 進行使用,還能透過 Restful API 的方式進行使用。在最後兩個章節是最重要的重點,最重要了解到 Bot Service 的基本概念: Utterances、Intents、Entities,這些是機器解析 Language 的關鍵物件,Azure 也在最後一個章節展示 Bot Service。恰巧可以當成是期中講員演講的延伸閱讀。

Problems

Lab 無太大的問題,唯獨 Microsoft Learn 中的 Module5, Bot Service 創建 Custom Feature 資源處標示不明顯,容易誤判是 Bug。

FeedBack

今年的 Lab 少了 LUIS 的資源,後來發現 LUIS 即將在 2025 年 10 月 1 日 Retire [1],LUIS 的功能漸漸融入 Cognitive Service 以及 Language Service,整體上相比起去年的內容沒有太大的更動。另外,在 Module 設計上,可以建議官方將 Module 5 與 Module4 對調,如此一來遊玩流程可以更加順暢。



Reference

[1] https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cognitive-services/luis/what-is-luis