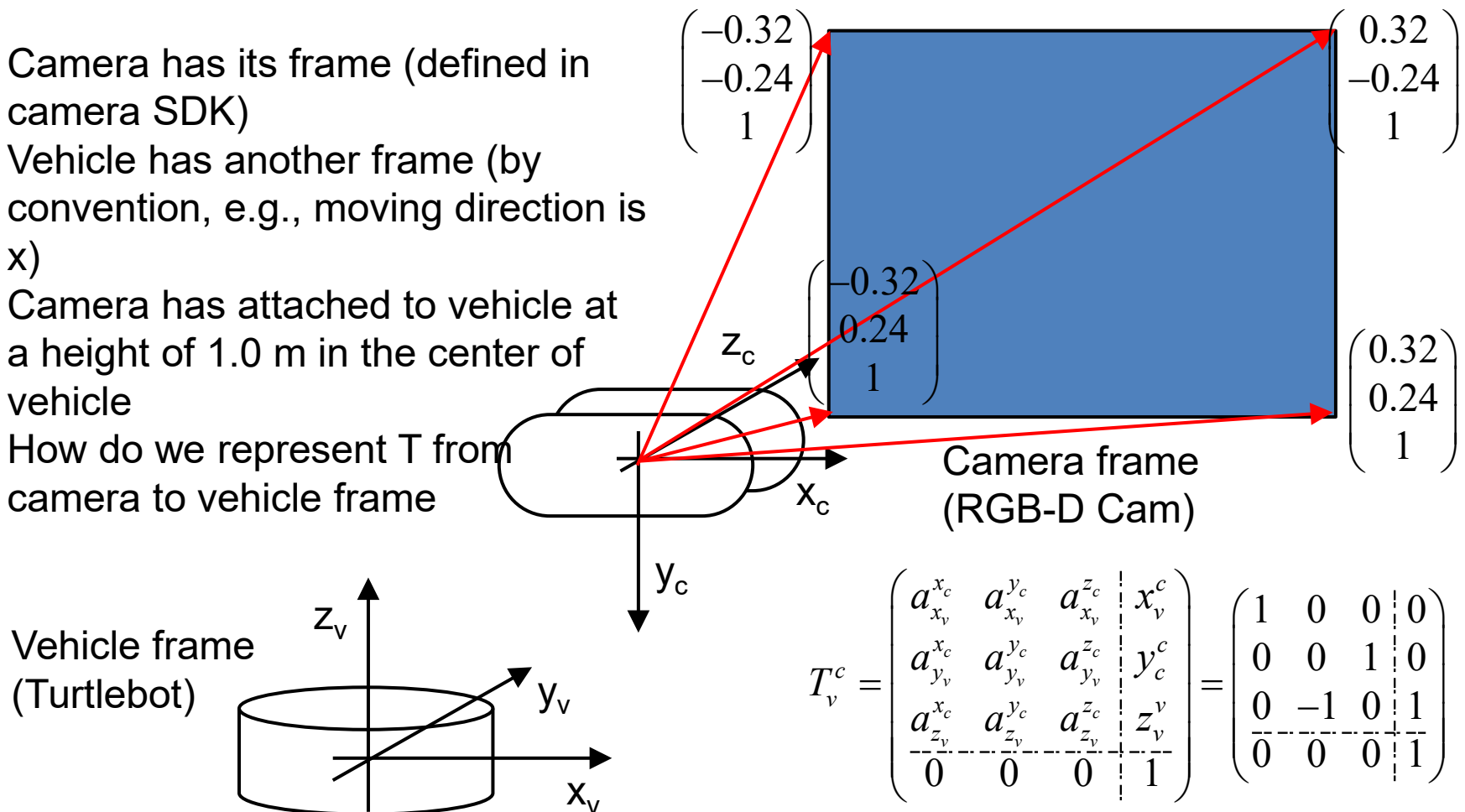
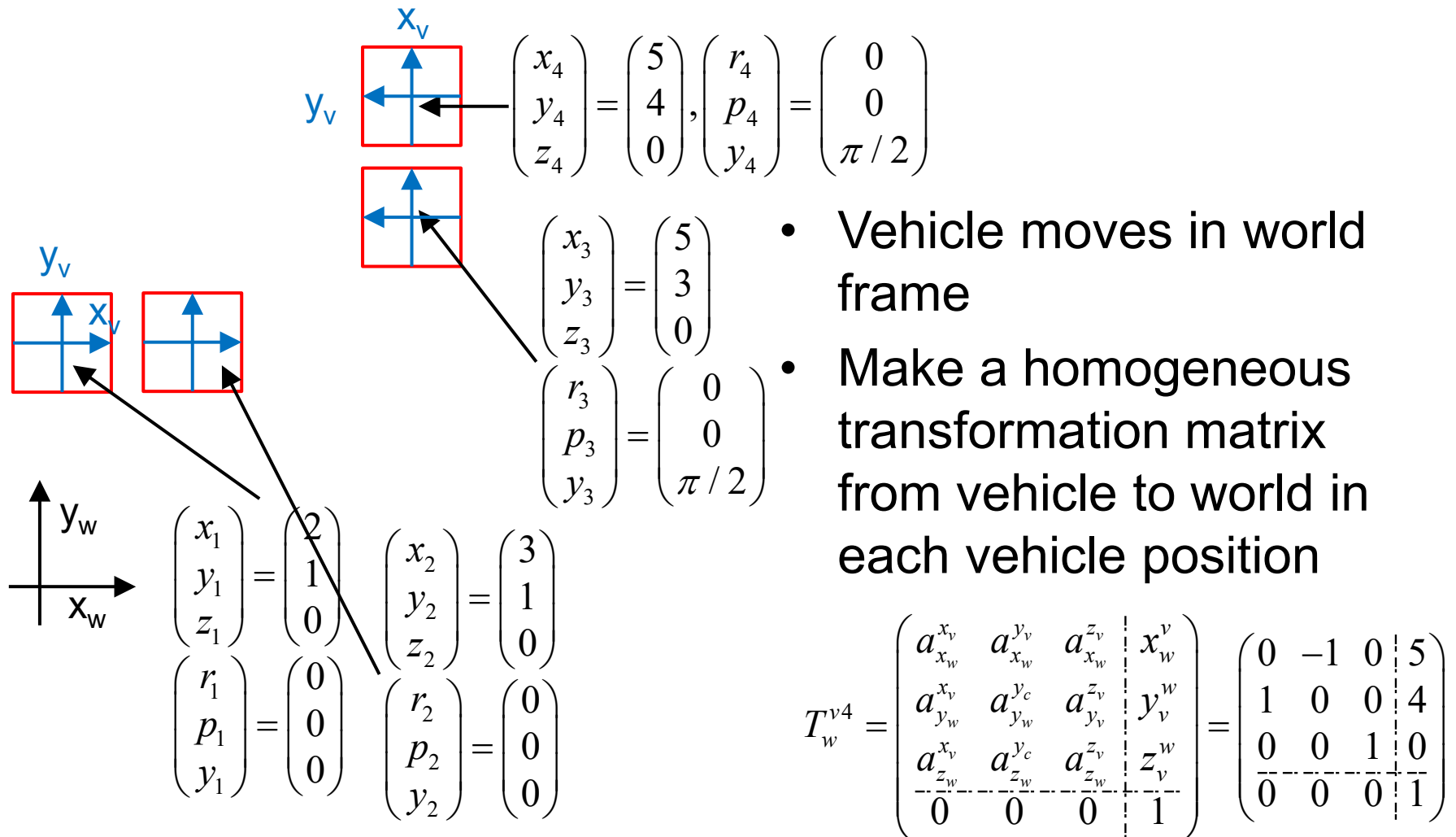


# Quiz #2: Frame Transformation in 3D: Frame Conversion from Camera to Vehicle

- Camera has its frame (defined in camera SDK)
- Vehicle has another frame (by convention, e.g., moving direction is x)
- Camera has attached to vehicle at a height of 1.0 m in the center of vehicle
- How do we represent T from camera to vehicle frame



## Quiz #2: Frame Transformation in 3D: Frame Conversion from Vehicle to World



- Vehicle moves in world frame
- Make a homogeneous transformation matrix from vehicle to world in each vehicle position

## Quiz #2: Frame Transformation in 3D: Problem Setting

Sensor measures the followings at  
vehicle position 1, 2, 3, 4

$$p^c = \begin{pmatrix} -0.32 \\ -0.24 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0.32 \\ -0.24 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -0.32 \\ 0.24 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -0.32 \\ 0.24 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Make an integrated 3D map in world frame from the measured points  
at the five vehicle positions: camera frame → vehicle frame → world frame

For example,

Measurement at vehicle position 1

$$T_v^c = \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right) \quad T_w^v = \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right)$$

Measurement at vehicle position 4s

$$T_v^c = \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right) \quad T_w^v = \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 0 & -1 & 0 & 4 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right)$$

# Sample Result

