

Figure 14.12. The role of the private sector and the government in the business cycle.

| | Dampening mechanisms offset shocks (stabilising) | Amplifying mechanisms reinforce shocks (may be destabilising) |
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| Private sector decisions | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consumption smoothing | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Credit constraints limit consumption smoothing • Rising value of collateral (house prices) can increase wealth above the target level and raise consumption • Rising capacity utilization in a boom encourages investment spending, adding to the boom |
| Government and central bank decisions | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Automatic stabilizers (e.g. unemployment benefit) • Stabilization policy (fiscal or monetary) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Policy mistakes such as limiting the scope of automatic stabilizers in a recession or running deficits during low demand periods while not running surpluses during booms. |