

Cavity-Assisted Velocity-selected Optical Double-resonance Spectroscopy of molecules with continuous-wave lasers

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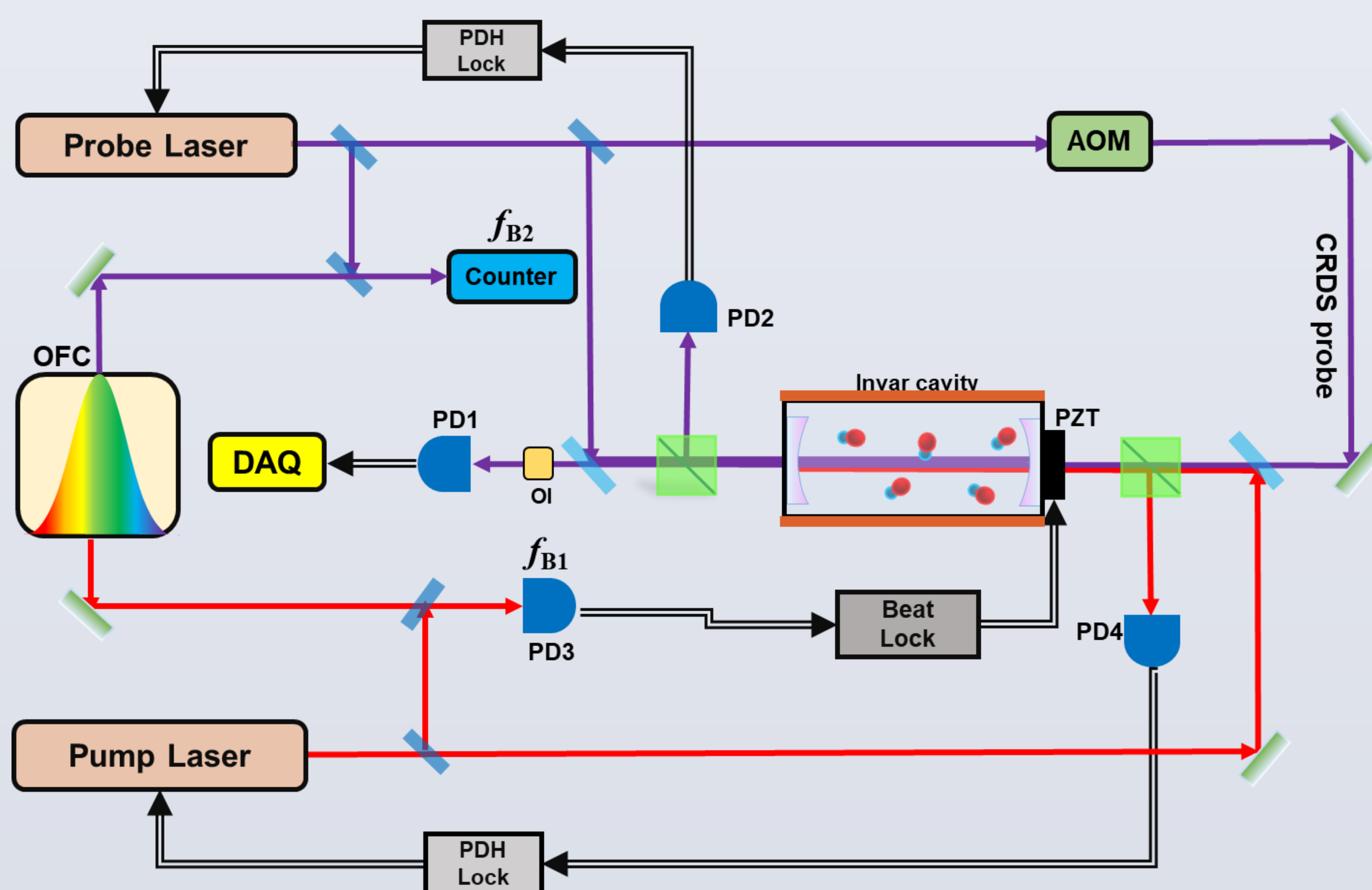
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Abstract

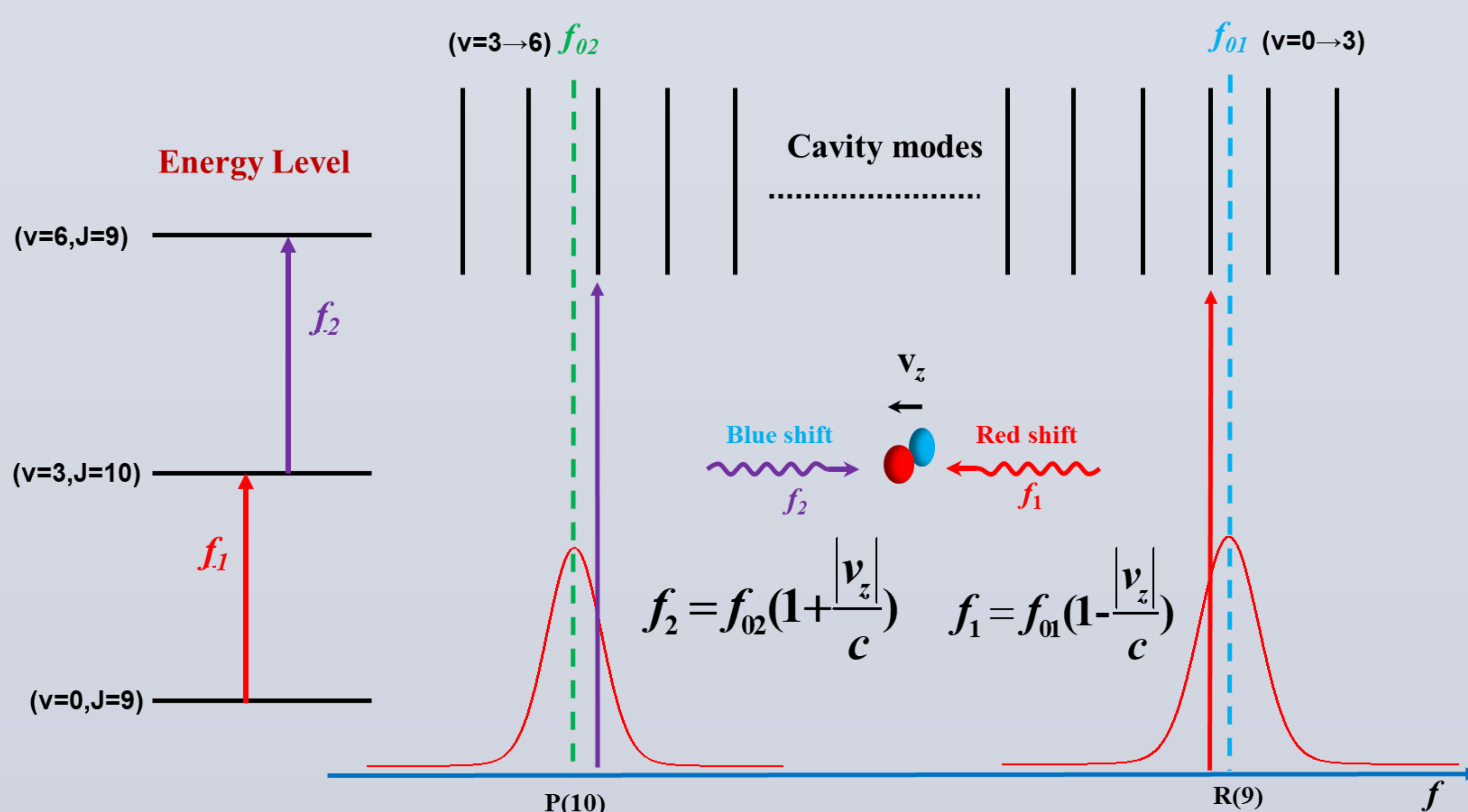
Double resonance spectroscopy was frequently used in study of dynamics and molecular spectroscopy, due to its high selectivity of transitions. Optical resonant cavities can be used to enhance the effective absorption path length, and the laser power inside the cavity as well to saturate very weak ro-vibrational transitions of molecules.

We combined double resonant absorption with cavity ring-down spectroscopy and got a high precision transition frequency of carbon monoxide molecule. The energy difference between the $J = 9$ levels in the ground and $V = 6$ states of CO was measured through double resonance using the ($J = 10, V = 3$) level as the intermediate level, and was determined to be $375\,371\,090\,941.6\text{kHz} \pm 2\text{kHz}$ ($\delta\nu/\nu = 4 \times 10^{-12}$).

Experimental setup



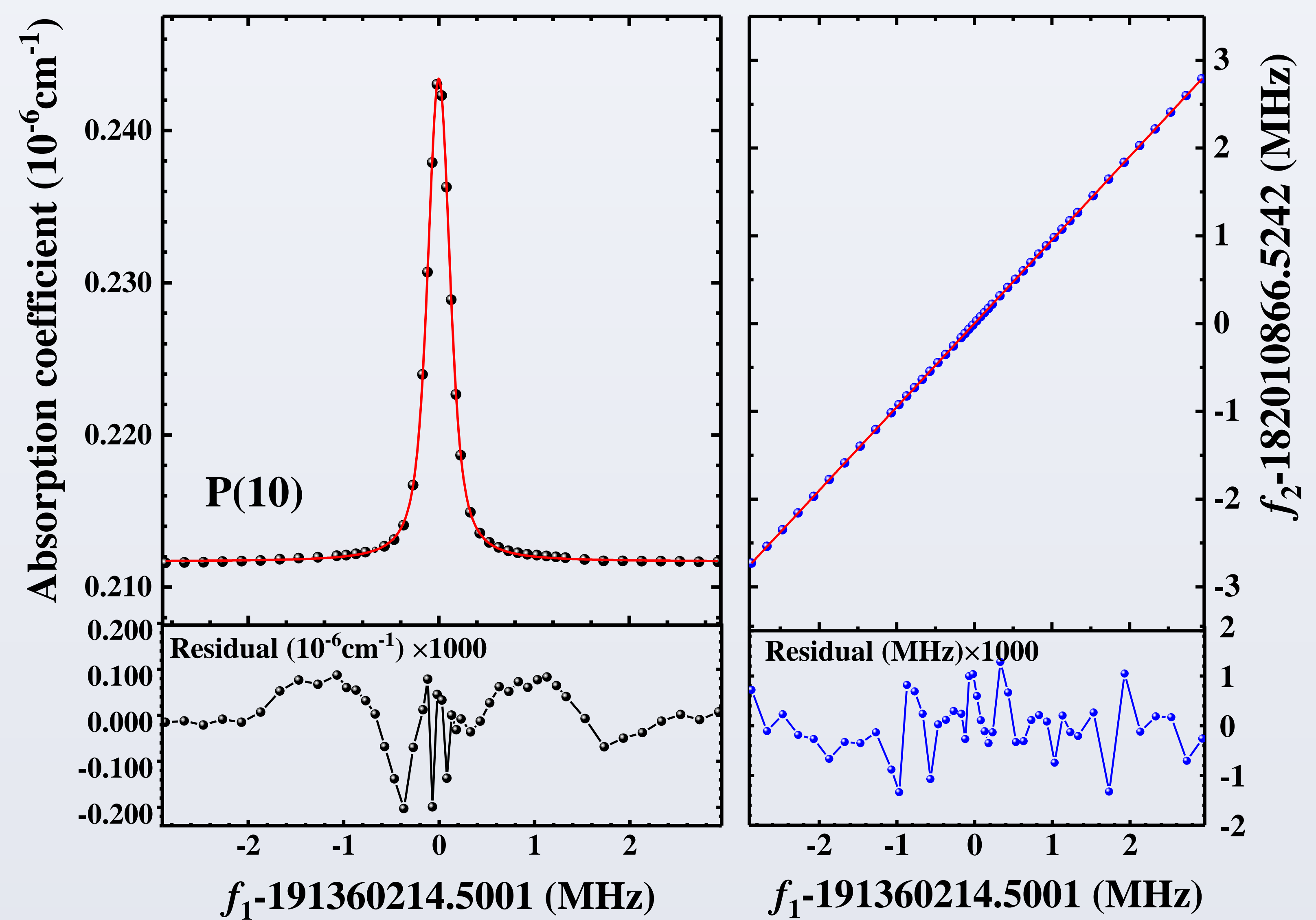
Schematic representation of the experiment



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Results

$^{12}\text{C}^{16}\text{O } V=6-3$



Uncertainty Budget

Source of Error $P_{\{6-3\}}(10)$	Frequency (kHz)	Uncertainty (kHz, 1σ)
Statistic		1.0
Frequency comb		0.4
Line asymmetric		1.5
Cavity locking servo		0.5
Recoil shift	-0.26	<0.01
Second Doppler shift	-0.5	<0.02
ULE drift	0.4	0.04
Total	182 010 878 178.2	1.9

References

- [1] Wang, J, et al. *J. Chem. Phys.* 2017, 147: 091103.
- [2] Karhu J, et al. *Optics express*, 2017, 25(5): 4688-4699.
- [3] Tan Y, et al. *J. Quant. Spectrosc. Radiat. Trans.*, 2017, 187: 274-279.

Acknowledgement

