## **ET-540 – Introduction to Digital Computer Theory**

Homework 6 – SR, D, and JK flip flops

Student's Name\_\_\_\_\_

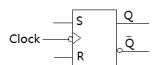
## **Instructions:**

- Show all works to receive full credit
- 1. For a given (NAND) S-R FF, find the output Q assuming that  $Q_{initial} = 1$



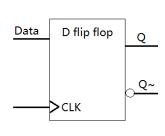
Clock						]		
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
S								
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
R				1				
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Q								
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

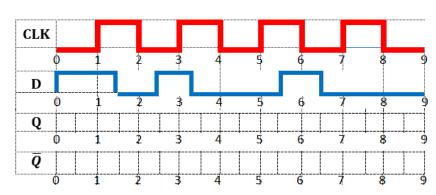
2. For a given (NOR) S-R FF, find the output Q and  $\bar{Q}$  assuming that  $Q_{\rm initial} = 0$ 



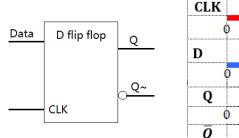
Clock								
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
S								
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
R								
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Q								
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

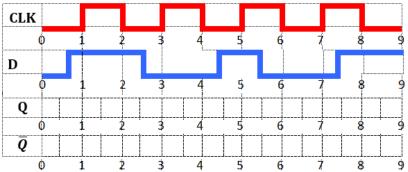
3. For the following D-flip flop circuit, sketch output Q and  $\overline{m{Q}}$  if  $Q_{initial}$  is 0



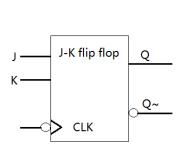


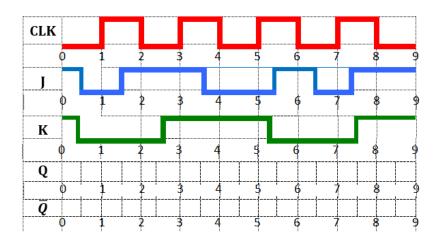
4. For the following D-flip flop circuit, sketch output Q and  $\overline{m{Q}}$  if  $Q_{initial}$  is 1



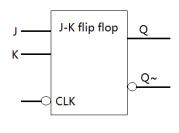


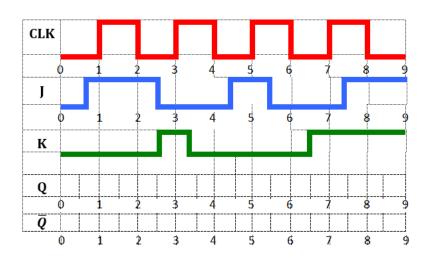
5. For the following J-K flip flop circuit, sketch output Q and  $\overline{m{Q}}$  if  $Q_{initial}$  is 1





6. For the following J-K flip flop circuit, sketch output Q and  $\overline{m{Q}}$  if  $Q_{initial}$  is 0





----- End of Homework 6 -----