# Case Study: How Can a Wellness Technology Company Play It Smart? (Part I)

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# Statement of Business Task

Analyze publicly available fitness tracker (smart device) usage data to discover trends which may help influence the marketing strategy for a wellness technology company Bellabeat.

## **Data Preparation and Data Exploration**

- The data used for this case study is the "FitBit Fitness Tracker Data" which was downloaded from Kaggle.
- This Kaggle data set contains personal fitness tracker from thirty fitbit users. Thirty eligible Fitbit users consented to the submission of personal tracker data, including minute-level output for **physical activity**, **heart rate**, and **sleep monitoring**. It includes information about daily activity, steps, and heart rate that can be used to explore users' habits.
  - There are 18 files in the dataset. Not all the files were used for the analysis. The following is a description of the files used in (part 1) of this case study:
    - dailyActivity\_merged.csv this file contains the following columns: Id, ActivityDate, (in Short Date format "m/d/yyyy"), TotalSteps, TotalDistance, VeryActiveDistance, ModeratelyActiveDistance, LightActiveDistance, SedentaryActiveDistance, VeryActiveMinutes, FairlyActiveMinutes, LightlyActiveMinutes, SedentaryMinutes, Calories, etc.

## **Data Processing – Daily Activity**

- Open dailyActivity\_merged.csv and save it as an Excel Workbook.
- Built a Pivot Table to count number of rows associated with each consumers. Removed all rows associated with consumers with less than 15 days of data (15 days is 50% of 31 days, that is, the number of days from 4/12/2016 to 5/12/2016). Otherwise, the data might be biased. One consumer (4057192912) were impacted.
- Built a pivot table to sum up the total calories consumed by each consumer. Do the same to sum up the total calories consumed by each consumer in hourlyCalories\_merged file. Compared these two sets of values. Delete rows associated with consumers whose total calorie values calculated here are significantly different from that values calculated in another file (difference greater than 1000 calories). Four consumers (8583815059, 6117666160, 4388161847, and 4319703577) were impacted.
- It's not clear that if sleeping time is considered SedentaryMinutes. Let's added a new column TotalMinutes to sum up VeryActiveMinutes, FairlyActiveMinutes, LightlyActiveMinutes and SedentaryMinutes. There are 400+ rows have TotalMinutes field equal to 1440. Looks like sleeping time is considered SedentaryMinutes for some consumers, but not all the consumers. Anyway, remove rows with TotalMinutes less than 720 (half day).

## **Data Processing – Daily Activity**

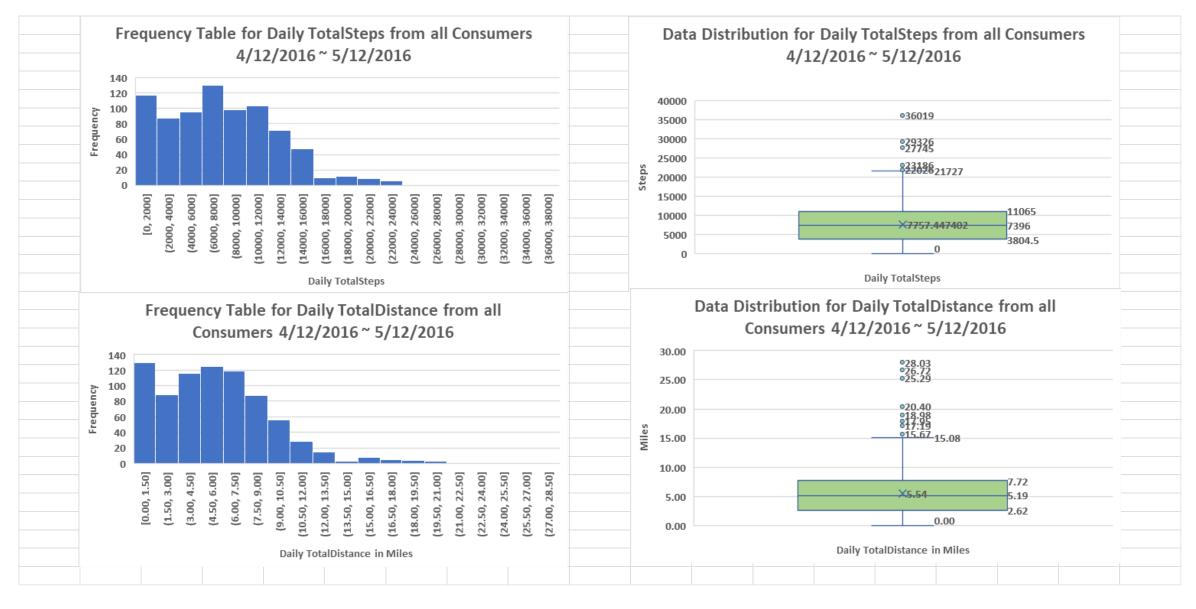
- Set a filter such that only rows with 0 TotalSteps value will be displayed. Noticed that there were quite a few rows with 0 value in the all the following fields: TotalSteps, TotalDistance, VeryActiveDistance, ModeratelyActiveDistance, LightlyActiveDistance, VeryActiveMinutes, FairlyActiveMinutes, and LightlyActiveMinutes most of these rows have 1000+ in their Calories field, but few of these rows (3) just have 0 in their Calories filed. Looks like there is inconsistent way to calculate calorie consumed by each consumer. According to this article Burning calories without exercise people are still burn calories while they are in sedentary state or even sleep to maintain basic bodily functions. Remove all rows with 0 Calories field.
- Note: hence "calories burned" is not a reliable way to evaluate the effectiveness of one's walking/exercise. We will fill filter out the consumers who have quite a few rows with 0 TotalSteps while having 1000+ in Calories fields in some analysis.

Made some plots to see how TotalSteps and Total Distance data are distributed.

- ➤ The Daily TotalSteps histogram shows that the most common set of values for daily total steps are between 6,000 ~ 8,000 for consumers in this dataset. There is a long tail in the right side of the plot.
- The Daily TotalSteps boxplot shows that the median value of daily total steps is 7,396. There are some outliers above upper whisker means there were some consumers who took much more steps than other consumers.
- ➤ The Daily TotalDistance histogram shows that the most common values for daily total distance are between 0 ~ 1.5 miles in this dataset. The next common values are between 4.5 and 6 miles for consumers in this dataset. There is a long tail in the right side of the plot.
- The Daily TotalDistance boxplot shows that the median daily total distance value is 5.19 miles. There are quite a few outliers above the upper whisker means there were quite a few consumers who walked much longer in distance than other consumers.

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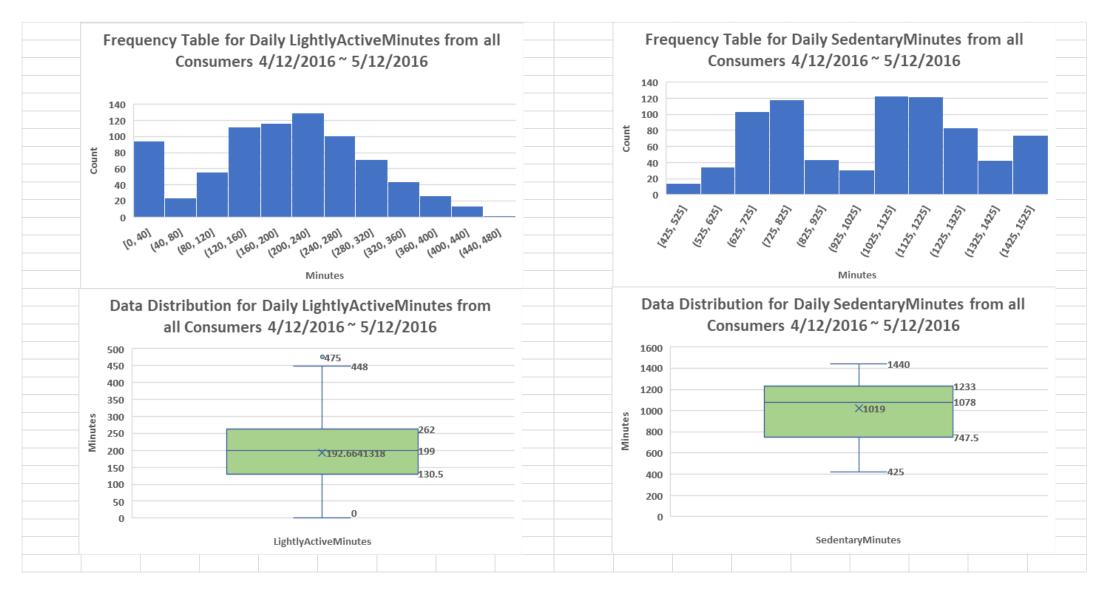
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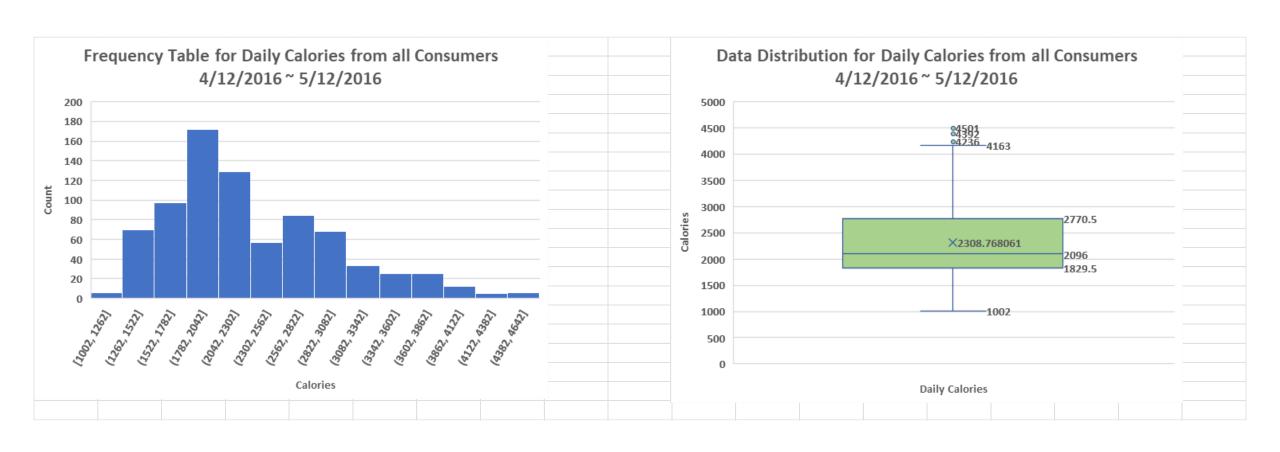
Made some plots to see how VeryActiveMinutes, FairlyActiveMinutes, LightlyActiveMinutes and SedentaryMinutes data are distributed.

- ➤ The Daily VeryActiveMinutes histogram shows that the most common daily VeryActiveMinutes values are between **0** ~ **13** minutes for consumers in this dataset.
- ➤ The Daily VeryActiveMinutes boxplot shows that the **median daily VeryActiveMinutes** value is **6**. There are **some outliers above the upper whisker** means there were some consumers having much longer VeryActiveMinutes than other consumers.
- ➤ The Daily FairlyActiveMinutes histogram shows that the most common values for daily FairlyActiveMinutes are between 0 ~ 7.7 minutes.
- ➤ The Daily FairlyActiveMinutes boxplot shows that the **median daily FairlyActiveMinutes** value is **7** minutes. There are **quite a few outliers above the upper whisker** means there were quite a few consumers having much longer FairlyActiveMinutes than other consumers.
- ➤ The Daily LightlyActiveMinutes histogram shows that the most common daily LightlyActiveMinutes values are between **200** ~ **240** minutes for consumers in this dataset.
- > The Daily LightlyActiveMinutes boxplot shows that the **median daily LightlyActiveMinutes** value is **199**.
- ➤ The Daily SedentaryMinutes histogram shows that the most common values for daily SedentaryMinutes are between 1,025 ~ 1,125 minutes.
- ➤ The Daily SedentaryMinutes boxplot shows that the **median daily SedentaryMinutes** value is 1,078 minutes.





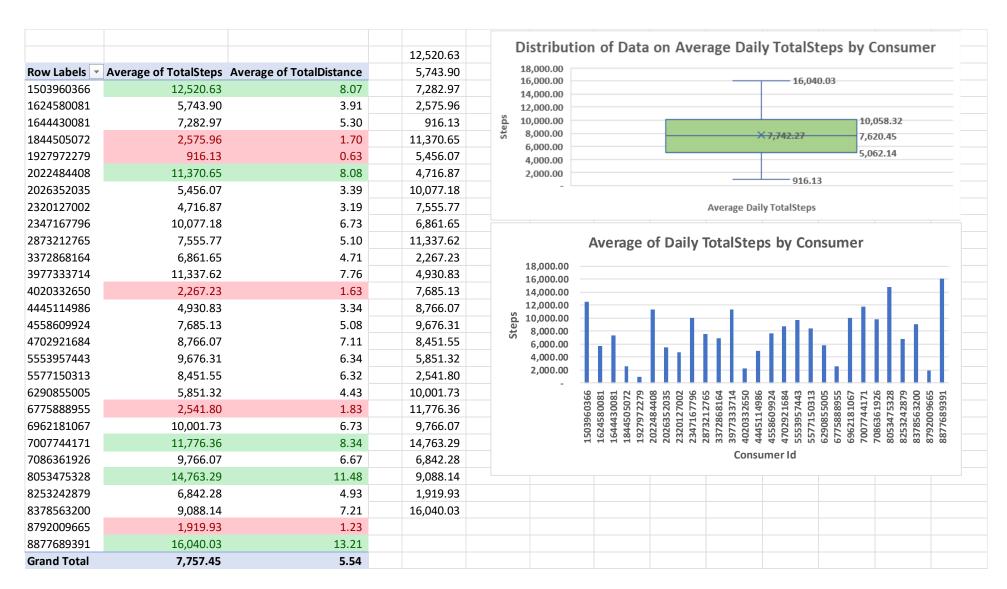
- Made some plots to see how Calories data are distributed.
  - ➤ The Daily Calories histogram shows that the most common set of daily Calories values are between 1,782 ~ 2,042 calories for consumers in this dataset.
  - ➤ The Daily Calories boxplot shows that the **median daily calories** value is **2,096**. There are **some outliers above the upper whisker**, which means there were some consumers who burned much more calories than others.



- Sorted the worksheet by the Calories column and found the largest number in the column was 4,552. This data related to consumer 5577150313.
- Input other numbers tracked for the day such as TotalSteps, TotalDistance, total walking time per activity level, and weight information (from another file weightLogInfo\_merge.csv) into two steps-to-calories converters Walking Calorie Calculator & How to Count and Track Calories Burned Walking to get estimated values which were between 1,800 to 2,300.
- Added **1,819** to those numbers. The calorie values got (**3,619 or 4,319**) are **still less than 4,552**. 1,819 is the calorie value found in the data tracking the activity of consumer 5577150313 on 5/7/2016 the consumer did not walk that day (total steps and total distance were both 0). 1,819 could be the basal metabolic rate (or the energy/calories) for consumer 5577150313 (means the consumer needs that number of calories to perform basic body functions).
- Another consumer's daily activity data was input into the same calorie calculators mentioned above and the calculator's estimated calories were found to be lower than the calorie values found in this dataset.
- According to this article 6 Factors That Can Affect How Many Calories You Burn and this article
  What Affects How Many Calories You Burn? 6 Factors to Consider, factors like body weight, muscle
  mass, age, etc. can affect how much calories you burn. No information on muscle mass or age
  was found in this dataset, so we were limited in performing the following tasks:
  - determining the accuracy of the calorie values in this dataset
  - ➤ discovering the relationship between calorie burned and other attributes tracked here (like TotalSteps, TotalDistance, walking distance per activity level, time spent per activity level, etc.).

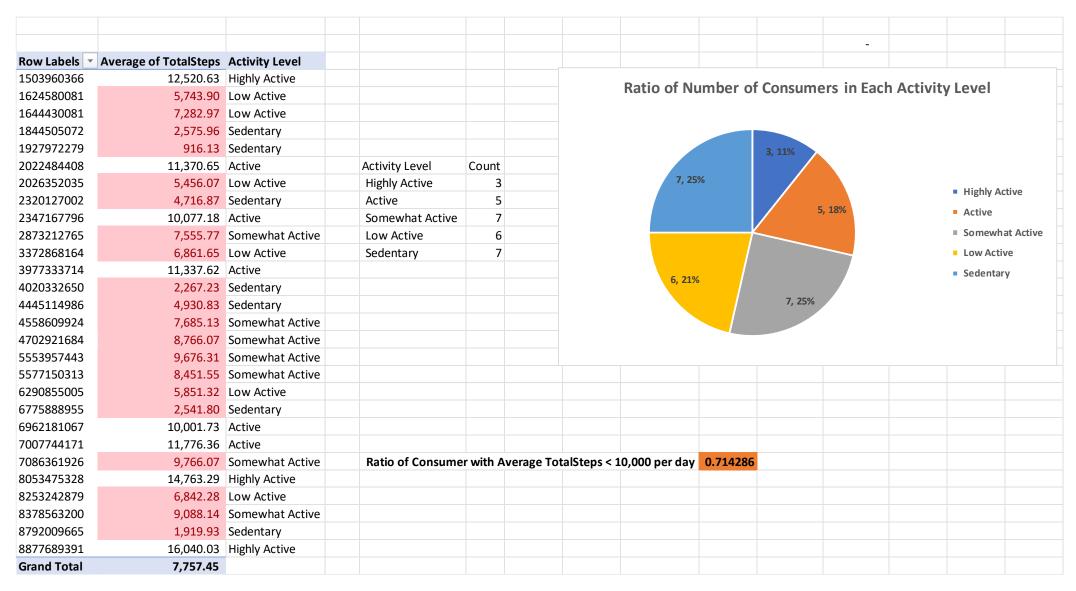
Therefore, we didn't do much analysis of calories in this report.

- Created a PivotTable. Aggregated data by consumer and calculated the average of daily TotalSteps for each consumer.
- Made a boxplot to check the distribution of data on the average of daily TotalSteps taken by each consumer and found that the 3<sup>rd</sup> quartile is around 10,058 which means nearly 75% of the consumers walked fewer than 10,000 steps a day.
- Conditional formatting the Average of TotalSteps column to display the top 20% and bottom 20% values in different colors.



- Used a nested IF function to classify the "Activity Level" for each consumer based on the following guideline on steps and activity levels described in this article <u>How Many Steps a Day Is Considered Active?</u>
  - > Sedentary: Less than 5,000 steps daily
  - ➤ Low active: About 5,000 to 7,499 steps daily
  - > Somewhat active: About 7,500 to 9,999 steps daily
  - > Active: More than 10,000 steps daily
  - > Highly active: More than 12,500 steps daily
- Counted the number of consumers at each activity level and created a pie chart. 25% of the consumers were at "Somewhat Active" level and 25% of the consumers were at "Sedentary" level.
- According to this article <u>How many steps should people take per day?</u>, CDC recommends that most adults aim for **10,000** steps per day for health benefits. For most people, this is the equivalent of about 8 kilometers, or **5** miles.

 Did some calculations and found that approximately 71% of consumers in the dataset took less than 10,000 steps per day. According to this articles How many steps should people take per day?, most people in the United States only take 3,000–4,000 steps per day. Therefore, Bellabeat's marketing strategy should include encouraging people to purchase and wear Bellabeat's smart devices to track/count the number of steps they take every day to ensure they achieve their goal of walking at least 10,000 steps a day.

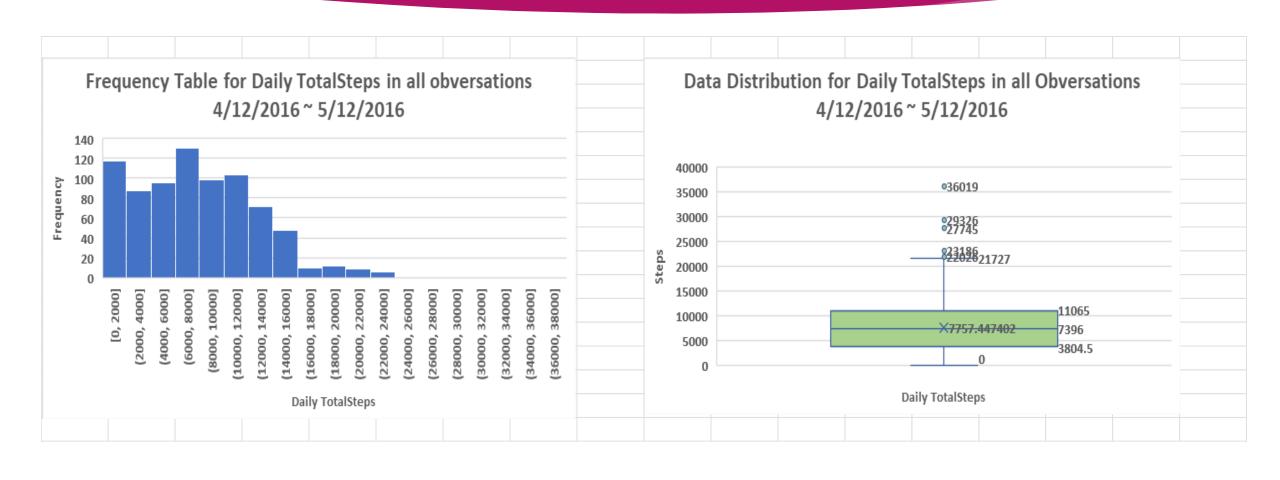


# **Key Findings**

- Here are the trends found while analyzing smart device usage data from a public dataset:
  - > The consumers in this dataset used smart devices to **track daily activity** such as how many steps they took, how far they walked at each intensity level, how long each intensity level lasted, and how many calories they burned.
  - > The consumers used smart devices to **monitor** their **heart rate**.
  - > The consumers used smart devices to watch their weight and BMI level.
  - The consumers used smart devices to track their sleep duration and sleep efficiency.
- These trends can apply to Bellabeat customers because:
  - Bellabeat's products like Bellabbeat app, Leaf and Time track user activity, sleep, and stress.
  - From the previous bullet item, we know that consumers use non-Bellabeat smart devices to track their daily activity, sleep, heart rate, weight, and BMI level.
  - Potentially biased data were removed prior to our analysis, meaning that our data represent a good sampling distribution. Therefore, trends found in our analysis regarding activity and sleep should apply to Bellabeat customers.
  - Stress may/may not cause abnormal heart rate or weight changes. However, the trends discovered in our analysis should help Bellabeat get the data its users want or need.

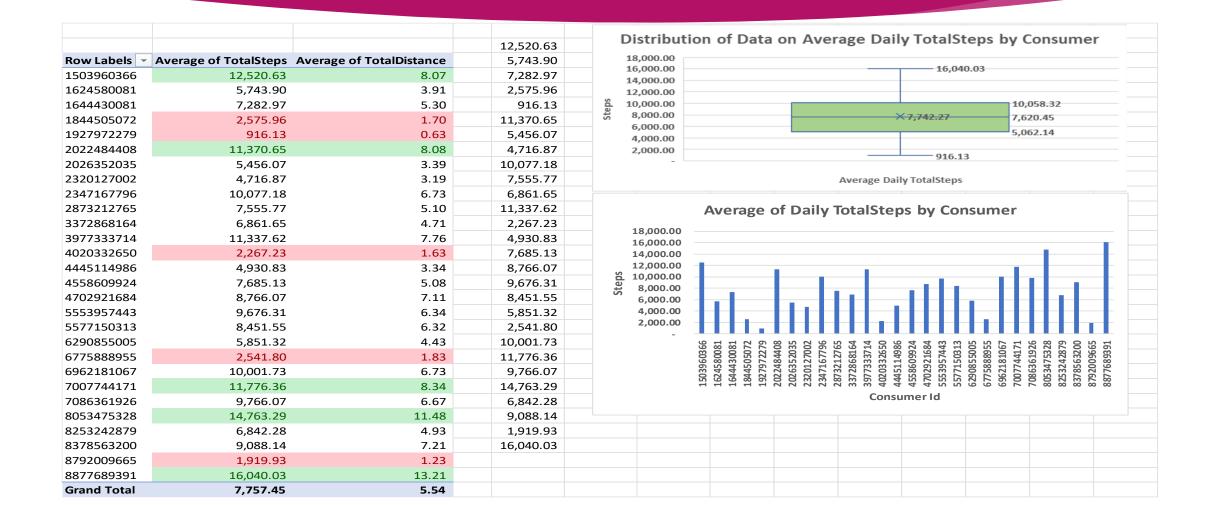
#### **Interesting findings:**

- **Each** consumer in this dataset used a smart device to track their daily activities, including total steps taken, total distance walked, distance walked per activity level, total minutes spent per activity level, and total calories burned.
- By studying the frequency table (histogram chart) and data distribution chart (box plot) of the daily total steps for all observations in the dataset, the following trends were found:
  - The most common set of values for daily total steps were between 6,000 and 8,000 steps. The next common set of values for daily total steps were between 0 and 2,000 steps.
  - The median (the middle number in a sorted list of numbers) of the daily total steps was 7,396.
  - The upper quartile (or third quartile, is the value under which 75% of data points are found when arranged in increasing order) of the box plot shows that **75%** of the values for daily total steps were **under 11,065**.



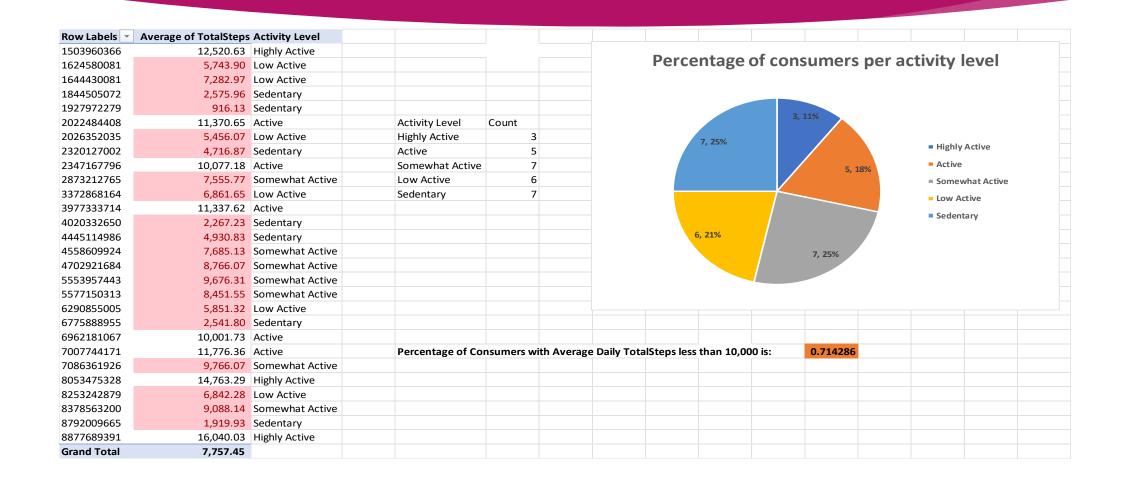
#### **Interesting findings:**

- Aggregating the data by consumer Id, the following trends were discovered:
  - Median average total daily steps per consumer is 7,620.45.
  - The upper quartile of the boxplot shows that 75% of consumers have an average daily total step count below 10,058.32.
  - According to this document, <u>Walking Meeting Preventing Chronic Disease</u>, The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommends walking at least 10,000 steps per day. It appears that most consumers in this dataset were not meeting CDC recommendations.



#### **Interesting findings:**

- Each consumer's "activity level" was categorized based on their average number of steps taken per day and the following guidelines mentioned in the article <u>How Many Steps a Day Is Considered Active?</u>:
  - Sedentary: Less than 5,000 steps daily
  - Low active: About 5,000 to 7,499 steps daily
  - Somewhat active: About 7,500 to 9,999 steps daily
  - Active: More than 10,000 steps daily
  - **Highly active:** More than 12,500 steps daily
- The following trends where found:
  - 71% of consumers took less than 10,000 steps per day on average (25% of consumers had an activity level of "sedentary", 21% of consumers had an activity level of "low active", and 25% of consumers have an activity level of "somewhat active").



#### **Interesting findings:**

▶ According to this article How many steps should people take per day?, most people in the United States take less than 10,000 per day. Same trend was found in the dataset we analyzed. Therefore, Bellabeat's marketing strategy should include encouraging people to purchase and wear Bellabeat's smart devices to track/count the number of steps they take every day to ensure they achieve their goal of walking at least 10,000 steps a day.

#### Recommendations

#### **High-level Recommendations For Bellabeat's Marketing Strategy:**

#### Regarding tracking customers' daily activities

- Request the technical team to add the function of tracking customers' daily activities (including total walking steps, total walking distance, walking distance for each activity level, total minutes spent for each activity level, and total calories burned) on Bellabeat's smart device Time (if this feature does not already exist). This feature might include sending reminders to customers who take less than 10,000 steps per day.
- Encourage everyone to purchase Bellabeat's smart device Time, follow CDC's recommendation to set a goal of 10,000 steps each day, and track the daily activity using Time. Every consumer in the dataset was interested in and used this feature, but at least 70% of consumers in the dataset took less than 10,000 steps per day. If Bellabeat's marketing team can properly motivate buyers, there could be a lot of growth in this area.