

$f_{\text{true}}(\underline{x})$

linear models

$$f(\underline{x}; \underline{\beta})$$

$$\underline{y} = \underline{x} \underline{\beta} + \underline{\varepsilon}$$

nonlinear models

$$f(\underline{x}; \underline{\theta})$$

Linear models

deterministic models

$\underline{\beta}$: deterministic unknown

LS

$$E(\underline{\varepsilon}) = \underline{0}$$

$$E(\hat{\underline{\beta}}) = \underline{\beta}$$

$$\text{Cov}(\hat{\underline{\beta}}) ?$$

LS

$$\begin{aligned} E(\underline{\varepsilon}) &= \underline{0} \\ \text{Cov}(\underline{\varepsilon}) &= \sigma^2 \underline{I} \end{aligned}$$

$\hat{\underline{\beta}}$ is BLUE

Gauss-Markov theorem!

GLS

$$\begin{aligned} E(\underline{\varepsilon}) &= \underline{0} \\ \text{Cov}(\underline{\varepsilon}) &= \underline{V} \end{aligned}$$

$\hat{\underline{\beta}}_{\text{GLS}}$ is BLUE

Generalized G-M Th.

known

$$p(\underline{\varepsilon})$$

ML

$\hat{\underline{\beta}}_{\text{ML}}$

asymptotic efficient

Bayesian model

$$\underline{\beta} \sim \text{prior distribution}$$

Nonlinear models

$$f(x; \underline{\theta})$$

Deterministic
nonlinear
models

$\underline{\theta}$: deterministic
but unknown

NLS

$\hat{\underline{\theta}}_{NLS}$

ML

$p(\underline{\xi})$

$\hat{\underline{\theta}}_{ML}$

asymptotically
efficient/optimal

Bayesian nonlinear
models

$\underline{\theta}$: unknown follow
a prior distribution
 $p(\underline{\theta})$.

Gaussian process