## 默认条件下在用户HOME目录下创建R安装包,Python安装包及执行文件,避免HOME下内存不过,修 改其安装路径

- 在HOME下创建.Rprofile 文件,对R进行配置:
- 1. 设置安装包路径: .libPaths("/the/path/to/the/R/packages/")
- 2. 避免出现网络连接故障,设置: options(download.file.methon="libcurl"), 该选项可在 help(options)中可见
- python存在2和3两个版本,首先查看不同版本下的配置位置: python2/3 -m site;发现 USER\_BASE安装目录也默认出现在HOME目录下: \$HOME/.local; USER\_SIET: \$HOME/.local/lib/python2/3/site-packages,为避免HOME空间不够,修改其路径
- 1. 参考<u>pip</u>官网说明,设置user scheme, 添加PYTHONUSERBASE路径到.bashrc或.bash\_profile 中,例如:export PYTHONUSERBASE=/share/Data/xxx/bin/.local
- 2. 在安装python2/3对应packages时,使用--user选项,例如: pip2/3 install --user pakcage\_name,即可对应将packages安装至\$PYTHONUSERBASE/lib/python2/3/site-packages,同时可执行文件会出项在\$PATHONUSERBASE/bin中,将该路径添加到PATH中即可
- python包其他路径设置问题
- 1. python窗口添加: 打开python3; import sys; sys.path 显示当前路径(或pyhton3 -m site)
- 2. 直接添加: sys.path.append("/your/path/to/add"),这样每次运行都需重复

>>> import sys
>>> sys.path
['', '/anaconda3/lib/python37.zip', '/anaconda3/lib/python3.7', '/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/lib-dynloa
d', '/Users/carlos/.local/lib/python3.7/site-packages', '/Users/carlos/Bin/rgi-master/app', '/anacon
da3/lib/python3.7/site-packages', '/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/aeosa']

3. 另一种方法,无需每次添加。在site-packages内添加文件,例如rgiapp.pth,后缀必须为.pth,同时直接写上路径即可:/your/path/to/add

## \$more local\_softe\_packages.pth /Users/carlos/Bin/rgi-master/app

- 4. 添加环境变量PYTHONPATH, python会添加此路径下模块,在.bash\_profile中: export PYTHONPATH=/usr/local/lib/dir:\$PATHONPATH
- 5. 如果安装了模块仍然显示无法查询到、简单方法、重装、甚至重装更上级模块
- pip3 uninstall biopython
- pip3 install biopython
- pip3 install Bio

## Perl 非@INC路径模块安装及使用

● perl模块安装路径存于@INC中, 简写脚本

#!/usr/bin/env perl
foreach \$a (@INC){
print \$a,"\n"}

```
$perl perl_inc.pl
/Users/carlos/perl5
/Users/carlos/Bin/PfamScan
/Library/Perl/5.18/darwin-thread-multi-2level
/Library/Perl/5.18
/Network/Library/Perl/5.18/darwin-thread-multi-2level
/Network/Library/Perl/5.18
/Library/Perl/Updates/5.18.4
/System/Library/Perl/5.18/darwin-thread-multi-2level
/System/Library/Perl/5.18
/System/Library/Perl/Extras/5.18/darwin-thread-multi-2level
/System/Library/Perl/Extras/5.18
.
```

- 或查看否个模块安装路径: peridoc -l module, 或者cpan -l列出所有cpan安装的模块
- 安装local::lib包,创建并安装模块到perl's builtin @INC以外的路径
- 下载local::lib文件,解压缩,按照说明安装,本机默认设定其他路径为~/.perl5

If you want to build a tree under ~/.perl (a hidden path under your home directory), download the tarball for local::lib, unpack it, and run its bootstrap setup as follows:

```
$ perl Makefile.PL --bootstrap=~/.perl
$ make test && make install
$ echo 'eval $(perl -I$HOME/.perl/lib/perl5 -Mlocal::lib=$HOME/.perl)' >> ~/.bashrc
```

This last command adds the environment setup to your ~/.bashrc (which is run whenever you login.) You need to restart your shell (or source ~/.bashrc) to get your shell ready to run cpan with the new environment.

● 经\$HOME/perl5/lib/perl5, export到PERL5LIB中

本机

```
$perl -Mlocal::lib
PATH="/Users/carlos/perl5/bin${PATH:+:${PATH}}"; export PATH;
PERL5LIB="/Users/carlos/perl5/lib/perl5${PERL5LIB:+:${PERL5LIB}}"; export PERL5LIB;
PERL_LOCAL_LIB_ROOT="/Users/carlos/perl5${PERL_LOCAL_LIB_ROOT:+:${PERL_LOCAL_LIB_ROOT}}"; export PERL_LOCAL_LIB_ROOT;
PERL_MB_OPT="--install_base \"/Users/carlos/perl5\""; export PERL_MB_OPT;
PERL_MM_OPT="INSTALL_BASE=/Users/carlos/perl5"; export PERL_MM_OPT;
```

echo eval "\$(perl -I \$HOME/perl5/lib/perl5 -Mloca::lib)" >> ~/.bash\_proifile ##很重要

● 使用cpanm安装路径会默认安装到~/perl5中,可指定-l安装路径

```
export PERL_CPANM_OPT="--prompt --reinstall -1 ~/perl --mirror http://cpan.cpantesters.org", 将指定cpanm安装模块dir和mirror
```

- 好多年不用perl,好气人,<u>http://learnperl.scratchcomputing.com/tutorials/configuration/#loc</u> al lib
- 摘抄生信技能树

但是如果是非root用户,那么就麻烦了,很难用自动的cpan下载器,这样只能下载模块源码,然后编译,但是编译有个问题,很多模块居然是依赖于其它模块的,你的不停地下载其它依赖模块,最后才能解决,特别麻烦

## 但是,只需要运行下面的代码:

```
wget -O- http://cpanmin.us | perl - -l ~/perl5 App::cpanminus local::lib
eval `perl -I ~/perl5/lib/perl5 -Mlocal::lib`
echo 'eval `perl -I ~/perl5/lib/perl5 -Mlocal::lib`' >> ~/.profile
echo 'export MANPATH=$HOME/perl5/man:$MANPATH' >> ~/.profile
```

就能拥有一个私人的cpan下载器, ~/.profile可能需要更改为.bash\_profile, .bashrc, etc等等,取决于你的linux系统!

然后你直接运行 cpanm Module::Name, 就跟root用户一样的可以下载模块啦!

关于circos软件配置GD perl模块无法安装,直接brew install perl,不使用自带perl