Class Project

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1 Simulate Geometric Brownian Motion

Geometric Brownian Motion solution

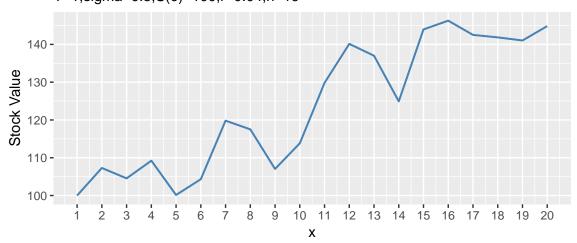
$$S(T) = S(t)e^{(\mu - \frac{1}{2}\sigma^2)(T-t) + \sigma\sqrt{T-t}z}$$

Now, given some initial data S(0) = 100, r = 0.04, $\sigma = 0.3$, T = 1, let's simulate the Geometric Brownian Motion pathways.

```
s0 <- 100
r < -0.04
sigma <- 0.3
                                                # input initial data
T <- 1
S_T <- function(s0,r,sigma,T,n=19){</pre>
                                                # build the GBM function below
  data <- double(0)</pre>
  data[1] <- s0
  for(i in 1:19){
    s0 \leftarrow s0*exp((r-0.5*sigma^2)*(T/n)+sigma*sqrt(T/n)*rnorm(1,0,1))
    data[i+1] <- s0
  }
  return(data)
}
data <- S_T(s0,r,sigma,T)</pre>
                                                # use the function the get each path's stock value S_T
library(ggplot2)
                                                # plot the pathway
plot1 <- ggplot(data.frame(x=seq(1:20),S_t = data),aes(x=x,y=S_t))+</pre>
  geom_line(col="steelblue", size=0.7)+scale_x_continuous(breaks=seq(1, 20, 1))+
  labs(title="GBM Pathway", subtitle="T=1,sigma=0.3,S(0)=100,r=0.04,n=19",y="Stock Value")
plot1
```

GBM Pathway

T=1,sigma=0.3,S(0)=100,r=0.04,n=19



2 Vanilla black-scholes european call option

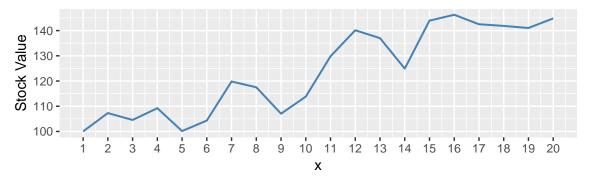
Set the K = 100

```
K = 100
                                           # Excercise price K=100
n <- 19
B_S <- function(data,K){</pre>
                                           # Build the Bs call option function
  call_value <- double(0)</pre>
                                           # calculate d1,d2,call option value
  d1 \leftarrow double(0)
  d2 \leftarrow double(0)
  for(i in 1:20){
    d1[i] \leftarrow (\log(data[i]/K) + (r+0.5*sigma^2)*(20-i)*T/n)/(sigma*sqrt((20-i)*T/n))
    d2[i] \leftarrow (\log(data[i]/K) + (r-0.5*sigma^2)*(20-i)*T/n)/(sigma*sqrt((20-i)*T/n))
    call_value[i] \leftarrow data[i]*pnorm(d1[i])-K*exp(-r*(20-i)*T/n)*pnorm(d2[i])
    }
                                           # calculate the cash flow, bt and replicating value
  cashflow <- double(0)</pre>
  bt <- double(0)
  replicate <- double(0)
  bt[1] \leftarrow K*exp(-r*T)*pnorm(d2[1])
  cashflow[1] <- 0</pre>
  replicate[1] <- -bt[1]+data[1]*pnorm(d1[1])</pre>
  for(i in 2:20){
    cashflow[i] <- data[i]*(pnorm(d1[i])-pnorm(d1[i-1]))</pre>
    bt[i] \leftarrow bt[i-1]*exp(r*T/n)+cashflow[i]
    replicate[i] <- data[i]*pnorm(d1[i])- bt[i]</pre>
  return(data.frame(stock=data,d1=d1,delta=pnorm(d1),Bt=bt,replicate=replicate,call_option=call_value))
}
call \leftarrow B_S(data,100)
print(call)
```

```
##
                                          Bt replicate call_option
                      d1
## 1 100.0000 0.2833333 0.6115393
                                   47.40067
                                              13.75326
                                                          13.75326
## 2 107.2955 0.5169295 0.6973973
                                   56.71274
                                              18.11484
                                                          18.11941
## 3 104.5432 0.4245756 0.6644270
                                                          15.81720
                                   53.38543
                                              16.07586
## 4 109.2257 0.5805530 0.7192291
                                   59.48375
                                              19.07459
                                                          18.62032
## 5 100.1430 0.2571089 0.6014526
                                   47.81462 12.41665
                                                          12.15075
     104.3274 0.4077184 0.6582598
                                   53.84193
                                              14.83258
                                                          14.33041
## 7 119.8154 0.9628808 0.8321963 74.79567 24.91426
                                                          25.50758
## 8 117.5138 0.9020781 0.8164923
                                   73.10787 22.84124
                                                          23.15682
## 9 107.0416 0.5136895 0.6962654
                                   60.39267
                                                          14.69709
                                            14.13669
## 10 113.8172 0.8002104 0.7882055
                                   70.98431 18.72702
                                                          19.22031
## 11 129.8152 1.4588023 0.9276902
                                   89.24114 31.18717
                                                          32.63023
## 12 140.1362 1.9173078 0.9724006
                                   95.69475 40.57377
                                                          42.11535
## 13 137.0039 1.9009775 0.9713475
                                              37.32623
                                   95.75215
                                                          38.76039
## 14 124.9284 1.4794446 0.9304892
                                   90.84959
                                              25.39496
                                                          26.87584
## 15 143.9603 2.5129558 0.9940138 100.18606
                                              42.91245
                                                          45.05210
## 16 146.2810 2.8932470 0.9980936 100.99400
                                              45.00811
                                                          47.13115
## 17 142.5150 3.0845133 0.9989806 101.33325
                                              41.03650
                                                          43.14958
## 18 141.8620 3.6845893 0.9998855 101.67518
                                              40.17052
                                                          42.28251
## 19 141.0330 5.0606415 0.9999998 101.90558
                                              39.12736
                                                          41.24328
## 20 144.8364
                     Inf 1.0000000 102.12038
                                              42.71600
                                                          44.83638
```

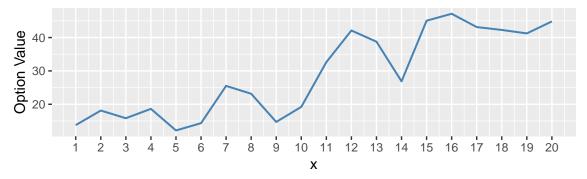
Underlying stock value

K=100



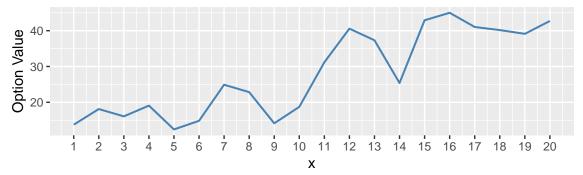
BS call option value

K=100



Replicating portfolio value

K=100



The value of the replicating portfolio at time T

$$C = \triangle S + B$$

The terminal value of the call at time T

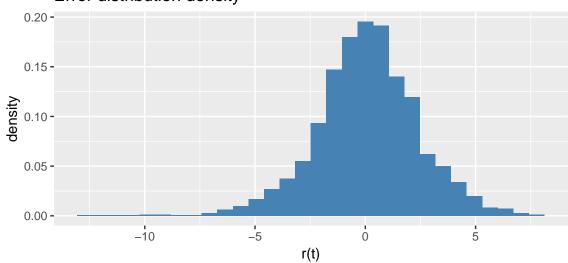
$$C = max(S - K, 0)$$

Now repeat above process for 2000 times to generate the distribution of replicating error.

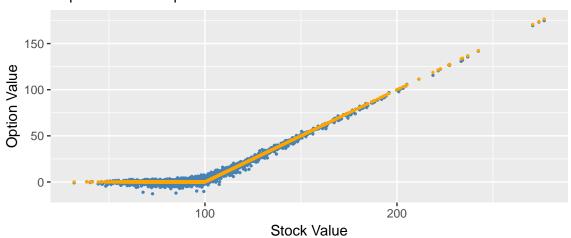
```
stock <- call <- replicate <- error <- double(0)
for(i in 1:2000){</pre>
```

```
t <- B_S(S_T(s0,r,sigma,T),100)
error[i] <- t$replicate[20]-t$call_option[20]
replicate[i] <- t$replicate[20]
call[i] <- t$call_option[20]
stock[i] <- t$stock[20]
}</pre>
```

Error distribution density



Value distribution Replicate/BS call option



3 Cash-or-nothing call option

Cash-or-nothing call option either pays you a fixed amount of money or nothing at all.

$$C_{cn} = ke^{-r\tau}N(d2)$$

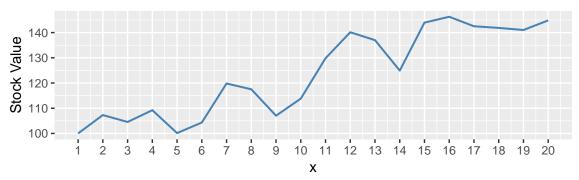
where S the initial stock price, K the strike price, T the time to maturity, σ the volatility and r the risk free interest rate, in this section, we will set k = 1 for convenience.

```
t < -1e-6
C_N <- function(data,K){</pre>
                                          # calculate d1, d2, call option value, cashflow, replicating value
  call value <- double(0)</pre>
  d1 \leftarrow double(0)
  d2 \leftarrow double(0)
  delta <- double(0)</pre>
  for(i in 1:20){
    d1[i] \leftarrow (\log(data[i]/K) + (r+0.5*sigma^2)*(20-i)*T/n)/(sigma*sqrt((20-i)*T/n))
    d2[i] \leftarrow (\log(data[i]/K) + (r-0.5*sigma^2)*(20-i)*T/n)/(sigma*sqrt((20-i)*T/n))
    call_value[i] \leftarrow exp(-r*(20-i)*T/n)*pnorm(d2[i])
    delta[i] \leftarrow exp(-r*(20-i)*T/n)*dnorm(d2[i])/(data[i]*sigma*sqrt((20-i)*T/n))
  }
  delta[20] <- 0
  cashflow <- double(0)</pre>
                                          # calculate the cash flow and replicating value
  bt <- double(0)
  replicate <- double(0)
  bt[1] <- -call_value[1]+data[1]*delta[1]</pre>
  cashflow[1] <- 0</pre>
  replicate[1] <- -bt[1]+data[1]*delta[1]
  for(i in 2:20){
    cashflow[i] <- data[i]*(delta[i]-delta[i-1])</pre>
    bt[i] \leftarrow bt[i-1]*exp(r*T/n)+cashflow[i]
    replicate[i] <- data[i]*delta[i]- bt[i]
  return(data.frame(stock=data,delta=delta,bt=bt,replicate=replicate,CON=call_value))
}
call1 <- C_N(data, 100)
print(call1)
```

```
##
        stock
                     delta
                                    bt replicate
                                                       CON
## 1 100.0000 1.277488e-02 0.80348097 0.4740067 0.4740067
## 2 107.2955 1.195375e-02 0.71707093 0.5655123 0.5670817
## 3 104.5432 1.284687e-02 0.81195158 0.5311005 0.5364410
## 4 109.2257 1.224385e-02 0.74779759 0.5895459 0.5993801
## 5 100.1430 1.447990e-02 0.97329816 0.4767620 0.4808052
## 6 104.3274 1.425622e-02 0.95201338 0.5353000 0.5434409
## 7 119.8154 1.011272e-02 0.45756562 0.7540944 0.7420235
     117.5138 1.113968e-02 0.57921084 0.7298546 0.7279229
## 9 107.0416 1.531684e-02 1.02756165 0.6119770 0.5983227
## 10 113.8172 1.330817e-02 0.80110599 0.7135921 0.7049102
## 11 129.8152 6.667030e-03 -0.05932647 0.9248084 0.8779808
## 12 140.1362 3.261161e-03 -0.53673692 0.9937437 0.9415317
## 13 137.0039 3.596734e-03 -0.49189338 0.9846599 0.9431799
## 14 124.9284 7.921503e-03 0.04735655 0.9422643 0.8936870
## 15 143.9603 1.102573e-03 -0.93419878 1.0929255 0.9804641
## 16 146.2810 4.409836e-04 -1.03294553 1.0974531 0.9887096
## 17 142.5150 2.874868e-04 -1.05699806 1.0979692 0.9922017
## 18 141.8620 4.619730e-05 -1.09345546 1.1000091 0.9956319
## 19 141.0330 1.592226e-07 -1.10225278 1.1022752 0.9978967
## 20 144.8364 0.000000e+00 -1.10459882 1.1045988 1.0000000
```

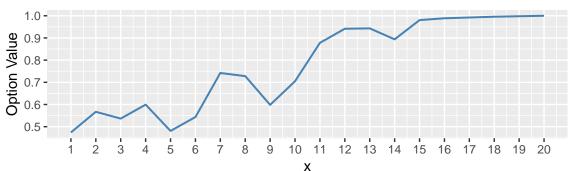
Underlying stock value

k=1



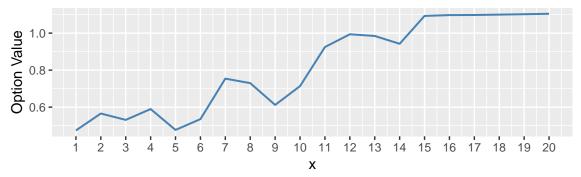
Cash-or-nothing option value

k=1



Replicating portfolio value

k=1



The value of the replicating portfolio at time T

$$C = \triangle S + B$$

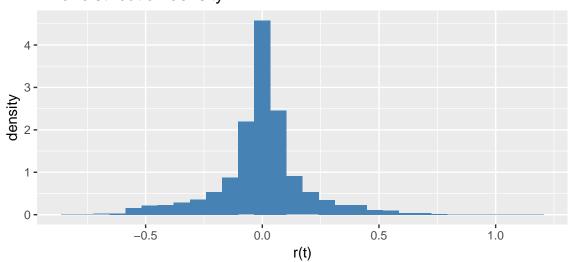
The terminal value of the call at time T

$$C = \frac{\max(S - K, 0)}{|S - K|}$$

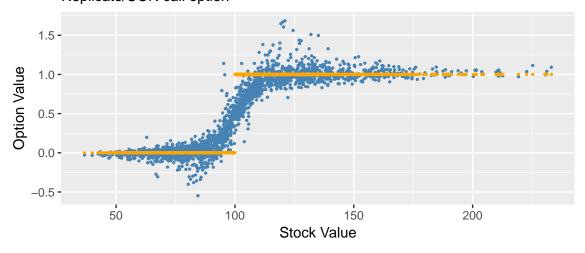
Now repeat above process for 2000 times to generate the distribution of replicating error.

```
stock <- call <- replicate <- error <- double(0)
for(i in 1:2000){
    t <- C_N(S_T(s0,r,sigma,T),100)
    error[i] <- t$replicate[20]-t$CON[20]
    replicate[i] <- t$replicate[20]
    call[i] <- t$CON[20]
    stock[i] <- t$stock[20]
}</pre>
```

Error distribution density



Value distribution Replicate/CON call option



4 Asset-or-nothing call option

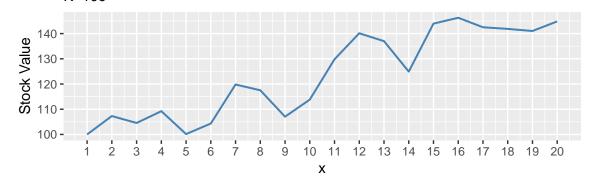
The asset-or-nothing option is basically the same, but your payment equals the price of the asset underlying the option.

$$C_{an} = SN(d1)$$

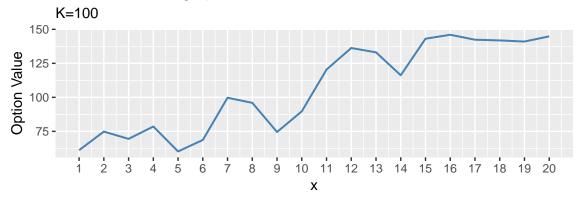
```
epsilon \leftarrow 0.01
A_N <- function(data,K){
                                          # calculate d1, d2, call option value, cashflow, replicating value
  call value <- double(0)</pre>
  d1 \leftarrow double(0)
  d2 \leftarrow double(0)
  delta <- double(0)</pre>
  for(i in 1:20){
    d1[i] \leftarrow (\log(data[i]/K) + (r+0.5*sigma^2)*(20-i)*T/n)/(sigma*sqrt((20-i)*T/n))
    d2[i] \leftarrow (\log(data[i]/K) + (r-0.5*sigma^2)*(20-i)*T/n)/(sigma*sqrt((20-i)*T/n))
    call_value[i] <- data[i]*pnorm(d1[i])</pre>
    delta[i] \leftarrow pnorm(d1[i])+dnorm(d1[i])/(sigma*sqrt((20-i)*T/n))
  delta[20] <- pnorm(d1[i])</pre>
  cashflow <- double(0)</pre>
                                           # calculate the cash flow and replicating value
  bt <- double(0)
  replicate <- double(0)
  bt[1] <- -call_value[1]+data[1]*delta[1]</pre>
  cashflow[1] <- 0</pre>
  replicate[1] <- -bt[1]+data[1]*delta[1]
  for(i in 2:20){
    cashflow[i] <- data[i]*(delta[i]-delta[i-1])</pre>
    bt[i] \leftarrow bt[i-1]*exp(r*T/n)+cashflow[i]
    replicate[i] <- data[i]*delta[i]- bt[i]
  return(data.frame(stock=data,delta=delta,bt=bt,replicate=replicate,AON=call_value))
}
call2 \leftarrow A_N(data,100)
print(call2)
```

```
##
        stock
                 delta
                               bt replicate
                                                 AON
## 1 100.0000 1.889027 127.748766 61.15393 61.15393
## 2 107.2955 1.892772 128.419833 74.66607 74.82758
## 3 104.5432 1.949114 134.580593 69.18592 69.46130
## 4 109.2257 1.943614 134.263508
                                  78.02918
                                            78.55834
## 5 100.1430 2.049442 145.144438
                                  60.09285 60.23127
## 6 104.3274 2.083881 149.043267
                                   68.36258 68.67450
## 7 119.8154 1.843469 120.552236 100.32370 99.70993
## 8 117.5138 1.930460 131.028950 95.82670 95.94910
## 9 107.0416 2.227949 163.148831 75.33439 74.52936
## 10 113.8172 2.119022 151.094904 90.08623 89.71133
## 11 129.8152 1.594393 83.308492 123.66800 120.42831
## 12 140.1362 1.298517 42.021058 139.94814 136.26852
## 13 137.0039 1.331021 46.562813 135.79222 133.07838
## 14 124.9284 1.722640 95.585241 119.62139 116.24455
## 15 143.9603 1.104271
                       6.766184 152.20500 143.09851
## 16 146.2810 1.042192 -2.300552 154.75341 146.00211
## 17 142.5150 1.027729 -4.366553 150.83343 142.36975
## 18 141.8620 1.004505 -7.670366 150.17143 141.84570
## 19 141.0330 1.000016 -8.319696 149.35489 141.03295
## 20 144.8364 1.000000 -8.339505 153.17588 144.83638
```

Underlying stock value K=100



Asset-or-nothing option value



Replicating portfolio value K=100

en 140 - 120 - 100 - 100 - 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 x

The value of the replicating portfolio at time T

$$C = \triangle S + B$$

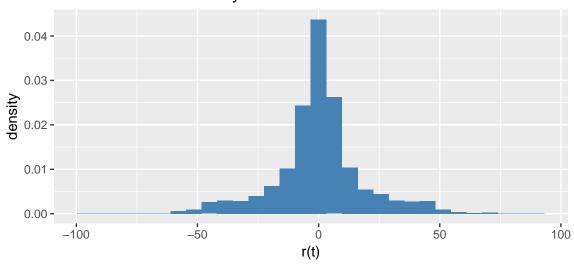
The terminal value of the call at time T

$$C = \frac{\max(S - K, 0)}{|S - K|}S$$

Now repeat above process for 2000 times to generate the distribution of replicating error.

```
stock <- call <- replicate <- error <- double(0)
for(i in 1:2000){
    t <- A_N(S_T(s0,r,sigma,T),100)
    error[i] <- t$replicate[20]-t$AON[20]
    replicate[i] <- t$replicate[20]
    call[i] <- t$AON[20]
    stock[i] <- t$stock[20]
}</pre>
```

Error distribution density



Value distribution Replicate/AON call option

