



Welcome to the Web Application Development with Python L-4 Training Program





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Lecture

03



✓ Python Operator

Types of Python Operator

- ☐ Arithmetic Operators
- ☐ Assignment Operators
- ☐ Comparison Operators
- ☐ Logical Operators
- ☐ Bitwise Operators
- ☐ Special Operators



Arithmetic Operators

Operator	Operation	Example
+	Addition	$5 + 2 = 7$
-	Subtraction	$4 - 2 = 2$
*	Multiplication	$2 * 3 = 6$
/	Division	$4 / 2 = 2$
//	Floor Division	$10 // 3 = 3$
%	Modulo	$5 \% 2 = 1$
**	Power	$4 ** 2 = 16$

Arithmetic Operators

```
arithmetic_operator.py

a = 7
b = 2

# addition
print ('Sum: ', a + b)

# subtraction
print ('Subtraction: ', a - b)

# multiplication
print ('Multiplication: ', a * b)

# division
print ('Division: ', a / b)

# floor division
print ('Floor Division: ', a // b)

# modulo
print ('Modulo: ', a % b)

# a to the power b
print ('Power: ', a ** b)
```



Assignment Operators

Operator	Name	Example
=	Assignment Operator	<code>a = 7</code>
+=	Addition Assignment	<code>a += 1 # a = a + 1</code>
-=	Subtraction Assignment	<code>a -= 3 # a = a - 3</code>
*=	Multiplication Assignment	<code>a *= 4 # a = a * 4</code>
/=	Division Assignment	<code>a /= 3 # a = a / 3</code>
%=	Remainder Assignment	<code>a %= 10 # a = a % 10</code>
**=	Exponent Assignment	<code>a **= 10 # a = a ** 10</code>

Assignment Operators

```
assignment_operator.py

# assign 10 to a
a = 10

# assign 5 to b
b = 5

# assign the sum of a and b to a
a += b      # a = a + b

print(a)

# Output: 15
```



Comparison Operators

Operator	Meaning	Example
==	Is Equal To	3 == 5 gives us False
!=	Not Equal To	3 != 5 gives us True
>	Greater Than	3 > 5 gives us False
<	Less Than	3 < 5 gives us True
>=	Greater Than or Equal To	3 >= 5 give us False
<=	Less Than or Equal To	3 <= 5 gives us True

Comparison Operators

```
comparison_operator.py

a = 5
b = 2

# equal to operator
print('a == b =', a == b)

# not equal to operator
print('a != b =', a != b)

# greater than operator
print('a > b =', a > b)

# less than operator
print('a < b =', a < b)

# greater than or equal to operator
print('a >= b =', a >= b)

# less than or equal to operator
print('a <= b =', a <= b)
```



Thanks All

