# Frequency-Enhanced Wavelet-based Transformer in Imitation Learning for Humanoid Robot

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Project Website: https://humanoid-black-knight.github.io/.

## **APPENDIX**

## A. Comparison of Parameters and FLOPs

**Table A1** shows that, based on the ACT policy baseline and Backbone (ResNet18), the FE-EMA module reduces the computational complexity (FLOPs) compared to the EMA module. Where the Simulation Tasks (ACT baseline) are *Cube Transfer* and *Bimanual Insertion*, respectively.

Table A1. Comparison of Farameters and FEOTS for One Epoch.			
Method	Backbone	Simulation Tasks	
		#.Param.	FLOPs
Baseline (ACT)	ResNet18	60.7566 M	37570.51 M
EMA + ACT		60.7592 M	37616.59 M
FE-EMA + ACT (ours)		60.7621 M	37596.91 M

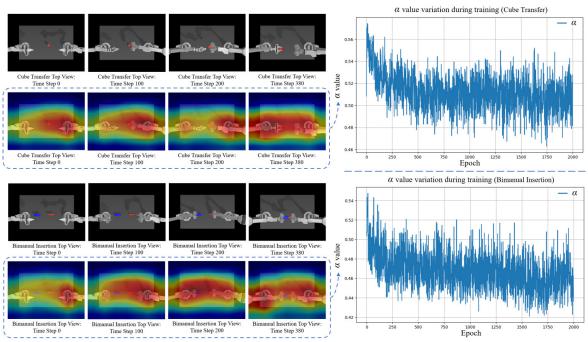
Table A1. Comparison of Parameters and FLOPs for One Epoch.

### B. Training Details

We adopt the hyperparameters reported in the ACT Policy and Mobile ALOHA paper, with the sole modification of reducing the batch size from 8 to 4. The complete hyperparameter settings are summarized in **Table A2**. We deploy our policy with inference on a desktop with an NVIDIA RTX 3060 GPU.

Table A2. Hyperparameters of the FEWT (based on ACT Policy).

Hyperparameter	FEWT	
Learning rate	1e-5	
Batch size	4	
# encoder layers	4	
# decoder layers	7	
Feedforward dimension	3200	
Hidden dimension	512	
# heads	8	
Chunk size	100	
KL weights	10	



**Fig. A1:** Visualization of the dynamic weight  $\alpha$  in the FE-EMA module (training phase, effect of 2000 epoch under different simulation tasks).

For the two simulation tasks, *Cube Transfer* and *Bimanual Insertion*, the dynamic weight  $\alpha$  is consistently maintained at approximately 0.5 during training (see Fig. A1). This suggests that the time-domain and frequency-domain feature weights are well balanced during model training. Dynamically fusing the time-domain and frequency-domain features allows effective capture of information across different scales.

#### C. The Construction of Humanoid Black Knight

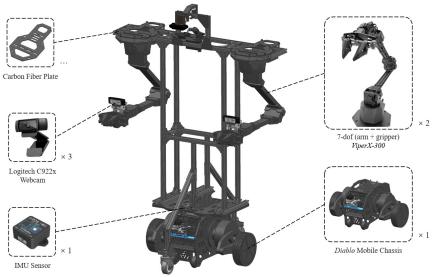


Fig. A2: The design of humanoid robot (Humanoid Black Knight, HBK).

The construction of *Humanoid Black Knight* (HBK) mainly consists of two 7-dof (arm + gripper) robotic arms (*ViperX-300*), a two-wheeled differential mobility chassis (*Diablo*), three RGB cameras (Logitech C922x webcams), and an inertial measurement unit (IMU sensor).