# Principal Component Analysis (PCA) with Protein data

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2025-08-13

#### #Step1. Load Required Libraries

```
# Install packages if not already installed
required_packages <- c("corrr", "ggcorrplot", "FactoMineR", "factoextra", "ibawds")</pre>
lapply(required_packages, function(pkg) {
  if (!require(pkg, character.only = TRUE)) install.packages(pkg)
  library(pkg, character.only = TRUE)
})
## [[1]]
## [1] "corrr"
                   "stats"
                                "graphics" "grDevices" "utils"
                                                                     "datasets"
## [7] "methods"
                   "base"
## [[2]]
                                                             "graphics"
  [1] "ggcorrplot" "ggplot2"
                                   "corrr"
                                                "stats"
  [6] "grDevices" "utils"
                                                             "base"
                                   "datasets"
                                                "methods"
##
## [[3]]
                                                             "stats"
                                                "corrr"
  [1] "FactoMineR" "ggcorrplot" "ggplot2"
  [6] "graphics"
                     "grDevices" "utils"
                                                             "methods"
                                                "datasets"
## [11] "base"
##
## [[4]]
## [1] "factoextra" "FactoMineR" "ggcorrplot" "ggplot2"
                                                             "corrr"
## [6] "stats"
                     "graphics"
                                  "grDevices" "utils"
                                                             "datasets"
## [11] "methods"
                     "base"
##
## [[5]]
## [1] "ibawds"
                     "dslabs"
                                   "factoextra" "FactoMineR" "ggcorrplot"
## [6] "ggplot2"
                     "corrr"
                                   "stats"
                                                "graphics"
                                                             "grDevices"
## [11] "utils"
                     "datasets"
                                  "methods"
                                                "base"
```

### #Step2. Load and Inspect Data

```
data(protein) # From 'ibawds' package
protein_data <- protein
cat("Dataset Dimensions:", dim(protein_data), "\n")</pre>
```

```
## Dataset Dimensions: 25 10
str(protein_data)
## tibble [25 x 10] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ country : chr [1:25] "Albania" "Austria" "Belgium" "Bulgaria" ...
## $ red_meat : num [1:25] 10.1 8.9 13.5 7.8 9.7 10.6 8.4 9.5 18 10.2 ...
## $ white_meat: num [1:25] 1.4 14 9.3 6 11.4 10.8 11.6 4.9 9.9 3 ...
## $ eggs
               : num [1:25] 0.5 4.3 4.1 1.6 2.8 3.7 3.7 2.7 3.3 2.8 ...
## $ milk
               : num [1:25] 8.9 19.9 17.5 8.3 12.5 25 11.1 33.7 19.5 17.6 ...
               : num [1:25] 0.2 2.1 4.5 1.2 2 9.9 5.4 5.8 5.7 5.9 ...
## $ fish
## $ cereals : num [1:25] 42.3 28 26.6 56.7 34.3 21.9 24.6 26.3 28.1 41.7 ...
## $ starch : num [1:25] 0.6 3.6 5.7 1.1 5 4.8 6.5 5.1 4.8 2.2 ...
## $ nuts : num [1:25] 5.5 1.3 2.1 3.7 1.1 0.7 0.8 1 2.4 7.8 ...
## $ fruit_veg : num [1:25] 1.7 4.3 4 4.2 4 2.4 3.6 1.4 6.5 6.5 ...
head(protein_data)
## # A tibble: 6 x 10
    country
              red_meat white_meat eggs milk fish cereals starch nuts fruit_veg
##
    <chr>>
                 <dbl>
                            <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                                      <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
                                                                            <dbl>
## 1 Albania
                 10.1
                              1.4
                                    0.5
                                          8.9
                                                0.2
                                                       42.3
                                                              0.6
                                                                    5.5
                                                                              1.7
                                    4.3 19.9
## 2 Austria
                  8.9
                             14
                                                2.1
                                                       28
                                                              3.6
                                                                    1.3
                                                                              4.3
## 3 Belgium
                  13.5
                              9.3
                                    4.1 17.5
                                               4.5
                                                      26.6
                                                              5.7
                                                                    2.1
                                                                              4
## 4 Bulgaria
                  7.8
                              6
                                    1.6 8.3
                                               1.2
                                                      56.7
                                                              1.1
                                                                    3.7
                                                                              4.2
## 5 Czechosl~
                  9.7
                                               2
```

### #Step3. Check for Missing Values

10.6

## 6 Denmark

11.4

10.8

```
#3. Check for Missing Values
missing_counts <- colSums(is.na(protein_data))</pre>
print(missing_counts)
##
      country
                 red_meat white_meat
                                             eggs
                                                         milk
                                                                     fish
                                                                              cereals
##
                                                0
            0
                        0
       starch
                     nuts fruit_veg
##
##
             0
                        0
```

2.8 12.5

3.7 25

34.3

21.9

9.9

5

4.8

1.1

0.7

2.4

## #Step4. Select Numerical Variables

```
numerical_data <- protein_data[, 2:10]</pre>
head(numerical data)
## # A tibble: 6 x 9
   red_meat white_meat eggs milk fish cereals starch nuts fruit_veg
```

```
<dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
                                               <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
##
        <dbl>
                                                                        <dbl>
## 1
         10.1
                      1.4
                            0.5
                                  8.9
                                         0.2
                                                42.3
                                                         0.6
                                                               5.5
                                                                          1.7
## 2
          8.9
                     14
                            4.3 19.9
                                         2.1
                                                28
                                                         3.6
                                                               1.3
                                                                          4.3
## 3
                            4.1 17.5
                                                               2.1
         13.5
                      9.3
                                         4.5
                                                26.6
                                                         5.7
                                                                          4
## 4
          7.8
                      6
                            1.6
                                  8.3
                                         1.2
                                                56.7
                                                         1.1
                                                               3.7
                                                                          4.2
## 5
          9.7
                            2.8 12.5
                                                34.3
                     11.4
                                         2
                                                         5
                                                               1.1
                                                                          4
## 6
         10.6
                     10.8
                            3.7
                                 25
                                         9.9
                                                21.9
                                                         4.8
                                                               0.7
                                                                          2.4
```

## #Step5. PCA Computation

```
pca_model <- princomp(numerical_data, cor = TRUE) # cor=TRUE standardizes the data
summary(pca_model) # Proportion of variance explained</pre>
```

```
## Importance of components:
##
                                                 Comp.3
                                                           Comp.4
                                                                      Comp.5
                             Comp.1
                                       Comp.2
## Standard deviation
                          2.0016087 1.2786710 1.0620355 0.9770691 0.6810568
## Proportion of Variance 0.4451597 0.1816666 0.1253244 0.1060738 0.0515376
## Cumulative Proportion 0.4451597 0.6268263 0.7521507 0.8582245 0.9097621
##
                              Comp.6
                                         Comp.7
                                                    Comp.8
## Standard deviation
                          0.57020257 0.52115865 0.34101599 0.31482043
## Proportion of Variance 0.03612566 0.03017848 0.01292132 0.01101243
## Cumulative Proportion 0.94588776 0.97606624 0.98898757 1.00000000
```

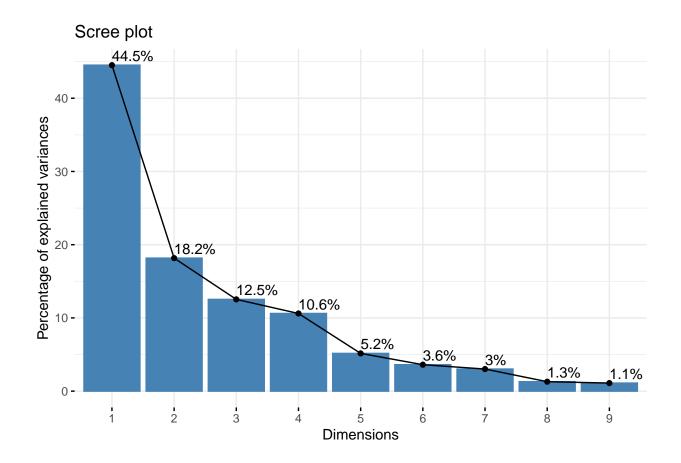
```
pca_model$loadings[, 1:2] # Loadings for first two PCs
```

```
##
                  Comp.1
                              Comp.2
## red meat
              0.3026094 0.05625165
## white_meat 0.3105562 0.23685334
              0.4266785 0.03533576
## eggs
## milk
              0.3777273 0.18458877
## fish
              0.1356499 -0.64681970
             -0.4377434 0.23348508
## cereals
## starch
              0.2972477 -0.35282564
             -0.4203344 -0.14331056
## nuts
## fruit_veg -0.1104199 -0.53619004
```

### #6. PCA Visualization

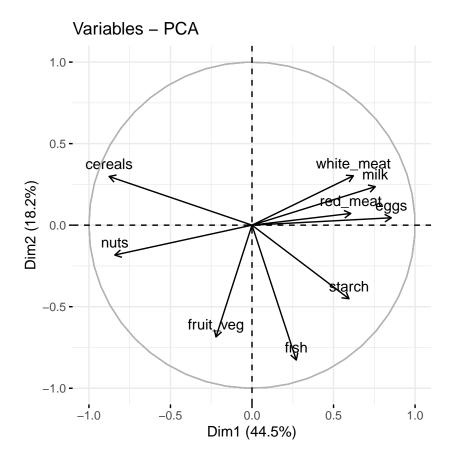
Scree plot (Eigenvalues)

```
fviz_eig(pca_model, addlabels = TRUE)
```



# Variable correlation plot (PCA Biplot)

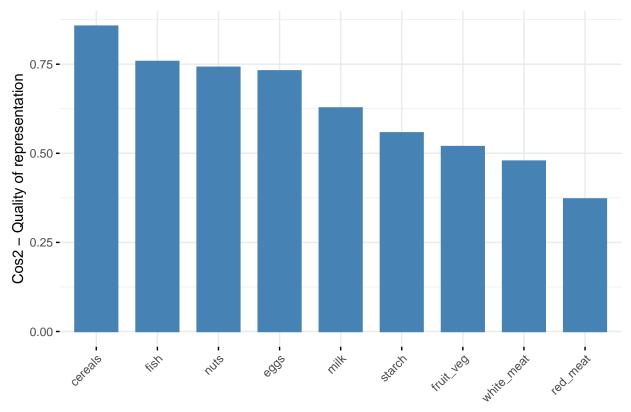
```
fviz_pca_var(pca_model, col.var = "black")
```



Cos<sup>2</sup>: Quality of representation on PC1 & PC2

```
fviz_cos2(pca_model, choice = "var", axes = 1:2)
```





# PCA variable plot with $Cos^2$ coloring

```
fviz_pca_var(
  pca_model,
  col.var = "cos2",
  gradient.cols = c("black", "orange", "green"),
  repel = TRUE
)
```

