Project 3 - Interactive 2D Pattern

Web preview

(https://editor.p5js.org/kimih12/full/y1r7tN_bc)

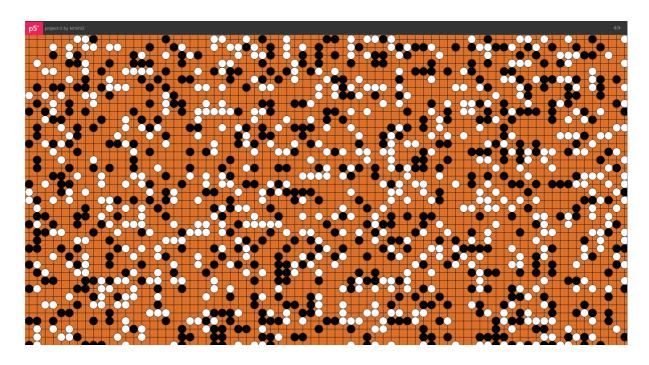
Student information

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Application design



Title

Reversi

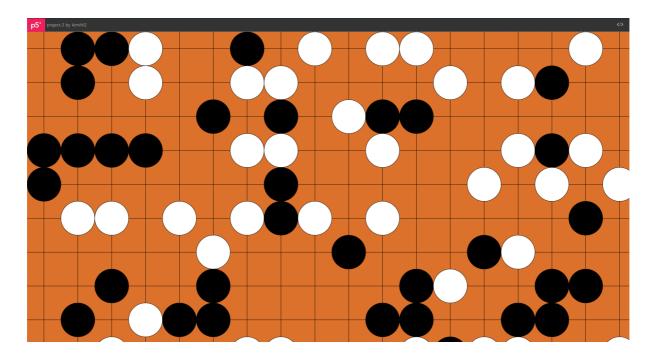
Target users

It would be interesting to have this 2D pattern for people with a portfolio related to the gaming industry.

Features

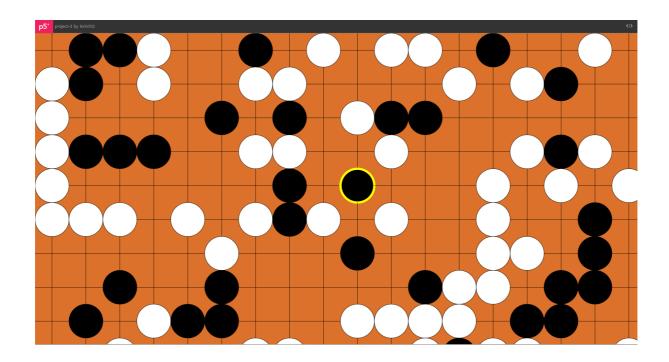
· Grid size option

Scroll in order to adjust the grid's size.



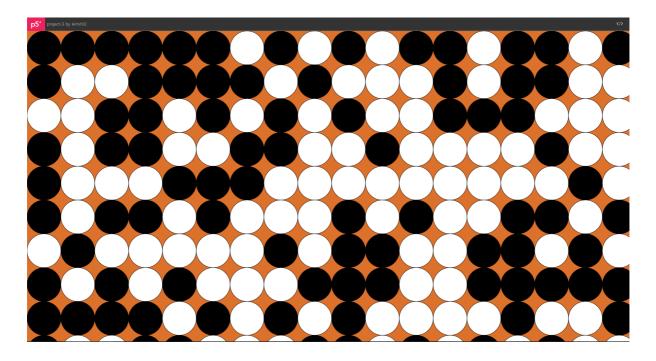
Play the game

If features a very naïve implementation of human VS computer game of Reversi. The user gets to play the white stones, and the computer will play the black stones. Do a click with the mouse's wheel to place the stone. The computer will do its turn after a second. The latest stone placed by the computer is highlighted with a thick yellow stroke around it.

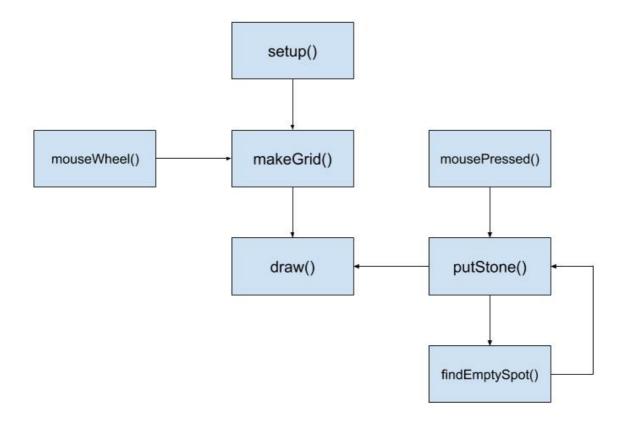


Visual concepts

This pattern creation was inspired by the game of Go. A completed game of Go always seemed to be an interesting pattern for me, so I wanted to create a similar randomized pattern. And to add some interactivity, I implemented a simple computer player.



Algorithm



In its initial state after <code>setup()</code>, the <code>makeGrid()</code> will generate the new grid with the initial grid size. Then the <code>draw()</code> function will take care of drawing on canvas according the the content of the grid.

When a mouse wheel event is detected, the mousewheel() function will catch it. According to the direction of scroll, the grid's size will be modified. The new grid with the changed grid size will be generated by the makeGrid() function.

When a click with the mouse's wheel is detected, <code>mousePressed()</code> function will catch it. This will place the white stone where the mouse is located using the <code>putstone()</code> function. Within the <code>putstone()</code> function, there will be a recursion if any empty spot is found using the <code>findEmptySpot()</code> function. Finally, the <code>draw()</code> function will render the canvas with all the changes that occured.