

# Sbírka příkladů z matematiky k přijímacím zkouškám na VŠ - решебник

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## 1 Algebraické výrazy a jejich úpravy

### 1.1

$$a^2 \times a^4 \times a^3 = a^{2+4+3} = a^9$$

$$\frac{b^5 \times b^6}{b^2} = b^{5+6-2} = b^9$$

$$(c^{-3})^9 = c^{-3 \times 9} = c^{-27} = \frac{1}{c^{27}}$$

### 1.2

$$(2x^3)^4 + (x^7)^2 \times x^{-2} = 16x^{12} + x^{14} \times x^{-2} = 16x^{12} + x^{12} = 17x^{12}$$

$$(3x^2)^3 x^4 - (2x^2)^5 = 27x^6 \times x^4 - 32x^{10} = 27x^{10} - 32x^{10} = -5x^{10}$$

$$(x^6)(-2x^{-3})^4 + (4x^{-3})^2 = (x^6) \left( \frac{16}{x^{12}} \right) + \frac{16}{x^6} = \frac{16}{x^{12-6}} + \frac{16}{x^6} = \frac{32}{x^6}$$

### 1.3

$$\frac{a^0 \times a^{2n-5}}{a^{1-n}} = a^{2n-5-1+n} = a^{3n-6}$$

$$\frac{a^{2n+3} \times a^{3n-2}}{(a^n)^2} = a^{2n+3+3n-2-2n} = a^{3n+1}$$

$$\frac{a^{1-4n} \times (a^{n+2})^2}{a^{3n-1}} = \frac{a^{1-4n} \times a^{2n+4}}{a^{3n-1}} = a^{1-4n+2n+4-3n+1} = a^{6-5n}$$

## 1.4

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{18^4 \times 27^{-4} \times 49^2}{14^3} &= 3^8 \times 2^4 \times 3^{-12} \times 7^4 \times 7^{-3} \times 2^{-3} = \\
&= 3^{8-12} \times 2^{4-3} \times 7^{4-3} = \frac{2 \times 7}{3^4} = \frac{14}{81} \\
\frac{20^{-3} \times 38^0 \times 100^2}{16^{-2} \times 2^5} &= 10^{-3} \times 2^{-3} \times 10^4 \times 2^8 \times 2^{-5} = \\
&= 10^{-3+4} \times 2^{-3+8-5} = 10 \times 1 = 10 \\
\frac{88^3 \times 55^{-2} \times 10000^{-1}}{25^{-3} \times 22} &= 2^9 \times 11^3 \times 5^{-2} \times 11^{-2} \times 5^{-4} \times 2^{-4} \times 5^6 \times 2^{-1} \times 11^{-1} = \\
&= 2^{9-4-1} \times 11^{3-2-1} \times 5^{-2-4+6} = 2^4 \times 11^0 \times 5^0 = 16 \\
\frac{(-4)^3}{3^2} \div \frac{(-2)^4}{3^5} &= (-2)^6 \times 3^{-2} \times 3^5 \times (-2)^{-4} = \\
&= (-2)^{6-4} \times 3^{-2+5} = 4 \times 27 = 108 \\
\frac{2^{-6} \times 3^{-2} \times 5^3}{(2^{-4} \times 5^3)^2 \div 3^4} &= \frac{2^{-6} \times 3^{-2} \times 5^3 \times 3^4}{2^{-8} \times 5^6} = \frac{2^8 \times 5^3 \times 3^4}{2^6 \times 5^6 \times 3^2} = \\
&= 2^{8-6} \times 5^{3-6} \times 3^{4-2} = 4 \times \frac{1}{125} \times 9 = \frac{36}{125}
\end{aligned}$$

## 1.5

$$\begin{aligned}
\left(\frac{a^{-2}b^4c^{-1}}{d^3}\right)^{-3} \div \left(\frac{d^4}{c^5}\right)^{-2} &= \frac{d^9}{a^{-6}b^{12}c^{-3}} \times \frac{d^8}{c^{10}} = \frac{a^6d^{17}}{b^{12}c^7} \\
\left(\frac{a^2c^3}{b^4d^0}\right)^{-2} \div \left(\frac{b^4}{d^{-3}}\right)^3 &= \frac{b^8}{a^4c^6} \times \frac{d^{-9}}{b^{12}} = \frac{b^{-4}d^{-9}}{a^4c^6} = \frac{1}{a^4b^4c^6d^9} \\
\left(\frac{b^3}{a^4b^{-1}c^2}\right)^{-4} \div \left(\frac{a^2b^{-3}}{a^{-4}c^2}\right)^{-2} &= \left(\frac{a^{16}b^{-4}c^8}{b^{12}}\right) \times \left(\frac{a^4b^{-6}}{a^{-8}c^4}\right) = \frac{a^{16+4+8} \times c^{8-4}}{b^{12+4+6}} = \frac{a^{28}c^4}{b^{22}}
\end{aligned}$$

## 1.6

$$\begin{aligned}
\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{18} + \sqrt{32} + \sqrt{98} &= \sqrt{2} - 3\sqrt{2} + 4\sqrt{2} + 7\sqrt{2} = \\
&= (1 - 3 + 4 + 7)\sqrt{2} = 9\sqrt{2} \\
\sqrt{175} - (\sqrt{8} - \sqrt{7} + \sqrt{28}) &= 5\sqrt{7} - 2\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{7} - 2\sqrt{7} = \\
&= (5 + 1 - 2)\sqrt{7} - 2\sqrt{2} = 4\sqrt{7} - 2\sqrt{2} \\
\sqrt{90} + \sqrt{160} - (\sqrt{63} + \sqrt{10}) &= 3\sqrt{10} + 4\sqrt{10} - 3\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{10} = \\
&= (3 + 4 - 1)\sqrt{10} - 3\sqrt{7} = 6\sqrt{10} - 3\sqrt{7} \\
2 \times 8^{\frac{1}{2}} - 7 \times 8^{\frac{1}{2}} + 5 \times 72^{\frac{1}{2}} - 50^{\frac{1}{2}} &= 4\sqrt{2} - 14\sqrt{2} + 30\sqrt{2} - 5\sqrt{2} = \\
&= (4 - 14 + 30 - 5)\sqrt{2} = 15\sqrt{2} \\
2^{\frac{1}{2}} \times 4^{\frac{1}{3}} \times 8^{\frac{1}{4}} \times 16^{\frac{1}{6}} \times 32^{\frac{1}{12}} &= 2^{\frac{1}{2}} \times 2^{\frac{2}{3}} \times 2^{\frac{3}{4}} \times 2^{\frac{4}{6}} \times 2^{\frac{5}{12}} = 2^{\frac{6+8+9+8+5}{12}} = 2^{\frac{36}{12}} = 2^3 = 8 \\
[2 \times (2 \times 2^{\frac{1}{2}})^{\frac{1}{2}}]^{\frac{1}{2}} &= 2^{\frac{1}{2}} \times 2^{\frac{1}{4}} \times 2^{\frac{1}{8}} = 2^{\frac{4+2+1}{8}} = \sqrt[8]{2^7}
\end{aligned}$$

## 1.7

$$\begin{aligned}
\sqrt[3]{54} + \sqrt[3]{16} - \sqrt[3]{2} + \sqrt[3]{64} &= 3\sqrt[3]{2} + 2\sqrt[3]{2} - \sqrt[3]{2} + 4 = \\
&= (3 + 2 - 1)\sqrt[3]{2} + 4 = 4\sqrt[3]{2} + 4 \\
\sqrt[3]{24} - (\sqrt[3]{3} - \sqrt[3]{81}) - \sqrt[3]{9} &= 2\sqrt[3]{3} - \sqrt[3]{3} + 3\sqrt[3]{3} - \sqrt[3]{9} = \\
&= (2 - 1 + 3)\sqrt[3]{3} - \sqrt[3]{9} = 4\sqrt[3]{3} - \sqrt[3]{9} \\
\sqrt[3]{250} - (\sqrt[3]{40} + \sqrt[3]{16}) + \sqrt[3]{135} &= 5\sqrt[3]{2} - 2\sqrt[3]{5} - 2\sqrt[3]{2} + 3\sqrt[3]{5} = \\
&= (5 - 2)\sqrt[3]{2} + (-2 + 3)\sqrt[3]{5} = 3\sqrt[3]{2} + \sqrt[3]{5}
\end{aligned}$$

## 1.8

$$\sqrt{x} \times \sqrt[3]{x} \times \sqrt[7]{x} = x^{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{7}} = x^{\frac{21+14+6}{42}} = x^{\frac{41}{42}} = \sqrt[42]{x^{41}}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt[6]{x}}} = x^{\frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{12}} = x^{\frac{2-1}{12}} = \sqrt[12]{x}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x \times \sqrt[3]{x}}}{\sqrt[3]{x^4 \times \sqrt{x}}} = \frac{x^{\frac{1}{4}} \times x^{\frac{1}{12}}}{x^{\frac{4}{3}} \times x^{\frac{1}{3}}} = x^{\frac{3+1-16-4}{12}} = x^{\frac{-16}{12}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x^4}}$$

$$\sqrt{a \times \sqrt{a \times \sqrt{a \times \sqrt{a}}}} = a^{\frac{1}{2}} \times a^{\frac{1}{4}} \times a^{\frac{1}{8}} \times a^{\frac{1}{16}} = a^{\frac{8+4+2+1}{16}} = a^{\frac{15}{16}} = a^{\frac{16}{16}} \sqrt[16]{a^{15}}$$

## 1.9

$$\sqrt{\frac{b\sqrt[3]{b}}{\sqrt{b}}} \div \left( \frac{a^{-\frac{1}{3}}b^{\frac{1}{2}}}{b^2} \right)^3 = \frac{b^{\frac{1}{2}}b^{\frac{1}{6}}}{b^{\frac{1}{4}}} \times \frac{b^6a}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} = b^{\frac{6+2-3}{12}} \times ab^{\frac{72-18}{12}} = ab^{\frac{5+54}{12}} = ab^{\frac{59}{12}} = ab^4 \sqrt[12]{b^{11}}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{a\sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt{b}}} \times \left( \frac{a^{-\frac{1}{2}}b^{\frac{1}{3}}}{a^2} \right)^6 = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{9}}}{b^{\frac{1}{6}}} \times \frac{a^{-3}b^2}{a^{12}} = a^{\frac{3+1-27-108}{9}} b^{\frac{-1+12}{6}} = a^{-\frac{131}{9}} b^{\frac{11}{6}} = \frac{b\sqrt[6]{b^5}}{a^{14}\sqrt[9]{a^5}}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[3]{b}}} \div \left( \frac{a^{\frac{1}{3}}b^{-1}}{a^{-\frac{1}{2}}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{6}}}{b^{\frac{1}{9}}} \times \frac{b^{\frac{1}{2}}}{a^{\frac{1}{6}a^{\frac{1}{4}}}} = a^{\frac{2-2-3}{12}} b^{\frac{-2+9}{18}} = \frac{b^{\frac{7}{18}}}{a^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{\sqrt[18]{b^7}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}$$

## 1.10

$$(2^{\sqrt{3}} \times 2^2)^{2-\sqrt{3}} = 2^{2\sqrt{3}-3+4-2\sqrt{3}} = 2$$

$$\left(\frac{3^{\sqrt{7}}}{3^{\sqrt{5}}}\right)^{\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{7}} = 3^{\sqrt{35}+7-5-\sqrt{35}} = 3^2 = 9$$

$$\left[(1+\sqrt{2})^{1-\sqrt{2}}\right]^{1+\sqrt{2}} = (1+\sqrt{2})^{-1} = \frac{1}{1+\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\left(\sqrt{a^{1+\sqrt{3}}}\right)^{1-\sqrt{3}} \times a^{\frac{3}{2}} = \left(a^{\frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{2}}\right)^{1-\sqrt{3}} \times a^{\frac{3}{2}} = a^{\frac{-2+3}{2}} = \sqrt{a}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{(\sqrt{2}+1)^3 + (\sqrt{2}-1)^3}{2\sqrt{2}} &= \frac{2\sqrt{2}+6+3\sqrt{2}+1+2\sqrt{2}-6+3\sqrt{2}-1}{2\sqrt{2}} = \\ &= \frac{10\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{2}} = 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} [4^{-\frac{1}{4}} + (2^{1.5})^{-\frac{4}{3}}] \times [4^{-0.25} - (2\sqrt{2})^{-\frac{4}{3}}] &= \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{4}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{4}\right) = \\ &= \frac{(2\sqrt{2}+1) \times (2\sqrt{2}-1)}{16} = \frac{7}{16} \end{aligned}$$

$$a^{\sqrt{5}+1} \times \left(\frac{1}{a}\right)^{\sqrt{5}-1} = a^{\sqrt{5}+1-\sqrt{5}+1} = a^2$$

$$\left[\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{\sqrt{2}}\right]^{-\sqrt{8}} = 3^4 = 81$$

$$\left[\left(\sqrt[3]{3}\right)^{\sqrt{3}}\right]^{-2\sqrt{3}} = \left(\frac{1}{3^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^6 = \frac{1}{9}$$

$$52^2 - 49^2 = 2704 - 2401 = 303$$

$$205^2 - 204^2 = 42025 - 41616 = 409$$

$$\frac{10^{10} - 10^6}{10^4 + 10^2} = \frac{9.999 \times 10^9}{10100} = 99 \times 10^4$$

## 1.11

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \times \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} \times \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{8}} = \frac{\sqrt{8}}{8} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{12}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{12}} \times \frac{\sqrt{12}}{\sqrt{12}} = \frac{\sqrt{12}}{12} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}$$

$$\frac{2}{6 - \sqrt{10}} = \frac{2}{6 - \sqrt{10}} \times \frac{6 + \sqrt{10}}{6 + \sqrt{10}} = \frac{12 + 2\sqrt{10}}{26} = \frac{6 + \sqrt{10}}{13}$$

$$\frac{6}{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3}} = \frac{6}{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3}} = \frac{6(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3})}{2} = 3(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}} &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}} = \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} = \frac{3\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{3 + \sqrt{3}} &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{3 + \sqrt{3}} \times \frac{3 - \sqrt{3}}{3 - \sqrt{3}} = \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} - \frac{3 - \sqrt{3}}{6} = \frac{3(\sqrt{3} - 1)}{6} = \frac{\sqrt{3} - 1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} + \frac{1}{8 - \sqrt{8}} &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} \times \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{8}} + \frac{1}{8 - \sqrt{8}} \times \frac{8 + \sqrt{8}}{8 + \sqrt{8}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{8} + \frac{8 + 2\sqrt{2}}{56} = \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} + \frac{4 + \sqrt{2}}{28} = \frac{8\sqrt{2} + 4}{28} = \frac{2\sqrt{2} + 1}{7} \end{aligned}$$

## 2 Rovnice a nerovnice

## 3 Kvadratické rovnice a nerovnice

## 4 Iracionální rovnice

### 4.1

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{7-3x} &= 2; \\ 7-3x &= 4; \\ -3x &= -3; \\ x &= 1;\end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{-7x-5} &= 3; \\ -7x-5 &= 9; \\ -7x &= 14; \\ x &= -2;\end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{10-2x} &= 1-x; \quad (x \leq 1) \\ 10-2x &= 1-2x+x^2; \\ -x^2-2x+2x &= 1-10; \\ x^2 &= 9; \\ x &= -3; \quad (x \leq 1)\end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{4x-29} &= x+2; \quad (x \geq 2) \\ 4x-29 &= x^2+4x+4; \\ -x^2+4x-4x &= 4+29; \\ x^2 &= -33; \quad \emptyset\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{x+10} = x+4; (x \geq -4) \\
& x+10 = x^2+8x+16; \\
& -x^2+x-8x+10-16=0; \\
& x^2+7x+6=0; \\
& D=49-24=25
\end{aligned}$$

$$x_{1,2} = \frac{-7 \pm 5}{2} = \begin{cases} x_1 = -6; \emptyset (x \geq -4) \\ x_2 = -1; \end{cases}$$


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$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{x+8} = x+2; (x \geq -2) \\
& x+8 = x^2+4x+4; \\
& -x^2+x-4x-4+8=0; \\
& x^2+3x-4=0; \\
& D=9+16=25;
\end{aligned}$$

$$x_{1,2} = \frac{-3 \pm 5}{2} = \begin{cases} x_1 = -4; \emptyset (x \geq -2) \\ x_2 = 1; \end{cases}$$