









SỞ GD&ĐT HÀ NỘI

ĐỀ THI THỬ THPT QUỐC GIA NĂM 2025

Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH – Mã đề: 1101

(Đề thi có 06 trang)

Thời gian làm bài: 50 phút; 40 câu hỏi trắc nghiệm

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions from 1 to 10.

Artificial intelligence (AI) is transforming industries, from healthcare to education. However, as AI technologies advance, the risk of AI abuse also increases. AI abuse refers to the misuse of AI systems to harm individuals or manipulate society. Common forms include deep fake videos, where faces and voices are digitally altered to create fake content, and data manipulation, which involves AI algorithms influencing public opinion through misleading information. AI abuse is a growing concern as these systems become more accessible, raising ethical and safety issues for individuals and societies alike.

[I] One example of AI abuse is in social media, where AI-driven bots spread false information. [II] These bots, designed to imitate real users, can post, comment, and interact with others, making it difficult to distinguish between genuine and fake content. [III] As a result, they can change opinions on political and social issues, sometimes with harmful consequences. The speed at which these bots operate allows misinformation to spread rapidly, posing challenges for fact-checkers and social media platforms in controlling false narratives. [IV]

Another area where AI abuse has gained attention is privacy invasion. Facial recognition technology, for example, is often used by authorities for security. However, some private organizations use it without consent, tracking individuals in public spaces and selling the information to advertisers. This practice violates personal privacy and has sparked a debate about the ethical use of AI.

To combat AI abuse, experts suggest stricter regulations and improved awareness. Laws need to address emerging technologies and prevent the misuse of AI systems. Additionally, educating the public on identifying AI-generated content can empower individuals to navigate the digital world safely. As AI continues to evolve, establishing clear ethical guidelines will be essential to prevent its harmful uses and to ensure that AI remains a tool for positive change.

Question 1: Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 1? **A.** AI abuse is decreasing as these systems become more accessible, leading to fewer concerns about ethics and safety.

B. AI systems are now more advanced, making them completely safe and free from ethical problems. C. As AI becomes more available, its misuse is becoming a bigger issue, leading to ethical and safety concerns for people and communities.

D. The increasing use of AI has eliminated many ethical and safety issues for individuals and society Question 2: Where in paragraph 2 does the following sentence best fit?

"In other words, their ability to closely mimic human behaviour makes them highly effective at blending into online discussions."

A. [II]

B. [IV]

C. [I]

D. [III]

Question 3: The word "they" in paragraph 2 refers to: A. real users

B. bots

C. political issues

D. opinions

Question 4: The phrase "sparked a debate about" in paragraph 3 could be best replaced by:

A. settled disagreement over

B. started a discussion on

C. put an end to an argument on

D. avoided controversy about













Question 5: According to the passage, which of the following is NOT mentioned as a use of facial recognition technology?

- **A.** Gaining attention towards the application of AI
- **B.** Selling the users' personal data to advertisers
- C. Assisting law enforcement in maintaining security
- **D.** Monitoring people at public places without consent

Question 6: Which of the following best summarises paragraph 3?

- **A.** Laws are in place to control AI abuse effectively.
- **B.** AI can be used responsibly to benefit society.
- **C.** AI misuse in the private sectors raises privacy concerns.
- **D.** AI abuse only affects specific industries.

Question 7: The word <u>empower</u> in paragraph 4 is **OPPOSITE** in meaning to

- A. encourage
- **B.** restrict
- C. permit

D. force

Question 8: Which of the following is **NOT** true according to the passage?

- **A.** Facial recognition technology is only used by authorities for security.
- **B.** Some private organisations use facial recognition technology without consent.
- C. Educating the public can help them recognise AI-generated content.
- **D.** Social media bots can spread misinformation quickly.

Question 9: Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

- **A.** Facial recognition is only a concern when used in public spaces.
- **B.** Al bots are rarely able to impact political discussions.
- C. Not all uses of AI are harmful, but misuse can lead to serious issues.
- **D.** Regulating AI will completely stop AI abuse.

Question 10: Which of the following best summarises the passage?

- A. Social media bots and facial recognition technology are two common forms of AI abuse with serious consequences.
- **B.** AI offers many benefits, but its misuse in spreading false information and violating privacy raises
- C. The rapid advancement of AI makes it harder to regulate, increasing the risk of misuse in society.
- **D.** AI abuse, including misinformation and privacy invasion, is a growing issue but can be reduced through regulations and awareness.

Read the following advertisement and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 11 to 16.

Solo Travelers - Exploring the world with Global Hospitality Hub!

Are you a solo trave	eler se	eeking to explore new places while im	mersing yourself (11)	local
culture? Join the Gl	obal l	Hospitality Hub, a service (12)	travelers with friendly local	s excited to
show you hidden ge	ms a	nd must-visit spots.		

Why Choose Us?

✓	We aim to	provide yo	ou with (13))
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- ✓ The tours are led by passionate locals, offering unique insights;
- ✓ You can freely explore without worrying about (14)
- ✓ You meet like-minded explorers and (15) lifelong friends.
- ✓ Don't miss out! Sign up today (16)_____ the world in a safe, comfortable, and enriching way.

Question 11: A. in

B. out

C. off

D. on

Question 12: A. which connect

B. is connected

C. connecting

D. connected











B. authentic cultural experiences

D. cultural experience authenticity



Question 13: A. cultural authentic experiences

C. experience authentic culture

Question 14: A. transported B. transportation

Question 15: A. take

Question 16: A. experience B. experiencing

B. put C. do

C. to experience

C. transportable

D. make

D. transporter

D. experienced

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best arrangement of utterances or sentences to make a meaningful exchange or text in each of the following questions from 17 to 21.

Question 17:

Dear Gordon.

a: The menu you suggested represents an ideal combination of healthy and exciting food.

b: We are delighted to inform you that you have won first prize in our Masterchef Teens' Competition.

c: For more information, please contact Christine at h christine@finedining.com and include details of any cookery experience you may have so that we can place you in the correct group.

d: Your prize is a place on one of our weekend cookery classes for teenagers at the Fine Dining Culinary School.

Yours sincerely,

Christine Harper

 $\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{c} - \mathbf{d}$

B. a - b - d - c

C, a-c-b-d

 \mathbf{D} , $\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{d} - \mathbf{c}$

Question 18:

a: Mark: Hi. This is the first time I've ever met a talking robot like you.

b: Jessica: Good morning, everybody. I'm a human-like robot and will be your guide today.

c: Jessica: I'm glad to meet you, too. Let's have a photo taken together!

 $\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{c} - \mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}$

B. b-a-c

C. c - a - b

D. b-c-a

Question 19:

a: The population of New Orleans had some fluctuation between 1950 and 2010. It had a slight growth between 1950 and 1970.

b: During this time, Atlanta had the most significant change in population. The population of Atlanta in 1950 was around 500 thousand, and it rose significantly to 2.2 million by 1990.

c: Similarly, Charlotte's population went up over the 60-year period. It grew steadily from 100 thousand to 500 thousand between 1950 and 1990.

d: The chart shows how the populations of three major cities in the USA changed from 1950 to 2010. These cities are Atlanta, Charlotte, and New Orleans.

e: In general, the population in each city increased over the 60-year period.

A. d - a - c - b - e

B. d - b - e - c - a

C. d - c - a - b - e

D. b - c - e - a - d

Ouestion 20:

a: Chris: We should definitely try to use energy-saving devices.

b: Bob: I'm supposed you're right. Shall we write down our proposals for the project?

c: Chris: I'm not sure about that. They are expensive. Perhaps we could plant trees.

d: Bob: Chris, we need to come up with some ideas about how to protect our ecosystems. What do you suggest we do?

e: Bob: OK. We could also use electric cars.

A. d - a - c - e - b

B. a - b - c - d - e

C. d - c - b - a - e

D. a - c - b - d - e











Question 21:

- a: Additionally, your smart home will be monitoring your children and pets, letting you know via text messages if anything is wrong.
- b: It will be controlled by a computer system that monitors everything going on.
- c: In 2035, you will be living in a smart home.
- d: While you are away, it will be switching lights on and off, controlling the temperature in each room, and even opening windows to allow air in.
- e: With these advanced features, smart homes will provide convenience, security, and peace of mind for homeowners.

A. d - b - c - a - e**B.** a - b - c - d - eC. c - e - a - b - d**D.** c - b - d - a - e

Read the following leaflet and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 22 to 27.

	How to Ch	oose a Career				
Discover an array of tools and	Discover an array of tools and questions to help you determine what careers might suit you best.					
Working (22) around	one-third of the averag	ge person's life, so it's 1	no surprise that many people			
want to find a career that will	be a good fit for them	. Use the list below to	help you begin that process.			
1. Examine yourself: What y	you enjoy doing and w	hat you value can be he	elpful indicators of how you'd			
like to (23) your work	ting time.					
2. Take different self-assess	ment tests: There are	a (24) of tests y	ou can take to evaluate			
everything from your persona	ality to your strengths,	and even what career r	night be a good fit.			
3. Explore sectors: Learning	more about each sector	or and its respective (25	may help you decide			
where you'd be a strong fit.						
4. Seek out professional rese	ources: (26) th	inking through the area	as mentioned above on your			
own, you can also turn to (27) career resource	ces for more guided he	lp.			
Question 22: A. puts down	B. makes up	C. gives in	D. takes out			
Question 23: A. cancel	B. spend	C. waste	D. maintain			
Question 24: A. number	B. portion	C. quality	D. level			
Question 25: A. goals	B. achievements	C. successes	D. results			
Question 26: A. Due to	B. Regardless of	C. In addition to	D. On account of			
Question 27: A. other	B. others	C. the others	D. another			
Read the following passage of	and mark the letter A,	B, C or D on your ans	wer sheet to indicate the			
option that best fits each of t	he numbered blanks f	from 28 to 32.				
In general, artists are creative	e people who want thei	r work to have an effec	et on those who see it. Great art			
can definitely inspire positive feelings. However, people's ideas about what "great art" is (28)						
example, Impressionist art is now widely considered to be great. However, it was controversial for many						
years. Some people said that the style of painting and the use of color were too different from traditional						
art.						
Modern art can be controversial, too. Take Andy Warhol's Campbell's Soup Cans. As the name suggests,						
it was 32 pictures of soup. (29) in Los Angeles in 1962, some experts liked it, but many people						
said that it was not art. Carl A	andre created another of	controversial piece of a	rt, <i>Equivalent VIII</i> , an			
installation (30) The	Tate, (31) Engl	and, bought the unique	work in 1976. It was not			
expensive, but public reaction to the exhibition was negative. People expected to see portraits on the wall,						
not bricks on the floor. How	will people feel about	Campbell's Soup Cans	and Equivalent VIII in the			
future? Will people think they	y are works of genius,	(32)? Only time	e will tell.			















Question 28:

- **A.** can gradually change over time due to shifting public opinions
- **B.** is something that history and political perception continuously alter
- C. remain the same as artistic movements and societal values develop
- **D.** capable of changing significantly as time and artistic trends evolve

Question 29:

- **A.** Displayed for the first time at the Ferus Gallery
- **B.** At the moment it is exhibited at the Ferus Gallery
- C. Having been displayed at the time of the Ferus Gallery
- **D.** When it was displayed at the Ferus Gallery

Ouestion 30:

- **A.** consists only of basic bricks stacked together
- **B.** of which made entirely out of basic bricks
- C. appears as nothing but a formation of bricks
- **D.** that is just an ordinary pile of bricks

Question 31:

- A. which a famous gallery in London
- **B.** one of the most famous gallery in London
- C. a famous gallery in London
- **D.** where is a famous gallery in London

Question 32:

- A. or will people be unable to impress with artistic expression
- **B.** or future generations may not appreciate critics in that way
- C. or maybe they won't think of it so highly with admiration
- **D.** or will their opinion change in a less favorable way

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions from 33 to 40.

Early Warning Systems

People may take steps to reduce the impact of a natural hazard when they are aware that it is likely to occur. But how can people recognize they are in danger? Scientists use many methods to help predict when natural hazards are likely to happen.

Seismometers measure earthquake activity. An increase in small earthquakes can mean a larger earthquake is about to happen or a volcano is becoming more active. If a volcanic eruption is predicted, people can evacuate, or move to safer areas. Governments can prepare emergency supplies, such as food and water. Emergency workers can be ready to help with injuries. All of these steps reduce the impact and help save lives.

Scientists use several devices and methods to constantly collect information about a volcano's activity. Radio transmissions allow the data to be sent instantly to a monitoring system. Scientists can tell what is happening with a volcano almost as soon as it happens. They can also use that information to predict future volcanic events.

Besides tracking seismic activity, scientists also monitor gases, temperature, and water at a volcano site. A change in the amount of carbon dioxide and others given off by the volcano can be measured to forecast an upcoming eruption. So can temperature changes in rocks at the surface or rocks underground. Scientists monitor water levels and look for changes in chemistry in water near volcanoes, too. A comprehensive analysis of these factors helps scientists improve eruption predictions and enhance public safety.













Question 33: Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a method scientists use to predict natural

Question co. William	or the rolle wing is	i (O I illellulollea as a	memou seremisis use to predict material
hazards?			
A. Studying animal b	oehavior before an e	ruption	
B. Measuring earthq	uake activity		
C. Monitoring gases	released by a volcar	no	
D. Observing temper	rature changes in roo	eks	
Question 34: The w	ord <u>evacuate</u> in para	agraph 2 is OPPOSI	ΓE in meaning to
A. return	B. rebuild	C. relocate	D. remain
Question 35: The w	ord <u>They</u> in paragra	ph 3 refers to	·
A. emergency worke		B. radio transmis	
C. monitoring system	ns	D. scientists	
Question 36: Which	of the following be	st paraphrases the un	derlined sentence in paragraph 3?
A. Scientists can pre	dict exactly when ar	nd where a volcano w	ill erupt.
B. Scientists can fore	etell volcanic activit	y by staying near the	volcano.
C. Scientists can qui	ckly detect and anal	yze volcanic activity	in real time.
D. Scientists are able	to predict volcanic	activity long before i	t occurs.
Question 37: The w	ord comprehensive	in paragraph 4 could	be best replaced by
A. limited	B. inaccurate	C. detailed	D. simple
Question 38: Which	of the following is	TRUE according to 1	he passage?
A. Even with warnin	g signs of a volcanio	c eruption, evacuation	n is unnecessary since volcanic activity
rarely threatens hum	an lives.		
B. Scientists are unal	ble to predict natura	l hazards, so people a	and governments always face disasters
without any warning			
C. If a volcanic erup	tion is predicted, go	vernments can prepar	re emergency supplies like food and water to
reduce the disaster's	impact.		
D. Seismometers not	only measure earth	quake activity but als	o have the ability to stop earthquakes and
volcanic eruptions fr	om happening.		
Question 39: In whi	ch paragraph does tl	ne writer discuss mor	itoring various natural factors to anticipate a
volcanic eruption?			
A. Paragraph 4	B. Paragraph 2	C. Paragraph 1	D. Paragraph 3

Question 40: In which paragraph does the writer mention a conditional relationship?

A. Paragraph 4

B. Paragraph 2

C. Paragraph 1

D. Paragraph 3

---- THE END ----

