



KHÓA HỌC ÔN THI TIẾNG ANH THPT QUỐC GIA 2026

GIẢI ĐOẠN 1: BẢN CHẤT NGỮ PHÁP

BÀI KIỂM TRA SỐ 2

Thời gian làm bài: 40 phút; 30 câu hỏi trắc nghiệm

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Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

WIND ENERGY IN IRELAND

Wind energy is one of (1) _____ renewable resources in Ireland. Because of its strong and steady winds, Ireland has (2) _____ conditions for wind power than many other countries. Wind farms are growing fast and now (3) _____ more electricity than some fossil fuel power plants. This helps reduce pollution and protect the environment.

Galway Wind Park, located in Connemara, is a major source of (4) _____ energy for Ireland, once the nation's largest onshore wind farm. Comprising 58 turbines, the farm powers around 89,000 homes – roughly 80% of Galway's households. It is one of the most successful examples of wind energy in the country. Compared to older fossil fuel power plants, Galway Wind Park is more (5) _____ friendly and uses natural wind as a clean resource. The park shows how large-scale wind energy can help reduce carbon emissions. Galway Wind Park supports a more (6) _____ future and proves that wind can be a strong part of Ireland's energy supply.

Question 1.

A. the most important

B. the more important

C. more important

D. the importantest

Question 2.

A. good

B. better

C. best

D. well

Question 3.

A. production

B. produce

C. producing

D. product

Question 4.

A. active

B. traditional

C. renewable

D. fossil

Question 5.

A. environment

B. environmentally

C. environmental

D. environmentalist

Question 6.

- A. powerful **B. sustainable** C. temporary D. limited

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

The main cause of climate change is the huge amount of greenhouse gases, such as methane and carbon dioxide (CO₂), in the (7) _____. The reason for these high levels is the world's population—you and I. As the population grows, we need more land to produce food and energy. Burning (8) _____ for heating, lighting, transportation, electricity, or manufacturing creates more CO₂. Furthermore, humans breathe out CO₂, while trees (9) _____ CO₂ and produce oxygen. When we cut down trees, we increase the amount of CO₂ in the atmosphere and reduce the amount of oxygen. As a result of human activities, CO₂ levels are now at their highest in 800,000 years.

The biggest challenge we face currently is to stop (10) _____ environmental disasters. We (11) _____ take action before it is too late. We need to reduce the amount of CO₂ in the atmosphere. We must stop burning fossil fuels and start using renewable energy. We can get enough energy from renewable sources such as solar energy, hydroelectric energy, and wind power. These clean fuels can help us stop using fossil fuels (12) _____.

- Question 7.** A. **atmosphere** B. sky C. climate D. weather

- Question 8.** A. alternative fuels **B. fossil fuels**
 C. sustainable sources D. traditional energy

- Question 9.** A. bring out B. give off **C. take in** D. turn into

- Question 10.** **A. further** B. far C. farther D. furthest

- Question 11.** A. may B. might C. ought **D. must**

- Question 12.** A. completion B. complete C. completed **D. completely**

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best arrangement of utterances or sentences to make a meaningful exchange or text in each of the following questions.

Question 13.

- a. It leads to significant biodiversity loss, as many species lose their habitats when forests are cleared, resulting in their population declines or even extinction.
- b. Deforestation has serious effects on both the environment and living things.
- c. In addition to this, deforestation plays a major role in intensifying climate change.

d. When they are removed, the planet's ability to absorb carbon dioxide is reduced, which further worsens the effects of climate change.

e. Forests act as carbon sinks, helping to regulate the Earth's climate by absorbing large amounts of carbon dioxide from the atmosphere.

- A. b-a-e-d-c B. b-c-a-d-e **C. b-a-c-e-d** D. b-c-a-e-d

Question 14.

a. Mai: Exactly! I think it's a great way to do something good for the environment and spend time outdoors. Are you planning to join?

b. Huy: Yeah, I read a Facebook post about it! They're organizing teams to pick up trash around the lake and plant some trees, right?

c. Huy: Definitely. I've been wanting to get more involved in eco-friendly activities. Plus, they're giving out reusable water bottles to all volunteers?

d. Mai: Did you hear about the campus clean-up event this Saturday?.

e. Mai: Nice! Let's sign up together after class.

- A. b-a-c-d-e B. b-c-a-d-e C. d-b-c-a-e **D. d-b-a-c-e**

Question 15.

a. In conclusion, by doing small actions, we can make a big difference and protect the environment.

b. The environment is very important to our health and well-being.

c. Furthermore, we can save energy by turning off lights and appliances when we're not using them.

d. Therefore, we need to take actions to protect it.

e. For example, we can recycle paper, plastic, and glass to help reduce waste.

- A. b-c-d-e-a **B. b-d-e-c-a** C. b-e-d-c-a D. b-e-c-d-a

Question 16.

a. Hoa: Yes, definitely. I think even simple things like using reusable bags or turning off the lights when you leave a room can make a difference.

b. Tuan: Yeah! These days, I try to bring my own cloth bags when I go shopping.

c. Tuan: Do you think small changes can help the environment?

d. Hoa: That's a great idea. I'll start doing that too.

e. Tuan: That's awesome. Living green is not hard. We just need to try, don't we?

A. c-a-d-b-e

B. c-a-b-d-e

C. b-d-c-a-e

D. d-b-a-c-e

Question 17.

Dear Linda,

- a. I watched it last Monday, and the images of turtles trapped in plastic left a strong impression on me.
- b. Seeing those marine creatures suffer made me realize how devastating ocean pollution is.
- c. Thank you for introducing me to the movie *A Plastic Ocean*.
- d. Since watching the movie, I've started using a reusable water bottle and encouraging my family to stop using plastic bags
- e. I really hope such small actions can help relieve the problem to a certain extent.

Love,

Linh

A. a-b-e-c-d

B. c-d-e-a-b

C. c-a-b-d-e

D. a-e-b-c-d

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 18 to 22.

Electric cars have gained significant attention in recent years as a promising solution to reduce carbon emissions and combat climate change. These vehicles, which are powered by electric motors, (18) _____. They offer numerous benefits compared to traditional gasoline-powered cars.

(19) _____. Unlike gasoline cars, electric vehicles produce zero tailpipe emissions, meaning they don't release harmful pollutants into the atmosphere. This reduction in emissions helps improve air quality and reduces the greenhouse gases responsible for global warming. Moreover, electric cars are more energy-efficient (20) _____, resulting in lower energy consumption and reduced dependence on fossil fuels.

Another key benefit of electric cars is their cost-effectiveness. Although the initial purchase price of electric vehicles is typically higher than that of conventional cars, their operational costs are significantly lower. Charging an electric car is much cheaper than refueling a gasoline car, resulting in long-term savings on fuel expenses. Additionally, having fewer moving parts, (21) _____.

(22) _____. Electric motors provide instant torque, allowing for quick acceleration and a responsive driving experience. The absence of engine noise creates a quieter cabin, enabling passengers to enjoy a more peaceful journey. Electric cars also contribute to reducing noise pollution in urban areas, enhancing the overall quality of life for residents.

Question 18.

- A. uses rechargeable batteries in place of conventional combustion engines
- B. not rely on rechargeable batteries instead of using conventional combustion engines
- C. rely on rechargeable batteries instead of conventional combustion engines**
- D. depends on rechargeable batteries rather than traditional combustion engines

Question 19.

- A. One significant disadvantage of electric cars lies in their ability to protect the environment
- B. Their positive impact on the environment leads to the popularity of electric cars
- C. One major advantage of electric cars is their environmental friendliness**
- D. A key of electric vehicles is that they are environmentally friendly

Question 20.

- A. as they convert a higher percentage of stored energy into forward motion**
- B. although they are able to turn more stored energy into forward propulsion
- C. because of a greater amount of stored energy into movement
- D. although they are more efficient in converting stored energy into motion

Question 21

- A. it is easier to maintain electric cars than traditional gasoline-powered cars.
- B. electric cars require less maintenance than traditional gasoline-powered cars.**
- C. the requirement for maintenance of electric cars is lower than that of gasoline cars
- D. the maintenance needs of electric cars are lower than those of gasoline cars.

Question 22.

- A. Therefore, electric vehicles provide a more seamless and silent ride
- B. Furthermore, electric cars offer a smoother and quieter driving experience**
- C. Electric vehicles ensure a quieter and more comfortable drive
- D. Electric cars deliver a driving experience that is both smoother and quieter

Read the following passage about the environment and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions from 23 to 30.

The escalating crisis of environmental pollution demands urgent global attention. Industrial activities, coupled with unsustainable consumption patterns, release a myriad of harmful substances into our air, water, and soil. This **contamination** disrupts delicate ecosystems, leading to biodiversity loss and threatening the health and

well-being of both humans and wildlife. The consequences range from respiratory illnesses and waterborne diseases to the long-term degradation of vital natural resources.

Deforestation, driven by agricultural expansion and logging, further exacerbates environmental challenges. The clearing of forests not only eliminates crucial habitats for countless species but also diminishes the planet's capacity to absorb carbon dioxide, a primary driver of climate change. The loss of these natural **carbon sinks** contributes significantly to global warming and its associated impacts, such as rising sea levels, extreme weather events, and disruptions to agricultural cycles.

Climate change itself stands as a monumental environmental threat. The increasing concentration of greenhouse gases in the atmosphere, largely due to the burning of fossil fuels, is causing a significant rise in global temperatures. **This warming trend is triggering a cascade of effects on the planet.** The problems include melting glaciers and polar ice caps, altered precipitation patterns, and more frequent and intense heat waves, droughts, and floods. These changes pose severe risks to food security, water availability, and human settlements. Addressing these **complex** environmental issues requires a multifaceted approach. Transitioning to renewable energy sources, adopting sustainable agricultural practices, promoting responsible waste management, and implementing robust conservation efforts are crucial steps. International cooperation, coupled with individual responsibility and a fundamental shift towards a more environmentally conscious way of life, is essential to mitigate the damage and safeguard the planet for future generations.

Question 23: Which of the following is NOT explicitly stated as a consequence of environmental pollution?

- A. Biodiversity loss
- B. Respiratory illnesses
- C. Waterborne diseases
- D. Economic recession

Question 24: The word “contamination” in paragraph 1 is CLOSEST in meaning to _____.

- A. destruction
- B. emission
- C. pollution
- D. Balance

Question 25: The phrase “**carbon sinks**” in paragraph 2 refers to _____.

- A. sources of carbon emissions
- B. areas that absorb carbon dioxide
- C. layers of the atmosphere
- D. Types of fossil fuels

Question 26: The word “**complex**” in paragraph 4 is OPPOSITE in meaning to _____.

- A. significant
- B. temporary
- C. simple
- D. Repetitive

Question 27: Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 3?

- A. Global warming causes a variety of environmental problems.
- B. Rising global temperatures have a domino effect on the planet.

- C. The increase in greenhouse gases is primarily due to deforestation.
- D. Extreme weather events are becoming less frequent due to climate change.

Question 28: Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

- A. Deforestation helps to reduce carbon dioxide in the atmosphere.
- B. Climate change is primarily caused by industrial activities.
- C. Renewable energy is the sole solution to environmental pollution.
- D. International cooperation is necessary to address environmental issues.**

Question 29: In which paragraph does the writer discuss the impact of deforestation on the environment?

- A. Paragraph 1
- B. Paragraph 2**
- C. Paragraph 3
- D. Paragraph 4

Question 30: In which paragraph does the writer suggest potential solutions to environmental problems?

- A. Paragraph 1
- B. Paragraph 2
- C. Paragraph 3
- D. Paragraph 4**

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