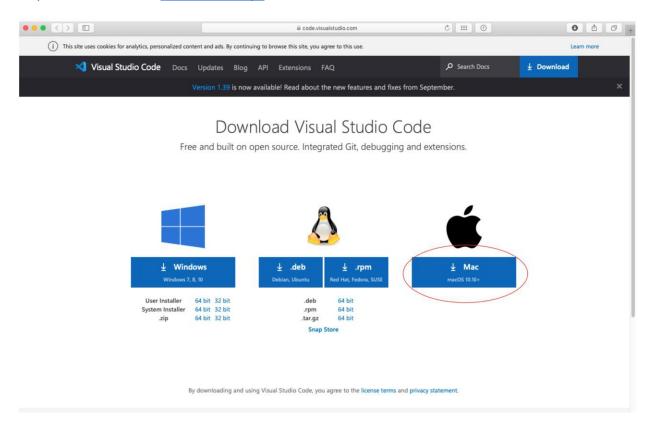
CSCI 2270 CS2: Data Structures Ashraf, Godley, Summer 2020 Visual Studio Code

You will also use Visual Studio Code (VS Code) to write and execute your programs locally.

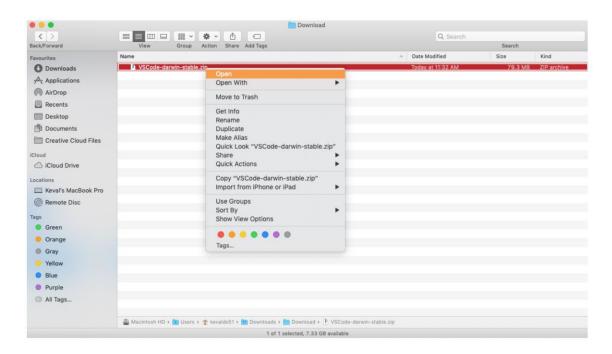
Important: Before proceeding with this document, make sure that you have run Windows Update within your Windows 10 environment. You must have the latest updates installed.

Mac Installation Guide Part 1

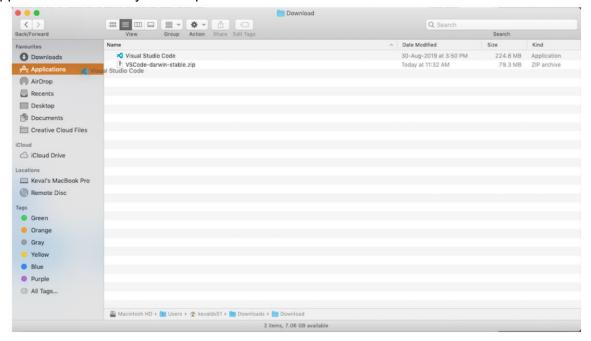
Step 1: Go to VS code download page, and download for Mac.



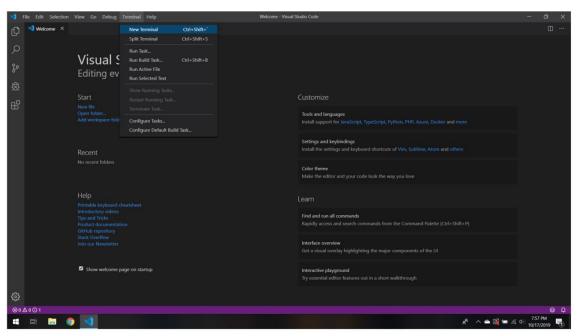
Step 2: After the download has finished, unzip the folder by double-clicking on it.



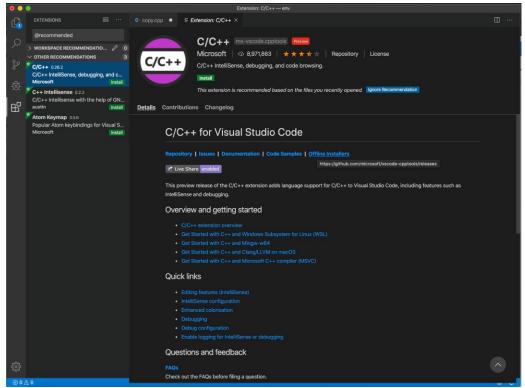
Step 3: Now you can see the "Visual Studio Code" application. Drag and drop this icon to the "Applications" folder of your computer.



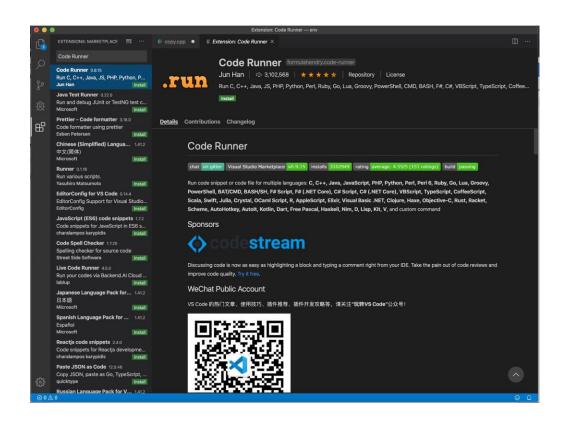
Step 4: Double click on the "Visual Studio Code" icon to launch the application. (You might need to right click and select "open" if you cannot launch the program). Next, select the new "Terminal option" to open the terminal window.



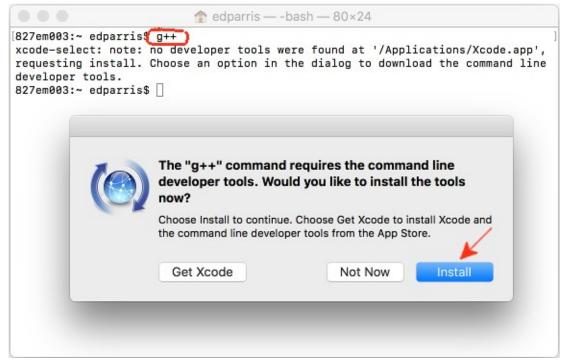
Step 5: Install C/C++ extension. In the toolbar on the left hand side of the screen click on the bottom icon for Extensions. Search for C/C++ and click install.



Step 6: Install Code Runner extension. In the extensions tab search for Code Runner and click install. Code runner allows you to compile and run code by the click of a single button.



- 1. Open a Terminal window.
 - Press # Command+Space, type **Terminal** in the search field, and press the Return key.
- 2. In the Terminal window type **g++** and press the Return key. We will see an alert box like this:



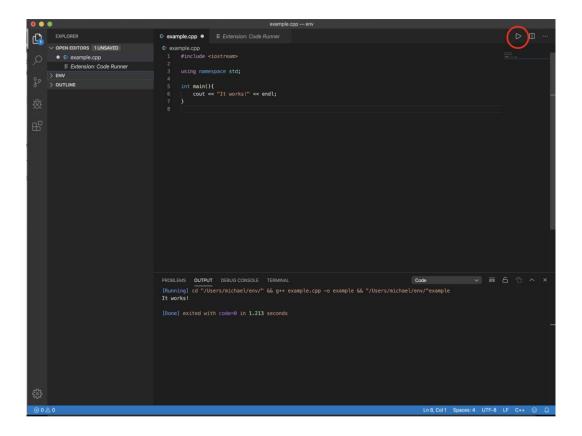
3. Choose **Install** to get only the command line tools unless you want to learn Xcode. Xcode can be installed later from the App Store.

After installation, type **g++** in the Terminal, press the Return key, and verify the terminal prints the message, "no input files".

\$ g++

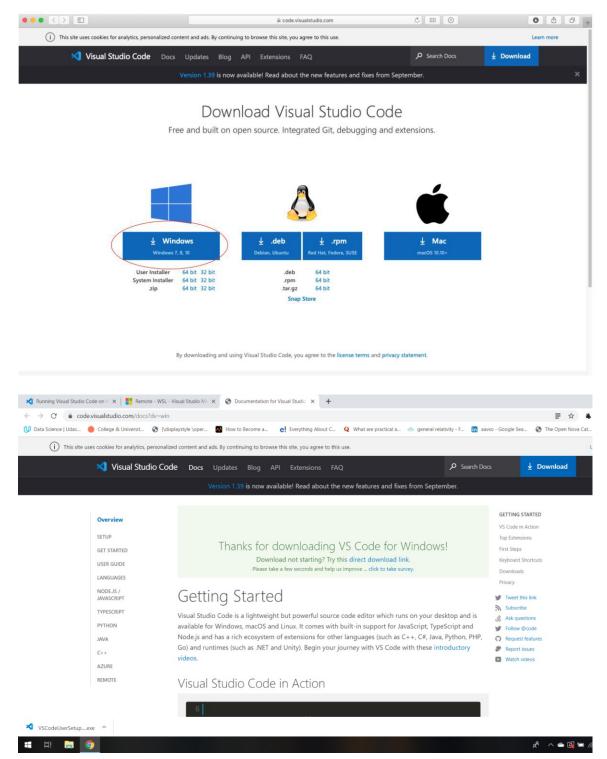
clang: error: no input files

Final Step: Now if you return to VSCode and open a C++ file you will have a grey play button in the top right corner, click that button and it will compile and run your code displaying the output in the terminal at the bottom of your screen!

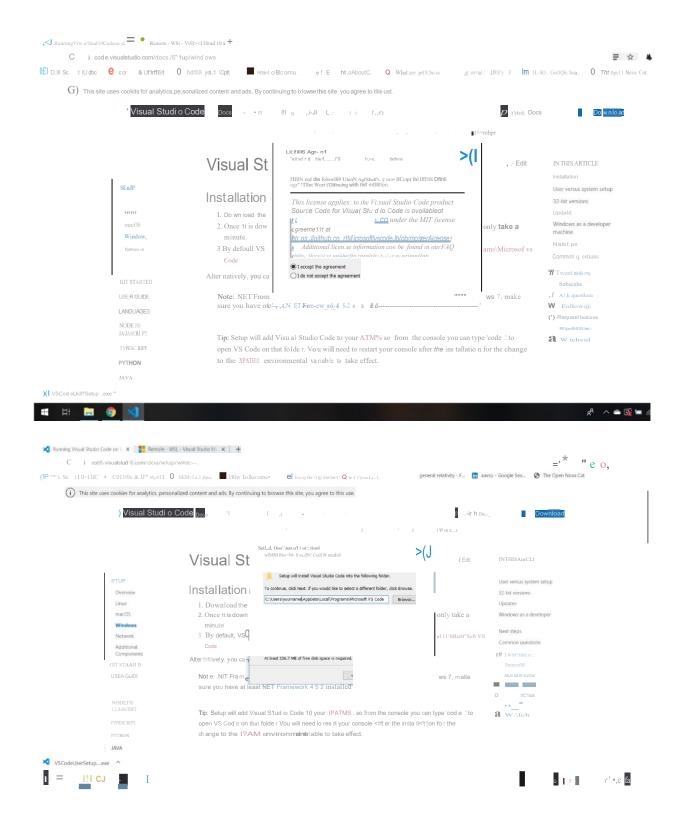


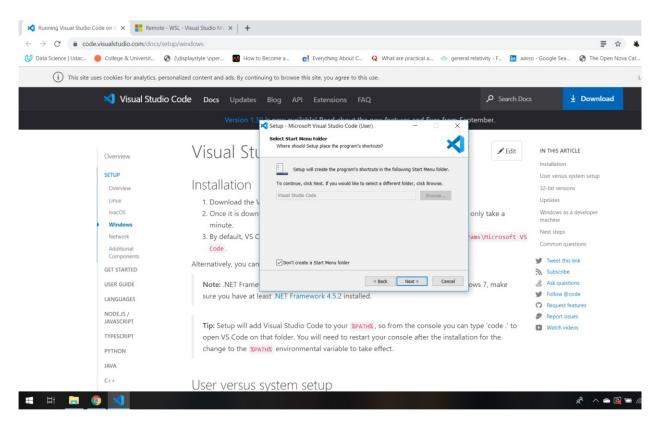
Windows Installation Guide (part 1)

Step1: Go to VS code download page, and download for Windows.

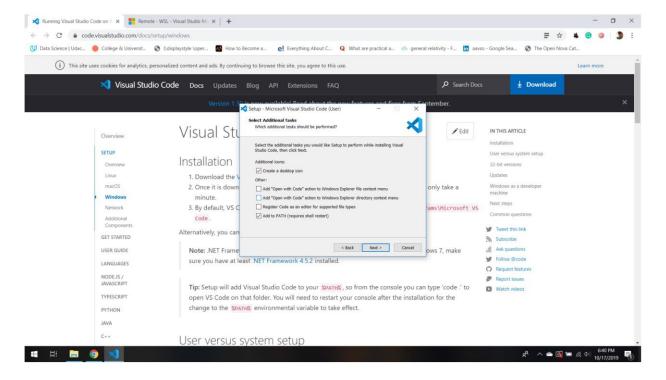


Step2: Accept the user agreement and proceed to follow the steps for installation

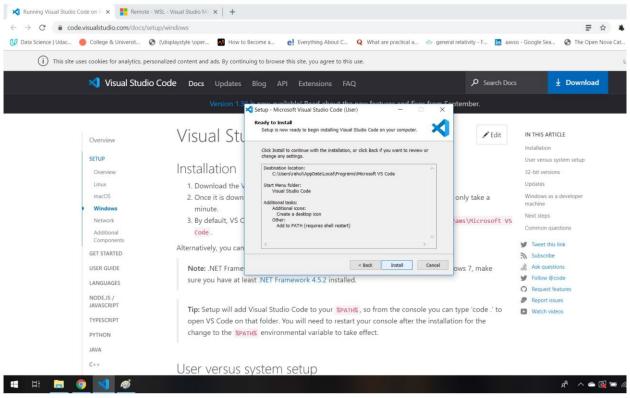




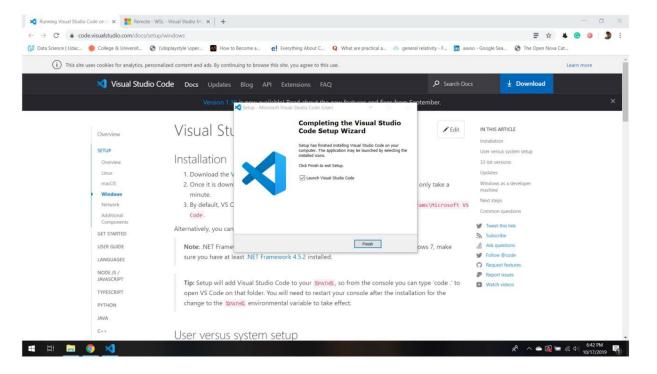
Step3: Choose Options based on your preferred settings. If you're not sure, you can stick with the ones used in this tutorial.



Step4: Click on Install and wait for Visual Studio Code to finish installing.



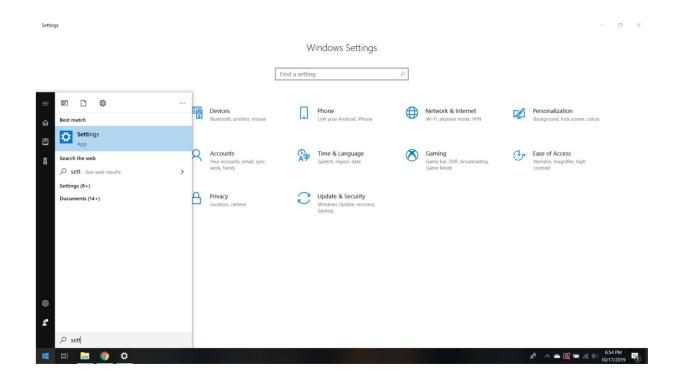
Step5: You may check out Visual Studio Code by launching it.

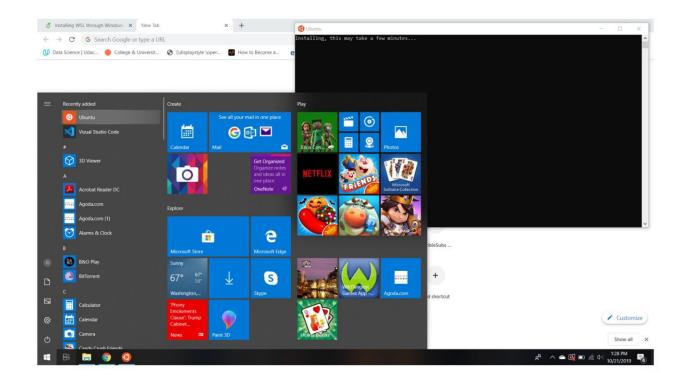


Installing Windows Subsystem for Linux (WSL) (part 2)

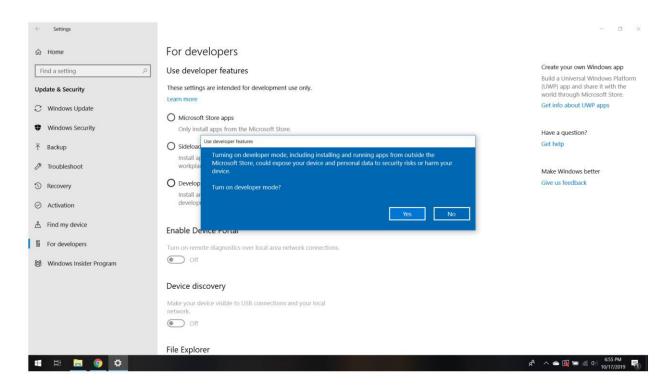
Let us now install WSL so that we can emulate linux commands and functionality on our Windows Machine

Step1: Open Settings from your Start menu and click on Update and Security.

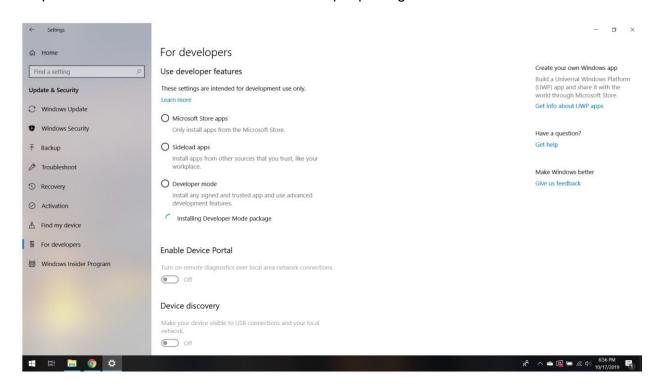




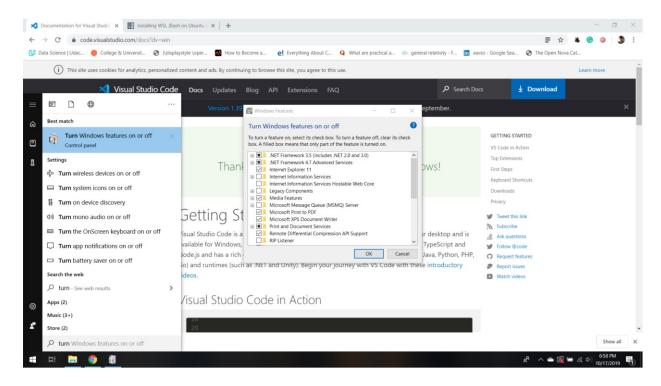
Step2: Click on the For Developers Tab on the left side and toggle the Developer Mode option. Click "Yes" to turn on developer mode.



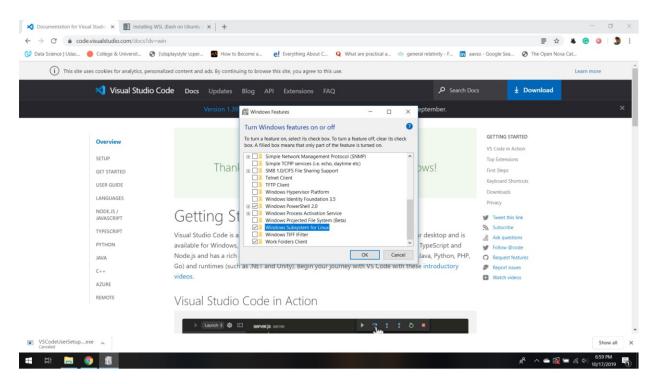
Step3: This will start a brief installation of developer packages.



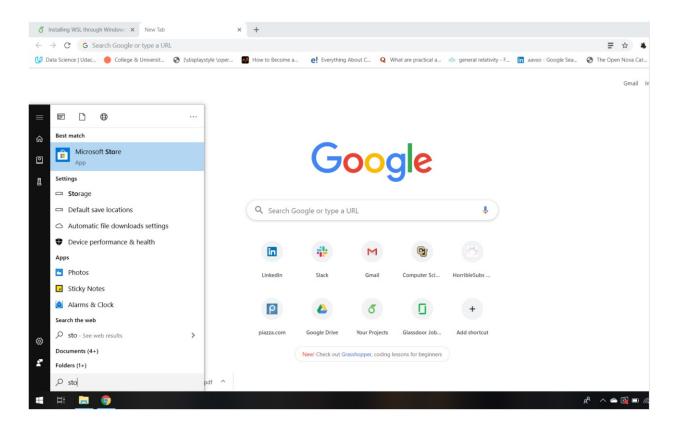
Step4: Click on the Start menu again and search for "Turn Windows features on or off"



Step5: Scroll down the list in that window and enable Windows Subsystems for Linux. This will trigger a brief loading screen and asks you to restart your computer. Click on "restart now".

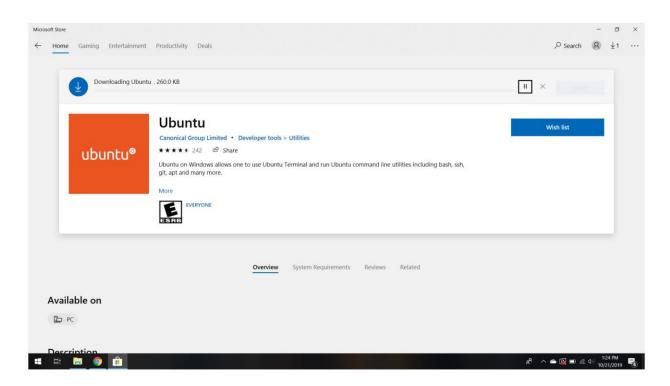


Step6: Search for the Microsoft store and click on it.



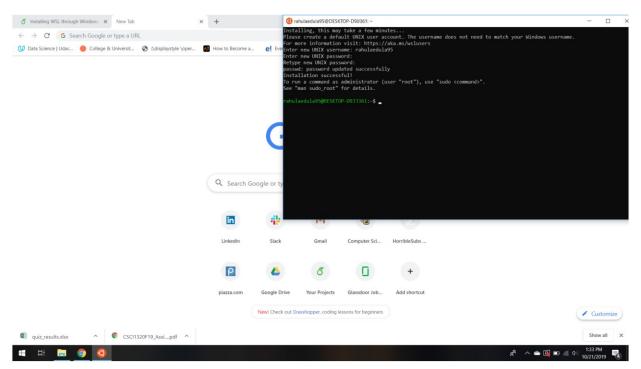
Step7: Search for Ubuntu inside Microsoft Store and Click on Install



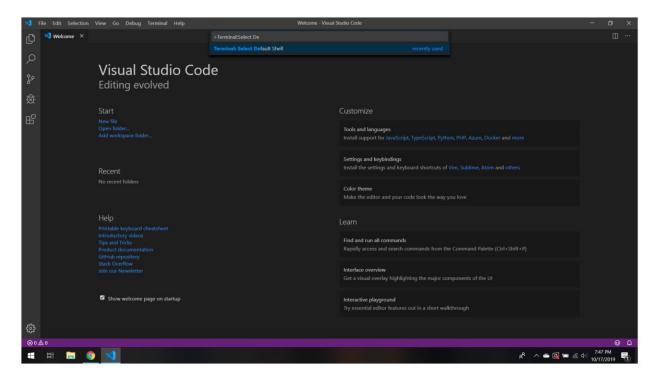


Step8: Open Ubuntu in the start menu and let it finish installing.

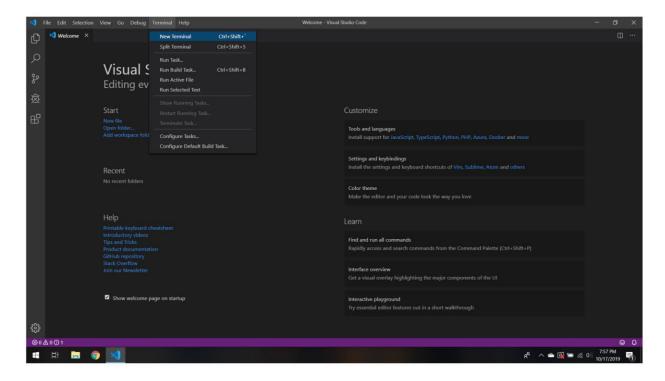
Step9: Make sure you give it an appropriate username and password of your choice.

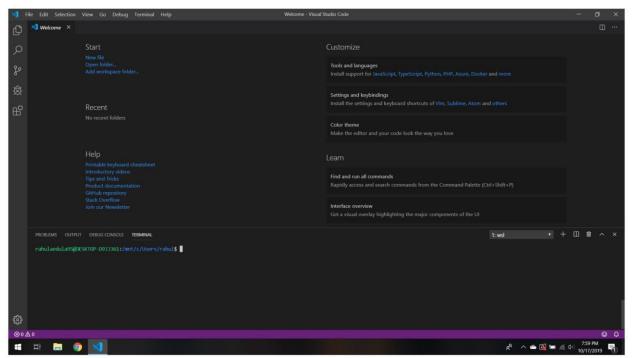


Step10: Now start Visual Studio Code again to add the final touches. Press on ctrl+shift+p to get a drop down and search for Terminal: Select Default Shell. Choose the WSL Shell as your default shell.



Step11: We can now click on New Terminal from the drop down menu on the top of Visual Studio Code. This will open a new terminal on the bottom of your screen.





Step12: We need to run an update so that we can use the C++ compiler. In the terminal window, run the command sudo apt-get update and hit Enter. It may take several minutes to complete.

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

asas9274@DESKTOP-M35BUHI:/mnt/c/Users/ACEA1/Desktop/test$ sudo apt-get update
```

Step 13: Install updates to Ubuntu with "sudo apt update && sudo apt upgrade" Type "y" and hit enter to accept changes.

Step 14: We need to install g++. In the terminal window, run the command "sudo apt install gcc && sudo apt install g++" and hit Enter. It may take several minutes to complete. Once it finishes, restart VS Code. Type "y" and hit enter when prompted.

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

root@LAPTOP-UHHSPADI:/mmt/c/Users/abbir/Desktop/CSCI1300# sudo apt-get install g++
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following package was automatically installed and is no longer required:
libfreetype6
Use 'sudo apt autoremove' to remove it.
The following additional packages will be installed:
g++> Ilibfacte+>7-dev
Suggested packages:
g++=> MILIbit g+-> -multilib g+-> -multilib g--> -0c libstdc++-> -doc
The following NEW packages will be installed:
```

Toggle between Editor and Command Line

Ctrl + Shift + P >> Preferences: Open Keyboard Shotcuts

