

I. Kiến thức cần nhớ:

Nếu $x, y \in \mathbb{Q}$ thì $x = \frac{a}{b}$ và $y = \frac{c}{d}$ với $a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{Z}$ và $b, d \neq 0$

$$x \cdot y = \frac{a}{b} \cdot \frac{c}{d} = \frac{a \cdot c}{b \cdot d}$$

$$x : y = x \cdot \frac{1}{y} = \frac{a}{b} \cdot \frac{d}{c} = \frac{a \cdot d}{b \cdot c} \text{ với } y \neq 0$$

II. Bài tập:

Bài 1: Tính:

a) $(-18) \cdot \frac{-5}{27};$

b) $\left(-2\frac{1}{3}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{-6}{4}\right) = ;$

c) $\left(-\frac{5}{9}\right) : \frac{15}{17};$

d) $\left(-2\frac{3}{5}\right) : \left(\frac{-26}{25}\right)$

e) $\frac{-5}{13} \cdot \frac{26}{7} \cdot \frac{-21}{25} \cdot \frac{15}{16}$

f) $\frac{-2}{3} : \frac{-3}{4} : \frac{-4}{5} : \frac{7}{9}$

Bài 2: Tính theo cách hợp lý:

a) $F = \left(\frac{-5}{9}\right) \cdot \frac{3}{11} + \left(\frac{-13}{18}\right) \cdot \frac{3}{11}$

b) $B = \frac{-10}{11} \cdot \frac{8}{9} + \frac{7}{18} \cdot \frac{10}{11}$

c) $\left(\frac{-5}{6} + \frac{2}{5}\right) : \frac{3}{8} + \left(\frac{4}{5} - \frac{11}{30}\right) : \frac{3}{8};$

d) $\left[\left(\frac{-7}{8}\right) - \frac{13}{16}\right] : \frac{24}{13}$

Bài 3: Tìm x :

a) $x : \frac{3}{7} = 2\frac{1}{3};$

b) $\frac{-12}{13}x = \frac{-5}{26};$

c) $\frac{1}{14} : x = \frac{-3}{35};$

d) $\frac{3}{7}x - \frac{2}{3}x = \frac{10}{21}$

e) $2\frac{1}{5}x - \frac{1}{3}x = \frac{-56}{45}$

f) $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3} : x = \frac{4}{5};$

g) $x\left(x - \frac{3}{2}\right) = 0;$

h) $\left(x + \frac{4}{7}\right)\left(x - \frac{8}{9}\right) = 0;$

k) $(3x - 2)\left(2x - \frac{2}{3}\right) = 0$

Bài 4: Cho hai biểu thức:

$$A = \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}\right)\left(1 - \frac{1}{3}\right)\left(1 - \frac{1}{4}\right) \dots \left(1 - \frac{1}{19}\right)\left(1 - \frac{1}{20}\right)$$

$$B = \left(1 - \frac{1}{4}\right)\left(1 - \frac{1}{9}\right)\left(1 - \frac{1}{16}\right) \dots \left(1 - \frac{1}{81}\right)\left(1 - \frac{1}{100}\right)$$

a) So sánh A với $\frac{1}{21};$

b) So sánh B với $\frac{11}{21}$

Bài 5: Tính:

$$\text{a) } A = \left(\frac{1}{2} - 1\right) \left(\frac{1}{3} - 1\right) \dots \left(\frac{1}{2002} - 1\right) \left(\frac{1}{2003} - 1\right)$$

$$\text{b) } B = \left(-1\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(-1\frac{1}{3}\right) \dots \left(-1\frac{1}{2003}\right) \left(-1\frac{1}{2004}\right)$$

$$\text{c) } C = \left(1 - \frac{1}{2^2}\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{3^2}\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{4^2}\right) \dots \left(1 - \frac{1}{n^2}\right) \quad (n \in \mathbb{N}, n \geq 2)$$

Bài 6: Cho $A = x\left(x - \frac{1}{2}\right)$. Tìm x để:

$$\text{a) } A = 0$$

$$\text{b) } A > 0$$

$$\text{c) } A < 0.$$

Bài 7: Tìm giá trị nhỏ nhất của biểu thức:

$$\text{a) } A = \left(x - \frac{1}{3}\right)^2 + 15;$$

$$\text{b) } B = \left(x - \frac{1}{4}\right)^4 + (y - 3)^2 + 9.$$

Bài 8: Tìm giá trị lớn nhất của biểu thức:

$$\text{a) } A = -\left(x + \frac{18}{1203}\right)^2 - \frac{183}{121};$$

$$\text{b) } B = \frac{4}{\left(x + \frac{1}{3}\right)^2 + 5}.$$

BTVN:

Bài 1: Thực hiện phép tính (hợp lí nếu có thể):

$$\text{a) } \frac{12}{25} \cdot \frac{23}{7} - \frac{12}{25} \cdot \frac{12}{7}$$

$$\text{b) } 13\frac{2}{7} : \left(\frac{-8}{9}\right) + 2\frac{5}{7} : \left(\frac{-8}{9}\right)$$

$$\text{c) } \left(\frac{-6}{11}\right) \cdot \frac{7}{10} \cdot \left(\frac{11}{-6}\right) \cdot (-20)$$

$$\text{g) } 21 - 3\frac{3}{4} : \left(\frac{3}{8} - \frac{1}{6}\right)$$

$$\text{m) } \left(\frac{-3}{4} + \frac{2}{5}\right) : \frac{3}{7} + \left(\frac{3}{5} + \frac{-1}{4}\right) : \frac{3}{7}$$

$$\text{i) } \frac{1}{2011} + \frac{2012 \cdot 2010}{2011} - 2012$$

Bài 2: Tìm x , biết:

$$\text{a) } 1\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{-4}{5} = 4$$

$$\text{b) } \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{-1}{2}x = \frac{-5}{12}$$

$$\text{c) } (2x - 1) \left(x + \frac{2}{3}\right) = 0$$

$$\text{d) } \left(4\frac{2}{3} - 2x\right) \cdot 2\frac{1}{4} = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{e) } \frac{3}{5} + \frac{4}{9} : x = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\text{f) } \frac{7}{35} : \left(x - \frac{1}{3}\right) = -\frac{2}{25}$$

$$\text{l) } \frac{x+4}{2011} + \frac{x+3}{2012} + \frac{x+2}{2013} + \frac{x+1}{2014}$$

$$\text{m) } (x+1)(x+5) > 0$$