



## MỆNH ĐỀ TRẠNG NGỮ



Làm chức năng của một trạng từ hay phó từ (adverb). Mệnh đề trạng ngữ có các loại sau đây:

1. Mệnh đề trạng ngữ chỉ mục đích (Adverb clauses of purpose): bắt đầu bằng các từ sau đây:

- a. So that: để
- b. In order that: để
- c. For fear that: sợ rằng, thường được theo sau bởi should.
- d. In case: phòng khi

2. Mệnh đề trạng ngữ chỉ nguyên nhân (Adverb clauses of cause): thường bắt đầu bằng các liên từ sau đây:

- a. Because: vì
- b. As: vì
- c. Since: vì
- d. Seeing that: vì

Seeing that you won't help me, I must do the job myself.

3. Mệnh đề trạng ngữ chỉ nơi chốn (Adverb clauses of place)

- a. Where: nơi (mà)
  - I will go where you tell me.
- b. Wherever: bất cứ nơi đâu.
  - Sit wherever you like.

4. Mệnh đề trạng ngữ chỉ thời gian (Adverb clauses of time)

Các mệnh đề trạng ngữ chỉ thời gian thường bắt đầu với:

- a. When: khi
  - When it rains, I usually go to school by bus.
- b. While: trong khi
  - I learned a lot of Japanese while I was in Tokyo.
- c. Before: trước khi
  - She had learned English before she came to England.
- d. After: sau khi
  - He came after night had fallen.
- e. Since: từ khi
  - I have not been well since I returned home.



f. As: khi

- As I was a child, I used to go swimming.

g. Till/ until: cho đến khi

- I'll stay here till/ until you get back.

h. As soon as: ngay khi

- As soon as John heard the news, he wrote to me.

i. Just as: ngay khi

- Just as he entered the room I heard a terrible explosion.

k. whenever: bất cứ lúc nào

- I will discuss it with you whenever you like.

### 5. Mệnh đề trạng ngữ chỉ cách thức (Adverb clauses of manner)

As: như

- Do it as I've told you.

As if/ as though: như thể là

- It looks as if it's going to rain.

- You look as if you know each other.

### 6. Mệnh đề trạng ngữ chỉ kết quả (Adverb clauses of result)

a. So + tính từ/ trạng từ + that: đến nỗi mà

- The coffee is so hot that I cannot drink it.

Khi tính từ là much/ many, có thể có danh từ theo sau:

- There was so much noise that we couldn't hear him.

b. Such (a/an) + danh từ + that: đến nỗi mà

- It was such a hot day that I took off my jacket.

### 7. Mệnh đề trạng ngữ chỉ sự tương phản (adverb clauses of concession)

a. Though/ although: mặc dù

- Although John tried hard, he was not successful.

Though hoặc although có nghĩa tương tự với but, cũng dùng để chỉ sự tương phản (contrast)

- Though he looks ill, he is really very strong.

- He looks ill, but he is really very strong.

b. No matter: dù cho...đi chẳng nữa, có ý nghĩa tương tự như (al)though được theo sau bởi how, what, where, who.

No matter how = however

No matter who = whoever

No matter where = wherever

No matter what = whatever

No matter how/ however fast he ran, his brother arrived first.

(Dù cho anh ta có chạy nhanh bao nhiêu đi nữa, anh trai của anh ta cũng đến trước tiên.)

- No matter who/ whoever wins the game, no one will be satisfied.

(Dù ai thắng trận đấu, chẳng ai lấy làm mãn nguyện.)

Động từ to be, nếu có, rất thường được bỏ đi sau no matter:

- No matter what your nationality, you can become a member of this club.

It's doesn't matter là một từ ngữ rất thông dụng trong đàm thoại:

- It's doesn't matter what you say, I will leave tomorrow.

(Dù anh có nói gì đi nữa thì ngày mai tôi cũng sẽ đi.)

c. As: mặc dù, đồng nghĩa với though, khi được dùng với nghĩa này, as phải theo sau tính từ:

Adj + as + S + to be, mệnh đề

- Rich as he is, he never gives anybody anything.

Mặc dù giàu có nhưng anh ta chẳng bao giờ cho ai gì cả.

8. Mệnh đề trạng ngữ chỉ sự so sánh (Adverb clauses of comparison)

9. Mệnh đề trạng ngữ chỉ điều kiện (Adverb clauses of condition)



## EXERCISE

Chọn đáp án đúng nhất để hoàn thành các câu sau:

1. Mai studied hard, \_\_\_\_\_ she passed her exam.  
A. so                      B. although  
C. because              D. though
2. \_\_\_\_\_ she was very tired, she helped her brother with his homework.  
A. Because              B. Whether  
C. Although              D. So
3. It's raining hard, \_\_\_\_\_ we can't go to the beach.  
A. or                      B. but  
C. so                      D. though
4. Nam was absent from class yesterday \_\_\_\_\_ he felt sick.  
A. so                      B. because  
C. although              D. but
5. Tom has a computer, \_\_\_\_\_ he doesn't use it.  
A. or                      B. as  
C. because              D. but
6. The boy can't reach the shelf \_\_\_\_\_ he's not tall enough.  
A. because              B. although  
C. even though          D. and
7. The film was very boring \_\_\_\_\_ we went home early.  
A. so                      B. when  
C. but                      D. if
8. The girl bought the shoes \_\_\_\_\_ they are very expensive.  
A. but                      B. if  
C. so                      D. although
9. He used to smoke a lot, \_\_\_\_\_ now he doesn't smoke any more.  
A. still                      B. therefore  
C. but                      D. as
10. She couldn't unlock it \_\_\_\_\_ she had the wrong key.  
A. while                      B. but  
C. though                      D. because
11. \_\_\_\_\_ it rained heavily, the boys played football.  
A. But                      B. Even though  
C. However                      D. In spite of
12. It was still painful, \_\_\_\_\_ I went to see a doctor.  
A. so                      B. however  
C. but                      D. or
13. Lan likes oranges, \_\_\_\_\_ her sister doesn't.  
A. but                      B. as  
C. so                      D. because
14. Nam failed the final exam \_\_\_\_\_ he was lazy.  
A. while                      B. though  
C. because                      D. but
15. He's tired \_\_\_\_\_ he stayed up late watching TV.  
A. and                      B. or  
C. if                      D. since
16. Tim can speak English \_\_\_\_\_ French fluently.  
A. also                      B. but also  
C. and                      D. so
17. \_\_\_\_\_ the heavy traffic, I arrived on time.  
A. Though                      B. Although  
C. Even though                      D. In spite of
18. \_\_\_\_\_ they live near us, we can see them very often.

- A. So B. As  
C. Though D. Even
19. \_\_\_\_\_ I was really tired, I couldn't sleep.  
A. If B. Although  
C. While D. However
20. We watched TV the whole evening \_\_\_\_\_ we had nothing better to do.  
A. because B. though  
C. so D. but
21. It's cheap \_\_\_\_\_ beautiful.  
A. and B. because  
C. so D. however
22. \_\_\_\_\_ it was late, I decided to phone my sister.  
A. Despite B. However  
C. In spite of D. Though
23. The little boy is very hungry \_\_\_\_\_ he wants to eat something.  
A. although B. so  
C. but D. and
24. \_\_\_\_\_ the car was cheap, it was in good condition.  
A. Although B. Because  
C. As D. If
25. \_\_\_\_\_ tomorrow is a public holiday, all the shops will be closed.  
A. As B. But  
C. Although D. When
26. She came in \_\_\_\_\_ turned on the radio.  
A. so B. and  
C. or D. but
27. We didn't go for a walk \_\_\_\_\_ it was very cold.  
A. though B. because  
C. but D. so

28. \_\_\_\_\_ I tried to persuade her, I didn't succeed.  
A. Because B. So  
C. Although D. However
29. Lan woke up late \_\_\_\_\_ she didn't have time for breakfast.  
A. so B. since  
C. as D. though
30. I like fish \_\_\_\_\_ I don't like catching them.  
A. or B. but  
C. so D. and
31. The children laughed a lot because of the funny story.  
A. The children laughed a lot because the story is funny.  
B. The children laughed a lot because of the story funny.  
C. The children laughed a lot because it was funny.  
D. The children laughed a lot because the story was funny.
32. Although he took a taxi, Bill still arrived late for the concert.  
A. Bill arrived late for the concert because he takes a taxi.  
B. Bill arrived late for the concert because of the taxi.  
C. In spite of taking a taxi, Bill arrived late for the concert.  
D. Although Bill took a taxi, he can't come to the concert on time.
33. She was so busy that she couldn't answer the phone.  
A. Because she was very busy, she couldn't answer the phone.  
B. Because she was very busy, she could answer the phone.  
C. Although she was very busy, she couldn't answer the phone.

- D. Although she was very busy, she could answer the phone.
34. No matter how hard I tried, I couldn't open the door.
- A. Although I tried very hard, I couldn't open the door.  
B. Although I tried very hard, I could open the door.  
C. In spite of I tried very hard, I couldn't open the door.  
D. I couldn't open the door even though trying very hard.
35. The flight was delayed \_\_\_\_\_ the fog.
- A. in spite of                      B. because of  
C. though                          D. since
36. Huong didn't participate in the contest \_\_\_\_\_ her lack of confidence.
- A. because                      B. because of  
C. since                          D. despite
37. He hid that letter in a book \_\_\_\_\_ no one could read it.
- A. so that                          B. because  
C. although                      D. in spite of
38. \_\_\_\_\_ Nam was unable to see anything, he knew someone was in his room.
- A. Because                      B. In case  
C. If                                  D. Even though
39. The mother got angry because \_\_\_\_\_
- A. her son behaved badly  
B. her son's bad behavior  
C. her son will behave badly  
D. her son bad behaving
40. He lost his job \_\_\_\_\_ his laziness.
- A. due to                          B. in spite of  
C. despite                          D. because
41. \_\_\_\_\_ the liberation of women, women can take part in social activities.
- A. Because                      B. Thanks to  
C. While                          D. As
42. Despite feeling cold, we kept walking.
- A. Although we felt cold, but we kept walking.  
B. Although we felt cold, we kept walking.  
C. However cold we felt, but we kept walking.  
D. However we felt cold, we kept walking.
43. She decided to leave her job in the company \_\_\_\_\_ she could earn a lot of money there.
- A. because                      B. although  
C. despite                          D. since
44. In spite \_\_\_\_\_, the football match was not cancelled.
- A. the rain                          B. of the rain  
C. it was raining                  D. there was a rain
45. \_\_\_\_\_ he had enough money, he refused to buy a new car.
- A. In spite                          B. In spite of  
C. Despite                          D. Although
46. \_\_\_\_\_, he walked to the bus station.
- A. Despite being tired  
B. Although to be tired  
C. In spite being tired  
D. Despite tired
47. The children slept well, despite \_\_\_\_\_
- A. it was noise                      B. the noise  
C. of the noise                      D. noisy
48. She left him \_\_\_\_\_ she still loved him.
- A. if                                  B. even though  
C. in spite of                          D. despite