

## 雅思同义词的转换技巧+剑桥高频同义词合集

-----100 留学雅思助教教研团队整理

**Question 1: 什么词才会被同义替换?**

其实，连基础较好的考生也会对 paraphrase 犯怵这一事实本身就已经反映出来问题——paraphrase 并不是靠使用高级词汇来考人的。正相反，理论和时间都可以证明，越容易进行同义替换的往往不是那些“相貌丑陋”的难词、怪词，而是那些非常生活化，很“亲民”的小词。

由于 paraphrase 的定义即为以不同的词表示同样的意思，而往往又是以更常见、更小的词来表示意思，就以为这 paraphrase 和原文相比通常会占据更多的篇幅。这样一来，当一个相对艰深晦涩的概念好不容易找到 paraphrase 的时候，其所占用的空间就是不能被忽略的一个问题了。

而在雅思考试的 format 下，每道题目仅仅占用非常有限的空间，这客观上导致对于深词、难词、怪词、术语等 paraphrase 的难度加大。换句话说，就是

雅思考试同义替换的使用一般仅限针对相对高频和常用的表达。

antidisestablishmentarianismistically(反非国教主义论者地。笔者注)

很难想象，像如下这样的一个单词会在有限的试题空间中进行有效的替换：，这也就意味着，越是难的单词，越是罕见的表达，我们反而不需要担心其被同义替换。如果考题真的涉及到某个大、难、偏的怪词，那么几乎可以肯定在文章里一定会原文再现。

所以，其实对与基础较好的考生和较差的考生，所面对的潜在 paraphrase 是一样的!那为什么前者也会比较受困呢?

答案很简单。他们没有真正有效掌握重用的高频的词汇和表达。事实上，正是这样一些概念和表达由于其常用性，在日常生活中存在着极其大量的替换说法。而我们众多的考生往往因为轻视低级别的词汇，造成知其一不知其二，只了解皮毛的不利局面。这肯定会造成 paraphrase 识别的困难的。那么就有了第二个问题：

**Question 2: 怎样才能有效识别同义替换?**

由于上面所提到的原因，解决词汇阅读过程中的识别问题，首先应该加强对高频和常用词的掌握。事实上，越是常用的词，词义越多，词性也越多。如果仅仅满足于看到后能反应出一个意思，显然不能够称得上对该单词的有效把握。

对高频、常用单词的有效把握，是提高 paraphrase 能力的基础。

这意味着，对于相对较生僻的单词，只需要了解一两个词义也许就已经够了。因为这些词本身的搭配和用法都是有限的。而对于高频词则需要多词义、多词性同时把握。

解决了词汇认知的信息储备问题，仅仅做了一半的工作。有效的识别 paraphrase，同时需要对 paraphrase 的编写做到心里有数。

熟悉 paraphrase 的常见类型，是提高其识别能力的有力武器。

那么同义替换的常见类型有哪些呢?一般说来，我们可以从如下几个方面来进行转述表达：

1. 同义词、反义词的替换
2. 词序的替换
3. 句子结构的替换

剑9 TEST 1:

1. recognise one's ability/ perceive one's talent/one's talent be perceived 识别一个人的能力
2. enrol in a school/attend a school 报名参加学校
3. sth that made him rich and famous/ sth bring him both fame and fortune 让他名利双收
4. Immediately understand/instant recognition 立即理解
5. refer to/ known as 参考
6. consult/ ask advice of 咨询
7. now/ current/present/happening 现在
8. transmission/ sending information 发送信息
9. response/ reply 回复
10. ground rules/ assumptions underlying the research 基本规则
11. likelihood/ it seems/ perhaps, guess, estimate 估计
12. life expectancy/ the lifetime of 预期寿命
13. most powerful/ the largest/ the biggest/ the best/ the greatest 最大
14. resemble/ pretty well like/ be similar to/ same as 相似
15. promptly/ immediately/instantly 及时
16. migrant/ migrate/ migration 迁移
17. before/ in advance/ prior/ previously/ former 之前
18. make big changes/ redesign/modification/alteration 变更
19. lack/ never/no/not/in need of/want 缺乏
20. incomplete fossilised remains/ only fragments are found 被发现
21. determine/ decide 决定
22. obtain/ acquire/ earn / gain / get/ procure/ receive / secure 获得

23. dense/ tight/thick/heavy 重

24. indicate/ demonstrate / disclose / display / exhibit/ express/ hint/ imply/ point out/ present/ reveal/ show /signify/suggest 显示

**剑9 TEST 2 :**

1. Initiative/initiate/ launch/ pioneer/ introduce/ develop 主动

2. National policy/ New Zealand strategy 国家政策

3. Global/international 全球

4. Team effort/ institutional working party 团队合作

5. Hypothesis/guess/ speculation/ possibility/theory/potential 假设

6. Suitable/appropriate 合适的

7. Worldwide regulations/ international standard 全球法规

8. Medical conditions/ illness/ disease 医疗条件/疾病/疾病

9. Place...at risk/ leave...vulnerable 在风险/离开...脆弱

10. Auditory problems/hearing loss 听觉/听力损失的问题

11. Study/carry out research 研究

12. Machinery noise/ noise generated by machine 噪音

13. Child which have not been diagnosed/ undiagnosed children 未确诊的儿童

14. Current teaching method/ modern teaching practices 当前教学方法/现代教学实践

15. Cooling systems/ air-conditioning/mechanical means of ventilation 冷却系统/空调

16. Different/distinct/varied/reverse 不同的

17. Prevent/keep from/inhibit/stop/thwart 防止

18. Potential/future/be expected to be/possible/likely 潜在/未来/会/可能

- 19. Fail to do/never/not/unable to do 不能/不
- 20. Calculate/determine the value 计算
- 21. Be worked out/be calculated 制定
- 22. Realise/recognise/show/see/understand 意识到/认可
- 23. Witness/view/see/observe 看到/观察
- 24. Distorted/look smeared/not circular 扭曲/

**剑9 TEST 3 :**

- 1. Competitive/competitors/competition 竞争/竞争对
- 2. Achievement/success 成就/成功
- 3. Because/thus/It is... that 强调句型/so 因为这样
- 4. Rely on previous events/draw on past experience 依靠先前的事件
- 5. A result of/ a product of 由于。。结果
- 6. Pitfalls/ traps/snares 陷阱
- 7. Exposure to .../bombard...with 曝光
- 8. Receptive/receive/embrace/accept/agree 接受/同意
- 9. Novelty/new experience 新体验
- 10. Fear/phobia 恐惧/恐惧症
- 11. Embarrassment/ridicule 尴尬/嘲笑
- 12. Psychological illness/mental disorder 心理疾病/精神障碍
- 13. Decide/decision 决定
- 14. Scientific/science/technology/technological 科学/技术
- 15. Argue/argument/debate/debatable/discuss/dispute/disputable 认为/参数

16. Understandable/understand/reasonable 理解/了解

17. Be affected by/influence 受影响

18. Still exist/be still with us 还存在

19. Stop/halt/prevent/end 停止/暂停

20. Pointless/not/no point of 毫无意义的

21. Misrepresented/paint unreal pictures 歪曲

22. The custom of speaking/ popular speech 说话

23. Grammatical rules/ rules of grammar 语法规则

24. Alternative/choice/way/replacement 替代/选择

**剑9 TEST 4 :**

1. Back into Britain/ re-import into Britain 回英国

2. Reliable/predictable 可靠的

3. Cut down/reduce 减少

4. Increase income/export earner 增加收入

5. Power station/power plant 电站/电厂

6. In the vicinity of/around/nearby 附近/最近

7. Extraction of seaweed/clean seaweed 提取海藻

8. Result from/cause 导致的结果

9. In danger/at risk 危险/风险

10. Comparatively/relatively 相对/相对

11. Explanation/explain/reason 解释/解释原因

12. Transmission of information/information pass on/information send back/transmit 信息发回/传输

13. Unnecessary/redundant/superfluous 不必要的冗余/多余的
14. Incident/event 事故/事件
15. Initially/originally 最初
16. Be about to stop working/on the brink of failing 失败的边缘
17. Be used to/by means of 通过
18. Send messages over distances/transmit information from place to place 传输信息从一个地方到另一个地方
19. Signal strength/ strength of the signal 信号强度/强度的信号
20. From her childhood/when she was a child 从她的童年/当她还是个孩子
21. Her children were born/birth of her two daughters 她的孩子出生的
22. Marie took over the teaching position/she was appointed to the professorship 玛丽接管了教  
学位置/她被任命为教授
23. Have the same property/...is true for ... 有相同的属性
24. Receive recognition/be awarded 获得认可

**剑 9 其他:**

1. Collect/accumulate 收集和积累
2. Both...and/not only...but also 和/不仅...而且
3. Stock sth./ a stock of sth. 股票/证券
4. Be exposed to/ by exposure to 曝光
5. Imitation/imitate/mimic 模仿
6. Be contingent on/ depend on 依赖
7. Mastery/power 掌握权力
8. The aspects of self-awareness is difficult to research directly/Empirical investigation of the self

-as-subject are rather scarce 自我意识

9. ...is link to .../the link between...and... 之间的联系和链接

10. Primarily intend for the public/for the ordinary visitor 普通游客

11. Personal involvement/themselves can act as if part of the historical environment 个人参与

12. ...and ...are less easy to distinguish than before/ the sharp distinction is gradually evaporating  
和...比以前更容易区分

13. Balance the conflicting priorities/ steer a narrow course between the demand of ... 平衡冲突的优先级

14. Reveal/present/presentation 揭示

15. Durable objects/ transitory nature of the materials(反义词) 持久对象

16. Consumer/market force 消费者

17. Give false impression/ bias in the representation 给人错误的印象

18. Current trend/majority of the public 当前趋势

### 剑8 TEST 1

1. agree=concur=go along with=fall in with=go with v.同意

2. sceptic and advocate=different attitude 不同的看法

3. significance=impressive=meaning=sense n.重要性

4. meditation: the practice of emptying your mind of thoughts and feelings, in order to relax completely or for religious reasons n.冥想, 沉思

5. parapsychology: the scientific study of mysterious abilities that some people claim to have, such as knowing what will happen in the future n.通灵学

6. environment=condition=light, sound, warmth=situation=circumstance n.环境

7. alter=change=revise=make changes v. 改变

8. trial=experiment=test n.实验

9. success rate=positive result=achievement=progress=breakthrough=accomplishment n.成就

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10. pick out=identify=recognize=know=tell v. 认出, 识别
11. limit=minimize=maximum=the most=ceiling=cut-off point v. 限制
12. different=individual=not like=vary=not the same=contrast with=diverse adj. 独特的
13. invention=device=creation=innovation n. 发明, 装置
14. cold temperature=freezing weather=chilly=frosty=wintry=cold snap adj. 寒冷的
15. farming=agriculture n. 农业
16. simultaneous=at the same time=together=at once=at one time adj. 同时的
17. uniform=equal=homogeneous adj. 均衡的
18. devise=formulate=invent=create=come up with=make up=conceive=coin=dream up v. 创造
19. civil=municipal=metropolitan adj. 城市的
20. divide=split=separate=break up=break down=take apart=take something to piece v. 分开
21. new=revolutionary=original=innovation=fresh=novel=be in its infancy adj. 新的, 革命的
22. create=introduce=invent=make sth. do sth.=be the cause=lead to sth. v. 发明
23. organize=co-ordinate=arrange=set out=put something in order=line up v. 组织, 使协调
24. public event=communal activity 公众、社交活动
25. aviation disaster=sky accident=air crash 空难
26. prompt=result in=lead to=make somebody do something=cause somebody to do something=lead somebody to do something=motivate=induce somebody to do something v. 导致
27. resemble=like=similar=alike=much the same=comparable v. 类似
28. oversimplify=incomplete=simplistic=generalize=see things in black and white adj. 过于简化的, 不完整的
29. altitude=from...meters above the ground=height=how high=level n. 高度



30. zone=airspace=region=area=district=quarter=block=suburb n.区域
31. weather=meteorological=climate=condition n.气候
32. categorize=class / type=sort=classify=be grouped=grade v.分类
33. create=establish=invent=start up=open=set up=found=inception v.创建
34. beacon and flashing=light=beam n.灯光
35. improve=develop=evolve=get better=catch up=pick up=things are looking up v.发展, 进化
36. aircraft=plane=by air n.飞机
37. average-sized=medium-sized adj. 中等的
38. city=metropolitan=urban=town=village=civic=municipal=downtown n.城市
39. pendulum : a long metal stick with a weight at the bottom that swings regularly from side to side to control the working of a clock n.钟摆
40. coincidental : happening completely by chance without being planned adj.巧合的
41. disobey : to refuse to do what someone with authority tells you to do, or refuse to obey a rule or law v.不服从

### Cambridge 8 TEST 2

- drastically : extreme and sudden adv.彻底地
- carry out : subject to : 使服从
- remain=stay=keep=continue to be=still v.保持
- detect=inspect=examine=notice=spot=become aware / conscious=note=conserve=perceive v. 检查
- fault=flaw=defect=trouble=bug=virus=be something wrong with=be something matter with n. 缺陷, 缺点
- enough=sufficient=adequate=cover=meet somebody's need adj.足够的
- main=largely=principal=chief=major=key=primary=prime=predominant=core adj.主要的:
- documentation=written account=evidence=proof n.证明

shift=switch=transfer=move=jerk v. 转换

consistent=lasting=stay the same=constant=unchanging adj. 持续的

drought=no rain at all=dry=dusty adj. 干旱的 period=cycle=era=age n. 年代

random=arbitrary=at random adj. 随机的

molten=hot=heat=boiling / boiling hot=scalding / scalding hot adj. 熔化的

intense=strong=passionate=powerful=deep adj. 强烈的

discover=explore=find / unearth=turn up v. 开发, 发现  
pattern=trade / commodity=business n. 贸易

relate to=associate with=link to / connect to=identify with 联系

feeling=emotional response / sensory=a sense of=passion n. 感觉

unappreciated=undervalued adj. 低估的

difficult=elusive=hard / tough=easier said than done adj. 困难的, 难懂的

study=research=analyse=do/conduct research v. 研究

smell=odour=scent n. 气味

interpretation=be considered to be=understanding=reading n. 理解

define=distinguish=tell the difference v. 使明确

damage=impair=break=do/cause damage=scratch v. 损害

realize=consciously consider=occur to=become aware=sink in=strike=hit=wake up to the fact that  
v. 想到

reveal=show=demonstrate=let somebody see=present=expose=let somebody take a look v. 显示

to be defined=unanswered 无答案的

husbands and wives=marriage partner / spouse=couple=newlyweds 夫妇

linguistic=language n. 语言

describe=name=express=give a description of=talk about=write about=give an account of=tell of  
v.描述

lack=do not exist=not enough=scarce=inadequate=insufficient=in short supply v.缺乏的

do not smell=odorless 没有气味的

regard as=consider to 把...认作

unpleasant=offensive=horrible / disgusting / revolting=not very nice=nasty adj.极讨厌的

certain=some=a measure of adj.一些

correspond=be consist of=coincide=match up v.一致

relevance n.关联

float=afloat v.浮动

### Cambridge 8 TEST 3

1. building=property=construction n.建筑

2. support=back=be behind=in support of=back somebody up v.支持

3. financial support=fund=financial aid 资助

4. stumbling block=difficulty=trouble n.麻烦

5. create=generate=form=produce v.形成

6. direct=guide=lead=instruct=give order/instruction v.指导

7. beam=laser=ray=glow=glare n.光线, 激光

8. aim=direct at=purpose=point=idea=objective=goal=target n.目的

9. test in real=field test 实地测试

10. genius=giftedness / talent / intellectual=intelligence=brains=brilliant=wisdom n.天才

11. inherit=run in family=receive=get=be given=be awarded v.继承
12. talent=prodigy=skill=ability=craftsmanship=flair=have a knack=a natural ability to do something well n.才能, 技能
13. lessen=minimize=subside=lighten=relieve=ease=allay v.减少
14. significance=supremacy=definition=meaning=sense=connotation n.重要性
15. achieve=make=succeed=manage=make progress=accomplish=get results v.达成
16. limitation=restricted=disadvantage=drawback=liability=the downside n.限制
17. inexorable=inevitable=unstoppable=remorseless adj.无法改变的
18. stable=characteristic=constant=steady=fixed=unchanging adj.稳定的
19. life span=duration of life
20. biological clock=internal clock 生物钟
21. prolong=extend=drag out=spin out v.延伸, 延长
22. principle=law=conscience=scruples n.原则, 法则
23. optimal=better=best adj.最佳的
24. conserve=save / frugal=reserve=keep back v.节约, 保存
25. immortality : the state of living for ever or being remembered for ever adj.不朽的
26. organism=living thing=life form=wildlife =an animal, plant, human, or any other living thing n.有机的

### Cambridge 8 TEST 3

1. building=property=construction n.建筑
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Cambridge 8 TEST 4

1. middle-year education=lower secondary school 中学
2. format=pattern n.格式
3. less successful student=struggler 差等生
4. key=contributing factor=important=major=significant=critical n.关键
5. achievement=attainment=progress=breakthrough=accomplishment n.成就
6. spacious=largely=big=huge=vast=enormous=immense adj.广阔的
7. adapt=accessible=get used to=become/grow accustomed to=adjust to v.适应，可接近的
8. careful=elaborate=conscientious=thorough=meticulous=methodical adj.仔细的，精心的
9. supplementary=assist=additional=extra=further=added=spare=more=another n.补充，帮助
10. effort=hard work=work at=push yourself=labour n.努力
11. correct answer=accuracy n.精确
12. imbalance=disorder=unequal=disproportionate n.不平衡，紊乱
13. no longer respond=resistance=fight against 抵抗
14. cost=financial outlay=spend=charge=fare=rental=toll n.支出
15. innate=built-in adj.先天的
16. immunity=resistance n.免疫力
17. entail=involve v.包含
18. circumstance=system n.环境，系统
19. feed on=prey on 以...为食
20. blight=plague v.破坏
21. wipe out=eradicate=get rid of=abolish=scrap=do away with=eliminate 根除

22. plague=infest=troublesome v.折磨
23. compare=determination of variation=contrast=liken=make a comparison=draw an analogy=draw a parallel v.对比
24. criterion=identification=standard=scale n.标准, 识别
25. compatible=use both method=well-matched=be made for each other=be a perfect match /pair/couple=be right for=be ideally suited adj.兼容的
26. specimen=individual n.标本
27. container=plastic or glass tube n.容器
28. wet=marshy=soaked=waterlogged=awash adj.湿的
29. habitat=area=the environment=ecosystem=ecology n.栖息地
30. pitfall=trap n.陷阱
31. little time and effort is required=minimal maintenance and intervention 最小程度的维修与介入
32. pesticide: a chemical substance used to kill insects and small animals that destroy crops n. 杀虫剂
33. preservative: a chemical substance that is used to prevent things from decaying, for example food or wood n.防腐剂

剑 7

### Cambridge 7 TEST 1

1. rely on=depend on 依靠 v.
2. avoid=stay away=keep away=steer clear of=make a detour 避免 v.
3. die out=extinct=disappear=no longer exist 灭绝 v.
4. hunt=search for=look for=try to find=in search of 打猎 v.
5. limb=arm or leg=body=organ 四肢 n.
6. perceive=sense=see=spot=become aware of=observe 感知, 感觉 v.

7. calculate=measure=work out=figure=estimate=access 计算 v.
8. detection=finding=observation 探测 n.
9. coin=invent=make=create=come up with 发明, 创造 v.
10. inaccurate=incorrect=wrong=misleading 不精确的 adj.
11. revision=change=shift=reform=alteration 改进 n.
12. downward=fall=drop=downhill 下降的 adj.
13. increasing=soaring=growing=rising 上升的 adj.
14. primarily=mainly=largely=chiefly=principally 主要地 adv.
15. due to=because of=as a result of=thanks to=owing to 因为
16. decrease=reduce=fall=drop 下降 v.
17. radical=not traditional=new=unconventional 激进的 adj.
18. prior to=beforehand=before=in advance=on the eve of 之前
19. demanding=difficult=hard=challenging=tough 要求高的, 艰难的 adj.
20. well known=notorious=famous=renowned 著名的 adj.
21. admit=acknowledge=confess=to tell the truth 承认 v.
22. be similar to=like=resemble=bear a resemblance to=akin to 相似 v.
23. result in=lead to=cause=give rise to=bring about 引发, 导致
24. sophisticated=advanced=high-tech=complex=complicated 复杂的
25. address=solve=deal with=handle 处理 v.
26. imitate=copy=impersonate=follow one's example 模仿 v.
27. maintain=continue=carry on=keep up=preserve 维持 v.
28. feed=eat=have=chew=swallow=consume 喂食 v.



29. illustrate=show=demonstrate=make clear=reflect 说明 v.
30. memorise=learn=commit something to memory 记忆 v.
31. conventional=traditional=conformist=conservative 传统的 v.
32. notice=see=spot=be aware of=be conscious of 注意到 v.
33. retain=keep=save=hold on to 保持 v.
34. convince=persuade=win sb. over=satisfy 使确信 v.
35. spectacular=impressive=imposing=striking=grand 壮观的 adj.

### Cambridge 7 TEST 2

1. interior=inner=inside 内部的 adj.
2. change=shift=alter=transfer 改变 v.
3. establish=build=found=set up=start 建立 v.
4. official=authority=leader=supervisor 官员 n.
5. isolated=inaccessible=distant=remote=faraway 隔离的, 边远的 adj.
6. collapse=fall=fall over=fall down 倒塌 v.
7. destroy=devastate=wreck=obliterate 毁灭 v.
8. absorb=digest=take in=assimilate 吸收 v.
9. severe=serious=stiff=heavy 严重的 adj.
10. purify=refine=distill 净化 v.
11. hidden=disguised=concealed=veiled 隐藏的 adj.
12. decline=decrease=reduce=fall=drop 下降 v.
13. deteriorate=get worse=go down=decline 变坏 v.
14. recognize=know=identify=pick out 认出 v.

15. conclude=summarize=come to/reach the conclusion 得出结论 v.

16. adapt to=get used to=become accustomed to=adjust to 适应 v.

17. initiate=start=launch=open=set in motion 开始, 发起 v.

18. refer to=mention=allude to=touch on 提到 v.

19. identify=name=recognize=diagnose 确定, 认同 v.

20. request=demand=claim=petition=appeal 要求 n.

21. be divided into=separate=split=break up=break down 分开 v.

22. consist of=be made up of=be composed of=comprise 由...组成

23. hinder=hamper=impede 阻碍 v.

24. objective=aim=purpose=goal=target 目标 n.

25. implement=carry on=execute=put sth. into practice 实行 v.

26. promote=encourage=help=aid 促进 v.

27. warn=caution=alert=give sb. a warning 警告 v.

28. observation post=watchtower 瞭望塔 n.

29. access=entrance=entryway=way in 通路, 进入 n.

### Cambridge 7 TEST 3

1. cause=reason=factor=origin=root 原因 n.

2. measure=weigh=time=take=read 测量 v.

3. route=motorway=highway=expressway 车道 n.

4. exclude=omit=miss out=leave out=drop 排除在外 v.

5. renewable=sustainable=recycling=environmentally friendly 可再生的 adj.

6. exist=there is/are=be found=occur 存在 v.

7. limit=restrict=constrain=confine=keep to 限制 v.
8. boundary=border=edge=outskirts=frontier 边界 n.
9. allow for=make sth. Possible 使...成为可能
10. proposal=suggestion=recommendation=proposition 提议 n.
11. urban=city=town=municipal 城市的 adj.
12. odour=smell=stench=stink 味道 n.
13. find one's way=navigate 导航 v.
14. bearing=position=standing 方位 n.
15. exchange=share=distribute 分享 v.
16. waste=unwanted materials=rubbish=gabage=trash 废物 n.
17. dental=teeth 牙齿的 adj.
18. priority=preferential=the most important=overriding 优先 n.
19. encourage=promote=help=support=be supportive 鼓励 v.
20. explore=look for=discuss=think 探索 v.
21. factor=cause=reason=root=origin 因素 n.
22. cultivate=grow=raise 培养 v.
23. convert=modify=transfer=adapt=customize 转变 v.
24. digest=take in=absorb=assimilate 消化 v.
25. preserve=protect=keep=store=keep sth. In storage 保存, 保护 v.
26. monitor=watch=keep an eye on 监视 v.
27. allocate=distribute=apportion=grant=confer 分配 v.
28. decline=decrease=reduce=fall=drop 下降 v.

29. fragile=weak=delicate=breakable=feeble 脆弱的 adj.
30. upgrade=improve=make sth.better=make improvements 改进，提高 v.
31. advanced=developed=sophisticated=high-tech 先进的 adj.
32. sustainable=renewable=recycling=environmentally friendly 可持续的 adj.
33. evidence=proof=documentation 证据 n.
34. long-standing=lengthy=long-running=lasting 长期的 adj.

#### Cambridge 7 TEST 4

1. large numbers of=tens of thousands of=many 大量的
2. large=massive=huge=enormous=vast 巨大的 adj.
3. resemble=look like=alike=much the same=akin to 相像 v.
4. foe=enemy=adversary=hostile 敌人 n.
5. more than=exceed=over=in excess of 超过 v.
6. decrease=crash=reduction=fall=drop 下降 n.
7. stop=halt=come to a halt 停止 v.
8. sufficient=abundant=enough=adequate 充足的 adj.
9. establish=found=build=set up 建立 v.
10. be Successful=prosper=do well=succeed=thrive 成功
11. recognize=certify=accept=acknowledge 承认 v.
12. label=display=call=brand=hail 贴标签，命名 v.
13. adapt=adjust=get used to=become/grow accustomed to 适应 v.
14. mistake=error=fault=slip=mix-up 错误 n.

15. keep a check on=monitor=watch=keep an eye on 监视 v.
16. unexpected=unpredictable=unforeseeable 不可预见的 adj.
17. generally=in general=in the whole=all in all=all things considered 大体上的 adv.
18. previously=before=earlier=formerly 先前 adv.
19. apply=use=make use of=exercise=utilize 应用 v.
20. due to=because=since=owing to=thanks to=as a result of 因为
21. raise=lift=lift up=pick up=scoop up 使...上升 v.
22. in addition=besides=additionally=too=also=as well 除此之外
23. inhabitant=resident=population=citizen=local 居民 n.
24. collapse=failure=fall 崩塌, 失败 n.
25. set up=establish=found=start=open 建立
26. ensure=make sure=make certain=see to it that 保证 v.
27. assist=help=aid=give a hand=do sth. for 协助 v.
28. deny=refuse=withhold 否认 v.
29. permit=allow=let=agree to=authorize 许可 v.
30. interfere=intrude=disrupt=meddle 干扰 v.
31. repeat=redo=retake=do sth. again 重复 v.
32. prevent=stop=restrain=hold back=discourage 阻止 v.
33. disrupt=disturb=upset=break up 打扰 v.
34. long-term=chronic=long=lengthy=long-running 长期的 adj.
35. expose=show=reveal=present=let sb. see 暴露, 揭发 v.
36. intense=strong=passionate=powerful=fervent 强烈的 adj.

37. random=arbitrary=at random 任意的, 随机的 adj.

38. require=demand=need=call for 要求 v.

39. fatigue=tiredness=exhaustion=drowsiness 疲劳 n.

40. manifest=show=reveal=present 显示 v.

41. concentrate=pay attention=put one's mind on=attentive 专注 v.

42. produce=make=manufacture=create=fashion 生产 v.

43. carry out=implement=put sth. into practice=execute 实行 v.

44. perform=do=conduct=dabble in 执行 v.

### 剑6 TEST 1

exchange=apply something learned in one to others=change 交流 v.

expertise=skill 专门技术 n.

employ=analyze=study 使用 v.

investigation=analysis 调查 n.

narrow=focus on 缩小范围 v.

reproduce=copy=replicate=repeat 复制 v.

funded support=finance 资金 n.

athlete=sportsmen and women 运动员 n.

calculate=measure 计算 v.

event=championship 赛事 n.

plan=prepare=design 计划 v.

improve=grow=get better 进步 v.

trade=economy 贸易 n.

surrounding=environment=circumstance 环境 n.

push to one's limits=test one's limits 挑战极限

not unmanageable=can cope with 能处理的

present inhabitant=descendant 居民 give up=abandon 放弃 mainly=heavily=most 主要地  
visit=venture 参观

### Cambridge 6 TEST 2

1. successfully=spectacularly well=wonderfully 成功地 adv.

2. people power=local pressure groups 群众力量 n.

3. commute=travel 通勤 v.

4. higher=increasing=more 更高的 adj.

5. income=wealth=salary=wage=payment 收入 n.

6. beneficial=valuable=profitable=good 有益的 adj.

7. together=face to face 共同

8. refute=not mean=rebut=deny 反驳 v.

9. accommodation=live=living condition 住宿 n.

10. usage=use=benefit=profit 用处 n.

11. averagely good=reasonable but not special 较好的

12. limited=minimal 有限的 adj.

13. move from one to another=adopt one over another 转移

14. show=reveal=uncover=indicate=point out=imply 表明

15. related=associated 有关联的 adj.

16. suffer=be afflicted 忍受(病痛)v.

17. research=study=investigation=survey 研究 n.

18. affect=afflict=influence=change 影响 v.
19. disease=medical complain=illness 病痛 n.
20. increase=surge=rise=gain=grow=go up=add=escalate 上升 v.
21. link=correlation=connection=relationship 关系 n.
22. considerable=significant=substantial=massive=marked 大量的 adj.
23. reduction=drop=concession=fall=decrease 下降 n.
24. elderly people=old people 老人 n.
25. independent=self-reliant 自立的 adj.
26. regular=daily 定期的 adj.
27. exercise=physical activity 运动 n.
28. challenging=difficult=tough=demanding 有挑战性的 adj.
29. decline=deteriorate=reduce=drop=decrease 下降 v.
30. lonely=emotionally isolated 孤独的 adj.
31. hand signal=gesture=body language 手势 n.
32. restricted=limited 有限的 adj.
33. concept=abstract idea=definition 定义 n.
34. specific=particular=detailed 特定的 adj.
35. early=older 早期的 adj.
36. fulfill=qualify=achieve=keep=satisfy 完成 v.
37. sufficient=enough 足够的 adj.
38. quantity=how many=amount 数量 n.
39. misunderstanding=confusion 误解 n.



40. prevent=resolve=forbid=stop 防止 v.

41. poor=lack of=impoverished 贫穷 adj.

42. newer=later=recent=present 新的 adj.

43. ancestor=early people=predecessor 祖先 n.

### Cambridge 6 TEST 3

1. teach=educate=cultivate=nature 教育 v.

2. actor=star 演员 n.

3. first=initial=early=primary 最早的 adj.

4. storyline=narrative=plot 故事情节 n.

5. globe=world 世界 n.

6. early=first=ancient 早期的 adj.

7. passing of time=flow of time 时光的流逝

8. describe=tell 描述 v.

9. realistic=achievable 现实的 adj.

10. target=goal=aim 目标 n.

11. feedback=comment=advice=criticism 反馈 n.

12. match to=suit to 合适

13. reward=promotion or advancement=prize=benefit 奖励 n.

14. link to=make something contingent on=associate with=connect with=relate to 联系 起来

15. achievement=attainment=gain=success 成就 n.

16. remuneration=payment 酬金 n.

17. tend to=prone to 倾向于

18. feel=perceive=think=find=experience=notice=have an opinion 感觉 v.

19. participate=be involved in=take part in=join 参加 v.
20. staff=employee=worker 员工 n.
21. visible=disclosed=obvious=noticeable 可见的 adj.
22. clerical worker=clerk 书记员 n.
23. judge=rate=criticize=assess=evaluate=gauge=appraise 评判 v.
24. job=work=assignment 工作 n.
25. delay=slow=prolong=postpone=procrastinate=shelve=put off 延后 v.
26. growing old=ageing 变老
27. people=mortal=person=individual 人 n.
28. life=lifespan 生命
29. chance=likelihood=fortune=hope=possibility=opportunity=risk=luck 机会 n.
30. production=generation=output 产量 n.
31. theory=hypothesis=guess=guesswork 猜想 n.
32. focus on=emphasize=aim at=concentrate on 集中于
33. short=scarce=limited=insufficient 短缺的 adj.

### Cambridge 5 TEST 1

1. produce=develop=manufacture 生产 v.
2. central=middle 中心的 adj.
3. did not have=without 没有 v.
4. bring=confer=award=present=grant=confer=allocate=offer 带来 v.
5. time limit=deadline 时间限制，期限 n.
6. increase=go up/rise=grow=climb=gain=escalate=expand=pick up=widen=intensify=build up 增

加

7. assistant=helper=coach 助手 n.
8. immense=big=major=considerable=great=huge/enormous=tremendous=large scale/large-scale 巨大的 adj.
9. illustrate=show=be a sign=demonstrate=mean=make clear=reflect=tell=be evidence=reveal 表明, 显示 v.
10. quotation=a phrase or sentence that is well-known or often used 引用语 n.
11. predecessor=someone who had your job before you started doing it 前辈, 前任 n.
12. rival=a person, group, or organization that you compete with in sport, business, a fight etc=competitor 对手, 竞争者 n.
13. distraction=something that stops you paying attention to what you are doing 分心的事物 n.
14. fault=defect=problem=trouble=flaw=weakness =bug=virus=be something wrong with 错误, 缺点
15. cornerstone=basis=foundation=the key 基石 n.
16. confer=award=present=grant=allocate 给予 v.
17. stability=the condition of being steady and not changing 稳定 n.
18. prevail=win=come out on top=prevail=carry the day 流行, 获胜 v.
19. contract=agreement=understanding=compromise 合约 n.
20. grant=award=present=confer=allocate 给予 v.
21. fascinate=if someone or something fascinates you, you are attracted to them and think they are extremely interesting 吸引, 使着迷 v.
22. disturb=interrupt=bother=distract=put somebody off 打扰 v.
23. expect=think=anticipate 预期, 期待 v.
24. psychology=the study of the mind and how it influences people's behavior 心理学 n.
25. obey=comply with=abide by=keep to=stick to the rules=conform to=observe=respect=toe the

line=go by the book/do something by the book 服从，顺从 v.

26. identity=someone's identity is their name or who they are 身份 n.

27. severity=used of the degree of something undesirable 严重性 n.

28. unfold=open=happen=develop=expand 展开，发生 v.

29. deliberately=intentionally=on purpose=purposely 故意地 adv.

30. moral=relating to the principles of what is right and wrong behavior, and with the difference between good and evil 道德上的，与道德有关的 adj.

31. prior to=before=previous 在...前面

32. repetition=doing or saying the same thing many times 重复 n.

33. genetic=relating to genes or genetics 基因的，遗传学的 adj.

34. sacrifice=when you decide not to have something valuable, in order to get something that is more important 牺牲 v.

35. victim=someone who has been attacked, robbed, or murdered 受害者 n.

36. forge=form=counterfeit 形成;伪造 v.

37. persuade=convince=win over=talk around 说服 v.

38. surrender=give in 投降，放弃 v.

39. extinct=an extinct type of animal or plant does not exist anymore=disappear=vanish 灭绝的，绝种的 adj.

40. abundant=plenty=ample 充裕的，丰富的 adj.

41. exaggerate=overstate 夸张，夸大 v.

42. phenomenon=something that happens or exists in society, science, or nature, especially something that is studied because it is difficult to understand 现象 n.

43. perception=idea=notion=view=belief=insight 认识，观念，看法 n.

44. impression=infection=effect=influence=affection 印象，感想 n.

45. entitle=to give someone the official right to do or have something 使某人有权/资格 v.

46. distortion=a change for the worse=deformation 扭曲，曲解 v.
47. dispose=to arrange things or put them in their places=arrange=settle=manage=cope with=deal with 安排，处理 v.
48. intuition=the ability to understand or know something because of a feeling rather than by considering the facts=instinct 直觉 n.
49. emission=a gas or other substance that is sent into the air 排放物，散发物 n.
50. diminish=reduce=decrease=fall=lessen=cut 减少，减小 v.
51. postpone=put back=delay=adjourn 延期，推迟 v.
52. crucial=important=critical=vital=necessary=essential 至关重要的 adj.
53. pessimistic=expecting that bad things will happen in the future or that something will have a bad result=getting worse 悲观的 adj.
54. attempt=purpose=order=effort 尝试，努力

### Cambridge 5 TEST 2

1. similar=like=resemble 相似的 adj.
2. derive=originate=come from=stem from 起源 v.
3. impetus=momentum=stimulus=incentive=motivation=encouragement 动机，动力 n.
4. generate=produce=bring into existence=make=manufacture 产生 v.
5. couple with=and=accompany=with 伴随 v.
6. factor=reason=element=component=ingredient 因素 n.
7. unique=have the distinction=distinct=different=extraordinary=special 独特的 adj.
8. advance=progress=development=growth=increase 进步 n.
9. field=domain=territory=industry=sector 领域 n.
10. alternative=substitute=replacement 替代物 n.

11. like=such as=for example=for instance 例如
12. resource=material=source 资源，来源 n.
13. limited=restricted=exhaustible=finite 有限的 adj.
14. involve=rely on=contain=comprise 包含，牵涉 v.
15. current=modern=recent=present 最近的 adj.
16. particular=extraordinary=special=detail=specific=unique 特别的，独有的 adj.
17. draw on=absorb=do with 吸收 v.
18. settle on=make choice of=decide on 选定 v.
19. superiority=advantage=edge=high quality 优势 n.
20. accompany=when=keep company=be associated with 陪伴，伴随 v.
21. view=belief=opinion=insight=perception 观点 n.
22. artificial intelligence=reasoning in machine 人工智能 n.
23. involve with=associate with=link to=relate to 与...有关联 v.
24. release=issue=launch=convey=public=deliver 发行，发表 v.
25. difficult=demanding=hard=tough 困难的 adj.
26. task=job=work=labour 任务，工作 n.
27. instantly=rapidly=immediately 立即地 adv.
28. react=respond 反应 v.
29. relate to=depend on=link to=associate with=involve with 与...有关系 v.
30. subject views=outlook=personal/individual views=personal/individual opinions 主观观点 n.
31. distort=to change the appearance, sound, or shape of something so that it is strange or unclear; to report something in a way that is not completely true or correct=misinterpret 扭曲，歪曲 v.

32. figure out=settle=decide=tell=understand 理解, 想出 v.
33. assessment=appraisal=evaluation=estimate=judgment 评估, 估计 v.
34. emerge=appear=come forth 出现 v.
35. remain=keep=stay=maintain 保持 v.
36. exploitation=development=utilization=usage 利用, 使用 n.
37. foster=cultivate=raise=nurture 培养, 养育 v.
38. overtake=catch up=sweep over 赶上, 压倒 v.
39. initial=original=premier 最初的, 开始的 adj.
40. whereas=however=while=nevertheless=but=yet 然而, 但是 adv.

**Cambridge 5 TEST 3**

1. outcome=product=result=conclusion=consequence 结果, 后果 n.
2. overcome=win=get over=exceed 克服, 战胜 v.
3. insufficient=deficient=shortage=lack=scarcity 不足的 adj.
4. supply=provide=furnish=give 提供 v.
5. launch=release=project=send=shot=emit 开始, 投放 v.
6. suppose=expect=imagine=guess=speculate=think 猜想, 设想 v.
7. detect=perceive=explore=sense 发觉, 觉察 v.
8. handicap=difficult=obstacle=hindrance=bar=deterrent 障碍, 困难 n.
9. peer=the people who are at the same age as you, or who have the same type of job, social classes etc. 同龄人, 伙伴 n.
10. positive=optimistic=uplifting 积极的 adj.
11. administer=manage=conduct=implement=perform 执行, 管理 v.
12. funding=money=funds=financial resource 资金, 基金 n.

13. interact=if people interact with each other, they talk to each other, work together etc. 互动 v.

14. irrigation=the supplement of land or crops with water 灌溉 n.

15. sedimentation=the natural process by which small pieces of rock, earth etc settle at the bottom of the sea etc and form a solid layer 积淀 n.

16. interrupt=break=violate=cut in 打断，打扰 v.

17. process=procedure=method=approach 过程 n.

18. threat=danger=intimidation 威胁 n.

19. valuable=precious=worthy 宝贵的，珍贵的 adj.

20. construct=build=make=found 建造 v.

21. blame=to say or think that someone or something is responsible for something bad 责备，怪罪 v.

22. stimulate=encourage=activate=motivate 鼓励，刺激 v.

23. long-term=long-run=long-period 长期的 adj.

24. impact=affect=influence=effect 影响 v.&n.

25. occur=happen=exist=come 发生 v.

26. contain=include=cover=possess 包含 v.

27. military=battlefield=martial 军事的 adj.

28. separate=disparate=distinct=different 分开的，不同的 adj.

29. vanish=extinct=disappear 消失 v.

30. consciousness=awareness 意识 n.

31. ignite=light=inflame 点燃 v.

32. encompass=include=contain=cover 包含，围绕 v.

33. reckon=think=suppose=believe=imagine=expect=feel 认为 v.



34. widespread=universal=extensive=popular=general 广泛的，普遍的 adj.
35. launch=coin=project=release=issue 创新，开辟 v.
36. contemporary=modern-day, present-day 同时代的 adj.
37. potential=possible=underlying=likely=expected=latent 潜在的，可能的 adj.
38. prospect=expectation=outlook=chance 展望，希望 n.
39. perception=idea=insight=viewpoint 感觉，领悟 n.

**Cambridge 5 TEST 4**

1. community=organization=group=body 团体 n.
2. fragile=delicate 脆弱的 adj.
3. remote=distant 遥远的 adj.
4. require=desire=order=command 要求 v.
5. inhabitant=resident=dweller 居住者，居民 n.
6. consequently=thus=accordingly=hence=therefore=as a result 结果，因此 adv.
7. destination=goal=end point=terminus 目的地 n.
8. throughout=around=wholly=everywhere=end-to-end 自始至终，到处，全部 adv.
9. operate=act=run 运转 v.
10. output=product 输出，产品 n.
11. decline=reduction=fall=slump=decrease=recession 下降 n.
12. undermine=destroy=damage=hurt=ruin 破坏 v.
13. revive=renaissance 复兴 v.
14. unusual=rare=strange=uncommon 罕见的，不寻常的 adj.
15. ordinary=standard=common=usual=general 普通的，平常的 adj.

16. fragment=shard=debris=pieces=ruins 碎片 n.
17. break=shatter=crack 打碎，打破 v.
18. interior=inner layer=inside 内部的 n. &adj.
19. insist=claim=argue=believe=think 坚持，坚称 v.
20. expand=extend=grow=boom=spread out=enhance 扩张，扩大 v.
21. suppress=control=restrain=repress=put down=oppress=inhibit=ban=forbid=stifle 压制 v.
22. speed up=increase speed=quicken up=accelerate speed 加速 v.
23. examine=analyse=survey=inspect=study=detect=investigate 检查，调查 v.
24. dispute=debate=controversy=disagree=argue 争论，争执 n.&v.
25. detect=analyse=explore=research=survey=investigate=inspect 察觉，发现 v.
26. claim=say=state=insist=argue=think=believe 声称 v.
27. cue=implication=reminder=hint=evidence 提示，信号，暗号 n.
28. unpredictable=fluctuate=changeable 无法预测的 adj.
29. be referred to as=be known as=be regarded as 被称为
30. encourage=induce=trigger=stimulate=boost=inspire 鼓励，促使 v.
31. considerable=plenty=big=major=important 数量可观的 adj.
32. regardless of=despite of=take no notice of 不管，不顾
33. adequate=plenty=proper=appropriate=suitable 充足的,适当的 adj.
34. assure=make sure=guarantee=ensure=insure=secure=make certain of 保证，确保 v.
35. suitable=appropriate=proper=adequate=matching 合适的 adj.

#### Cambridge 4 TEST 1

1. ignore=pay no attention=not pay any attention=take no notice=not take any notice 忽略，无视 v.

2. encounter=face=confront=meet 遇见, 遭遇 v.
3. mistaken view=misconception 错误的观点 n.
4. easy to reach=accessible 容易达到的 adj.
5. change=modify(modification) 改变 v.
6. destruction=destroy=loss 毁坏 n.
7. investigate=make inquiries=enquiries=go into=probe=look into 调查 v.
8. where=geographical location 表地点
9. important=vital=essential=crucial 重要的 adj.
10. reason=cause=factor=origins=root=stimulus=impetus 原因 n.
11. protect=guard=safeguard=shield=conservation 保护 v.
12. newspapers, television=media 媒体 n.
13. where to live=habitat 居住地 n.
14. get warmer=global warming 变暖 n.
15. contribute to=play a part 有助于 v.
16. survive=continuing existence 幸存, 活下来 v.
17. curriculum=course=syllabus 课程 n.
18. link to=be connected with=be linked with 把...和...相联系 v.
19. underdeveloped=degenerated=rudimentary 不发达的 adj.
20. poor=bad=badly=not very good=no good at something=weak 贫穷的, 可怜的 adj.
21. exceptional=good=excellent=outstanding=brilliant=impressive=admirable 超常的, 例外的 adj.
22. mating=courtship 交配.

23. follow=track=tail=shadow=hound=stalk=stalker 跟随，跟踪 v.

24. good vision ability=vision is obviously more useful...好的视力

25. best=well=greatest=finest=ideal=top=number one  
=ultimate=optimum=definitive=unsurpassed=record-breaking 极好的 adj.

26. surprised=amazed=astonished=astounded=be taken aback=startled 感到惊讶的 adj.

27. volunteer=subject 实验研究对象 n.

28. similar=resemble=like=alike 相似的 adj.

29. blind=can not see 瞎的 adj.

### Cambridge 4 TEST 2

1. initiative=on your own/by yourself=independently=on your own initiative=under your own steam=to be the person who starts something=plan=law 主动的，自发的 adj. 主动权 n.

2. increase=go up=rise=grow=climb=gain=escalate=pick up=widen=be on the increase=intensify=expand=build up 上升，增加 v.

3. teach=educate=train=coach=instruct=bring up 教学 v.

4. more than one language=bilingual=sb's second language 多种语言 n.

5. determine=establish=identify=pinpoint=diagnose 决定 v.

6. young people=teenager=youth=in your teens=adolescent=minor 年轻人 n.

7. community=all the people in a particular area, city, country etc. 群体，团体，社区 n.

8. traditional=old-fashioned=outdated=outmoded=unfashionable 传统的 adj.

9. fail=failure=not succeed=unsuccessful=vain=fruitless=unproductive=be a failure=go wrong=not work=do no good=fall through 失败 v.

10. endanger=to put someone or something in danger of being hurt=damaged=destroyed 危及，使危险 v.

11. diverse=varied=variety=wide-ranging=mixed 各种各样的 adj.

12. inevitable=certain to happen and impossible to avoid 不可避免的 adj.
13. differ from=unusual 与...不同 v.
14. reluctant=unwilling=not willing=drag your feet=be loath to do something=conservative 勉强的 adj.
15. consult=ask somebody's advice=seek advice=get/obtain advice 咨询 v.
16. alternative=another=other=different=new=else=variation=variant 另一个
17. therapist=someone who has been trained to give a particular form of treatment for physical or mental illness 临床医学家 n.
18. retrain=taking courses 再教育 v.
19. salary=pay=wage=income=earnings=fee 工资, 收入 n.
20. long-term=chronic=long-running=long-standing=lasting=lifelong=prolonged=lingering=enduring=abiding=incurable 长期的 adj.
21. complaint=complain=make a complaint=protest=object=complain 抱怨 n.
22. illness=disease=virus=bug=infection 疾病 n.
23. connection=relationship=link=correlation 联系 n.
24. beneficial=be good for you/ do somebody good=wholesome=nutritious=nourishing=healthful 有益的 adj.
25. insight=comprehension=understanding 理解, 见解 n.
26. physical=relating to the body=bodily 身体的 adj.
27. hazard=risk=danger=threat 障碍, 危险 n.
28. accompany=with=together=along with=come with 陪伴, 伴随
29. mental=relating to the health or state of someone's mind 精神上的, 心理的 adj.
30. possible=possibility=can=potential=there is a chance/possibility 可能的 adj.
31. reduction=decrease=drop=fall=cut 减少 n.

32. class=type=kind=sort=style=category=variety 种类 n.
33. rehearsal=practice=training=run-through=exercise 排练, 演习 n.
34. peer=your peers are the people who are the same age as you, or who have the same type of job, social class etc 同伴 n.
35. defensive=used or intended to protect someone or something against attack 防御 n.
36. strategy=way=method=approach=technique=system=tactics 方法, 攻略 n.
37. assist=help=aid=with the aid of 帮助 v.
38. specific=give (somebody) more details=expand on=enlarge on=go into more=greater detail=be more specific=be more explicit=elaborate 特定的 adj.
39. substance=a particular type of solid, liquid, or gas 物质 n.
40. surroundings=environment=circumstance 环境 n.
41. engage=give somebody a job=employ=take on=appoint=recruit=sign up 雇佣 v.
42. combine=mix=stir=beat=blend=whisk=dilute 联合 v.
43. survival=the state of continuing to live or exist 幸存 n.

### Cambridge 4 TEST 3

1. quotation= a sentence or phrase from a book, speech etc which you repeat in a speech or piece of writing because it is interesting or amusing 引言 n.
2. exemplify= example=case=instance=to be a very typical example of something=to give an example of something 例证 v.
3. explain=tell=say what/why/where etc=show=demonstrate=go through=throw/shed light on=set out 解释 v.
4. outline= to describe something in a general way, giving the main points but not the details 概述 v.
5. purpose=aim=point=idea=objective=object=goal= target=end 目的 n.
6. encourage=persuade=persuasion=get somebody to do something=influence=encourage=talk s

omebody into=put somebody up to 鼓励 v.

7. loan= an amount of money that you borrow from a bank etc. 贷款 n.

8. poverty= being poor 贫穷 n.

9. crime= illegal activities in general 犯罪 n.

10. reject=to refuse to accept, believe in, or agree with something 拒绝 v.

11. employ=give somebody a job=take on=engage= appoint=recruit=sign up 雇佣 v.

12. courier=a person or company that is paid to take packages somewhere 快递员 n.

13. storage=keep=store=keep something in storage=preserve 存储 n.

14. facility=rooms, equipment, or services that are provided for a particular purpose 设备 n.

15. ambitious=ambition=power-hungry/power-mad=competitive= determined to be successful, rich, powerful etc.有志向的, 雄心壮志的 adj.

16. effort=to try very hard to do something= attempt=campaign=drive 努力 n.

17. feature= a part of something that you notice because it seems important, interesting, or typical; a part of the land, especially a part that you can see: a part of someone's face, such as their eyes, nose etc 特点 n.

18. planet= the world=earth/Earth=the globe 地球 n.

19. unpredictable=can't say/tell=unforeseeable=it remains to be seen 无法预测的 adj.

20. machinery=machines, especially large ones= a system or set of processes for doing something =machine=device=robot=appliance=mechanism 机械 n.

21. ultimate=someone's ultimate aim is their main and most important aim, that they hope to achieve in the future= final 最终的, 根本的 adj.

22. atmosphere= the feeling that an event or place gives you= the mixture of gases that surrounds the Earth 气氛; 大气 n.

23. occur=happen=take place=there is=come about=come up=turn up=arise=strike 发生 v.

24. expand= get bigger=grow=swell up=stretch 扩张, 扩大 v.

25. form= type= way something is/appears=shape 形式 n.

26. emerge=appear=become visible=come into view/come into sight=come out=reappear 出现 v.
27. emit= to send out gas, heat, light, sound etc 发出，放射 n.
28. situation= circumstances=position=case=plight 情况，状况 n.
29. self-conscious=worried and embarrassed about what you look like or what other people think of you 自觉的 n.
30. generate= to make someone have a particular feeling= form=produce=create 产生 v.
31. various=there are several different types of that thing=different=a variety of something=differing=varying=an assortment of something=assorted=a mix of something=a mixture of something 各种各样的 adj.
32. convenient= a thing or way of doing something that is easy and quick; a time or arrangement that is convenient 方便的 adj.
33. objective=impartial=neutral=not take sides=unbiased=disinterested 客观的 adj.
34. enquiry=investigate=make inquiries/enquiries=go into=probe=look into=solve=be under investigation 调查