

Computer Science Notes

```
public static int sum(int num1, int num2)
```

define
sum
method

```
int result = 0;
```

```
for (int i = num1; i <= num2, i++)
```

```
    result += i
```

```
    return result;
```

↳ keyword

value returning
method

call
method

```
public static void main (String[] args)
```

```
    sop ( sum (1, 10));
```

methods → name
Parameters
return value type
body

modifier returnType methodName (params)
could be value returning or void *

Pointer

Node n1 = new Node (5)



node n2 = new Node (10)



creates a new node of 15

n1. Set Next (n2)

// Takes the value of n2 (10)

n2.setNext(new Node(15))

n2.new Node(20)

n2 now becomes

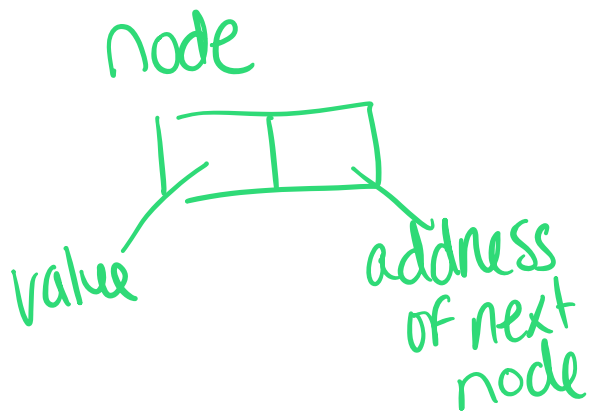


Node 3 = new Node (25, n2)

creates N3

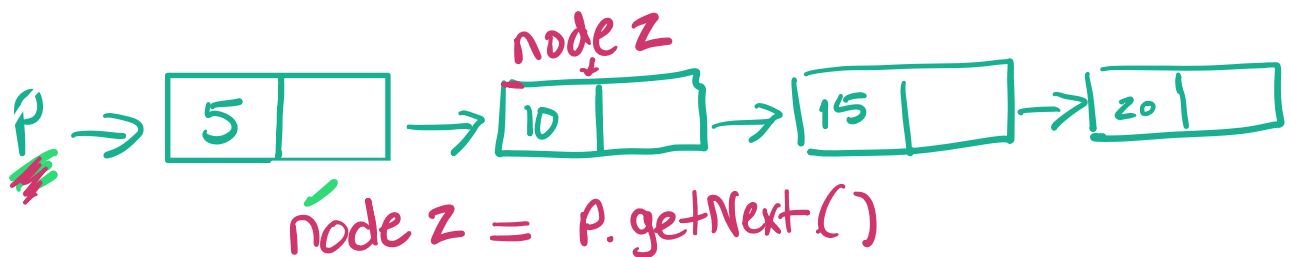
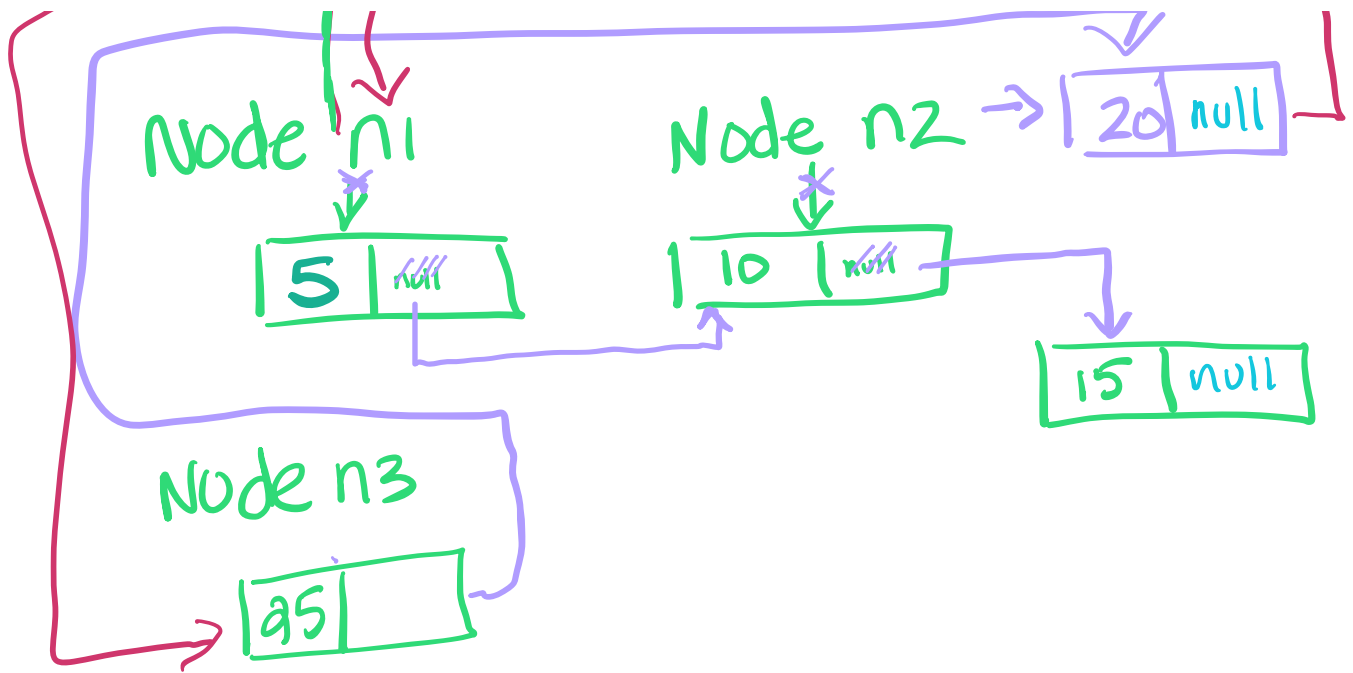
n3





Node Class
int data // any object
next

LinkedList
insert \rightarrow add @
end
insert AT = data, place



1. Create a newNode variable Set it to point to the Node with the 10 in it.
2. Create a new Node variable & instantiate it to a newNode with a value of 30.
3. Write the code to insert this new Node between the 10 and 15.

y → [30]

Node y = newNode(30) ←

y.setnext(15)

z.setnext(y)